

	Kuyigi	20,990	23,704	44,734	1970	400
	Bururi	7,799	8,292	16,091	7%	300
	Muyinga	12,166	12,696	24,862	10%	200
	Rutana	8,304	8,973	17,277	7%	100
	Cankuzo	5,819	6,236	12,055	5%	0
	Kirundo	6,324	6,382	12,706	5%	
	Gitega	2,796	3,766	6,562	3%	
	Bujumbura Mairie	2,367	3,029	5,396	2%	
	Karuzi	2,816	4,130	6,946	3%	300,000
	Bujumbura Rural	1,895	2,072	3,967	2%	
	Ngozi	2,124	2,320	4,444	2%	250,000
	Kayanza	649	727	1,376	1%	200,000
	Cibitoke	487	534	1,021	0%	450.000
	Muramvya	435	609	1,044	0%	150,000
	Bubanza	400	444	844	0%	100,000
	Mwaro	138	200	338	0%	50,000
Congo DR	Sud Kivu (ADM1)	4,584	4,202	8,786	4%	50,000
	Nord Kivu	279	303	582	0%	- (50,000)
	Katanga	76	103	179	0%	
	Kinshasha	8	11	19	0%	
	Kasai Oriental	0	3	3	0%	
	Bas Congo	3	3	6	0%	
Rwanda/Others	Butare	16	7	23	0%	The current
	Others	0	8	8	0%	Kagunga, a
Uganda	Others		1	1	0%	concern, m
Total		115,649	123,183	238,832	100%	capacity ha

Cumulative Arrivals (Month to Month)

2nd

27

1st

110

3rd

4th



24

6th

26

5th

37

7th

32

8th

14

9th

10th

The current Burundi refugee situation in Tanzania began late April 2015. The months that followed saw significantly high number of persons of concern arriving in Tanzania, mainly through Kagunga, a tiny border village along Lake Tanganyika and other entry points in Kigoma region. The population was relocated to Nyarugusu camp, which was already host to 65,000 persons of concern, mainly DR Congolese. The camp quickly ran out of capacity to host the new population, prompting the opening of a new camp. Nduta, in Kibondo district on 07-Oct-2015. Nduta's capacity has been put at 50,000. Another camp, Mtendeli in Kakonko district, also began officially refugees from Burundi on 14-Jan-2016. The two new camps will host Burundian refugees, while other nationals fleeing the Burundi situation, mostly DR Congolese will continue to be hosted in Nyarugusu.

47

11th

22

12th