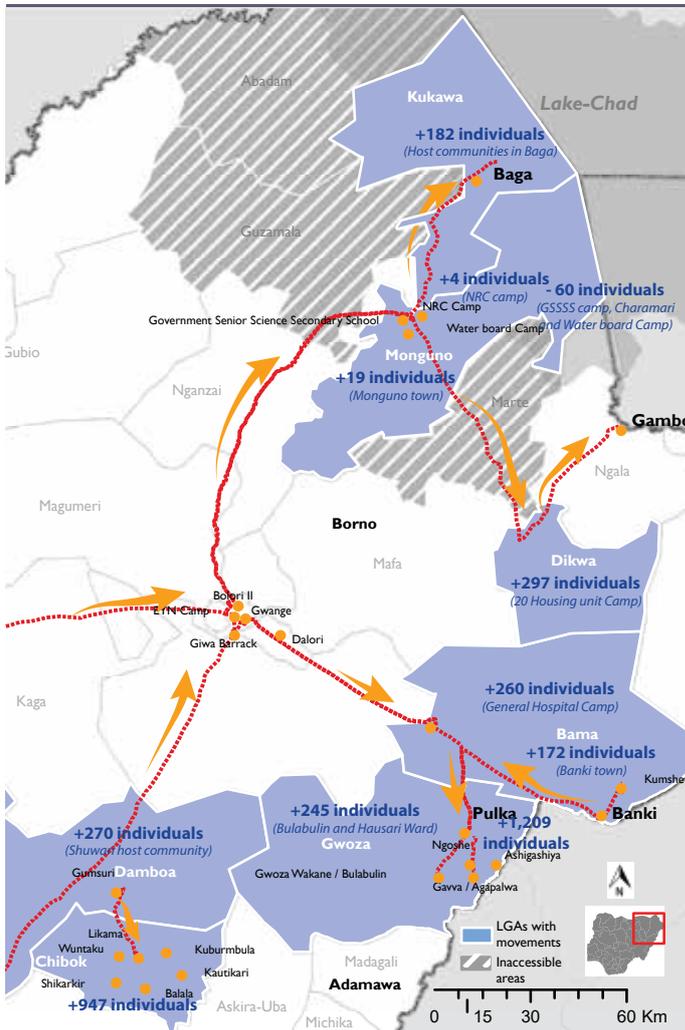


DTM Emergency Tracking Tool (ETT) is deployed to track and provide up-to-date information on sudden displacement and other population movements

ETT Report: No. 17

Reporting period: 31 May - 6 June 2017

SNAPSHOT: Bama, Chibok, Damboa, Dikwa, Gwoza, Kukawa, and Monguno



3,000 women received WASH kits from UNICEF in Banki on 5 May 2017

<p>LGA: Bama 31 May – 4 June 2017</p> <p>Movement: Spontaneous</p> <p>Triggers: Voluntary relocation</p> <p>Bama General Hospital Camp: Arrivals: 260 individuals (90 HH) Departures: 4 individuals (2 HH)</p> <p>253 individuals (89 HH) arrived in Bama General Hospital Camp, from Abbaram village in Bama LGA and Gulumuri village in Konduga LGA. 5 individuals arrived from Dikwa. 2 individuals (1 HH) arrived from Giwa Barracks. 4 individuals (2 HH) departed for Mandarari in Konduga LGA.</p> <p>Banki Town:</p> <p>172 individuals (24 HH) arrived from Makari, Walasa, Mankari, Yerwa and Chisaye villages in Kumshe ward of Bama LGA.</p> <p>Needs: Shelter, Food, Water and NFIs.</p> <p>DTM & ETT Cumulative: IDPs = 44,751</p>
<p>LGA: Chibok 29 May – 3 June 2017</p> <p>Movement: Spontaneous</p> <p>Trigger: Fear of attack</p> <p>947 individuals (187 HH) arrived in Chibok from Kaya and Kwamdi villages in Gumsuri ward of Damboa LGA due to fear of attack. The majority are currently residing in Yobe, Sabon Gari and Bayan Kasuwa locations in Chibok.</p> <p>Needs: NFIs and food</p> <p>DTM & ETT Cumulative: IDPs = 13,712</p>
<p>LGA: DAMBOA 29 May – 4 June 2017</p> <p>Movement: Spontaneous</p> <p>Trigger: Fear of attack</p> <p>270 individuals (49 HH) arrived at Shuwar host community in Damboa town from Kwamdi in Gumsuri ward of Damboa LGA due to fear of attack. 5 individuals (2 HH) arrived at Abori Gate Camp from Kafa/Mafi ward of Damboa LGA.</p> <p>Needs: NFIs and food</p> <p>DTM & ETT Cumulative: IDPs = 89,063</p>
<p>LGA: DIKWA 29 May – 2 June 2017</p> <p>Movement: Spontaneous</p> <p>Triggers: Voluntary relocation</p> <p>243 individuals (92 HH) arrived at 20-Housing Unit in Dikwa LGA headquarter from Tusaye, Chesa, Warshele and Mukdolo in Ngala LGA. 54 individuals (20 HH) arrived in Dikwa LGA headquarter from Ngubdori community of Muliye ward.</p> <p>DTM & ETT Cumulative: IDPs = 98,261</p>
<p>LGA: GWOZA 30 May - 2 June 2017</p> <p>Movement: Spontaneous</p> <p>Trigger: Improved security</p> <p>Gwoza Town: 57 individuals (11 HH) arrived in Bulabulin/Gwoza Wakane and Hausari/Gadamayo wards of Gwoza LGA, from Bayan Quarters and from Bakasi camp in Maiduguri M.C. 188 individuals (53 HH) returned to Bulabulin/Gwoza Wakane and Hausari/Gadamayo wards of Gwoza from Mubi North in Adamawa, Mubi South in Adamawa and NYSC camp in Girie LGA of Adamawa State.</p> <p>Pulka: 1,083 individuals (216 HH) arrived in Pulka from Banki IDP camp on 31 May. MSF provided food and some NFI support. 126 individuals (31 HH) arrived in Pulka from Agapalwa/Ashigashiya, Zanpa, Ngoshe and Gavra, wards of Gwoza LGA and some others arrived from Cameroon.</p> <p>Needs: Shelter and water</p> <p>DTM & ETT Cumulative: IDPs = 63,986</p>
<p>LGA: KUKAWA 24 May - 2 June 2017</p> <p>Movement: Spontaneous</p> <p>Trigger: Voluntary relocation</p> <p>182 individuals (43 HH) returned to host communities in Baga between 24 May and 2 June. The majority were from Maiduguri. While some others were from Dogoshi village of Baga ward; some from Dalori in Konduga LGA; and some were from Kebbi and Sokoto States.</p> <p>Needs: NFI, Food and Water</p> <p>DTM & ETT Cumulative: IDPs = 16,667</p>
<p>LGA: MONGUNO 30 May – 3 June 2017</p> <p>Movement: Spontaneous</p> <p>Trigger: Voluntary relocation</p> <p>Arrivals: 23 individuals (05 HH) Departures: 60 individuals (16 HH)</p> <p>19 individuals (04 HH) arrived in Monguno town from Guniri, Gombe State. 04 individuals (01 HH) arrived in NRC camp from Bakasi camp. 11 individuals (04 HH) left GSSSS camp Monguno for Ali Gombori in Guzamala LGA. 49 individuals (12 HH) departed Charamari and Water Board Camp in Monguno LGA to Gamboru Ngala, Gazarwa in Nnganzai LGA, Miringa in Biu LGA and some to Minnati in Kukawa LGA.</p> <p>Needs: NFI, Food and Water</p> <p>DTM & ETT Cumulative: IDPs = 122,772</p>

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The depiction and use of boundaries, geographic names, and related data shown on maps and included in this report are not warranted to be error free nor do they imply judgment on the legal status of any territory, or any endorsement or acceptance of such boundaries by IOM.



Methodology

Data Collection:

Data is collected daily by IOM staff deployed in the field. Locations that are inaccessible or insecure are assessed through phone interviews with partners or key informants present in the concerned locations.

Data verification:

The data collected is verified and cross-checked with partners on the field to provide the best estimates possible and ensure data' accuracy.

Data analysis and sharing:

Data is collected and analyzed on a daily basis and shared through weekly reports. Daily incident reports are also published in case of important population' movements that require immediate attention.

Definitions

Types of Movement:

- Organized: Planned movements from one location to another, usually with assistance from various actors on ground, such as government, the military, and other humanitarian actors.
- Spontaneous: Unplanned movement usually as a result of sudden triggers, such as attacks, conflicts and other situations that pose threat.

Triggers:

- Voluntary relocation: Voluntary movement of persons who are not under critical threat from one location to another.
- Involuntary relocation: Involuntary movement of persons from one location to another, usually due to intervention by other actors, for example, the closure of a camp in a location, requiring IDPs in the location to move to other locations, security reasons, and other prompts.
- Conflicts/Attacks: Population movement triggered by security threats in a location.
- Poor living condition: Population movement as a result of difficult circumstances and poor access to basic needs, such as, shelter, food, water, livelihood and other needs.
- Military operations: Population movements as a result of the arrival of the military to a location requiring civilians to move to other locations, to avoid being caught in between conflict situation that might ensue.
- Improved security: Population movement as a result of reduced threat or danger in a location.

Needs: Areas where an affected population require humanitarian assistance to alleviate suffering and improve the chance of survival.

Available Services: Humanitarian assistance provided to the affected population in a location to alleviate suffering and improve the chance of survival.

Icons



IDPs/Population displacement



Military



Conflict or Attack



Returnees/Population return



Improved security