

**978**

Cholera cases recorded in Bentiu PoC as at 30 December



**59**

IDPs trained in fire prevention and control in Bor PoC



**29,021**

Wau PoC: December population count <1% increase



UN House PoC 3: Health clinic closed



## National CCCM Cluster

In line with the CCCM contingency plan for Juba, members of the CCCM and Protection Clusters led a 2-day workshop in December for 20 representatives from the Adventist Development and Relief Agency, Catholic and Episcopal Churches and the Relief and Rehabilitation Commission. The workshop trained participants in basic camp management and protection tools and aimed to enhance the capacity of local organizations to provide assistance to populations during displacement events.

## SITE UPDATES

### Bentiu PoC Site

Bentiu PoC **119,853**

Bentiu Town **31,691**

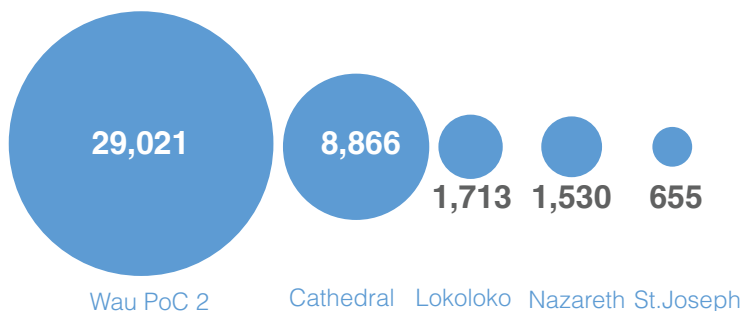
- The December population count indicates a 1.6 per cent decrease in the population to 118,378 people. Congestion, however, remains a key challenge particularly with regard to shelter space and pressure on sanitation facilities.
- Since the beginning of the cholera outbreak in October, the Health Cluster has reported 978 suspected cases of cholera in the Bentiu PoC site (of which 725 were children aged 14 or younger), with eight deaths. Camp management in coordination with Health and WASH partners continues to provide a coherent multi-sector response including scaling up cholera prevention sensitization campaigns among other mitigating efforts to address the situation.

### Wau PoC Site and Collective Centers

Wau Protection Site **29,021**

Collective Centers **12,800**

- A population count of all IDP sites in Wau town was conducted between 19-23 December 2016. Movements in and out of all sites (except Cathedral) decreased significantly since the last population count in mid-November likely due to the low but stable level of insecurity as people are not driven to the collective centers but also do not feel safe enough to leave.
- General food distribution (GFD) was successfully completed between 19-22 December 2016 after the November GFD was cancelled due to delays in supplies. IDPs were given a double half-ration to make up for the missed month.



Wau Population count December 2016



Bor PoC fire prevention training: Practice demonstration on how to extinguish a fire

### UN House PoC Site

UN House PoC 1 **8,319**

UN House PoC 3 **30,623**

- The IDP community forced the closure of the clinic in PoC 3 voicing concerns about the service provider. Camp management and the Health Cluster, supported by CCCM the service provider and Camp Administration reported that a technical assessment of the clinic had been conducted and steps had already been taken to address concerns. The community has elected to keep the clinic permanently closed and will continue to use the clinic in PoC 1 managed by the same organization.

### Melut PoC Site and Collective centers

Melut PoC **681**

Dethomas **20,153**

- Health remains a key issue in Melut with enumerators noting that many new arrivals into Khoradar appear malnourished. Many families cite access to healthcare as the main reason for entering IDP sites. With Médecins Sans Frontières due to exit Melut shortly, CCCM is coordinating with the Health Cluster to identify a replacement health agency as soon as possible.

### Bor PoC Site

Bor PoC **1,976**

- Two 2-day workshops were conducted on 'Fire Prevention and Fire Control' for 59 IDPs including watch group members, the camp leadership and other residents. The Fire Prevention and Response Plan is being finalized, in consultation with community members, to ensure that the community understands how to limit the risk of fire and respond appropriately with fire control measures to minimize loss of life and injury in the event of an outbreak.

### Malakal PoC Site

Malakal PoC **33,191**

Malakal Town **4,083**

- Over the reporting period a total of 143 individuals were recorded entering the PoC site and 591 people were recorded leaving. This represents a continuation of the trend of significant exits from the PoC site since November when restrictions on movements across the White Nile river into Wau Shiluk were relaxed by the authorities. IDPs are predominantly exiting towards Panyikang (57.7%) which is the crossing point into Sudan, and Malakal (31.0%) with over half citing 'rejoining family' as the main reason for leaving.