2017 May Statistical Dashboard





Inter-Agency Coordination

The monthly dashboard summarizes the progress made by partners involved in the Lebanon Crisis Response Plan (LCRP) and highlights trends affecting people in need. Partners in Lebanon are working to: 1) ensure protection of vulnerable populations; 2) provide immediate assistance to vulnerable populations; 3) support service provision through national systems; and 4) reinforce Lebanon's economic, social, institutional and environmental stability.

2017 Planning Figures



2.8 million People targeted



1.5 million **Displaced Syrians**

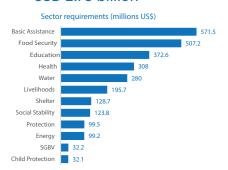


1.03 million Vulnerable Lebanese

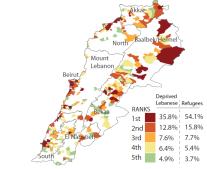


288,900 Palestine Refugees (PRS and PRL)

2017 Funding Requirements USD 2.75 billion



251 Most Vulnerable Cadasters



| | This month: | Reporting partners: 19 | Population reached: 356,000 |
|---|---------------------|-------------------------------|--------------------------------|
| Basic Assistance | | | reached / target |
| # of households receiving regular multi- | purpose cash tra | insfers (every month)* | 74,921 / 240,276 |
| Total USD amount distributed in multi-p | urpose cash (Lel | o, Syr & Pal) | \$57.1 m / \$316 m |
| # of households receiving seasonal cash | grants or vouch | ners | 183,265 / 302,756 |
| Total USD amount distributed as season | al multi-purpose | e cash (Leb, Syr & Pal) | \$47.0m / \$156 m |
| Total USD amount injected into econom | y in forms of cas | sh assistance (seasonal + ı | regular) \$104.1m / \$472 m |
| 0% * Vulnerable Lebanese, Syrian refugees and I | Palestine Refugees. | Population reached includes H | 100% Hs targeted by UNICEF. |
| | | | |

| Regular multi-purpose cash | Households reached | USD distributed |
|--|--------------------|--------------------|
| Lebanese | 1,860 | \$747 k |
| Syrians | 64,435 | \$ 31.2 m |
| Palestinians | 9,422 | \$ 2.8 m |
| Minimum Expenditure Basket (MEB) ¹ | 1 | 14 \$/capita/month |
| Survival Minimum Expenditure Basket (SN | IEB)¹ | 87 \$/capita/month |
| Syrian refugee householiving on less than MEB | | 71% |
| Syrian refugee householiving on less than SME | | 53% |

| Education | This month: | Reporting partners: 28 | Population reached: NA |
|--|-------------------|------------------------------|--------------------------|
| Education | | | reached / target |
| # of children and youth 3 years and above | | tion fees for ALP endorsed b | ру |
| MEHE are partially or fully subsidized for 2 | 2017 | | 7,602** / 20,000 |
| | | | 7,002 7 20,000 |
| # of non-Lebanese children enrolled in for | rmal basic public | c schools (school year 2016/ | |
| # of non-Lebanese children enrolled in for # of teachers, education personnel trained | <u> </u> | c schools (school year 2016/ | |
| | <u> </u> | c schools (school year 2016/ | (17) 202,259** / 423,832 |

| % of school-aged refugees out of formal education ³ Non-Lebanese students in basic education enrolled in the first shift ³ % of non-Lebanese among all students enrolled in first shift basic education ³ % of non-Lebanese among all students enrolled in public schools in basic education ³ | | |
|--|-------------------------------------|--------|
| education enrolled in the first shift ³ % of non-Lebanese among all students enrolled in first shift basic education ³ % of non-Lebanese among all students enrolled in public schools in basic 50% | 5 5 | 59% |
| enrolled in first shift basic education ³ % of non-Lebanese among all students enrolled in public schools in basic | Tron Ecouncies students in Susic | 1 of 3 |
| enrolled in public schools in basic | | 32% |
| | enrolled in public schools in basic | 50% |

| - W. | This month: | Reporting partners: 24 | Population reached: 426,745 |
|--|-------------------|-------------------------------|-----------------------------|
| Water | | | reached / target |
| # of affected people assisted with tempo water for drinking and water for domesti | | | 217,234 / 194,462 |
| # of affected people assisted with sustair water for drinking and for domestic use | ned access to ac | lequate quantity of safe | 830,617 / 1,765,000 |
| # of affected people with access to impro | oved safe sanita | tion in temporary locatio | ns |
| (monthly target)*** | | | 194,613 / 194,462 |
| # individuals who have experienced a WA | ASH behaviour | change session/activity | 69,736 / 325,000 |
| 0% | | | 100% |
| *** The target represents the population receivin | g continuous supp | ort every month throughout th | ne year. |

| % Syrians refugee households that have access to cleaning items² | 90% |
|--|-----|
| % Syrians refugee households that have access to personal hygiene items² | 87% |
| % Syrian refugee households that have access to female hygiene items² | 86% |
| % Syrian refugee households that have access to baby care Items² | 78% |
| | |

| | This month: R | eporting partners: 1 | 5 Population reached: 791,295 |
|--|---------------------|-----------------------|-------------------------------|
| Food Security | | | reached / target |
| # of vulnerable people reached with mon | thly food assistanc | e (various modalities | 780,211 / 939,709 |
| Total USD transferred as cash for food | | | \$99.1m / \$ 344.9 million |
| # of farmers with enhanced farming prod | uction | | 1,608 / 21,693 |
| # of people supported for employment in | the agriculture se | ctor | 1,432 / 10,000 |
| # of people supported for improved nutri | tional practices | | 7,590 / 35,000 |
| 0% | T. | | 100% |

| | Syrian refugee households with one level of food insecurity ² | 93% |
|-----|---|-------|
| | Syrian refugee households are oderately to severely food insecure ² | 36% |
| | Syrian refugee households depending n food voucher/ecard for income source ² | 33% |
| , 0 | Lebanese households vulnerable to od insecurity ⁴ | 10% |
| , 0 | Lebanese farmers in need of griculture support4 | 73% |
| % | PRS population who is food insecure ⁵ | 94.5% |
| | | |

| | This month: Reporting partners: 21 | Population reached: 99,212 |
|---|------------------------------------|----------------------------|
| Health | | reached / target |
| # of subsidized primary health care consu | ltations provided | 739,637 / 2,214,000 |
| # of persons assisted with their hospital bills | | 37,208 / 130,000 |
| # of staff receiving salary support at MoPh | d central and peripheral levels | 188 / 244 |
| 0% | | 100% |

| # of in-hospital deliveries14 (54% Lebanese & 46% non-Lebanese) | 27,721 | |
|--|------------|--|
| Caesarian delivery rate (Lebanese) ¹⁴ Caesarian delivery rate (non-Lebanese) ¹⁴ | 56% 34% | |
| # of maternal deaths (non-Lebanese)14 | 4 | |
| # of neonatal deaths ¹⁴ (45% Lebanese & 55% non-Lebanese) ¹⁴ | 155 | |

| | This month: | Reporting partners: 19 | Population reached: 3,175 |
|---|---------------------------------------|---------------------------|---------------------------|
| Livelihoods | | | reached / target |
| # micro, small and medium enterprises (N increased access to financial services, in-k | , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , | 11 | 300 / 1,215 |
| # of targeted vulnerable people working | on public infrastr | ucture / environmental as | sets |
| upgrading | | | 1,345 / 37,650 |
| # people trained and/or provided with ma | arketable skills ar | nd services | 8,031 / 28,000 |
| 0% | | | 100% |

| % of Lebanese households registered with NPTP have access to full-time employment° | 13% |
|--|---------|
| % of Syrian refugees live below the poverty line² | 71% |
| Estimated number of Syrians employed ⁷ | 153,600 |
| % of Lebanese SMEs are concentrated in Beirut and Mount Lebanon area® | 78% |

| | | This month: | Reporting partners: 46 | Population reached: 536,148 |
|--|---|--------------------|---------------------------|-----------------------------|
| Prote | ction | | | |
| | | al counseling, as: | sistance and representat | reached / target ion |
| regarding legal sta | у | | | 12,787 / 40,000 |
| | o benefitted from coul arding civil registratior | ٥, ٥ | | 33,758 / 70,000 |
| # of individuals be | nefitting from commu | nity-based inter | ventions | 16,308 / 61,500 |
| | ined, supported, and m | nonitored to eng | age in community-base | |
| mechanisms | | | | 7,547 / 4,750 |
| # of individuals with specific needs receiving specific support (non-cash) 4,140 / 16,80 | | | | 4,140 / 16,800 |
| # of women, girls, r and response servi | • | nd survivors acce | essing SGBV prevention | 39,198 / 140,000 |
| # of women, girls, r | nen and boys sensitize | d on SGBV | | 121,970 / 250,000 |
| | cessing community-ba ection case manageme | | I support and/or assisted | 15,479 / 53,800 |
| # of caregivers acco | essing child protection | prevention (car | egivers' programmes) | 22,993 / 105,500 |
| # of boys and girls | accessing community l | based PSS | | 70,842 / 177,000 |
| # of boys, girls and | caregivers reached on | key child protec | tion issues | 204,291 / 613,000 |
| 0% | | | | 100% |
| | | | | |

| Total registered Syrian refugees ⁹ 1,01 | 1,366 |
|--|-------|
| Percentage of Syrian refugees who are women and children ⁹ | 0.5% |
| % of Syrian refugee households reporting that all members have legal residency permits² | 21% |
| % of households reported having at least one member with specific needs ² | 63% |
| # of individuals participating in activities in community centres and SDCs (2017) ¹⁰ | 33 |
| # of institutional actors trained who demonstrate increased knowledge of SGBV (2017) ¹⁰ | 252 |
| # of partners and government staff provided with general training on child protection and children's rights (2017) ¹⁰ | 387 |

| Chalkan | This month: | Reporting partners: 11 | Population reached: 6,464 | | |
|---|------------------|-----------------------------|---------------------------|--|--|
| Shelter | | | reached / target | | |
| # of people benefitted from weatherproofing and/or maintenance of makeshift shelters within informal settlements, residential and non-residential buildings 31,486 / 210,50 | | | | | |
| # of people benefitting from rehabilitatio into adequate shelters | n, upgrade or re | pair of substandard buildin | 22,554 / 258,000 | | |
| # of people benefitting from upgrade of common areas within substandard residential | | | | | |
| buildings | | | 0/30,000 | | |
| # of individuals received fire-fighting kits and awareness sessions in informal | | | | | |
| settlements and substandard buildings | | | 9,345 / 104,000 | | |
| 0% | | | 100% | | |

| # of assessments and profiles of (mainly poor urban) neighbourhoods (target:15) | 0 | |
|--|---------|--|
| % of Syrian refugees living in Informal Settlements ² | 17% | |
| % of Syrian refugees living non-residential buildings (ex: worksites, garages, shops) ² | 14% | |
| % of Syrian refugees living in substandard shelter conditions ² | 38% | |
| Average cost for rent per household for Syrian refugees ² | USD 189 | |
| Shelters that have been rehabilitated up to minimal standard in 2016 ⁷ | 11,281 | |
| | | |

| | This month: | Reporting partners: 20 | Population reached: 3,573 |
|---|---------------------|------------------------|---------------------------|
| Social Stability reached # community and municipal support projects implemented to alleviate resource | | | |
| pressure and reduce tensions | | | 47 / 119 |
| # new dispute resolution and conflict prevention mechanisms established 20 / 61 | | | |
| # youth and children engaged in social st | ability initiatives | 5 | 21,128 / 14,300 |
| 0% | | | 100% |

| # of vulnerable cadastres where population has increased by 50% or more ⁷ | 114 |
|---|-----|
| $\%$ of Lebanese that feel safe 11 | 55% |
| % of Syrians that feel safe11 | 73% |
| % increase in municipal garbage collection expenditures ¹² | 40% |
| % of host and displaced communities members reporting multiple causes of tensions between communities ¹³ | 55% |

¹Inter-Agency Information Sharing Portal, Basic Assistance, SMEB, MEB: http://data.un-hcr.org/syrianrefugees/download.php?id=6327 ² 2016 Vulnerability Assessment for Syrian Refugees (VASyR), http://data.unhcr.org/syri-anrefugees/download.php?id=12482 ³ MEHE - 2017 ⁴ Food Security and Livelihoods Assessment of Lebanese Host Communities FSLA 2015

⁵ AUB UNRWA 2015
⁶ MoSA NPTP Database
⁷ ILO Quantitative Framework for Access to Work for Syrian Refugees in Lebanon, 2016
⁸ MOET SME strategy
⁹ UNHCR data as of 31 December 2016
¹⁹ Activity Info Partner Reports - 2017

¹¹USJ / UNHCR Perception Survey 2016
¹² REACH/JOCHA/UNICEF: Defining Community Vulnerabilities in Lebanon http://data.unhcr.org/syrianrefugees/download.php?id=5945
¹³ Inter-Agency 251 most vulnerable cadastrals, http://data.unhcr.org/syrianrefugees/download.php?id=8698
¹⁴ MoPH Q1=2017 Dashboard

In Focus: Secondary and Tertiary Health Referrals June 2017





Cost is a significant barrier to accessing hospital care in Lebanon, where secondary and tertiary health care institutions are mostly private. UNHCR helps cover some of the costs of life-saving and obstetric care for refugees. The costs covered by UNHCR vary according to the type of service provided and the vulnerability of the refugee. This "In Focus" report is based on 2016 data provided by UNHCR and MediVisa, UNHCR's third party administrator (TPA), who managed and audited referral care until the end of December 2016. Page two summarizes some key contributions of other actors in the Health

TREATMENT COSTS

UNHCR covers:

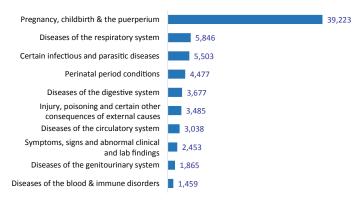
75% of treatment costs in the majority of cases

90% of costs for newborn admissions to intensive care; severely vulnerable refugees (approx. 50% of Syrian refugees); children under 18 admitted for intensive care; persons admitted with severe burns.

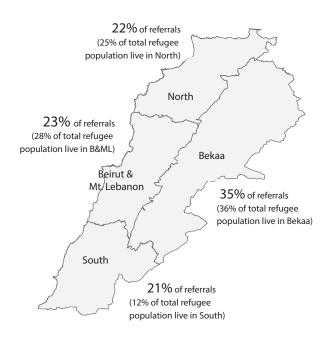
UNHCR has put in place referral guidelines and standard operating procedures (SOPs)³ to support access to life-saving and obstetric care and to manage costs. The referral care programme also supports access to such care for unregistered refugees.

REASONS FOR ACCEPTED REFERRALS

In 2016, 53% of accepted referrals (39,223 in total) related to pregnancy care, compared to 56.9% in 2015. Of this number, 37,621 referrals were for delivery (50.9% of the total accepted referrals). Less than one third (32.2%) of deliveries occurred through caesarean section, compared to 33.7% in 2015.



GEOGRAPHICAL DISTRIBUTION



76,535 referrals made in 2016

24% increase in number of referrals compared to 2015

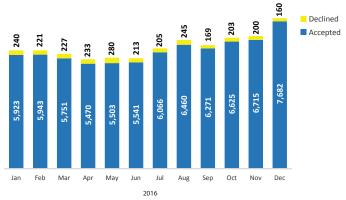
97% of referrals covered by UNHCR in 2016 (95% in 2015)

1,011,366 registered Syrian refugees⁴

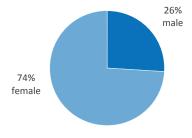
21,761 non-Syrian refugees and/or asylum-seekers⁴

REFERRAL ACCEPTANCE

There has been an increasing number of referrals in 2015 and 2016. The referral rate is higher during winter months, mainly due to higher respiratory morbidity.

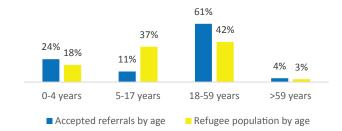


REFERRALS BY GENDER



Three-quarters of referrals were for women. The majority of overall accepted referrals (53%) were for maternity care and a third (32%) of deliveries were made by caesarean section (compared to 34% in 2015).

REFERRALS BY AGE



24% of referrals related to children under five years of age (2015: 23%). Average age at admission for females: 24.2 years (2015: 24.3). Average age at admission for males: 16.2 years (2015: 15.8)

¹ More details are available in the full report: UNHCR, Syrian Refugees in Lebanon. Referral Care at a Glance, January-December 2016, http://data.unhcr.org/syrianrefugees/download.php?id=13583 ² NextCare is the TPA since 1 January 2017, following an open competitive bidding process

³ UNHCR, Guidelines for Referral Care in Lebanon. Standard Operating Procedures, updated December 2016, http://data.unhcr.org/syrianrefugees/download.php?id=12663

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EXPENDITURE BY UNHCR

| | 2016 | | 2015 |
|---------|---|---------|---|
| \$43.3m | total UNHCR expenditure to hospitals for referral care | \$31.8m | total UNHCR expenditure to hospitals for referral care |
| 34% | of total expenditure spent on maternity care (53% of referrals) | 40% | of total expenditure spent on maternity care (60% of referrals) |
| 21% | of total expenditure spent on neonatal care (6.1% of referrals) | 17% | of total expenditure spent on neonatal care (5.6% of referrals) |
| \$586 | average cost per referral | \$544 | average cost per referral |

The financial audit of hospital invoices by the TPA led to a 7.3% deduction of the overall costs invoiced by hospitals.

OTHER HEALTH SECTOR ACTORS

CARITAS LEBANON

1,435 Iraqi refugees supported in access to hospital care, of which 969 with assistance from UNHCR.

90 Syrian refugees supported in access to hospital care, of which 33 with assistance from UNHCR.

Lebanese supported in access to hospital care.

INTERNATIONAL NETWORK FOR AID, RELIEF AND ASSISTANCE (INARA)

46 Children, mostly Syrian refugees, supported for plastic surgery for scar revisions or reconstructive surgery.

INTERNATIONAL ORGANIZATION FOR MIGRATION (IOM)

57 Syrian refugees supported in tuberculosis-related hospital care. (Source: AI-LCRP 2016 R-Health)

MEDICAL AID FOR PALESTINIANS (MAP)

Palestine refugees from Syria (PRS) supported for life-saving tertiary care hospitalization. MAP contributes 30% of the cost of hospitalization, on top of UNRWA's 60%, up to a ceiling of \$2,100.

QATAR RED CRESCENT SOCIETY (QRCS)

Syrian refugees supported in access to hospital care (cases not covered by UNHCR and contribution to patient share for ICU cases covered by UNHCR). (Source: AI-LCRP 2016 R-Health)

SYRIAN AMERICAN MEDICAL SOCIETY FOUNDATION (SAMS)

259 Syrian refugees supported in access to hospital care. (Source: Al-LCRP 2016 R-Health)

UNION OF RELIEF AND DEVELOPMENT ASSOCIATIONS (URDA)

2,758 Syrian refugees supported in access to hospital care (cases not covered by UNHCR). (Source: Al-LCRP 2016 R-Health)

Palestine refugees from Syria (PRS) supported in access to hospital care.

Palestine refugees in Lebanon (PRL) supported in access to hospital care.

117 Syrian refugees with renal failure supported in access to dialysis sessions. (Source: URDA, Nov 2016)

Syrian refugees with thalassemia and other blood diseases supported in access to blood transfusion sessions.

UNITED NATIONS RELIEF AND WORKS AGENCY FOR PALESTINE REFUGEES IN THE NEAR EAST (UNRWA)

28,666 Palestine refugees from Lebanon (PRL) supported for secondary and tertiary health care.

3,090 Palestine refugees from Syria (PRS) supported for secondary and tertiary health care, and access to emergency rooms.

Palestine Children's Relief Fund (PCRF) is also active in the Health Sector. However, up-to-date figures about its activities were not available in time for the publication of this report.