

<p>Highlights</p> <p>The security situation in the village was reported as stable as well as the relationship between Muslim and Rakhine communities. Reportedly, both communities are doing farming and fishing activities together and without any tensions.</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Other update on activities and issues <p>WASH: DRC conducted regular WASH activities. Hygiene Promotion and increased AWD awareness training in reaction due to reported AWD in the nearby camp. HEALTH: The Government has recently assigned a health assistant to the village so there is medical treatment available to the villagers.</p> <p>Education: there is one school in the village which is accessible to 178 students. However, the school lacks furniture for the students.</p> <p>PROTECTION: protection monitoring is ongoing as well as support to the women's group. Reportedly, some of the livestock has gone missing and the villagers believe that their livestock has been taken by the IDPs who then eat it. This was reported to the Police but no action has been taken in this regard.</p> <p>The villagers also indicated that IDPs have destroyed their crops.</p> <p>Livelihood: Follow Up monitoring of Female Headed Household; Cash Management and Book Keeping Training; Following up Community Protection Assistance Activities.</p> <p>Follow up on former issues</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • NTR 	<p>Follow up, challenges and advocacy</p> <p>The DRC Protection Team will continue with their protection monitoring activities in the village.</p>
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16. Ohn Taw Chay Village

Population: approx. 1,100 inhabitants

<p>Highlights</p> <p>There have been accusations against IDPs of destroying crops that belong to the host community and stealing the livestock of the villagers.</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Other update on activities and issues <p>PROTECTION: protection monitoring is ongoing as well as support to the women's group. Reportedly, some of the livestock has gone missing and the villagers believe that their livestock has been taken by the IDPs who then eat it. This was reported to the Police but no action has been taken in this regard.</p> <p>The villagers also indicated that IDPs have destroyed their crops.</p> <p>It was reported that due to the lack of livelihood activities in the village, people are travelling abroad to neighbouring countries.</p> <p>Health: there are not medical facilities in the village, so the villagers who have financial means for transport and medical fees go to Dar Pine Hospital or Thet Kay Pyin Clinic.</p> <p>Education: There has one school at the village. They have many students and School space is no enough.</p> <p>NFI: the villagers are in need of winter clothes and blankets.</p> <p>Child Protection: Parenting sessions ongoing; youth groups life skills trainings ongoing; case management ongoing; 16 days of activism activities conducted (awareness raising on CP and GBV), drawing competition</p> <p>Livelihood: Follow Up Monitoring of Female Headed Household beneficiaries</p> <p>Follow up on former issues</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • NTR 	<p>Follow up, challenges and advocacy</p> <p>NTR</p> <p>Need to follow up with Education partners and UNICEF</p>
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17. Ohn Taw Gyi Village

Population: approx. 2,400 inhabitants

<p>Activities and issues:</p> <p>CHILD PROTECTION: Parenting sessions ongoing; youth groups life skills trainings ongoing; case management ongoing; 16 days of activism activities conducted (awareness raising on CP and GBV), drawing competition</p> <p>FOLLOW UP ON FORMER ISSUES: NTR</p>	<p>Follow up, challenges and advocacy:</p> <p>Need to follow up with Education partners and UNICEF</p>
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18. Baw Du Pha Village

Population: approx. 1,500 inhabitants