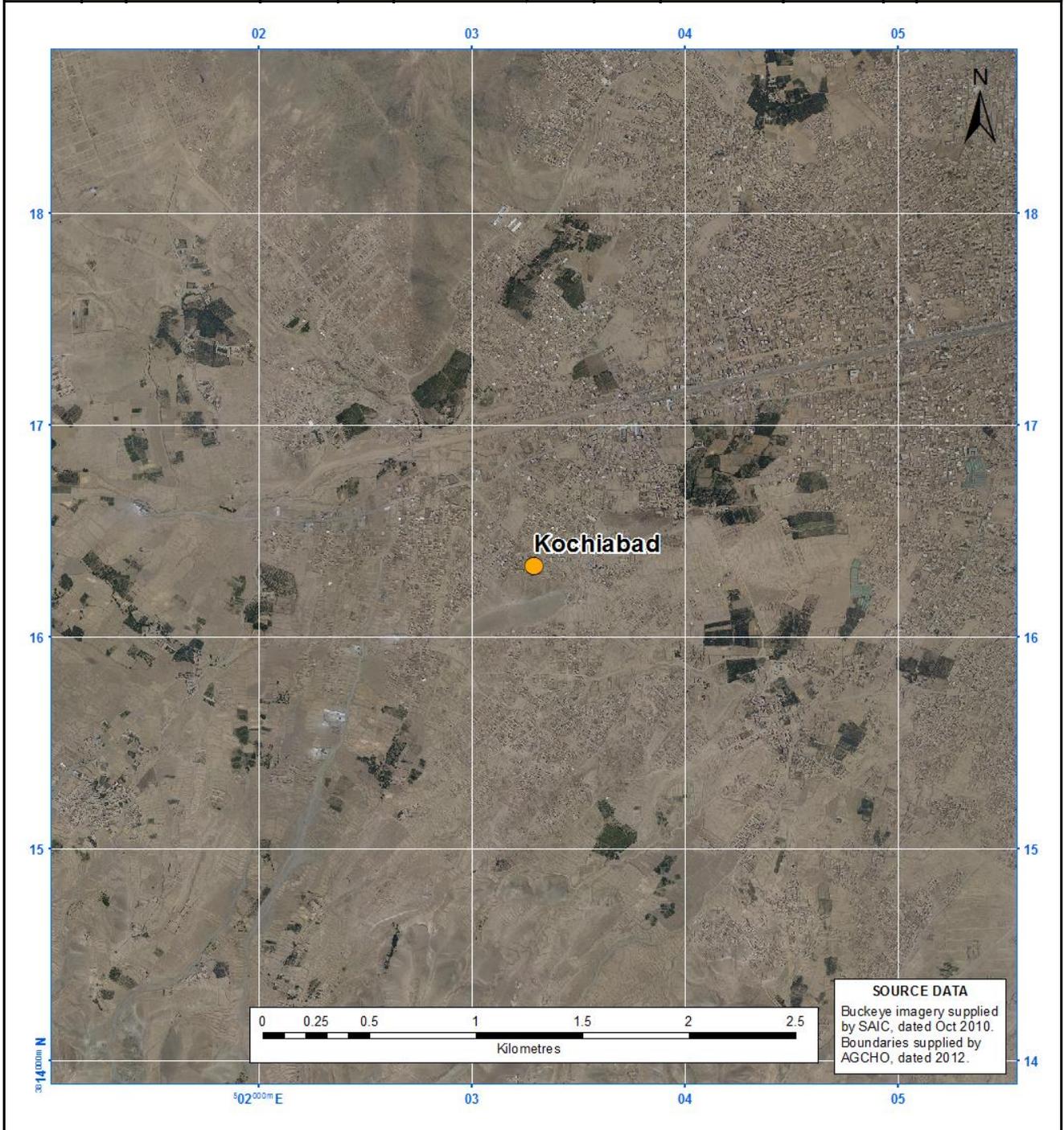
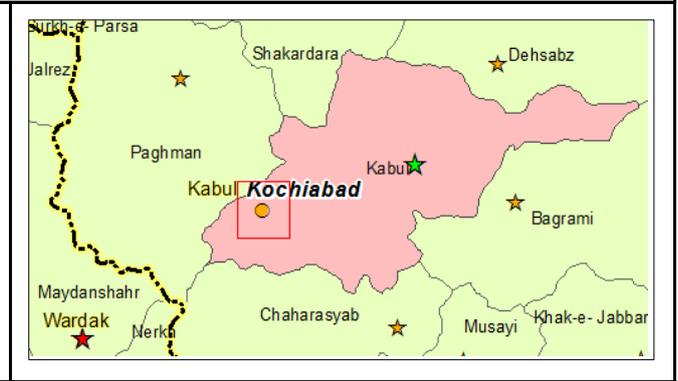
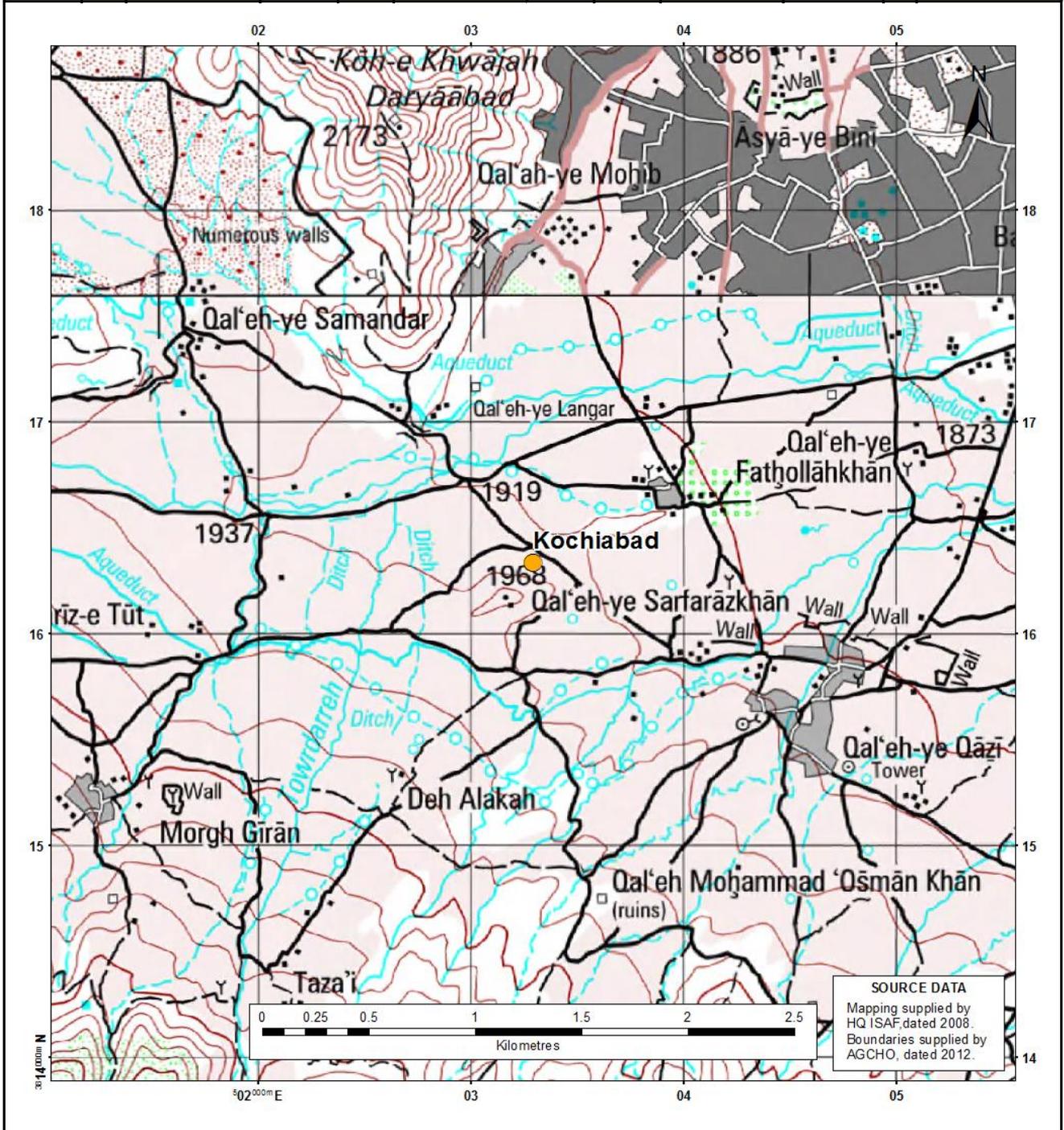


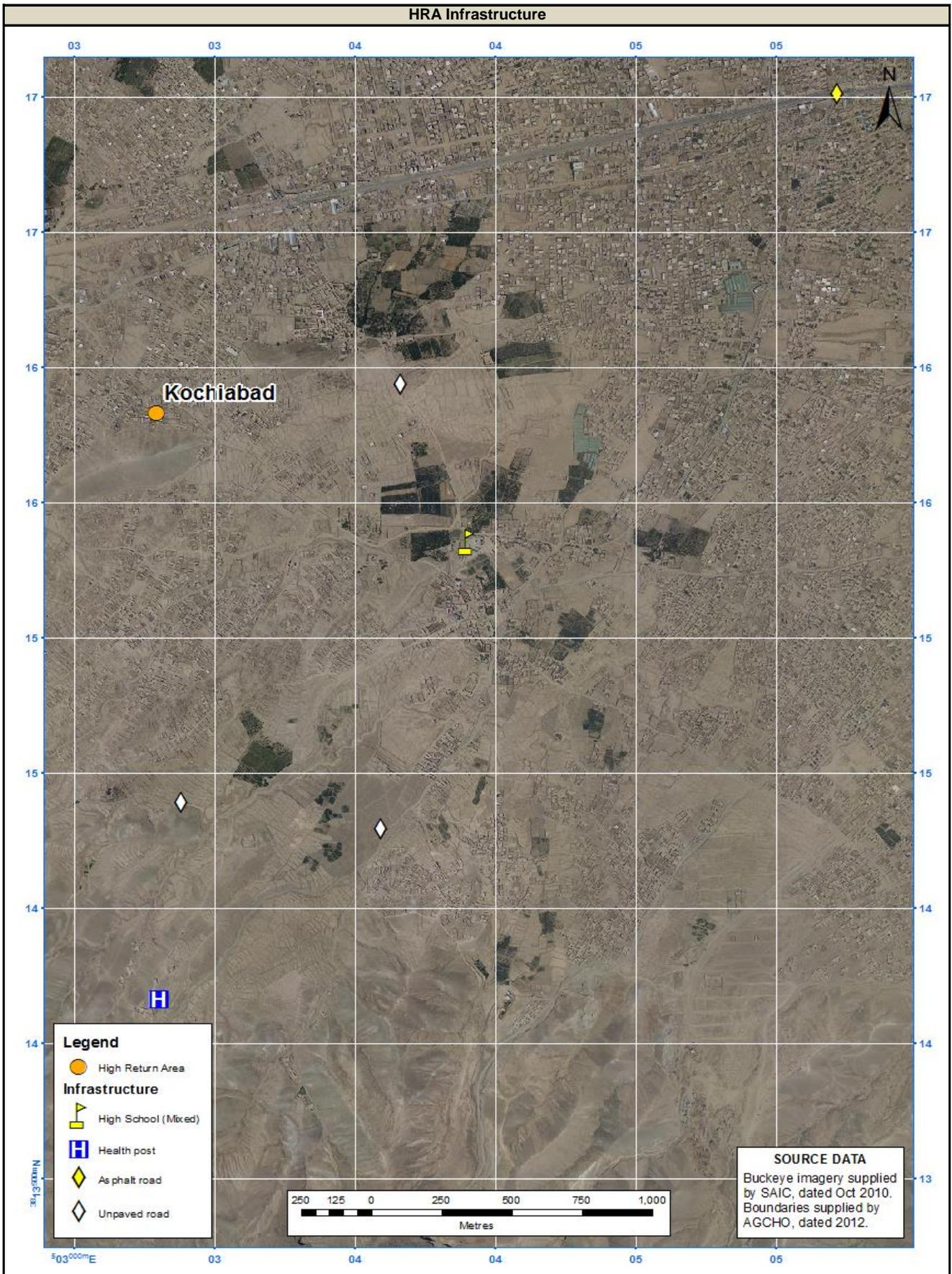
High Return Area Community Profile		<b>Kochiabad, Dasht-e-Barchi, PD 13, Kabul</b>						Date generated dd / mm / yyyy			
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## 1. DEMOGRAPHIC AND SOCIAL PROFILE

**NB: Figures and values in the profile only represent the population surveyed in household survey, not the total Afghanistan population, unless stated otherwise.**

### Summary

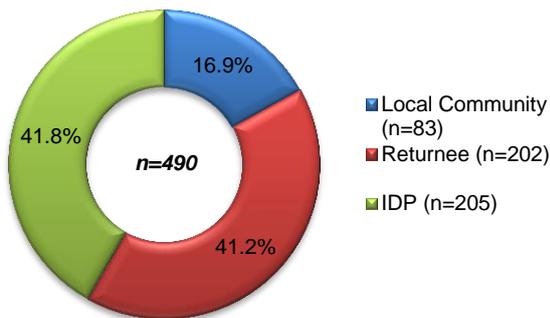
Located 20 km from Kabul City Centre and 5 km southwest of the Dashte Barchi Main Road, Kochi Abad is perched on a hillside 2,000 metres above sea-level and is isolated and surprisingly rural despite its close proximity to the capital.

Of the 490 households surveyed in Kochiabad, 205 (42%) were IDP households, 202 (41%) were returnee households and 83 (17%) were local community households. The households encompass a combined total of 3,870 individuals with a gender ratio of 1.1 males for each female.

The average household size was revealed by the survey to be 8.0 persons among IDPs and the local community, and 7.8 persons among returnees. Children (0-17 years) represent over half the average household size across all three groups with a gender ratio of 1.1 boys for each girl.

The elderly (aged 60+) were found to constitute 5%-6% of the population across all three household types. Approximately 2% of the population reported to be widowed, with five times as many widows as widowers.

#### 1.1 Type of household (HH)



#### 1.2 Household size and composition

Size of Household	Number of Households			Number of Individuals		
	LC	Ret	IDP	LC	Ret	IDP
1 - 3 persons	3	12	10	8	33	27
4 - 6 persons	19	74	55	99	367	290
7 - 9 persons	42	64	83	329	500	658
10 - 12 pers	12	33	43	128	345	457
13 - 15 pers	6	11	13	85	157	185
16+ persons	1	8	1	19	166	17
<b>Total</b>	<b>83</b>	<b>202</b>	<b>205</b>	<b>668</b>	<b>1,568</b>	<b>1,634</b>
Average household size				<b>8.0</b>	<b>7.8</b>	<b>8.0</b>
Average number of children (0-17)/HH				<b>4.5</b>	<b>4.4</b>	<b>4.3</b>
Average number of elderly (60+) / HH				<b>0.4</b>	<b>0.4</b>	<b>0.4</b>
% children (0-17)				<b>56.3%</b>	<b>56.6%</b>	<b>54.1%</b>
% elderly (60+)				<b>5.5%</b>	<b>5.4%</b>	<b>5.5%</b>

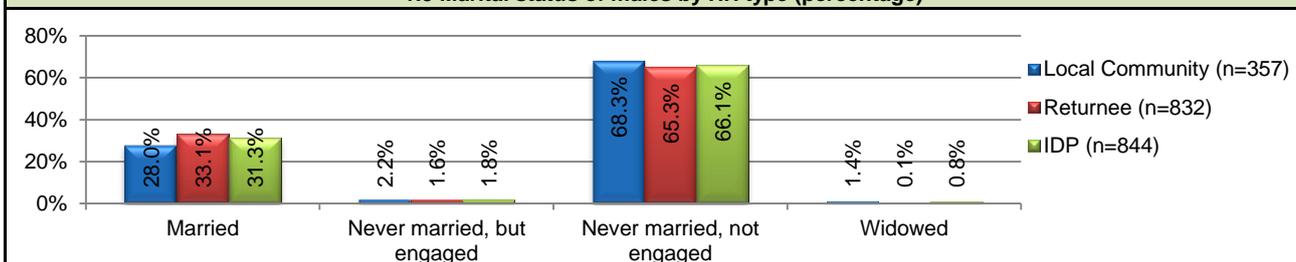
#### 1.3 Age distribution by HH type: Male

Male	Age Group					Total
	0-4	5-11	12-17	18-59	60+	
LC	55	106	48	121	27	<b>357</b>
	15.4%	29.7%	13.4%	33.9%	7.6%	<b>100%</b>
Ret	132	222	121	314	43	<b>832</b>
	15.9%	26.7%	14.5%	37.7%	5.2%	<b>100%</b>
IDP	115	214	128	334	53	<b>844</b>
	13.6%	25.4%	15.2%	39.6%	6.3%	<b>100%</b>
Total	302	542	297	769	123	<b>2,033</b>
	14.9%	26.7%	14.6%	37.8%	6.1%	<b>100%</b>

#### 1.4 Age distribution by HH type: Female

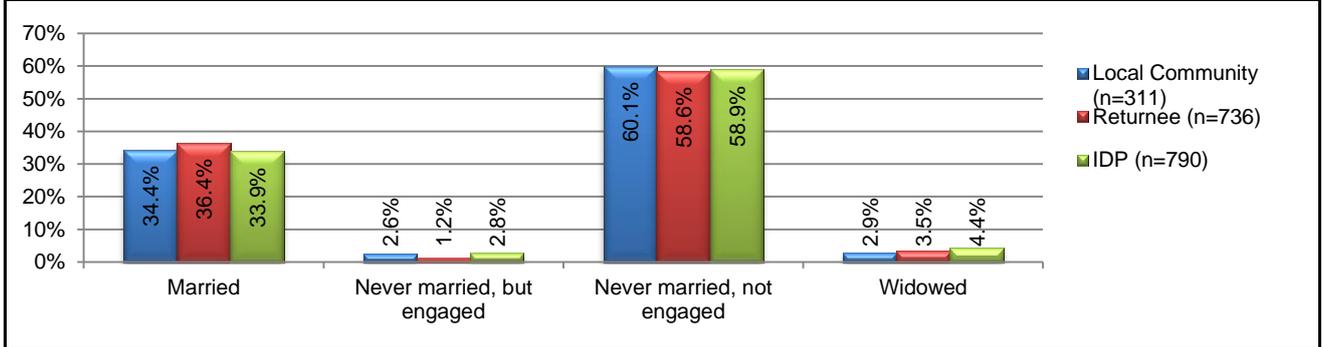
Female	Age Group					Total
	0-4	5-11	12-17	18-59	60+	
LC	47	65	55	134	10	<b>311</b>
	15.1%	20.9%	17.7%	43.1%	3.2%	<b>100%</b>
Ret	119	187	106	283	41	<b>736</b>
	16.2%	25.4%	14.4%	38.5%	5.6%	<b>100%</b>
IDP	100	188	139	326	37	<b>790</b>
	12.7%	23.8%	17.6%	41.3%	4.7%	<b>100%</b>
Total	266	440	300	743	88	<b>1,837</b>
	14.5%	24.0%	16.3%	40.4%	4.8%	<b>100%</b>

#### 1.5 Marital status of males by HH type (percentage)



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**1.6 Marital status of females by HH type (percentage)**



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## 2. MIGRATION PROFILE

### Summary

Among the households surveyed, the year 1387 (2008/09) witnessed the largest number of returnee arrivals in HRA with 52 returnee households choosing to settle in Kochiabad. Also, the year 1390 (2011/12) witnessed the largest number of IDP arrivals with 40 IDP households choosing to settle in different HRAs. Prior to and following 1387 (2008/09), on average, approximately 17 returnee households per year have chosen to settle in the area. Prior to 1390 (2011/12), an average 16 IDP households per year have chosen to settle in Kochiabad.

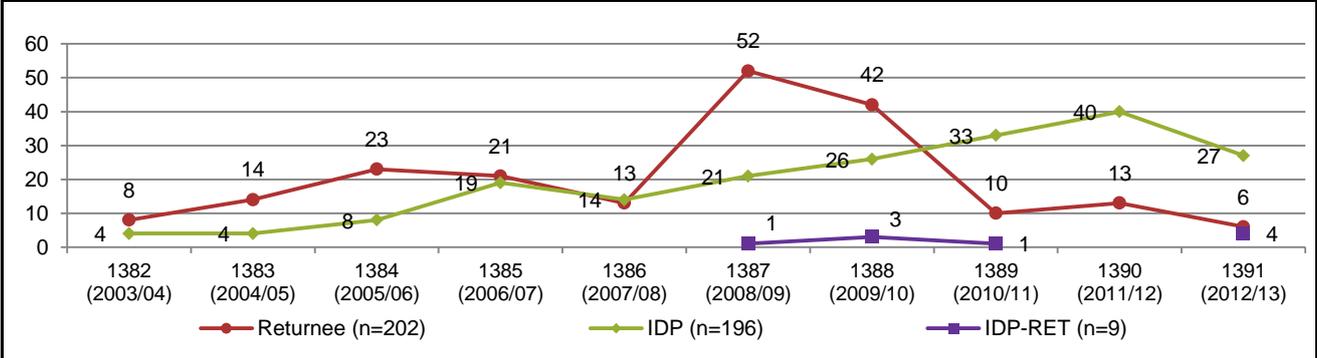
Of returnee and IDP households that have settled in Afghanistan in the last two years, all of both returnee and IDP households stated that they did so voluntarily. Of these, all of returnee and IDP households stated that they intend to remain in the area.

All returnee households had sought asylum in either Pakistan (77.7%) or Iran (18.0%) with 94.6% stating that they did so due to safety reasons due to conflict. Four-fifths also cited economic reasons and two-thirds cited family reasons. A further, over one-third of returnee households stated that they sought asylum due to harassment/discrimination reasons.

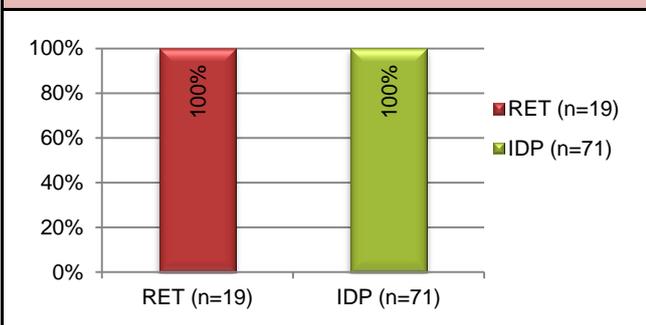
Among IDP households, 88.3% cited economic reasons and over two-fifths stated family reasons as the main reasons for having fled their districts of origin. One-third also cited access to services as having influenced their decision to move. A further, over one-quarter stated that they have fled their districts of origin because of owning property there.

Over four-fifths of households stated that legal difficulties and over two-quarters cited economic reasons were the main reasons of returning back to Afghanistan. Further, over one-third stated safety reasons as having influenced their decision to return. A further over one-quarter of households returned to Afghanistan because of harassment/discrimination reasons.

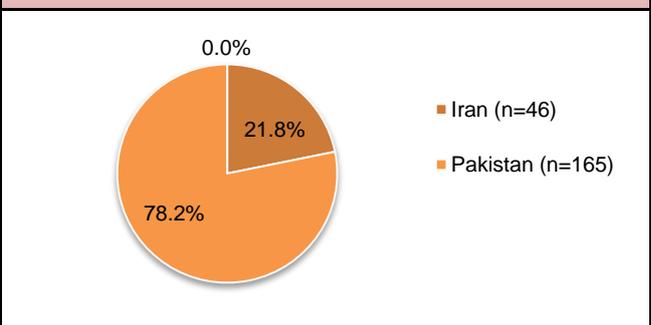
### 2.1 Year households settled in current location



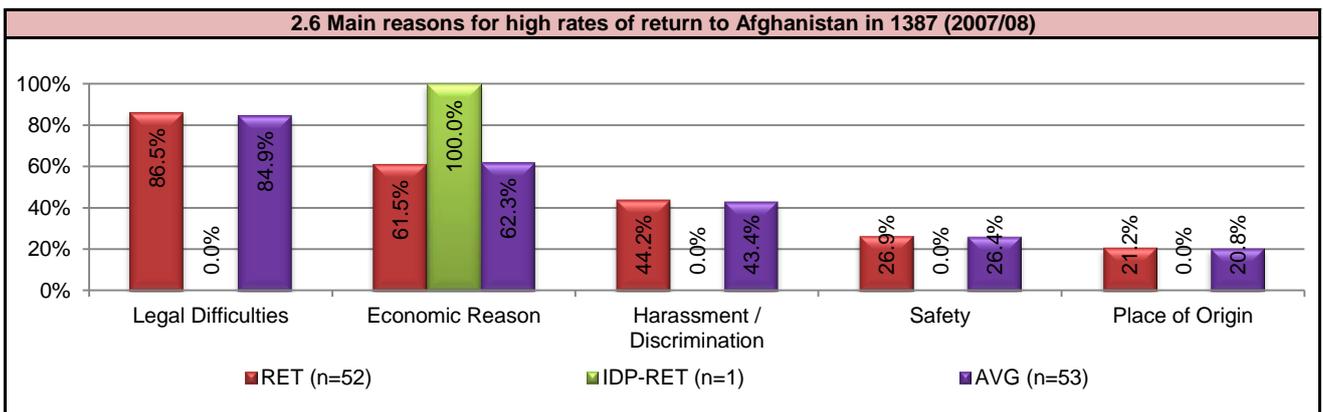
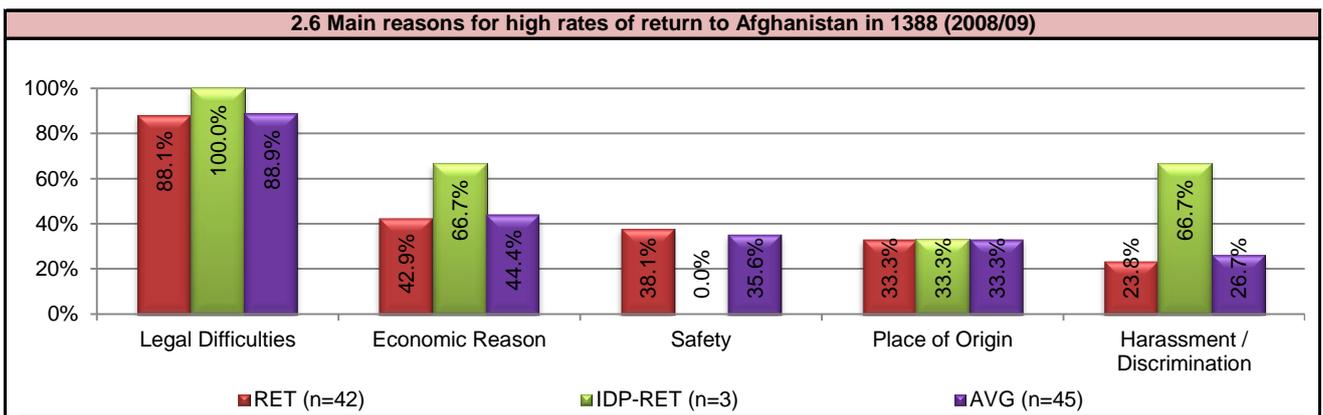
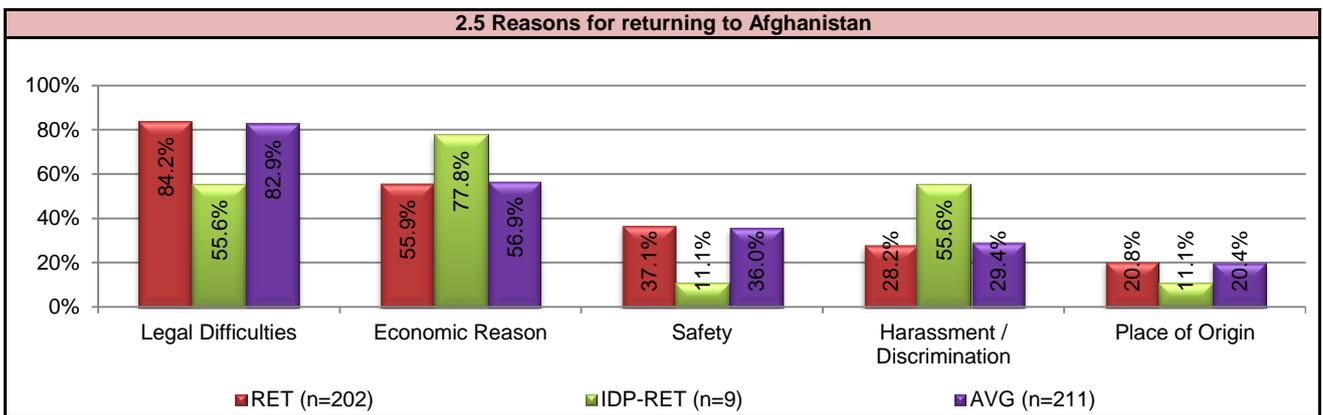
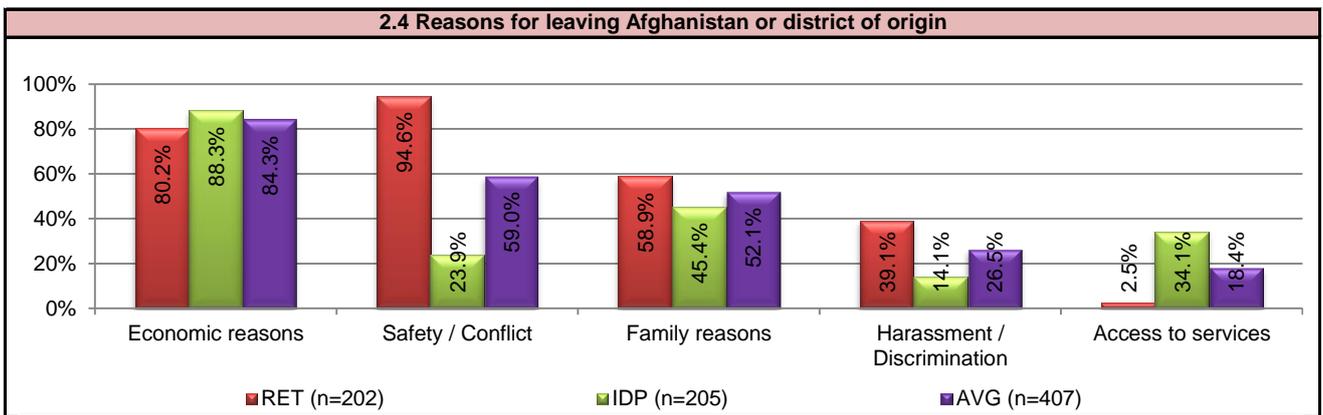
### 2.2 Percentage of HHs that settled in last 2 years and intend to remain



### 2.3 Countries of asylum from which HHs have returned



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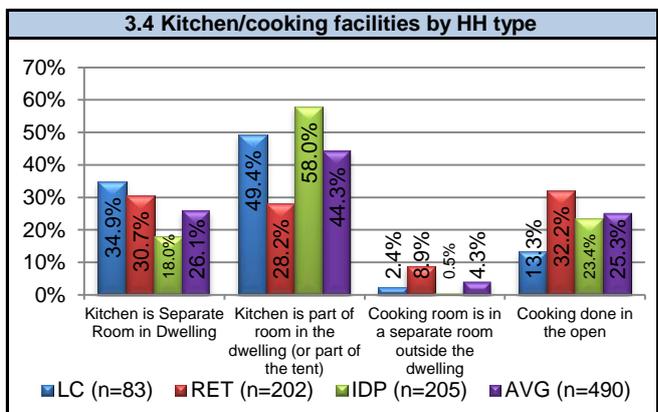
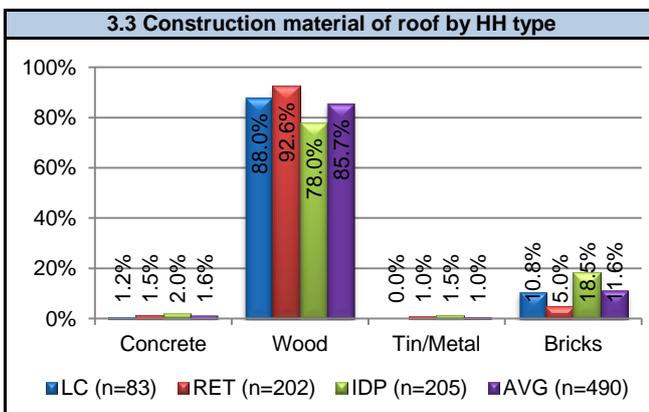
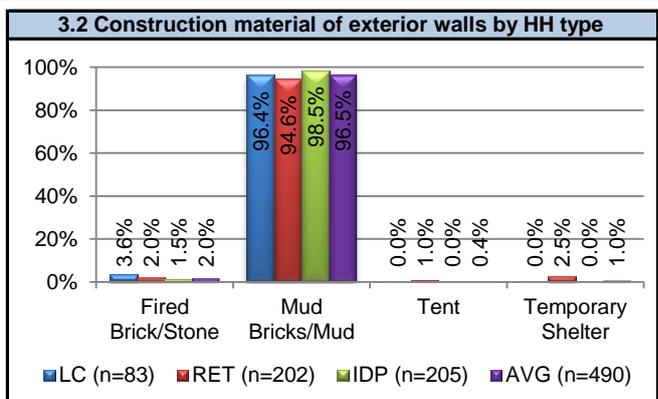
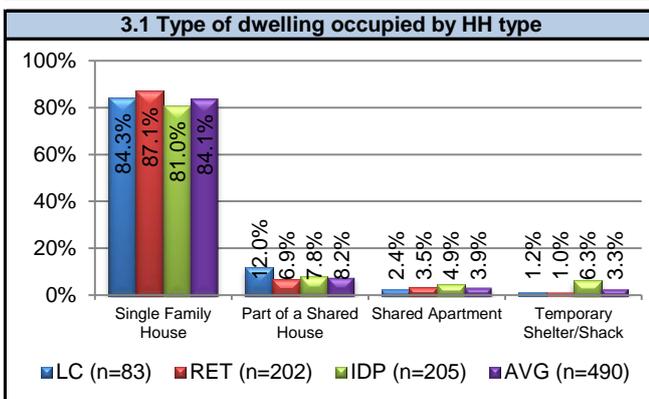
**3. HOUSING STATUS PROFILE**

**Summary**

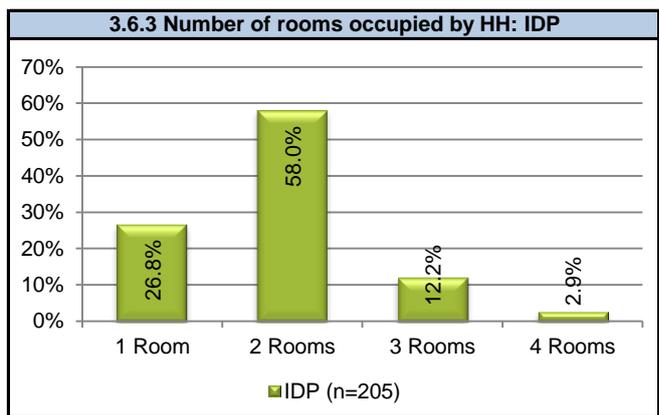
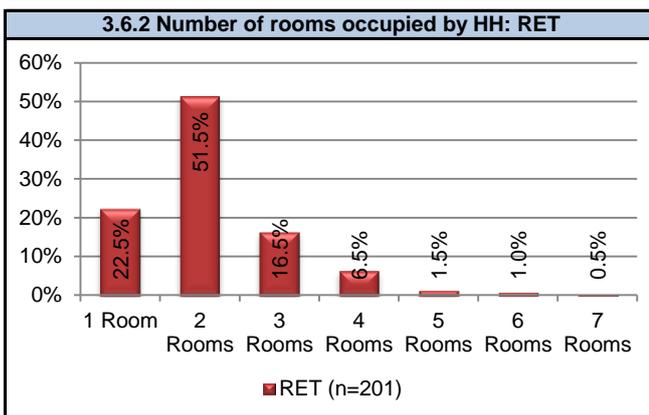
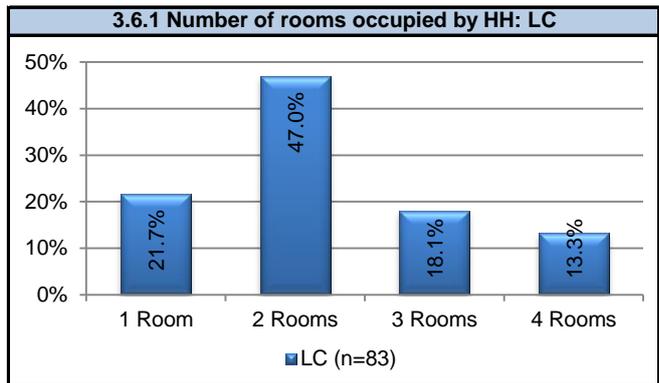
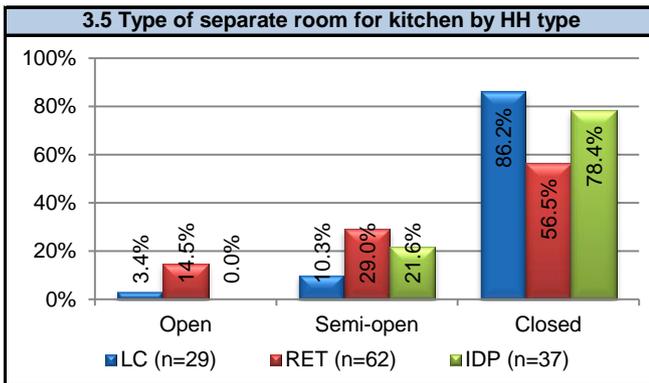
Survey findings reveal that over four-fifths of local community, returnee and IDP households currently occupy single family homes with the majority of the remainder residing in part of a shared house. Almost all dwellings across all three household types were mud-brick or mud constructions. Similarly, wood was reported to be the main construction material of the roofs of 93% of returnee households, 88% of local community households and 78% of IDP households.

Two-room dwellings were revealed to be the most common dwelling type with 58% of IDP households, 52% of returnee households and 47% of local community households residing in such dwellings. Over one-fifth of households across all three groups reported to be residing in one-room dwellings with the remainder occupying three- and four-room dwellings.

With regard to cooking facilities, 35% of local community households, 31% of returnee households and 18% of IDP households have a separate kitchen. A further 58% of IDP households, 49% of local community households and 28% of returnee households stated that their kitchen takes up part of a room within the home. Cooking is done in the open by 32% of returnee households, 23% of IDP households and 13% of local community households.



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**4. WATER, ELECTRICITY, FUEL AND SANITATION**

**Summary**

**Water:** Open well is the main source of water for 45.8% of local community households, 37.3% of returnee households and 73.0% of IDP households and it is located on average 3 minutes away from all three household types. A further, 34.9% of local community households, 30.3% of returnee and 24.5% of IDP households have access to hand pump which is located 6 minutes away from local community households, 7 minutes from returnee and 3 minutes away from IDP households. Proportionally more returnee households (22.4%) have access to kariz source than 9.6% of local community households and 2.0% of IDP households. Also less than 8% of all three household types have access to piped water sources.

**Electricity:** Of the 490 households surveyed, a total of 398 (81.2%) reported to have had access to an electricity supply in the 30 days prior to being surveyed. Solar was the most important source of electricity among 46.4% of local community households, 56.9 of returnee households and 58.9% of IDP households. Proportionally more returnee households (22.6%) have access to battery electric source compared to 14.5% of local community and 14.1% of IDP households. Reversely, less returnee households (2.2%) use private generator (engine) in comparison with local community households (2.2%) and IDP households (12.5%). A further, 20.3% of local community households, 17.5% of returnee and 14.6% of IDP households use community generator (engine) for electricity.

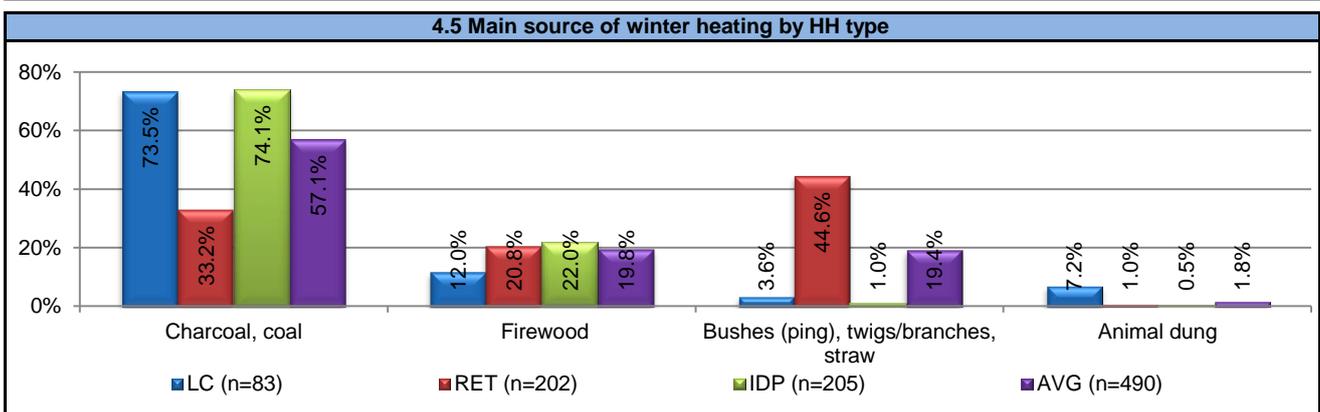
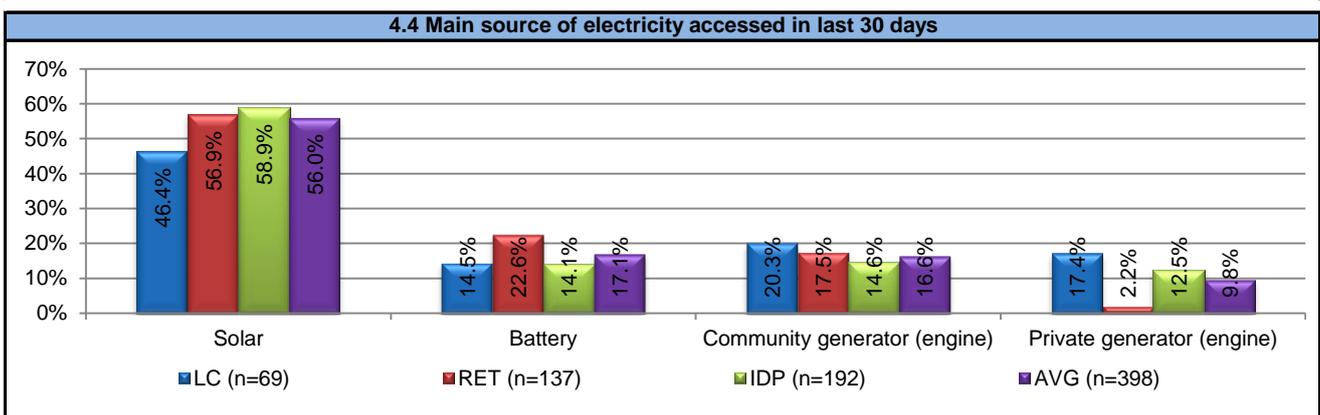
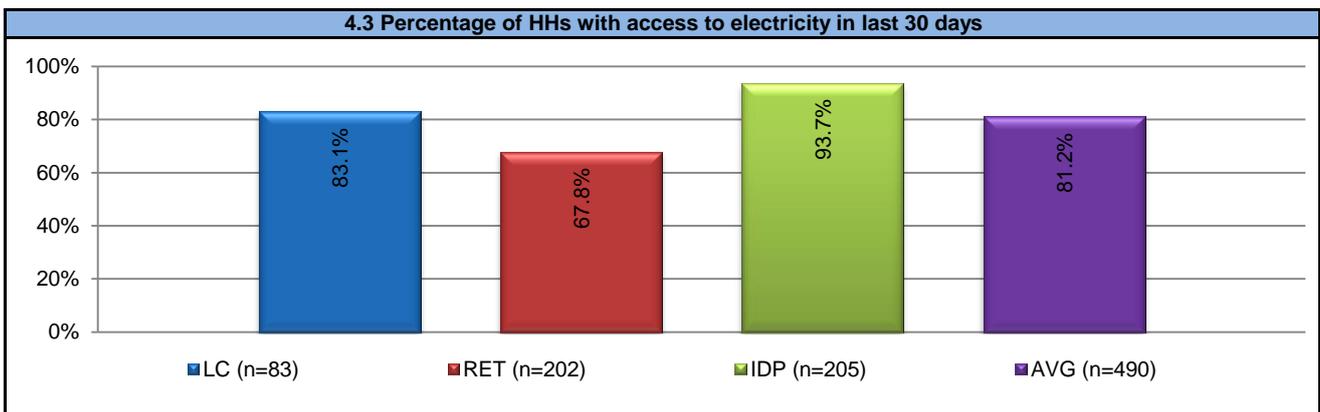
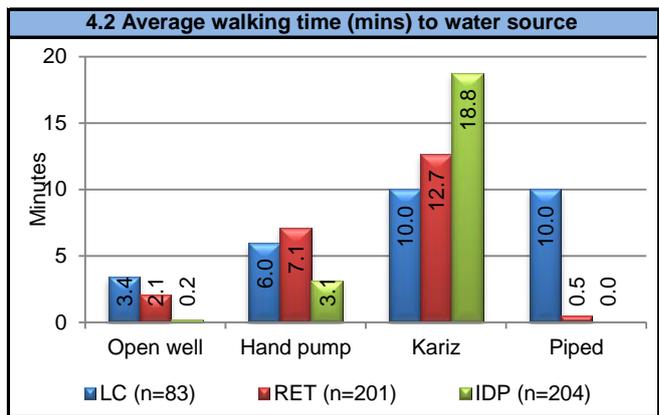
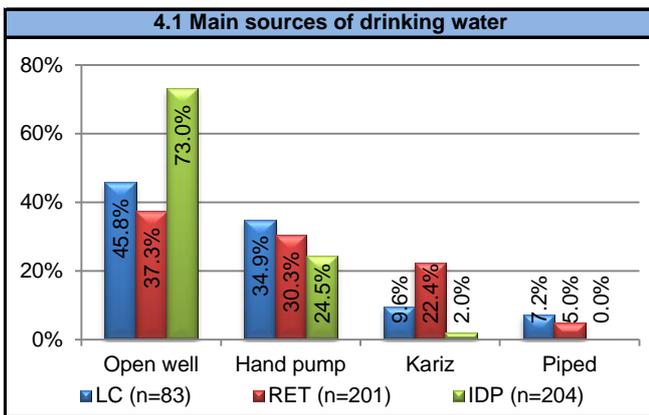
**Fuel:** During the winter months, charcoal/coal is the main source of heating among 73.5% of local community households and 74.1% of IDP households. It also provides heating for 33.2% of returnee households. A further, 12.0% of local community, 20.8% of returnee and 22.0% of IDP households use firewood for heating. 44.6% of returnee households use Bushes, twigs/branches and straw which is significantly high than local community (3.6%) and IDP households (1.0%). On the other hand, more local community (7.2%) use animal dung for heating compared to returnee (1.0%) and IDP households (0.5%).

Gas provides cooking fuel for 79.5% of local community, 40.6% of returnee and 92.2% of IDP households. Bushes, twigs/branches and straw is mostly used by returnee households (53.0%) compared to 7.2% of local community and 1.0% of IDP households. In addition, Small percentages of all three household types also use firewood and animal dung.

**Sanitation:** 91.6% of local community, 89.6% of returnee households and 89.8% of IDP households have access to a traditional covered latrine. A further, 4.8% of local community, 2.5% of returnee households and 4.4% of IDP households have access to improved latrine. Flush latrine and Open pit is also used by small numbers of households.

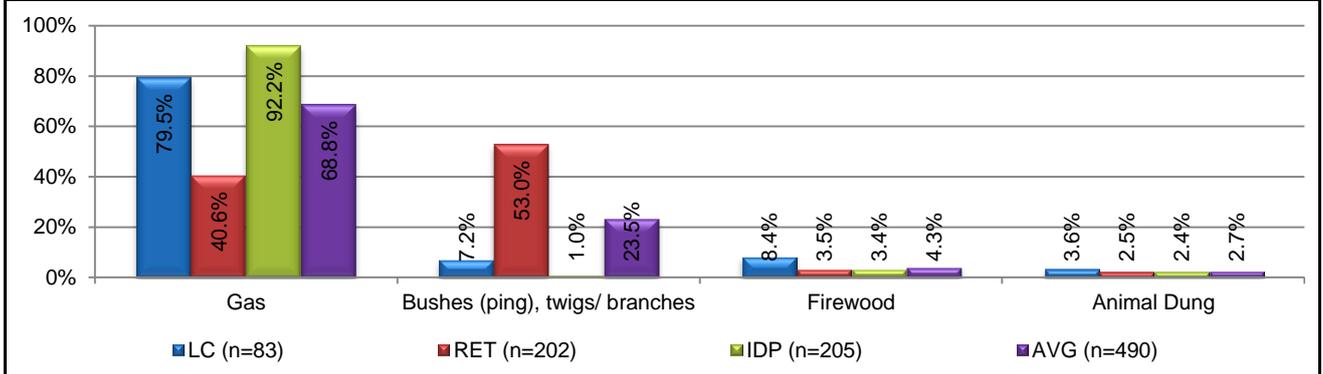
Surveyors took note of whether any garbage or pools of stagnant water were observed in close proximity to the households they interviewed. 83.1% of local community households, 89.6% of returnee households and 90.2% of IDP households didn't have any garbage near their dwellings. A further, 16.9% of local community households, 9.9% of returnee households and 9.8% of IDP households had little garbage near their dwellings. Only 0.5% of returnee households had a lot of garbage near their dwelling. Also, over 94% of all three household types didn't have any stagnant water near their dwellings. In addition, 6.0% of local community households, 2.0% of returnee households and 3.9% of IDP households had little stagnant water near their dwellings. Moreover, only 0.5% of returnee had a lot of stagnant water near their dwellings.

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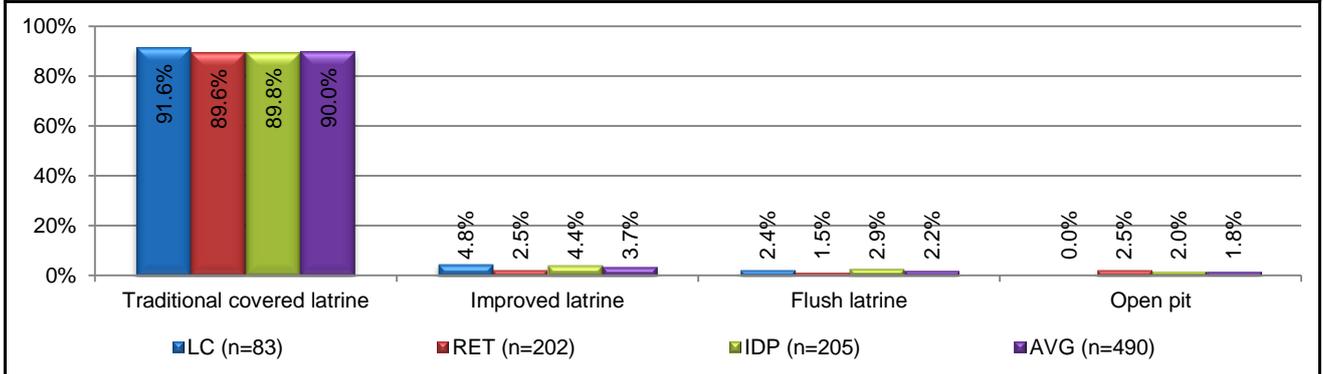


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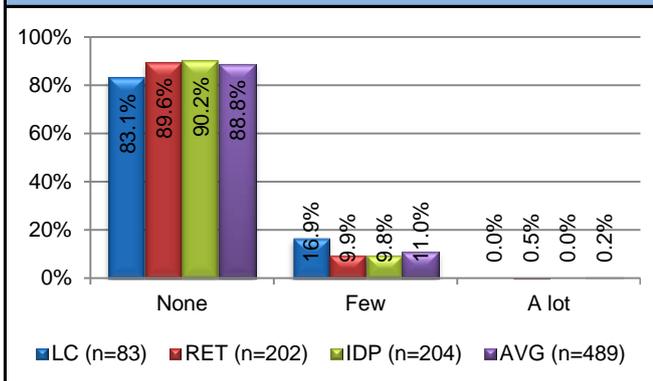
**4.6 Main source of cooking fuel in past 30 days**



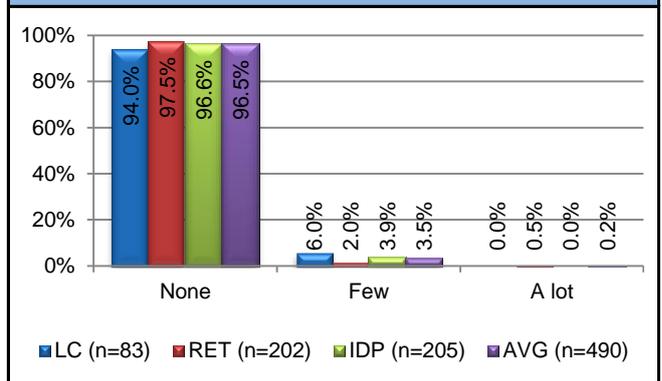
**4.7 Main toilet facility used by HHs**



**4.8 Observable garbage near dwelling by HH type**



**4.9 Observable pools of stagnant water near dwelling by HH type**



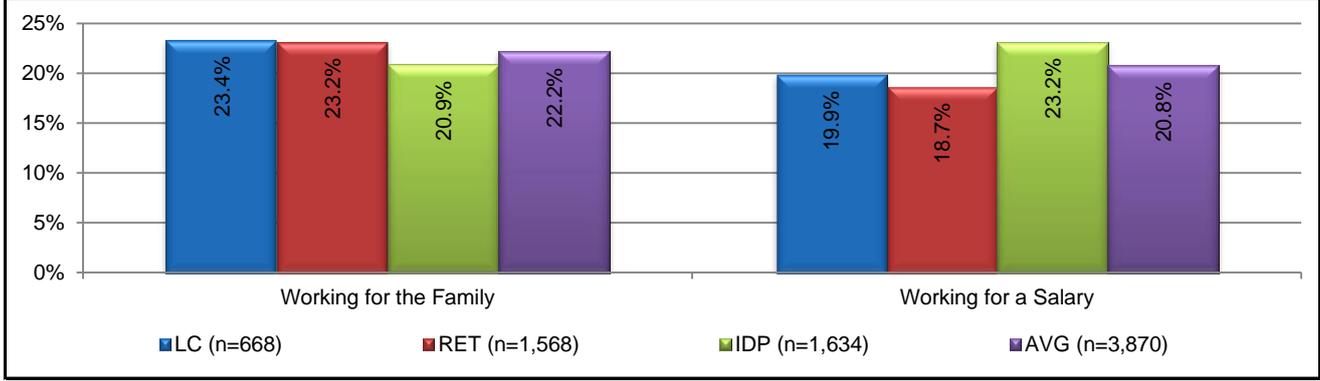
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**5. LABOUR & LIVELIHOODS**

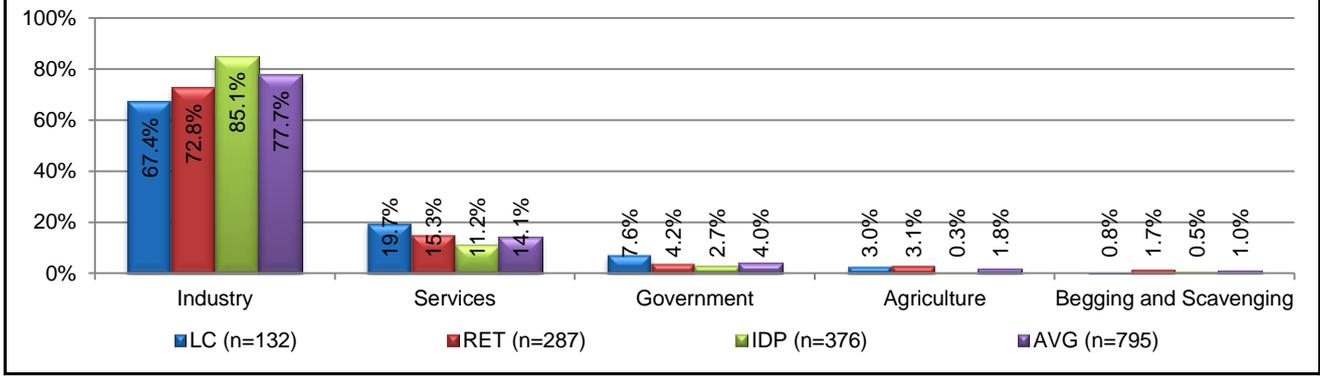
**Summary**

According to survey findings, 23.4% of local community members, 23.2% of returnees and 20.9% of IDPs are engaged in work for the family, with females accounting for the vast majority (87%-90%) in all groups. A further 23.2% of IDPs, 19.9% of local community members and 18.7% of returnees reported to be working for a salary. Of those in gainful employment, 93.2% of returnees, 81.2% of local community members and 78.9% of IDPs are male. The majority of IDPs (85.1%), returnees (72.8%) and local community members (67.4%) work in industry. The second most common area of employment was reported to be the service sector, with smaller proportions also working in the government sector and in agriculture. A further 1.7% of returnees, 0.8% of local community members and 0.5% of IDPs reported to engage in begging and scavenging. Ten IDPs, three local community members and one returnee aged 5-11 years reported to be employed. A further 68 IDPs, 19 returnees and 13 local community members aged 12-17 years also reported to be working.

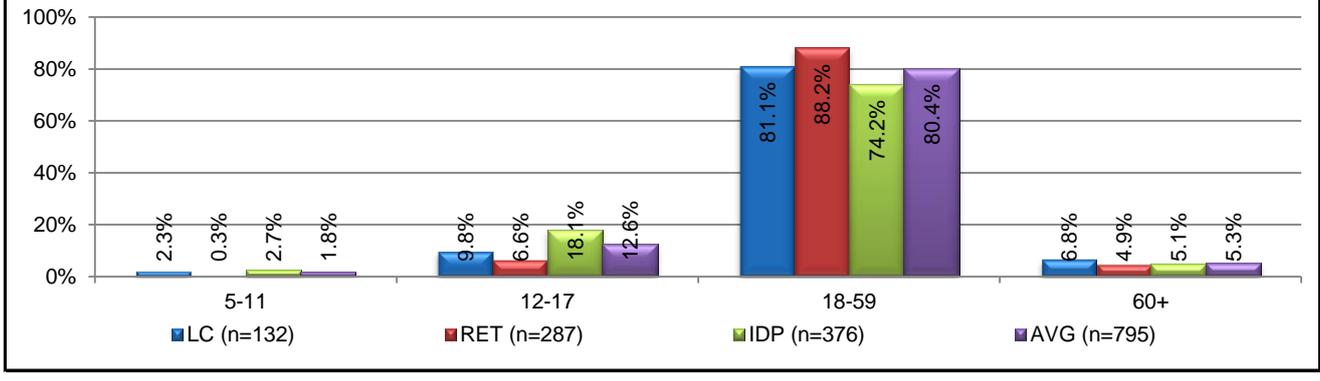
**5.1 Percentage of household members working**



**5.2 Main sectors of employment for salaried workers**



**5.3 Age distribution of salaried workers**



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**6. HOUSEHOLD INCOME, DEBT, ASSETS AND EXPENDITURES**

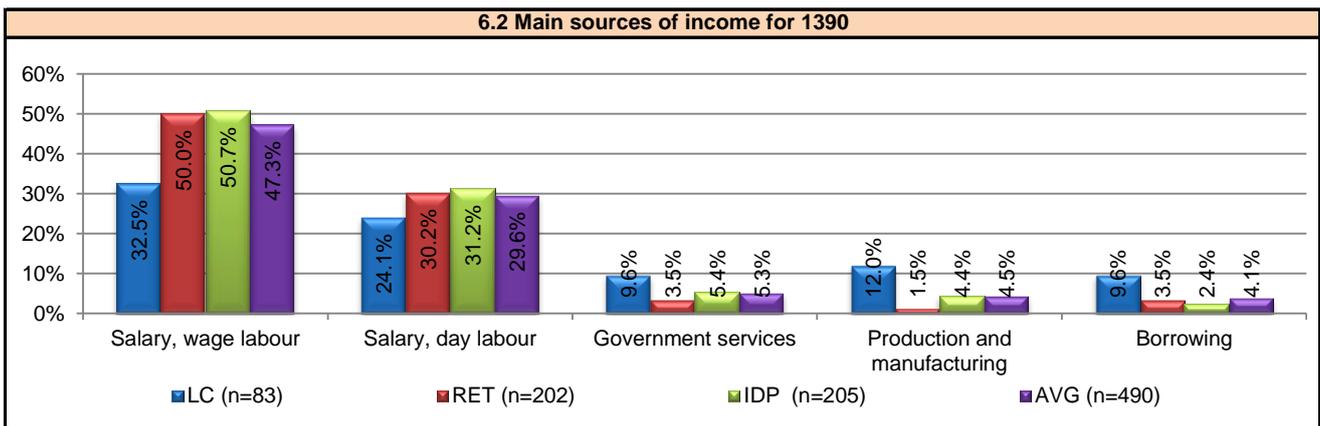
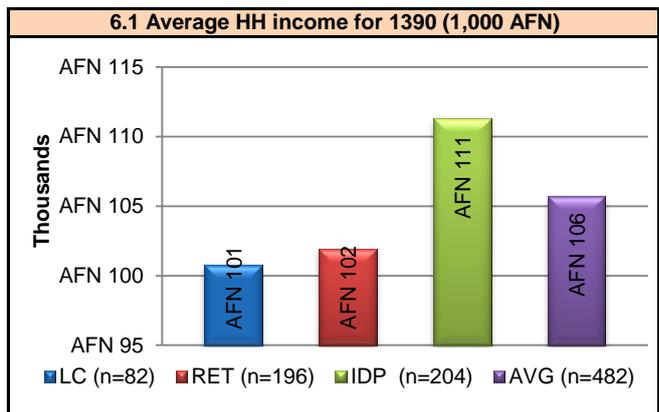
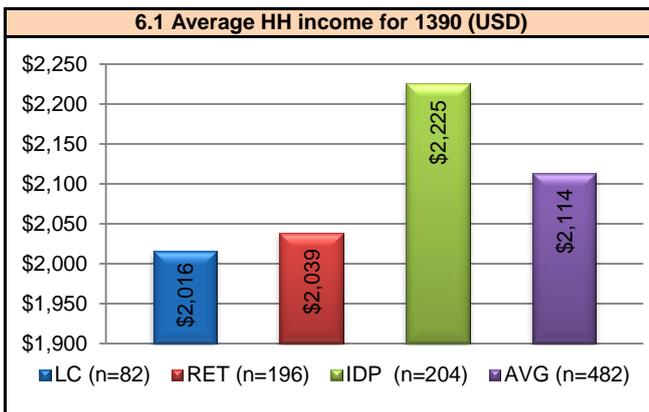
**Summary**

**Income:** Average household income in 1390 was USD 2,225 among IDP households, USD 2,016 among local community households and USD 2,039 among returnee households. Wage labour was the primary source of income for approximately half of returnee and IDP households as well as for one-third of local community households. Day labour was also a significant income source for 31.2% of IDP households, 30.2% of returnee households and 24.1% of local community households. Remaining households derived household income from government services, production and manufacturing, and through borrowing, with proportionally more local community households deriving income from these sources than other household types.

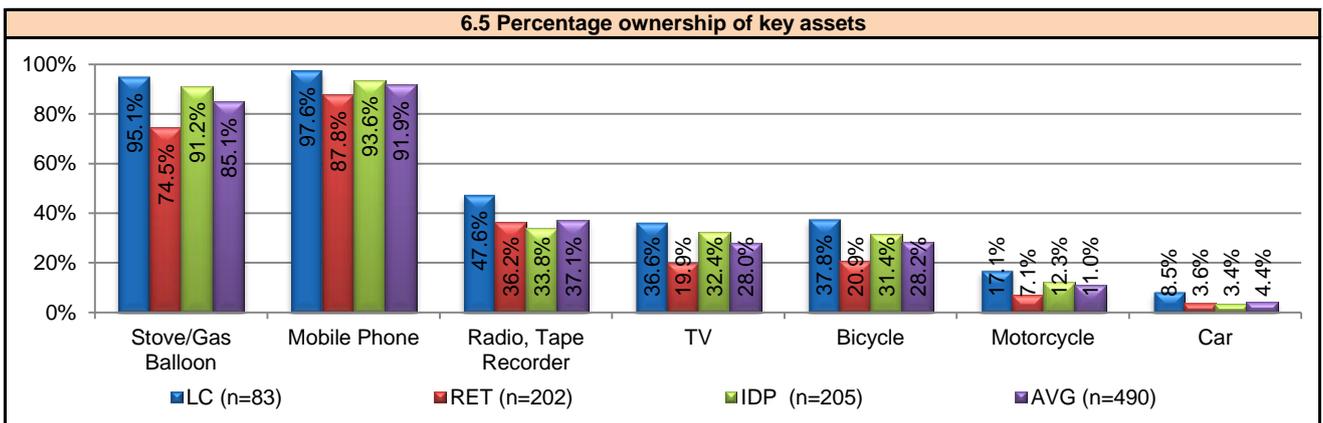
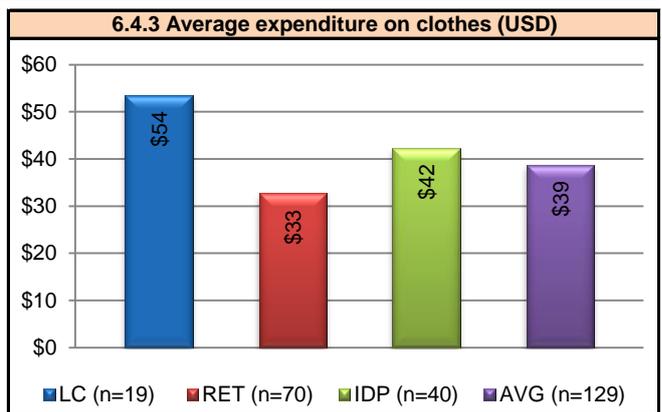
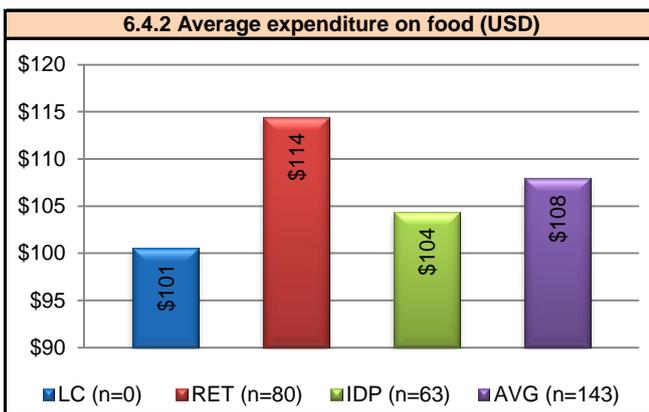
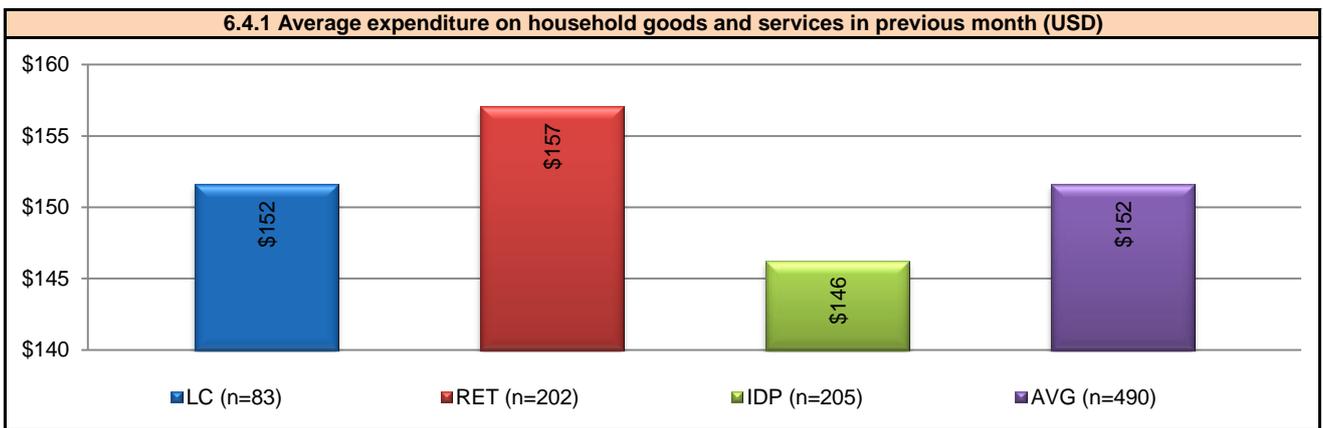
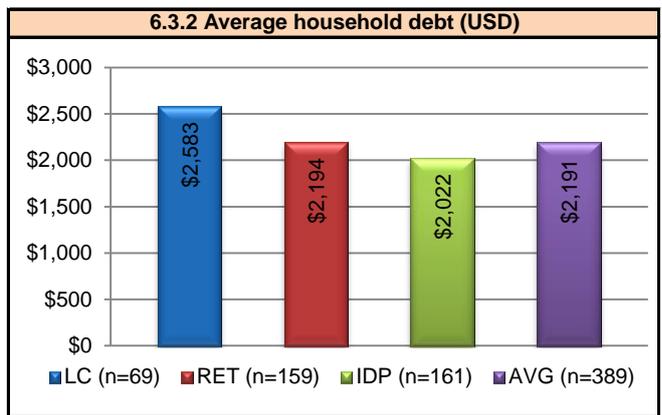
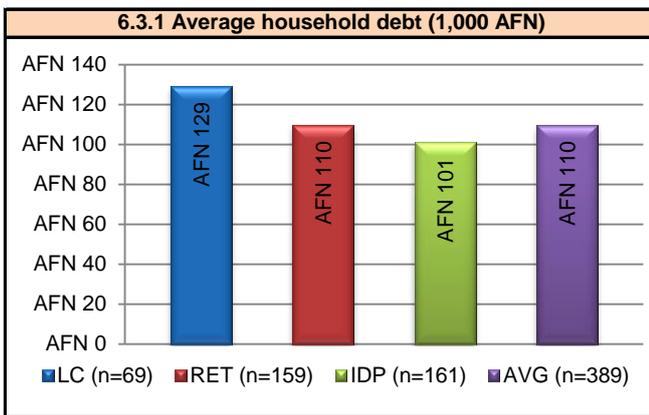
Average household debt was revealed to be USD 2,583 among local community households, USD 2,194 among returnee households and USD 2,022 among IDP households.

**Expenditure:** Average household expenditure in the month prior to being surveyed was USD 157 among returnee households, USD 152 among local community households and USD 146 among IDP households. Food supplies constituted the largest monthly expense (66%-72%) for all households. Local community households had also spent noticeably more on clothing than had returnee and IDP households.

**Assets:** With regard to ownership of key household assets, 94.0% of local community households, 90.7% of IDP households and 72.3% of returnee households own a stove/gas balloon. Local community households (96.4%) were also marginally more likely to own a mobile telephone than IDP (93.2%) and returnee (85.1%) households, and significantly more likely to own a radio, television set, bicycle, motorcycle, and car than other household types.



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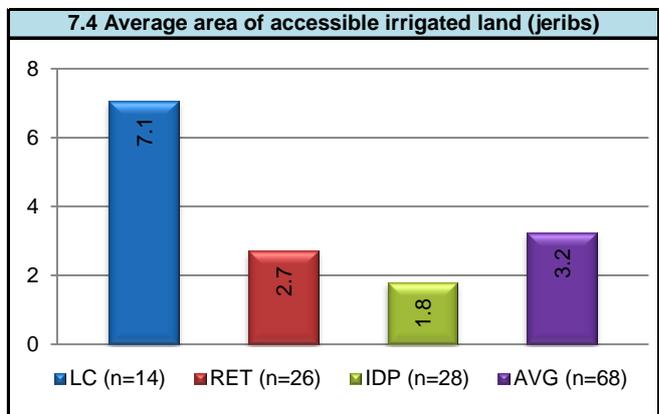
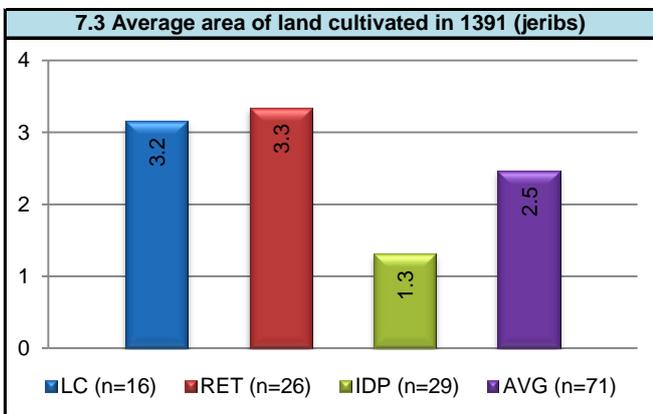
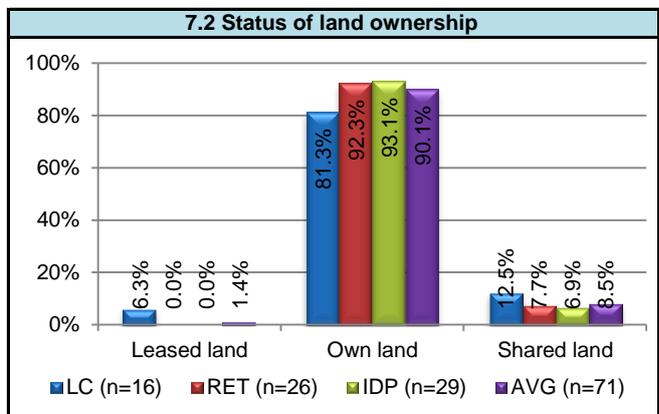
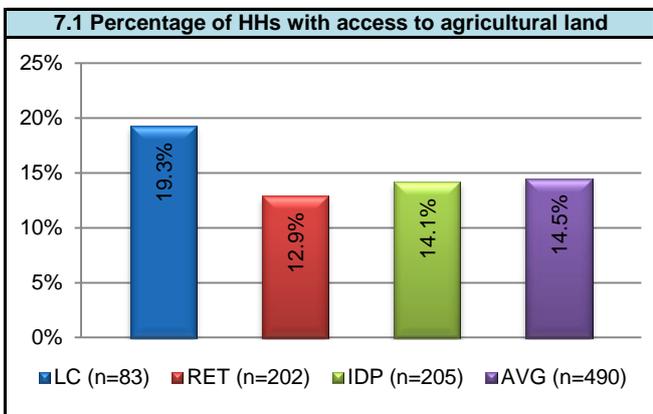
High Return Area Community Profile	<b>Kochiabad, Dasht-e-Barchi, PD 13, Kabul</b>							Date generated dd / mm / yyyy			
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**7. AGRICULTURE & LIVESTOCK**

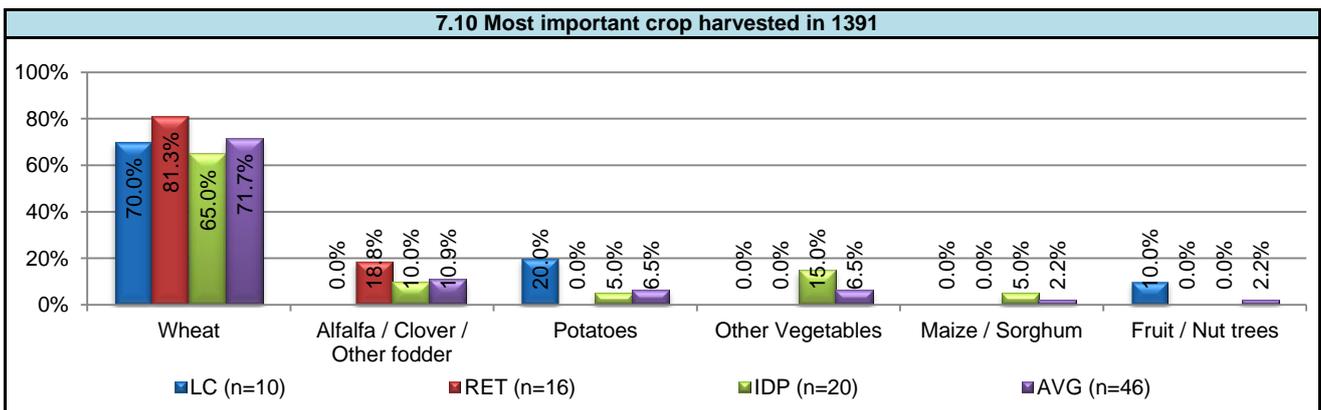
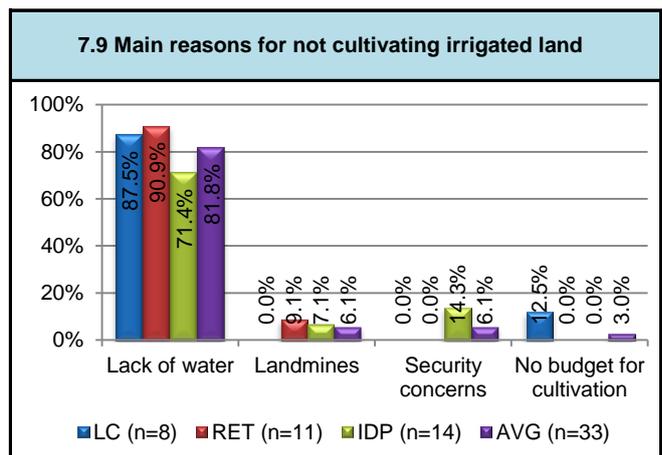
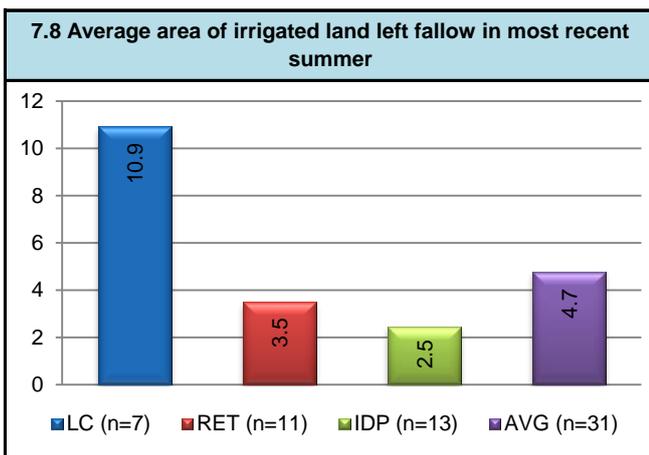
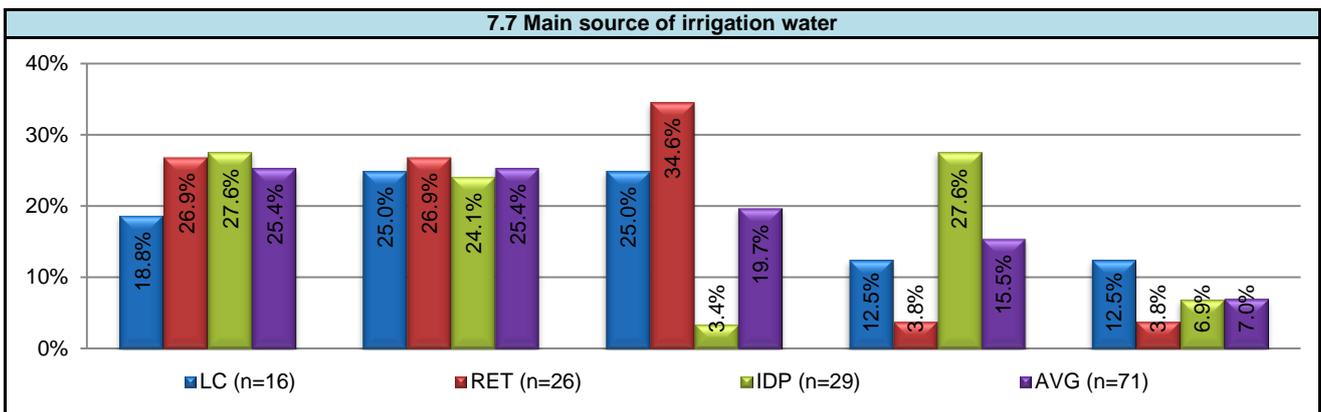
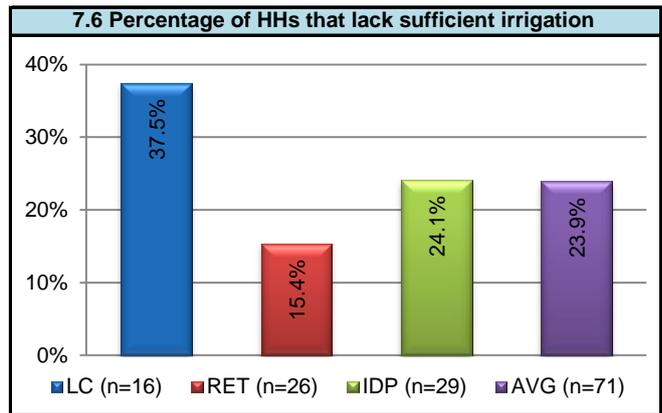
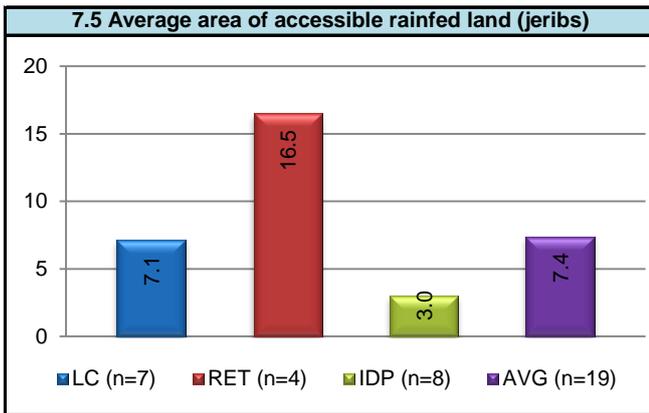
**Summary**

**Agriculture:** Of surveyed households, 19.3% of local community households, 14.1% of IDP households and 12.9% of returnee households have access to agricultural land. Over four-fifths in all household types own the land to which they have access. In 1391, on average, 3.3 jeribs of land were cultivated by returnee households, 3.2 jeribs by local community households, and 1.3 jeribs by IDP households. Insufficient water was the most common reason for households for not cultivating more land. Wheat was the most important crop harvested in 1391 for 81.3% of returnee households, 70.0% of local community households and 65.0% of IDP households. Only 7.2% of local community households, 5.4% of returnee households and 1.5% of IDP households have access to a garden plot.

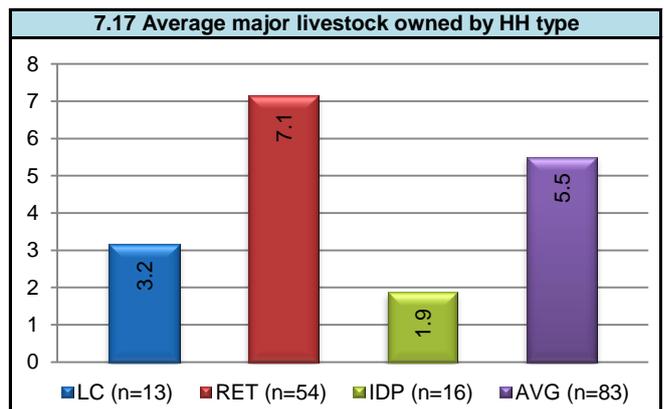
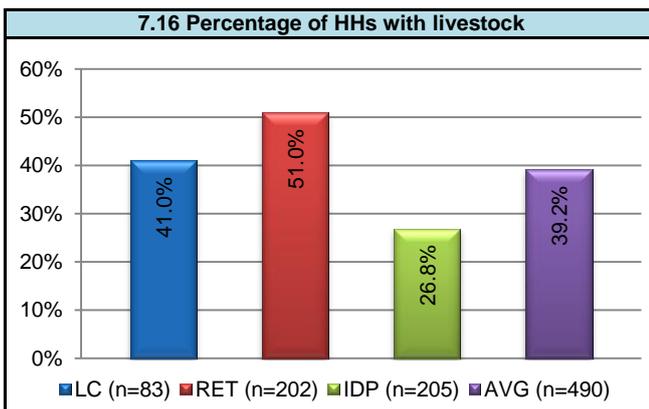
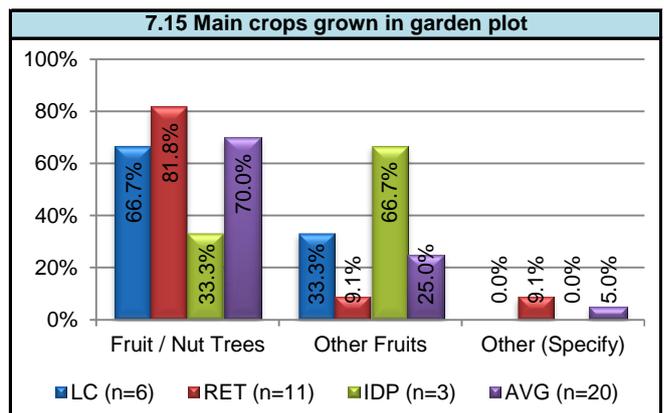
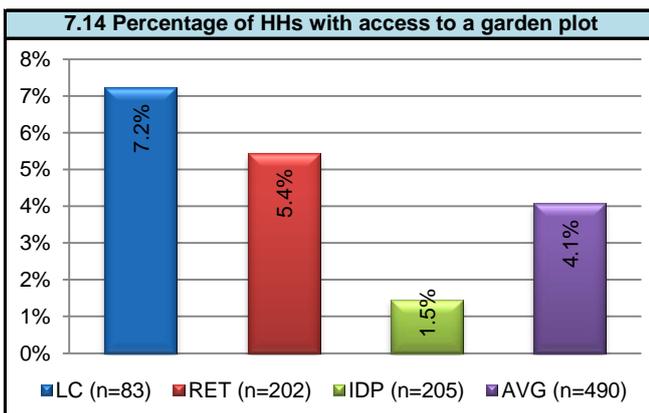
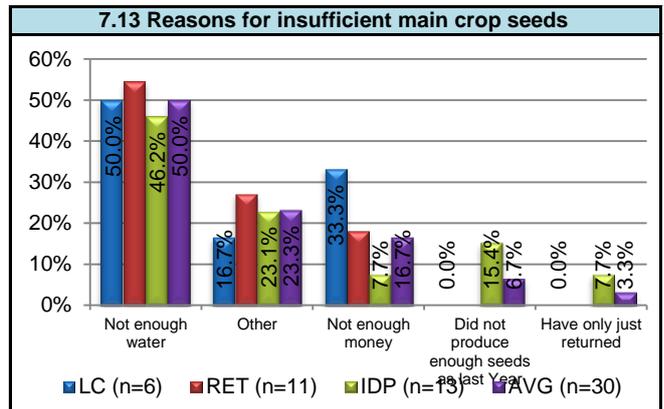
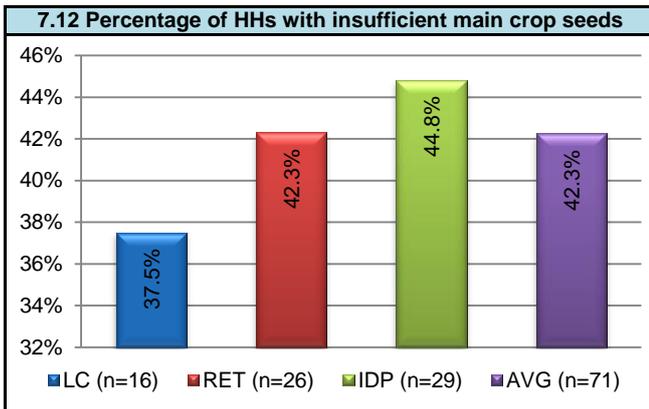
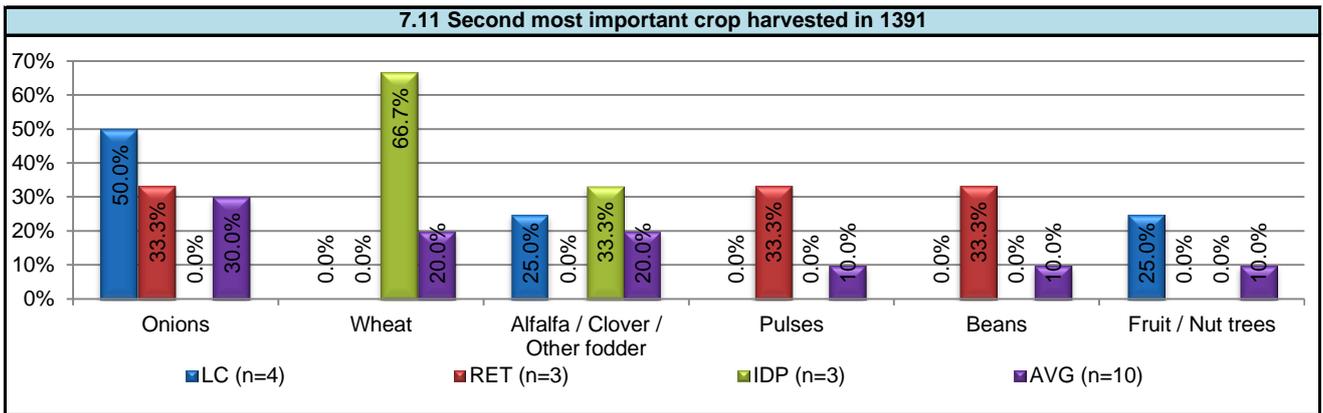
**Livestock:** Some form of livestock is owned by 51.0% of returnee households, 41.0% of local community households and 26.8% of IDP households. Among households that do, over four-fifths in all three groups own chickens. Returnee households were significantly more likely to own sheep and goats. Similarly, proportionally more local community households own cows and oxen than do returnee and IDP households.



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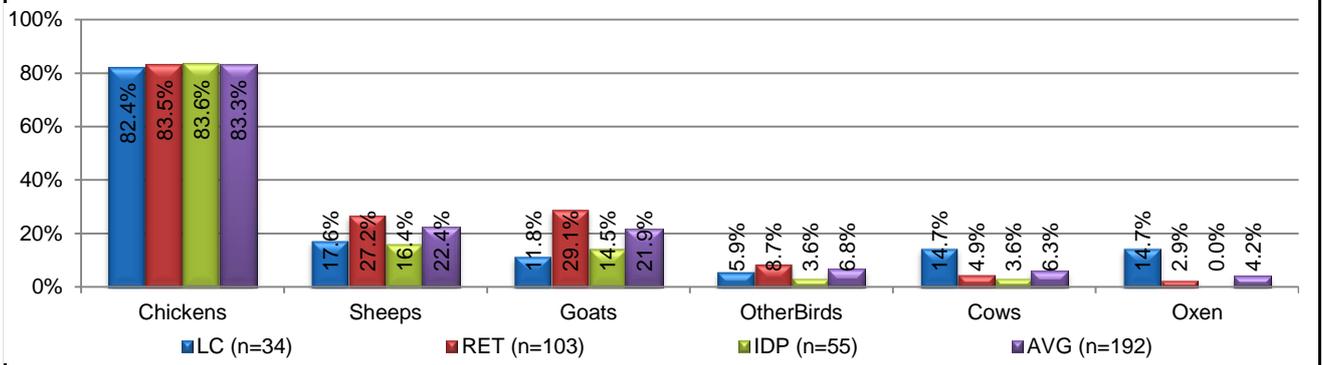


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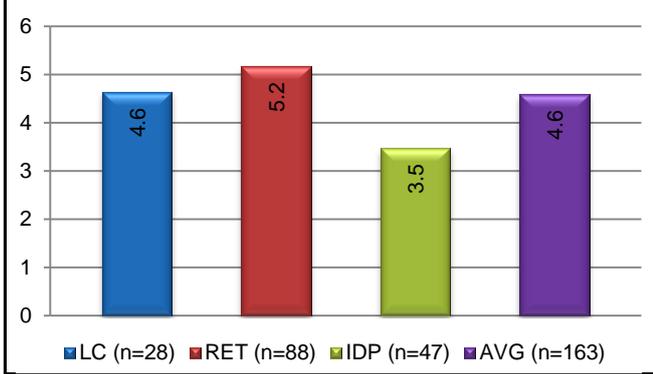


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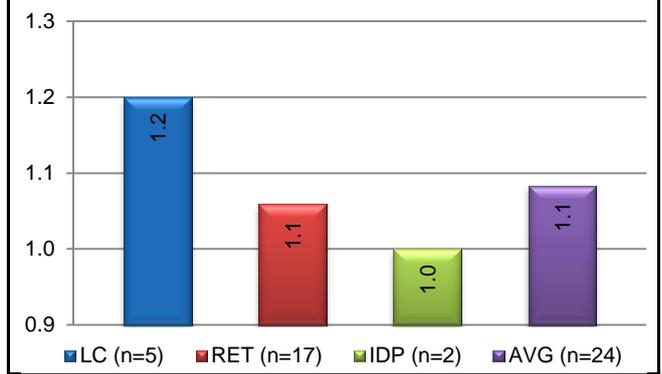
**7.18 Type of livestock owned by HH type**



**7.19 Average poultry and other birds owned by HH type**

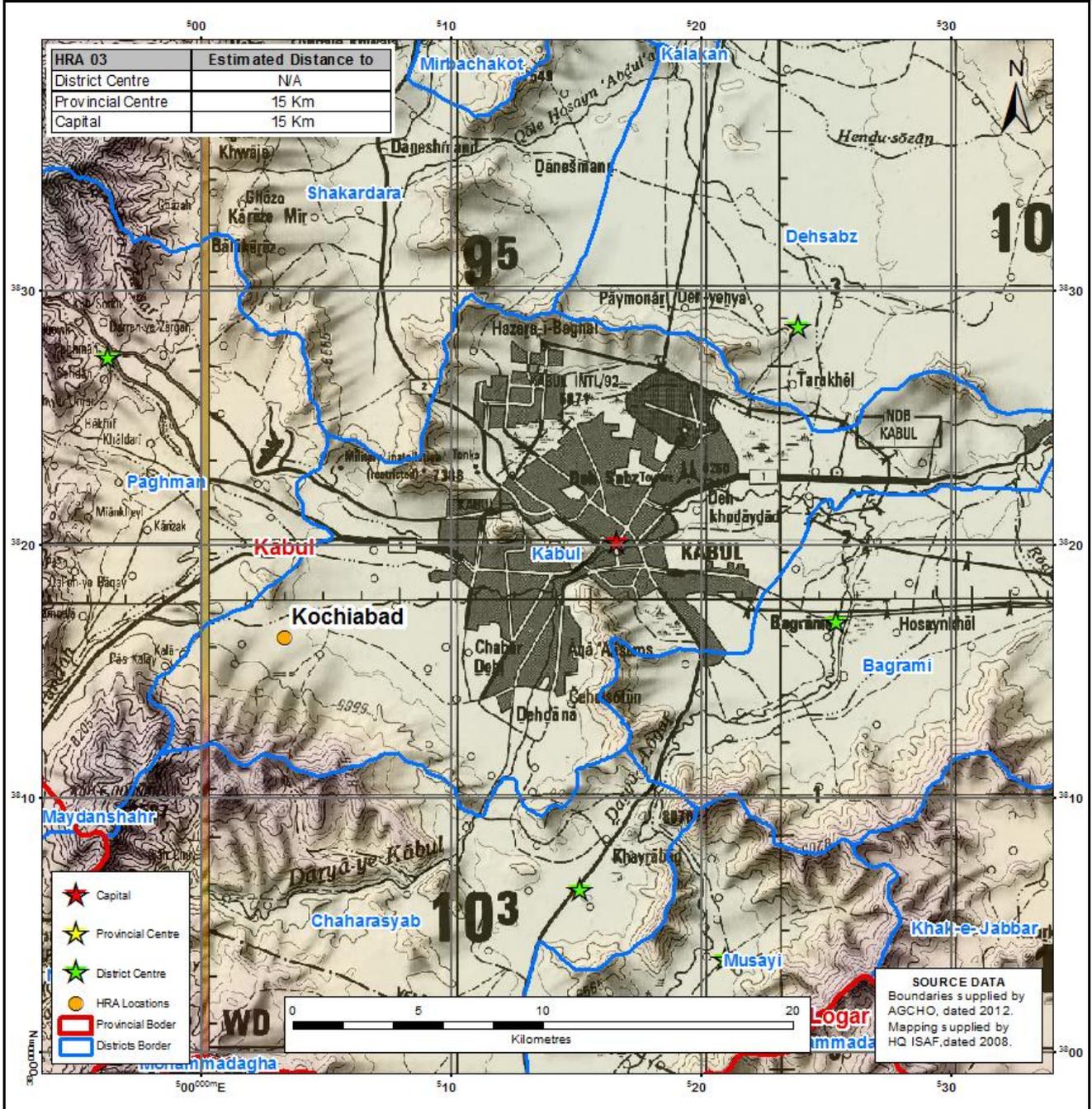


**7.20 Average dogs owned by HH type**



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**8. Access to Services Profile**



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**8. ACCESS TO SERVICES PROFILE**

**Summary**

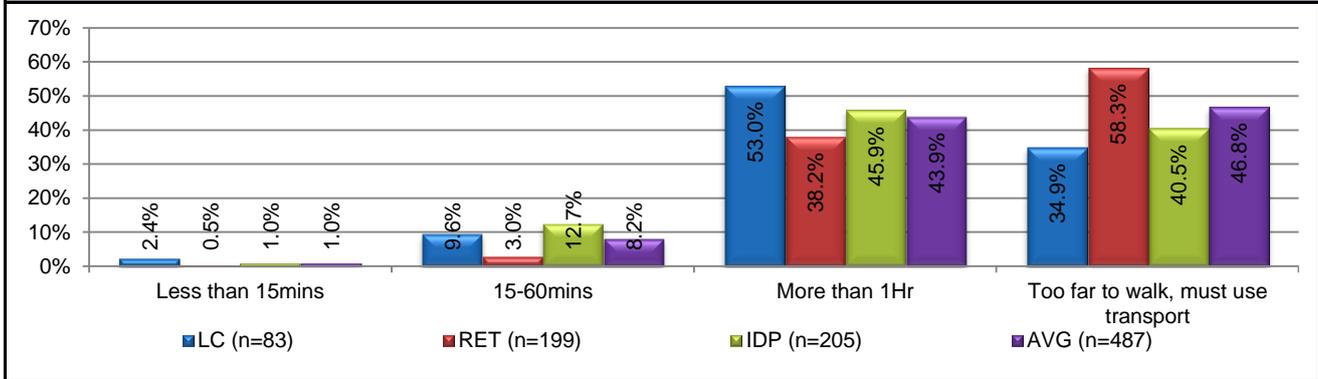
Over two-quarters (53.0%) of local community households and over two-fifths (45.9%) of IDP households stated that the Provincial Centre is more than 1 hour away while three-fifths (58.3%) of returnee households stated that the Provincial Centre is located too far to walk to. In the last three months, the main reasons for travelling to the Provincial Centre for both IDP and local community households were to purchase goods or services or to visit relatives while for returnee households, the main reasons for travelling to the Provincial Centre is to work or to purchase goods or services. Moreover, over two-thirds (69.9%) of local community. Over two-quarters (53.8%) of returnee households and three-fifths (61.5%) of IDP households stated that the nearest police station is 15-60 minutes away.

Two-fifths (39.8%) of local community households stated that public health Centre is 15-60 minutes away while for over two-quarters (53.8%) of returnee households, it is too far to walk, must use transport. In addition, two-fifths (40.5%) of IDP households, it is more than 1 hour away. For the vast majority in all three community groups, the nearest private health clinic is either too far to walk to or more than 1 hour away. The nearest hospital is too far to walk for two-thirds (64.8%) of returnee and over two-quarters (55.6%) of IDP households while more than 1 hour away for approximately two-quarters (48.2%).

Approximately one-third (32.5%) of local community stated their employment area is 15-60 minutes away, and two-fifths (37.7%) of returnee households and one-third (34.6%) of IDP households stated their employment area is too far to walk. Two-thirds (67.1%) of local community and over three-fifths (61.5%) of returnee households stated their access to transport is less than 15 minutes away while two-quarters (47.2%) of IDP households stated that their access to transport is 15-60 minutes away.

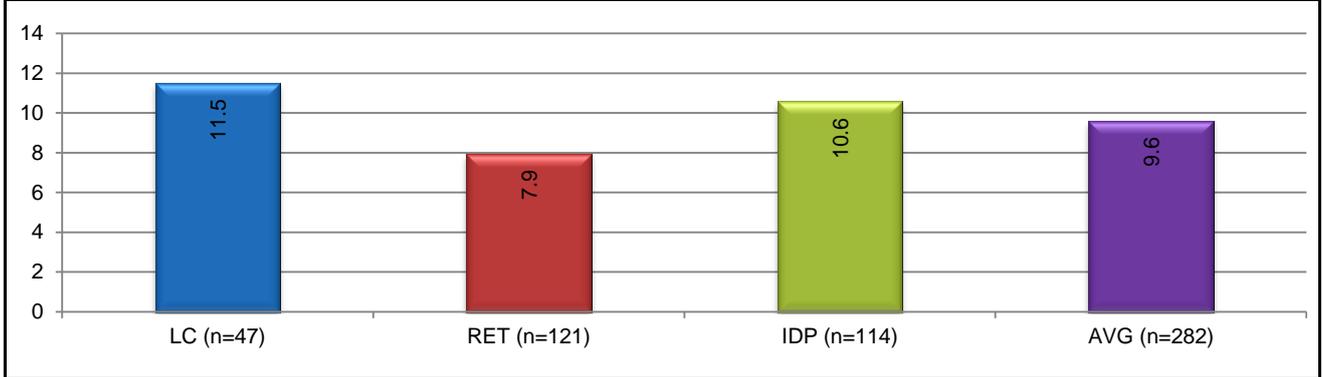
For returnee and IDP household, the nearest primary, secondary and high schools for both boys and girls are located 15-60 minutes away on foot while for local community households, the nearest primary, secondary and high schools for both boys and girls are located less than 15 minutes away. Although there is an exception for boys' primary school which is 15-60 minutes away.

**8.1 Average time taken to walk one way to Provincial Centre**

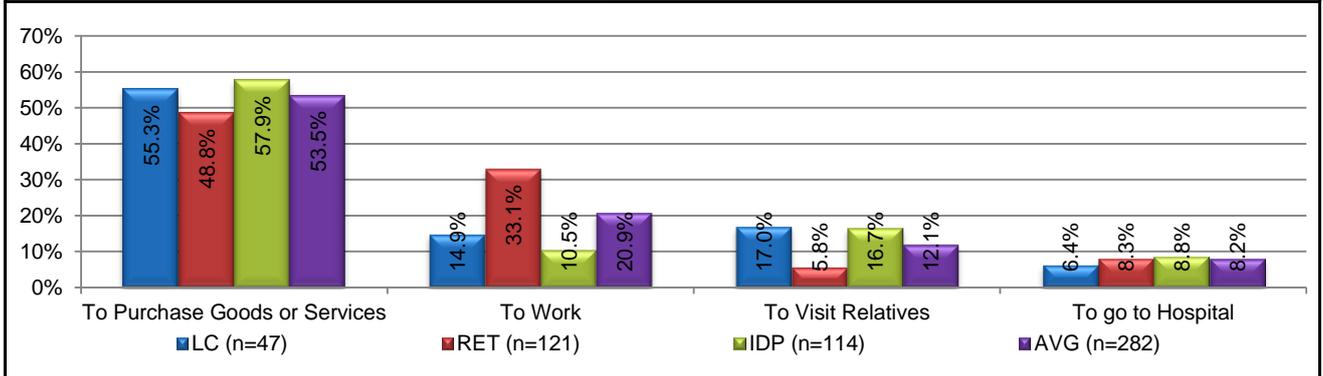


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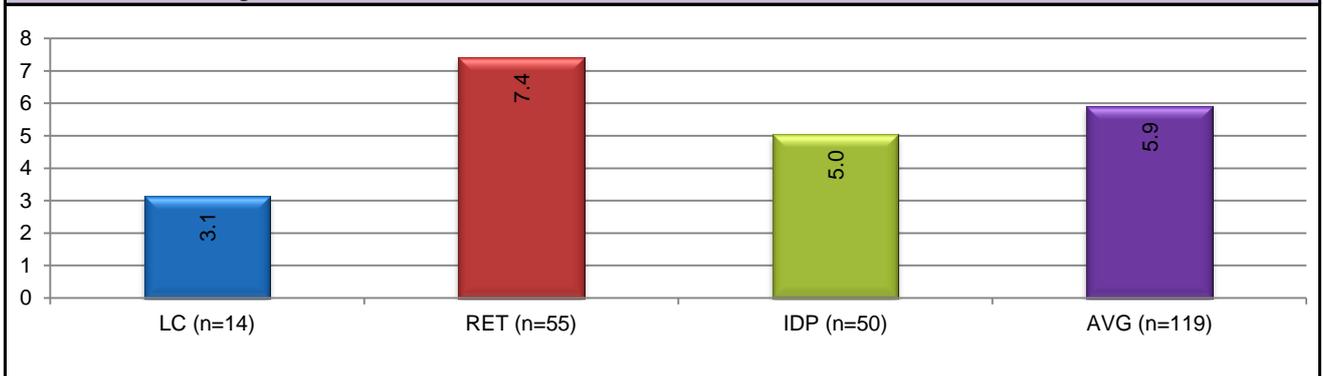
**8.2 Average number of times a HH member has travelled to Provincial Centre in last three months**



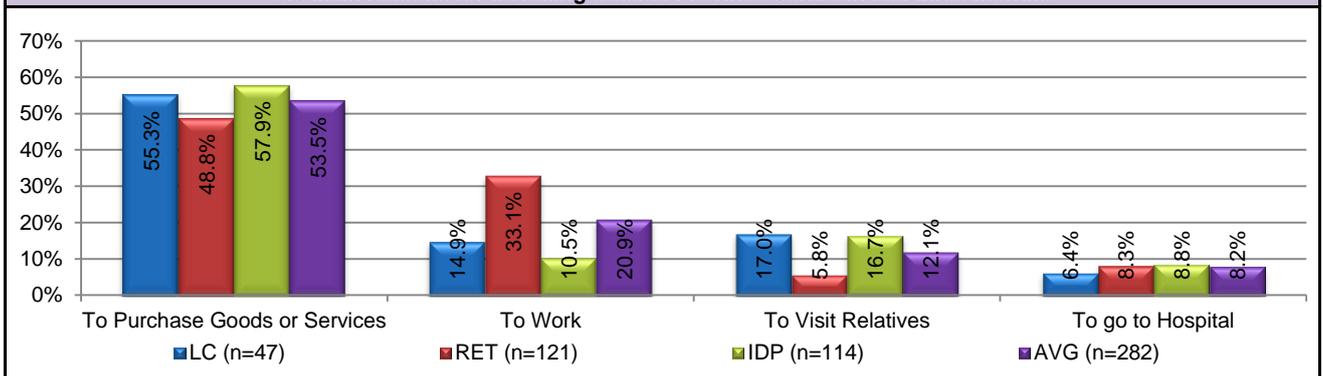
**8.3 Main reasons for travelling to Province Centre in last three months**



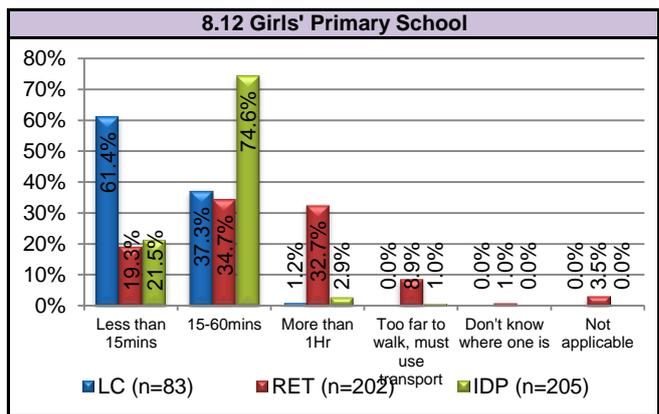
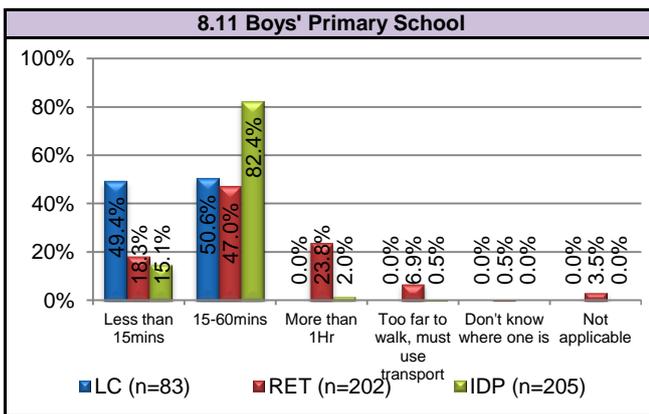
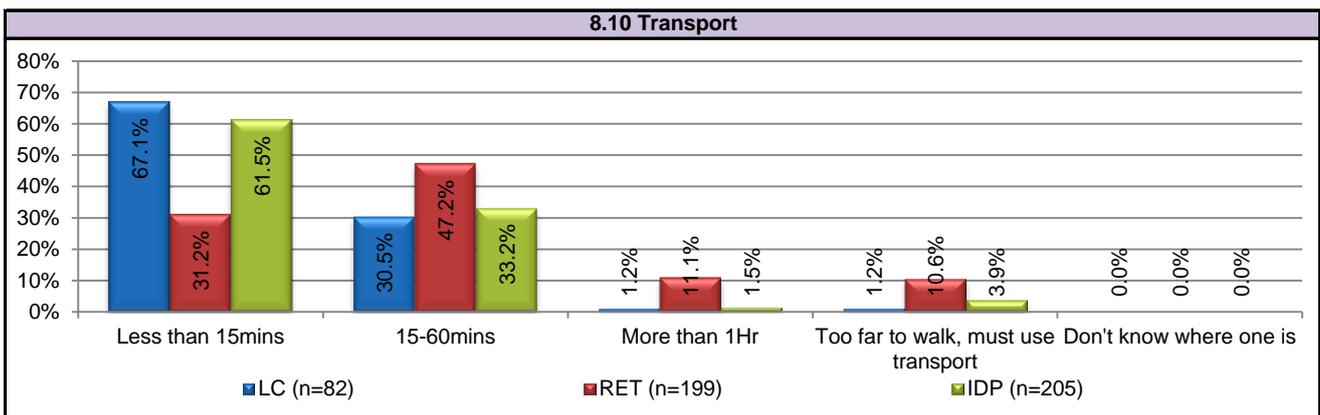
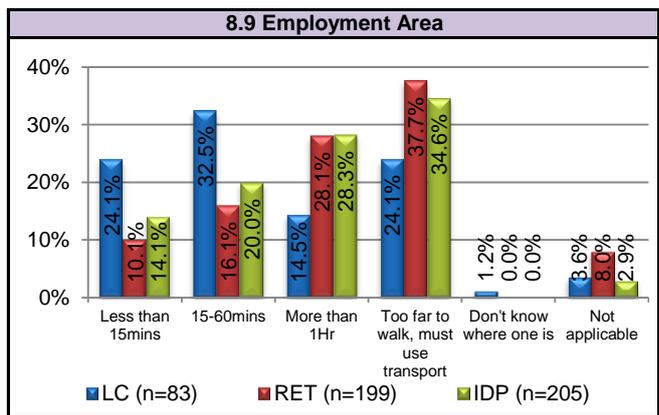
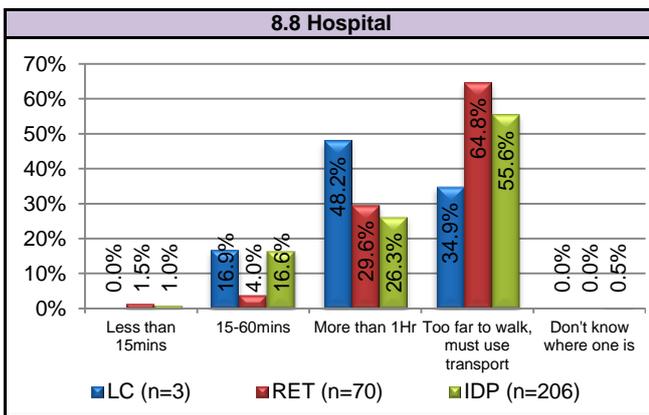
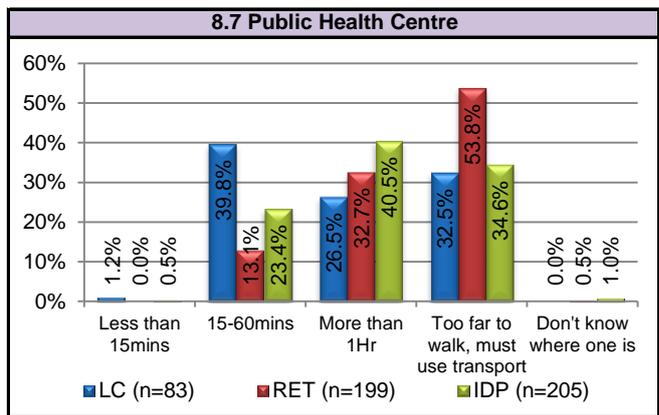
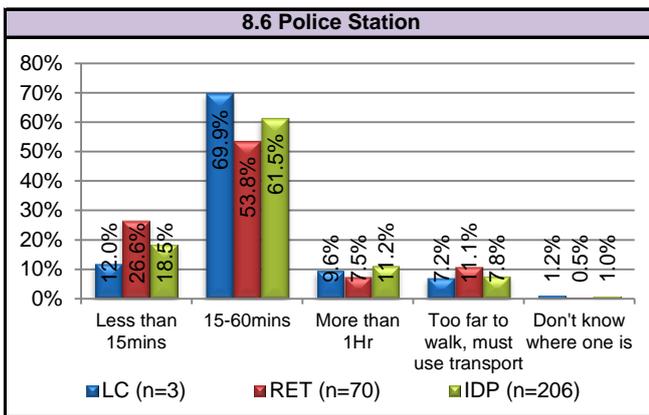
**8.4 Average number of times a HH member has travelled outside Province Centre in last three months**



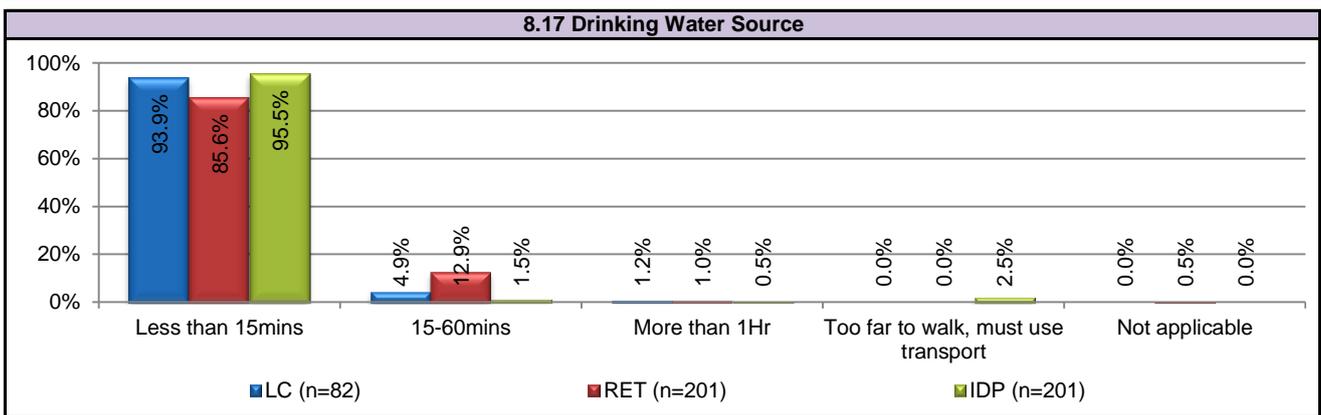
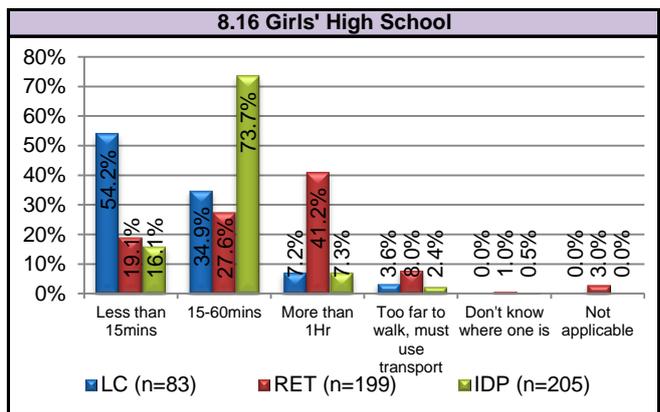
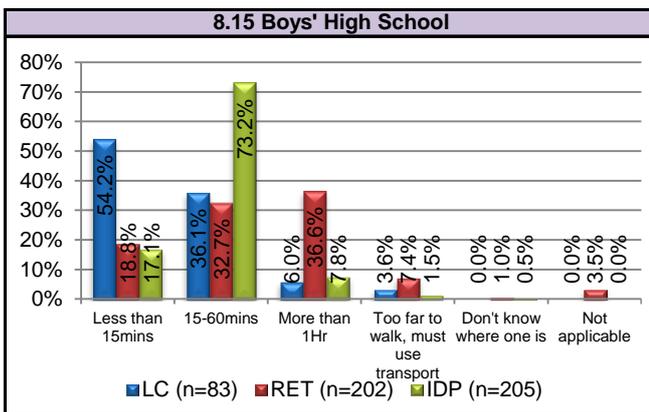
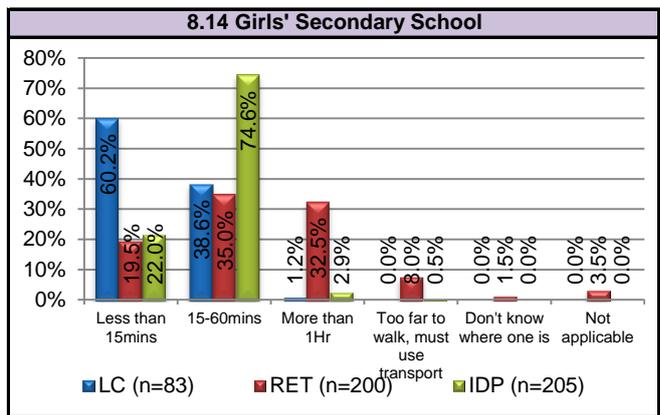
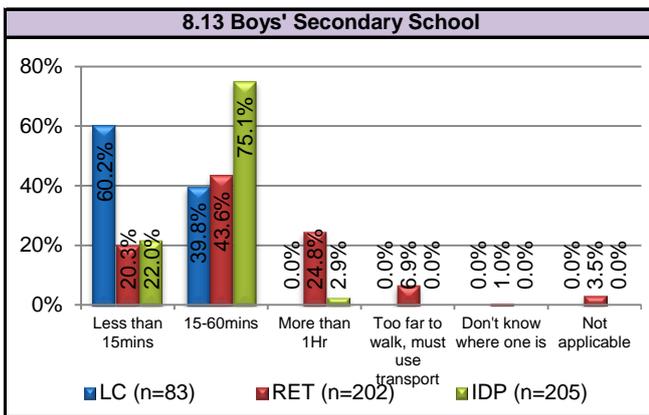
**8.5 Main reasons for travelling outside Province Centre in last three months**



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**9. EDUCATION PROFILE**

**Summary**

Among those aged five years and over, 46.5% of the local community, 27.1% of returnees and 42.8% of IDPs reported to be literate. Of these, 62.3% of local community males, 38.5% of returnee males and 54.4% of IDP males reported to be literate. Similarly, 28.8% of local community females, 14.1% of returnee females and 30.5% of IDP females reported to be literate.

Among adults aged eighteen years and over, 98.0% of local community males, 94.7% of returnee males and 96.4% of IDP males did not achieve any school grade. Similarly, approximately all females across all three groups had not achieved any school grade.

Among males aged 6 to 24 years, 56.9% of local community males, 40.0% of returnee males and 57.4% of IDPs males reported to be currently attending school. Among females aged 6 to 24 years, 42.4% of local community females, 15.1% of returnees and 40.4% of IDP females reported to be currently attending school. The main reason for not attending school given by those aged 6 to 24 years across all three groups was because there is no school or it is too far. Proportionally less returnee members (11.0%) of those aged 6 to 24 years didn't attend school because their family didn't allow them compared to local community (24.4%) and IDP (19.7%). A further, 13.6% of those aged 6 to 24 years across all three groups didn't attend school because they needed to work to help family.

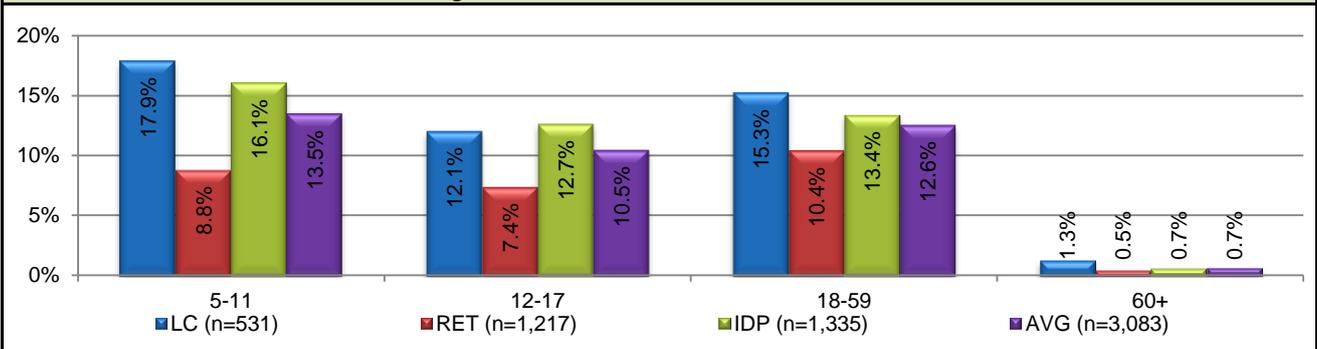
**9.1 Male literacy rate within each age group by household type**

	Male	Age Group				Total
		5-11	12-17	18-59	60+	
LC	Total	86	47	121	27	281
	Yes	63	40	65	7	175
	%	73.3%	85.1%	53.7%	25.9%	62.3%
RET	Total	173	121	313	43	650
	Yes	73	69	102	6	250
	%	42.2%	57.0%	32.6%	14.0%	38.5%
IDP	Total	182	124	331	52	689
	Yes	125	102	140	8	375
	%	68.7%	82.3%	42.3%	15.4%	54.4%
ALL	Total	441	292	765	122	1620
	Yes	261	211	307	21	800
	%	59.2%	72.3%	40.1%	17.2%	49.4%

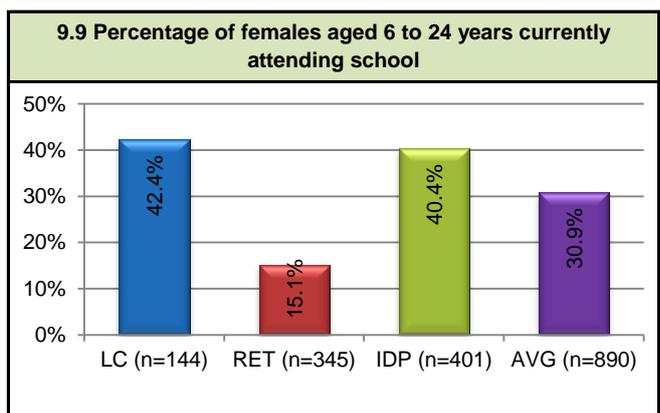
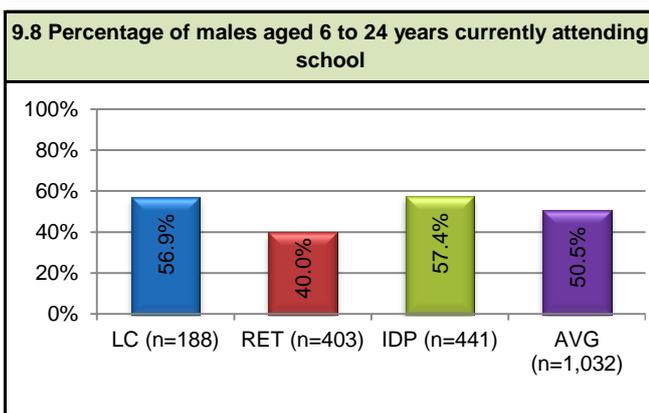
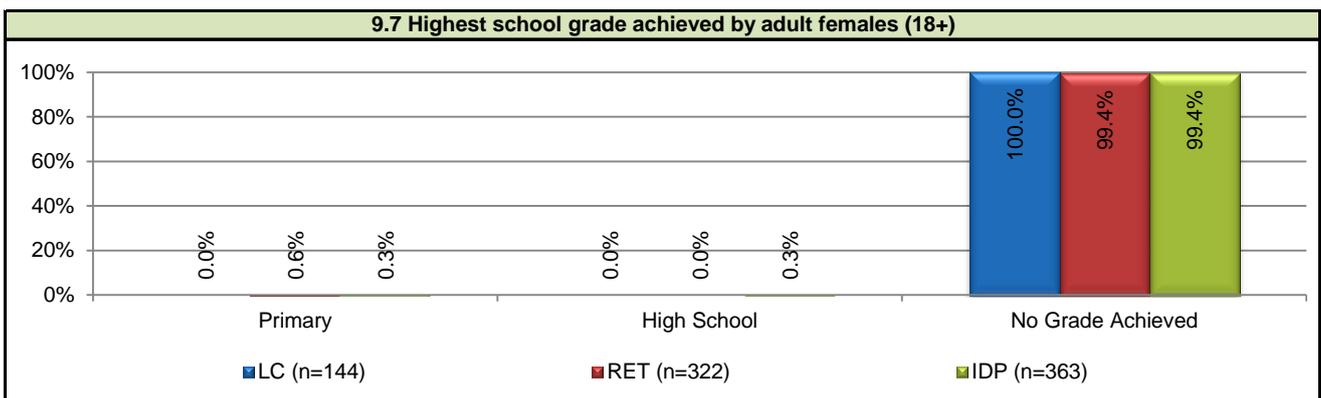
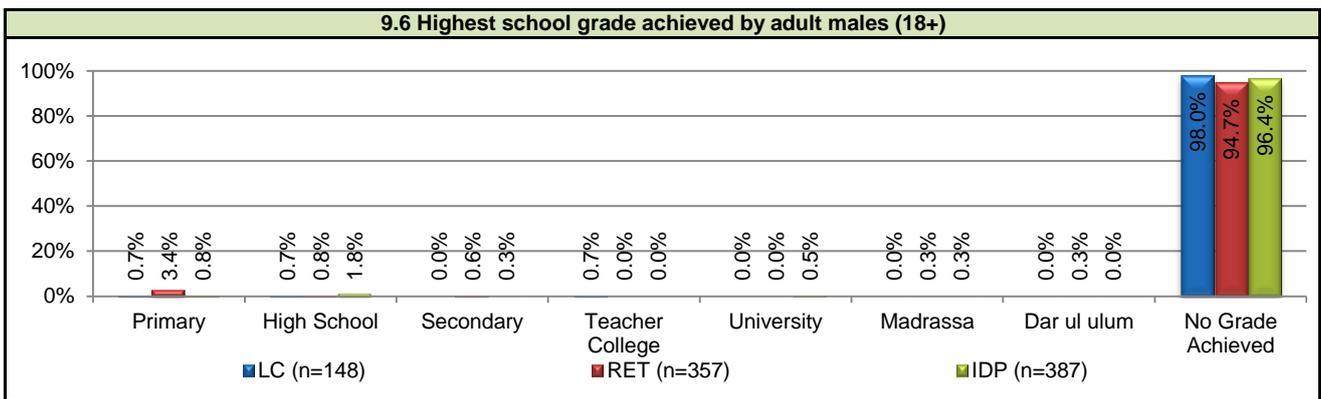
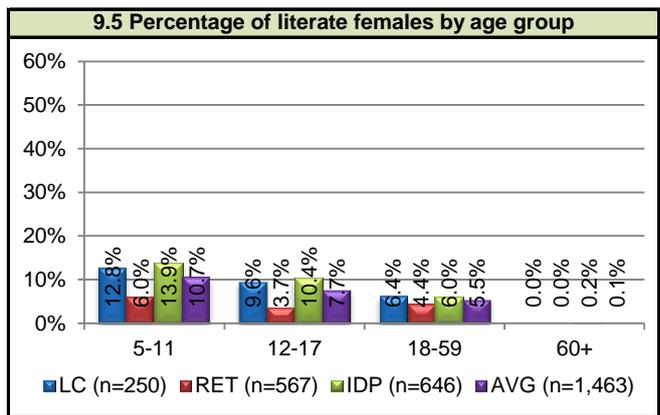
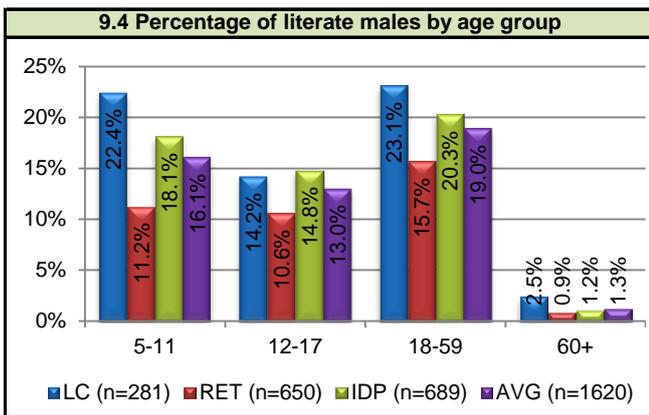
**9.2 Female literacy rate within each age group by household type**

	Female	Age Group				Total
		5-11	12-17	18-59	60+	
LC	Total	52	55	133	10	250
	Yes	32	24	16	0	72
	%	61.5%	43.6%	12.0%	0.0%	28.8%
RET	Total	138	105	283	41	567
	Yes	34	21	25	0	80
	%	24.6%	20.0%	8.8%	0.0%	14.1%
IDP	Total	152	136	322	36	646
	Yes	90	67	39	1	197
	%	59.2%	49.3%	12.1%	2.8%	30.5%
ALL	Total	342	296	738	87	1463
	Yes	156	112	80	1	349
	%	45.6%	37.8%	10.8%	1.1%	23.9%

**9.3 Age distribution of literate household members**

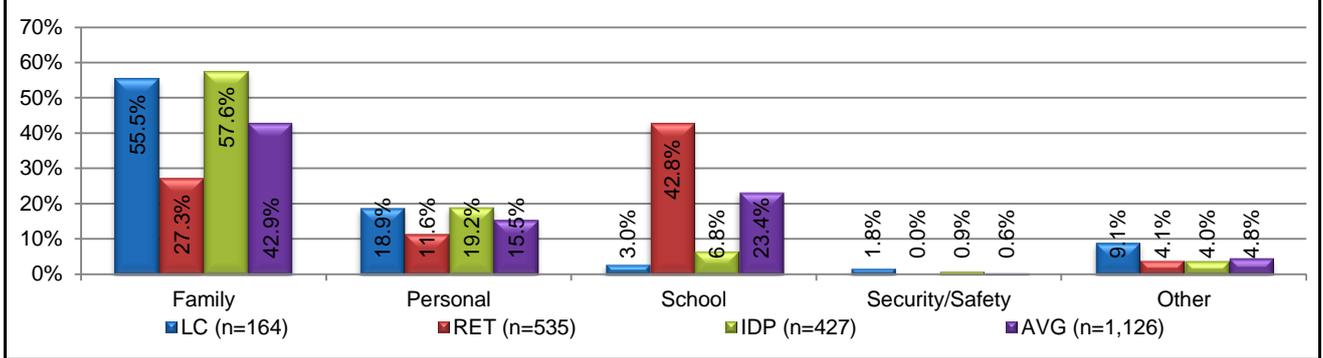


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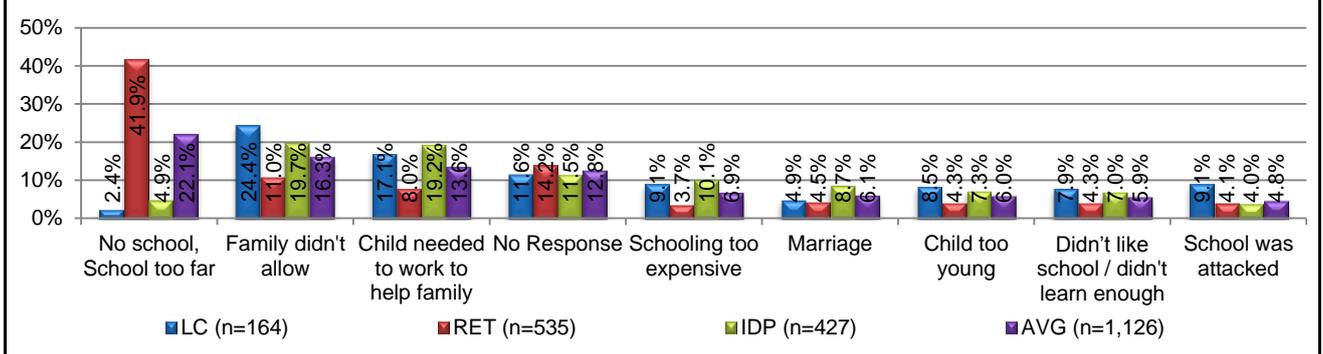


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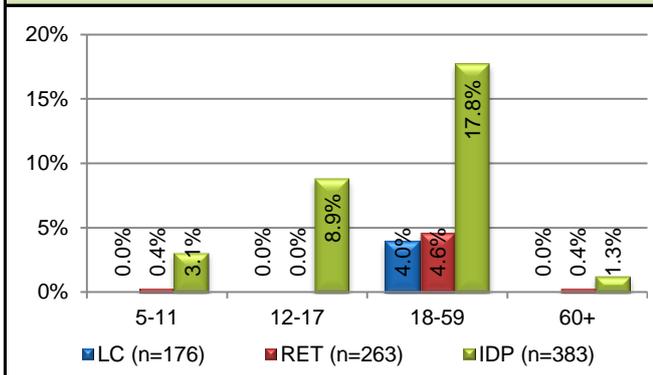
**9.10.1 General reasons for not attending school**



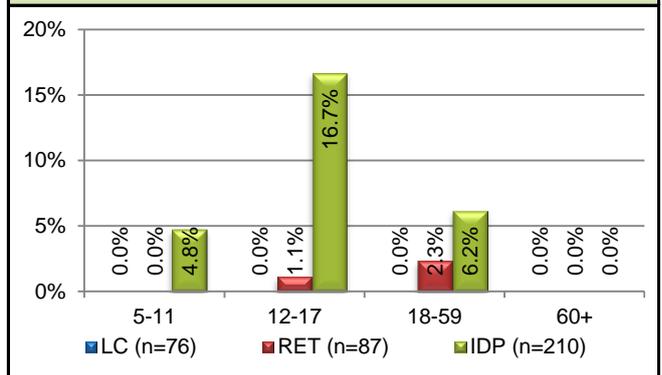
**9.10.2 Specific reasons for not attending school**



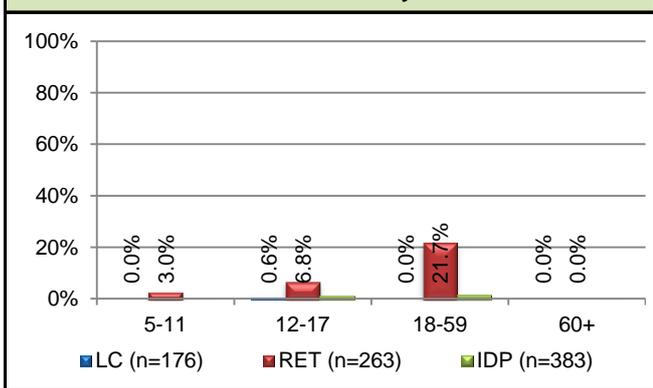
**9.11 Age distribution of males who received education in another province**



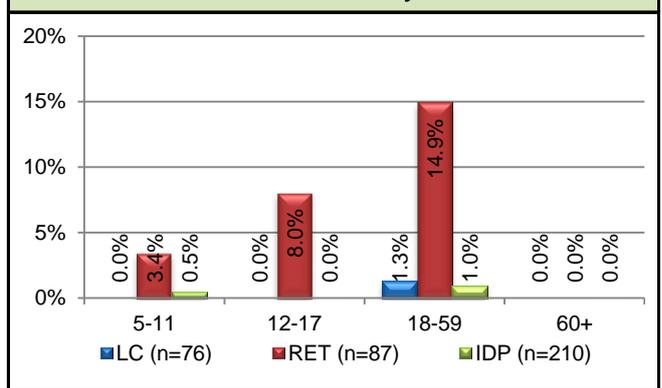
**9.12 Age distribution of females who received education in another province**



**9.13 Age distribution of males who received education in another country**



**9.14 Age distribution of females who received education in another country**



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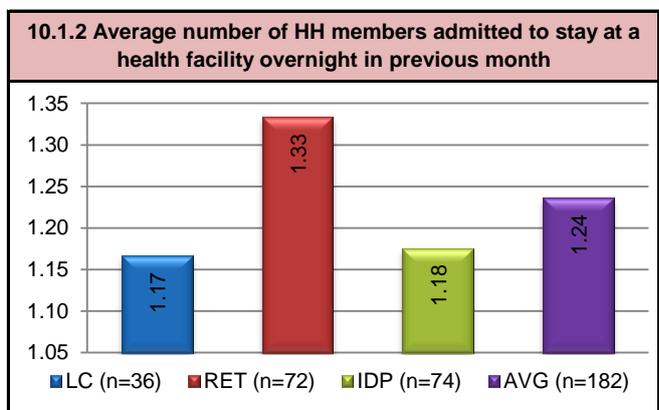
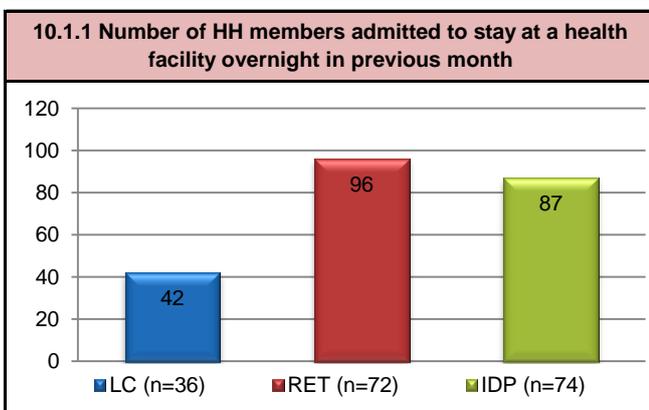
**10. HEALTH PROFILE**

**Summary**

43.4% of local community households, 36.6% of returnee households and 37.0% of IDP households had between one and two household members admitted to a health facility as an inpatient over the course of the previous month. 57.8% of local community, three-fifths (61.9%) of returnee and over two-quarters (55.6%) of IDP households also had at least one member receive care from a health provider, a pharmacy or traditional healer without having to stay overnight. The private health facility was visited most by all three household groups, followed by the Regional Hospital and the National hospital. The most common reasons for seeking medical treatment by local community households were digestive problems (26.8%), other non-communicable problems (25.4%), infectious problems (14.1%) and respiration problems (11.3%). Similarly, for returnee households the most common reasons were digestive diseases (31.7%), infectious problems (14.4%), and treatment of respiratory problems (13.3%). Among IDP households, the main reasons for seeking medical treatment were other non-communicable diseases (24.6%), digestive problems (17.1%), and infectious problems (14.3%).

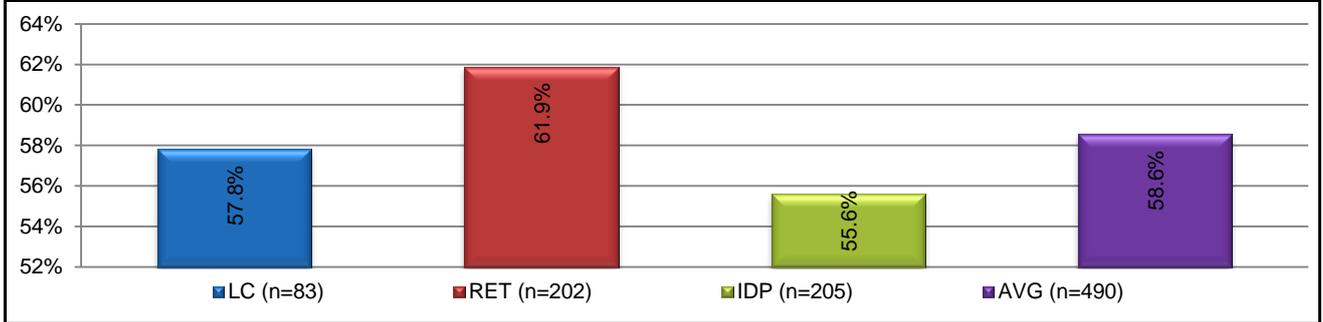
Of the 901 females aged 13-49 years that were included in the survey, a total of 243 were reported to be married among local community households (n=52), returnee households (n=81) and IDP households (n=110). Based on this data, the average number of births stands at 4.3 for local community females, 4.3 for returnee females and 4.9 for IDP females. Correspondingly, the average number of infant/child deaths is 0.4 for local community females, 0.8 for returnee females and 0.8 for IDP females. Of the 231 females aged 13-49 years that have given birth, 74.0% of local community females, 78.7% of returnee and 55.7% of IDP females received antenatal care during their last pregnancy with an average of 3.43 antenatal care visits per mother, and 46.8% had the assistance of a midwife during delivery.

With regard to children under the age of five, 70.7% of local community children, 63.4% of returnee children and 43.5% of IDP children have been registered with the civil authorities. Over the course of the previous month, 74.1% of local community under-fives, 70.3% of returnee under-fives and 71.3% of IDP under-fives have received a Vitamin A capsule, and (17%-23%) of children across all three groups have suffered from diarrhea. Furthermore, 5.2% of local community children, 8.9% of returnee children and 10.4% of IDP children have a persistent cough.

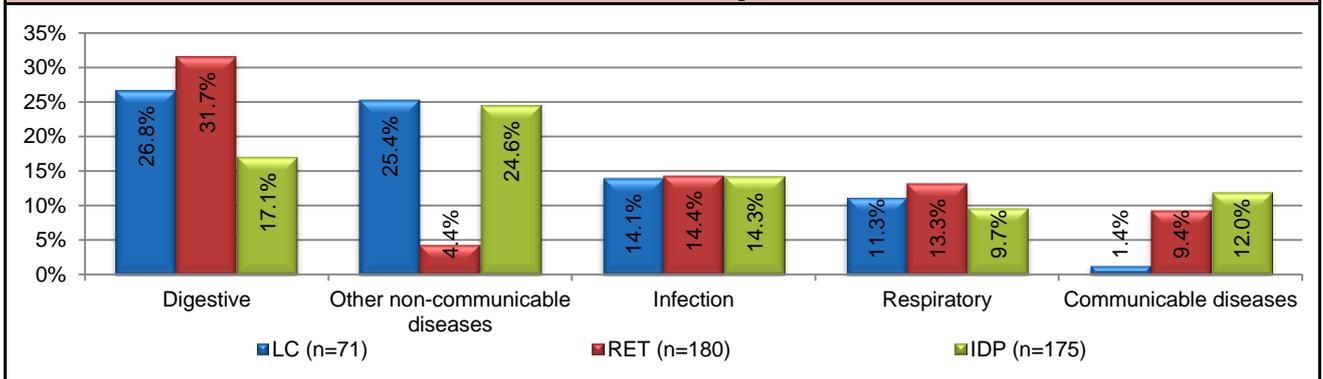


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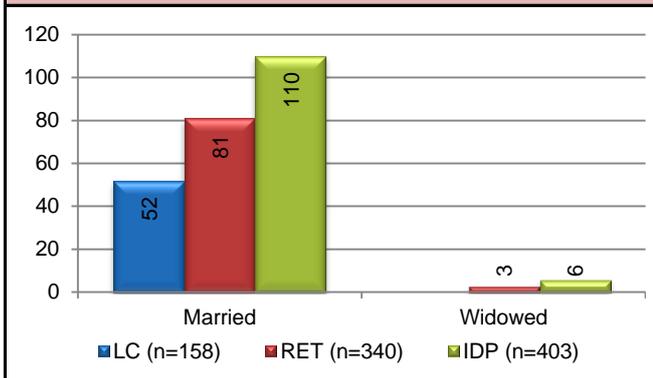
**10.1.3 Percentage of HHs with at least one member who sought treatment from a health provider, a pharmacy or traditional healer without staying overnight**



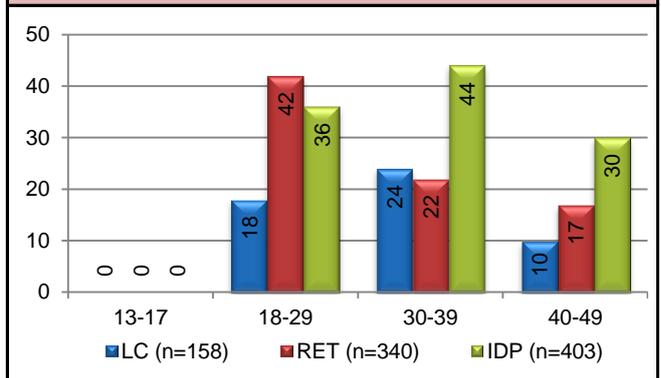
**10.1.4 Reasons for seeking treatment**



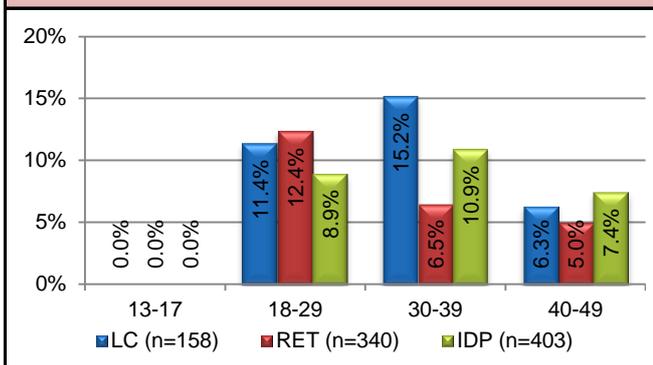
**10.2.1 Number of married women who completed survey**



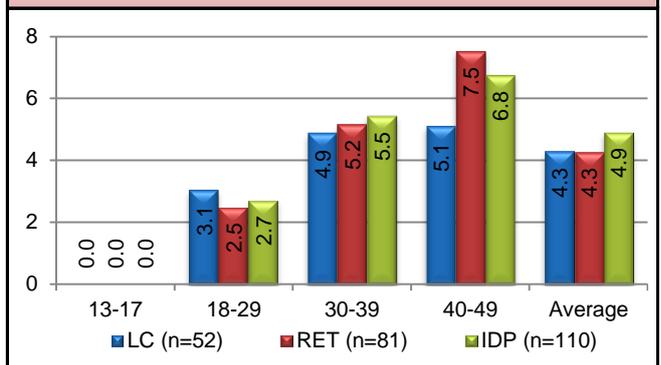
**10.2.2 Age distribution of married women who completed survey**



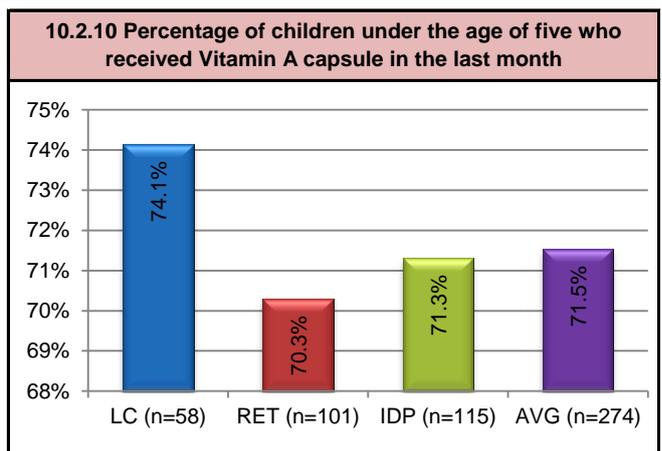
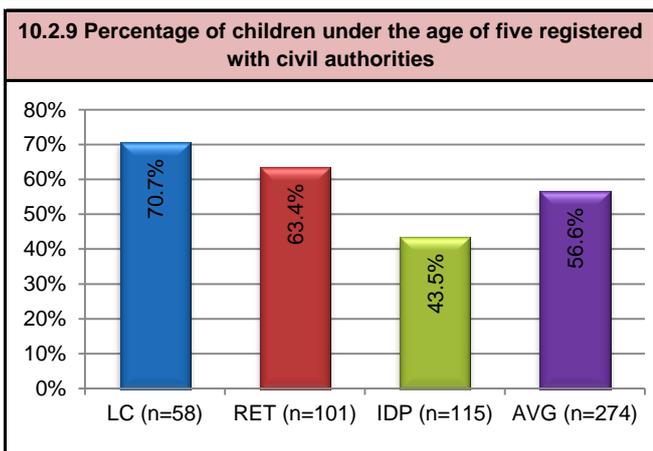
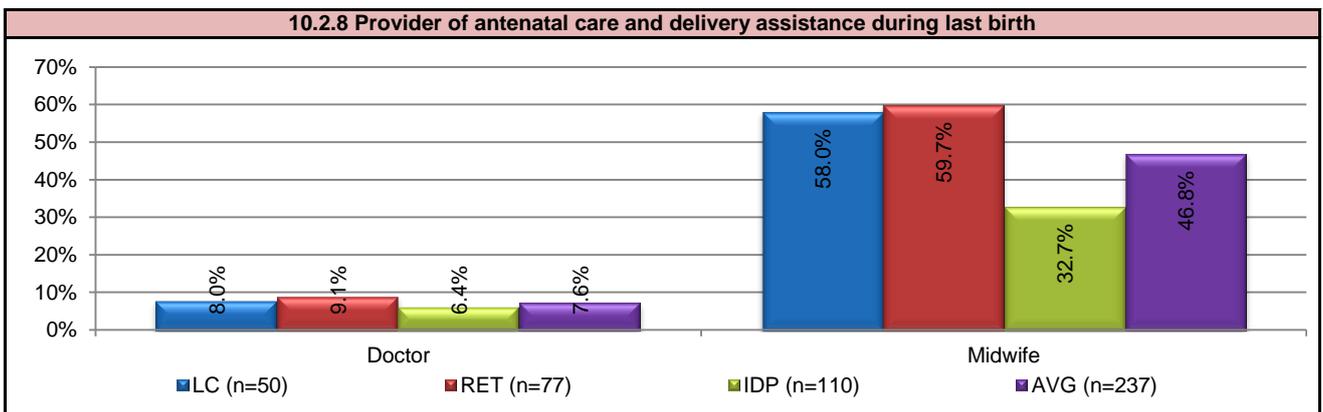
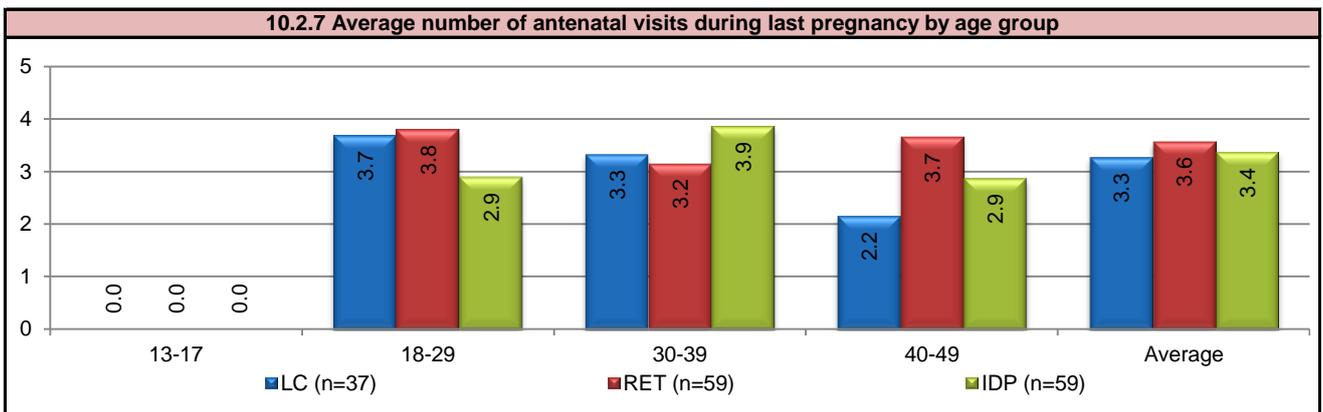
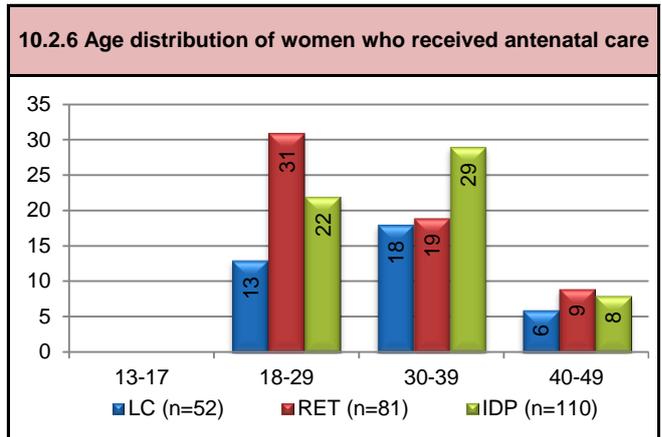
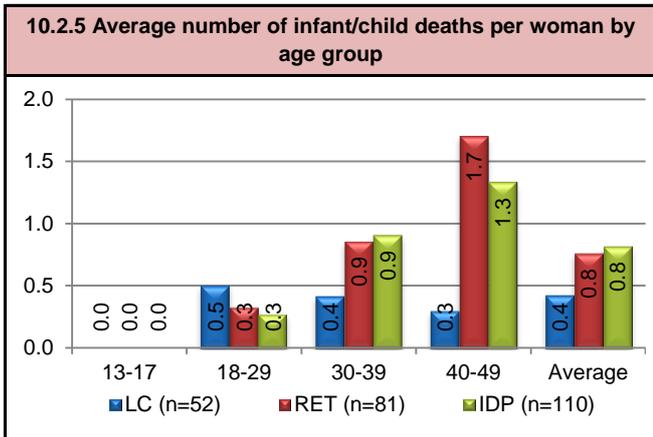
**10.2.3 Percentage of overall number of married women aged 13-49 years who completed survey**



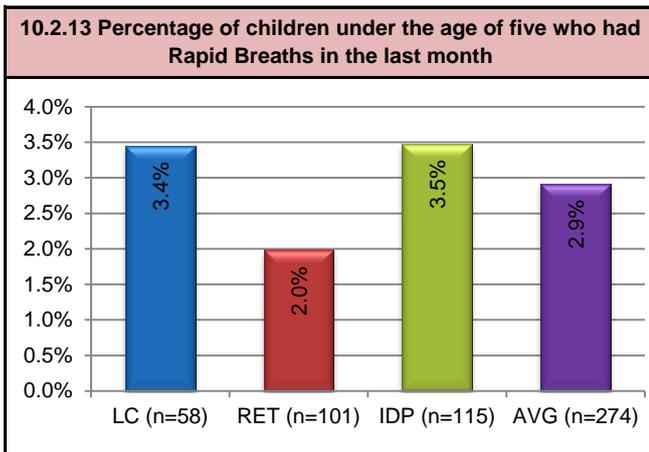
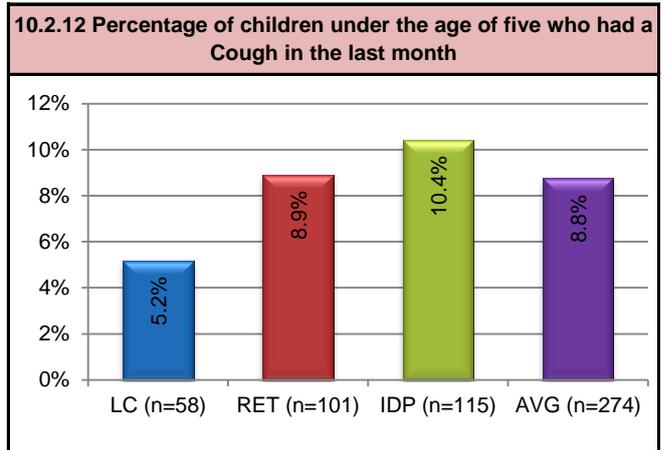
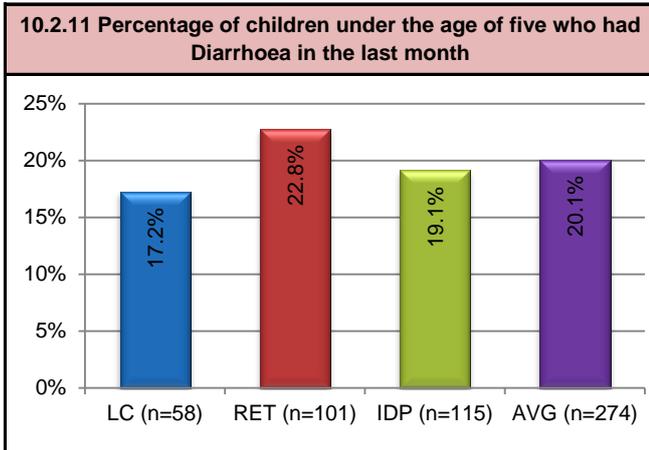
**10.2.4 Average number of births per woman by age group**



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**11. HOUSEHOLD SHOCKS AND COPING STRATEGIES**

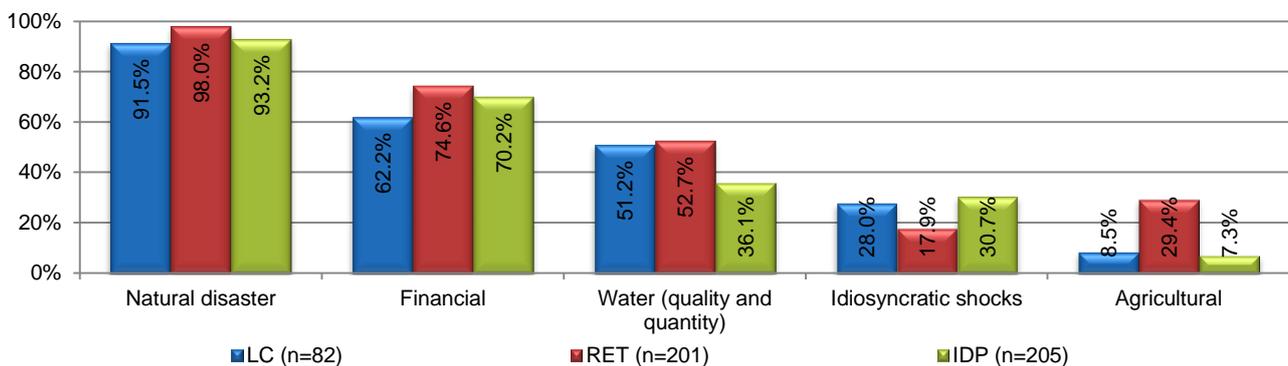
**Summary**

Over four-fifths (85.5%) of local community households have faced severe winter conditions. A further, three-fifths (59.0%) of local community households were affected by unusually high increases in food prices, over two-fifths (43.4%) by reduced drinking water quantity and one-quarter of local community households were affected by heavy rains preventing work and late damaging frosts. 71.1% of local community households have decreased their expenditures for coping with shocks. A further, over three-fifths (63.9%) took loans, over one-quarter (27.7%) received help from others in the community, 9.6% purchased food on credit from traders and a further 10.8% reduced quality of diet.

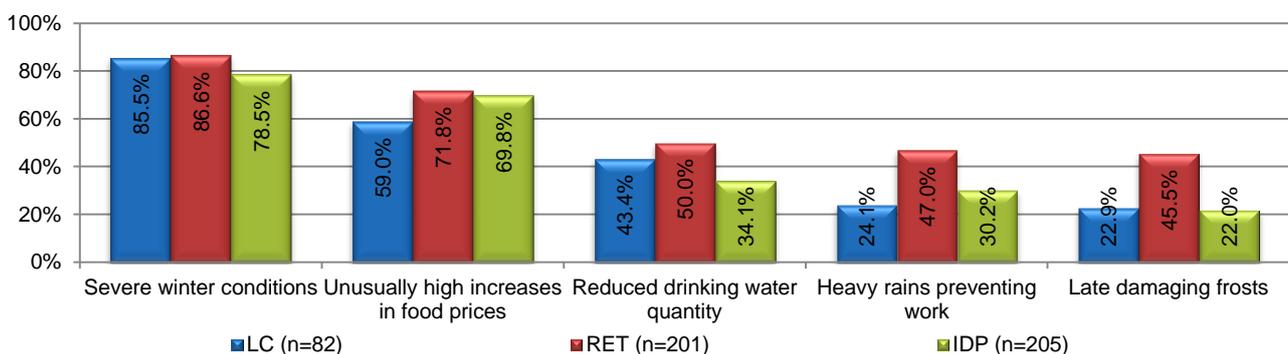
Over four-fifths (86.6%) of returnee households have faced severe winter conditions. A further, three-quarters (71.8%) of returnee households were affected by unusually high increases in food prices, two-quarters (50.0%) by reduced drinking water quantity and approximately two-quarters of returnee households were affected by heavy rains preventing work and late damaging frosts. Over three-fifths (82.2%) of returnee households have decreased their expenditures for coping with shocks. A further, two-quarters (48.5%) took loans, over one-third (36.1%) received help from others in the community, over one-fifths purchased food on credit from traders and a further one-quarter (25.7%) reduced quality of diet.

Approximately four-fifths (78.5%) of IDP households have faced severe winter conditions. A further, 69.8% of IDP households were affected by unusually high increases in food prices, over one-third (34.1%) by reduced drinking water quantity, 30.2% by heavy rains preventing work and over one-fifth (22.0%) of IDP households were affected by late damaging frosts. Over four-fifths (85.4%) of IDP households have decreased their expenditures for coping with shocks. A further, over three-fifths (63.4%) took loans, over one-quarter (26.8%) received help from others in the community, 11.2% purchased food on credit from traders and a further 6.8% reduced quality of diet.

**11.1 General household shocks in 1390**

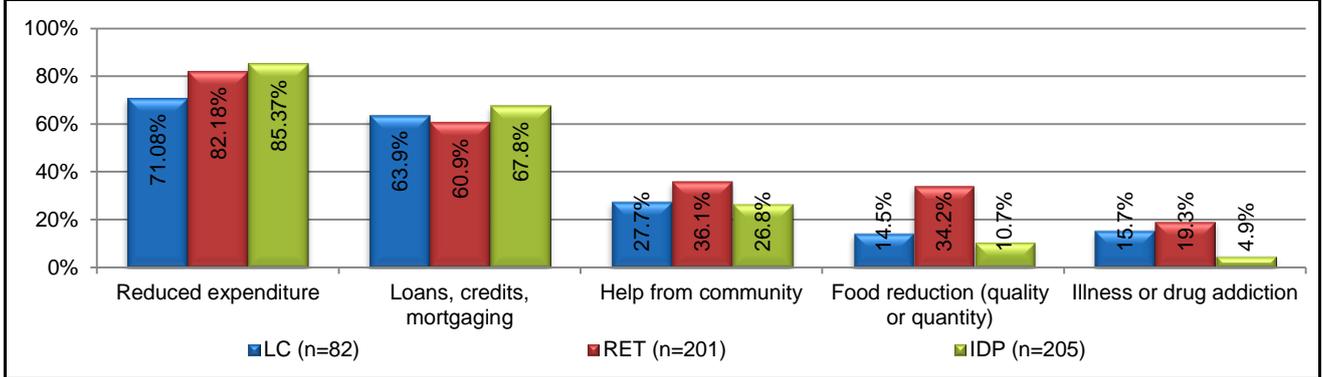


**11.2 Specific household shocks in 1390**

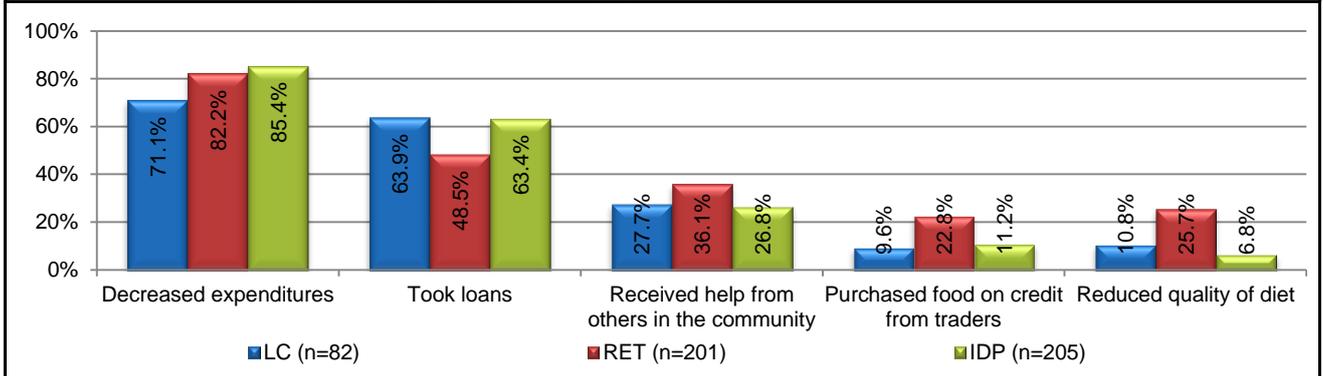


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**11.3 General coping strategies employed in response to household shocks in 1390**



**11.4 Specific coping strategies employed in response to household shocks in 1390**



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**12. PROTECTION PROFILE**

**Summary**

Of the 489 households surveyed, 77.7% had an adult male aged 18-59 years as head of household. Moreover, one local community households, three returnee households and three IDP households have an adult female aged 18-59 years as head of household. A total of 109 households had an elderly (aged 60+) head of household of whom 1.8% were female. Four local community households, three returnee households and 10 IDP households were headed by a widow or widower.

One local community female; one returnee male and four females; one IDP male and two IDP females aged 15-17 years were reported to be married. Among married adults, a total of 28 local community females, 42 returnee and 75 IDP females reported to have been under-18 years of age at the time of marriage.

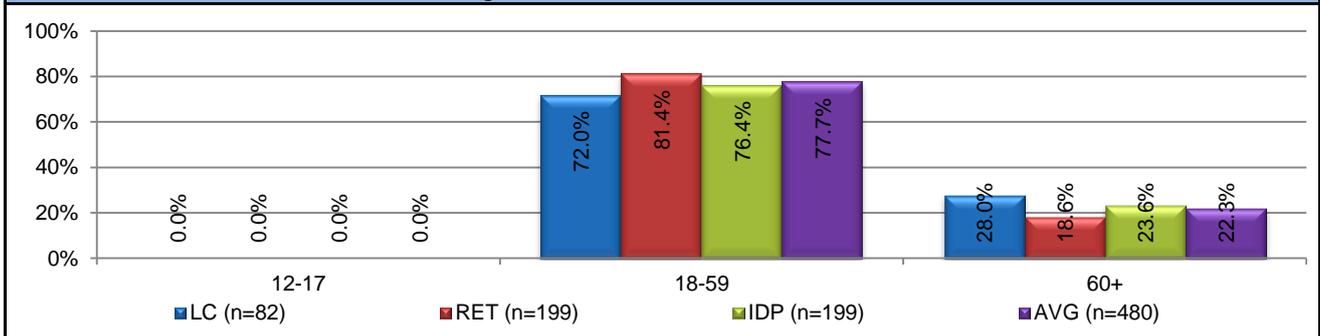
Four of local community households, one of returnee households and four of IDP households contained more than one wife.

The survey found 182 people living with a disability of which 56.0% were male. The most common disabilities were reported to be either physical (35.2%) or sensory (20.9%) in nature. 65.7% of disabled local community, 63.2% of disabled returnees and 51.9% of disabled IDPs were adults aged 18-59 years. (22%-28%) of disabled people in all three household groups were aged 60 years and over.

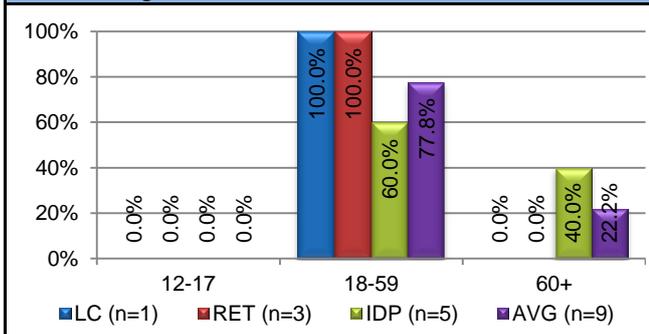
Of the 669 females aged 6-17 years, 45.8% of IDP females, 46.8% of local community females and 73.2% of returnee females are currently not attending school.

**12.1 Vulnerable Groups**

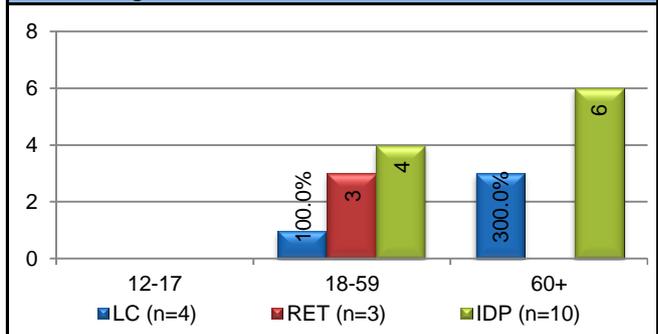
**12.1.1 Age distribution of male heads of household**



**12.1.2 Age distribution of female heads of household**

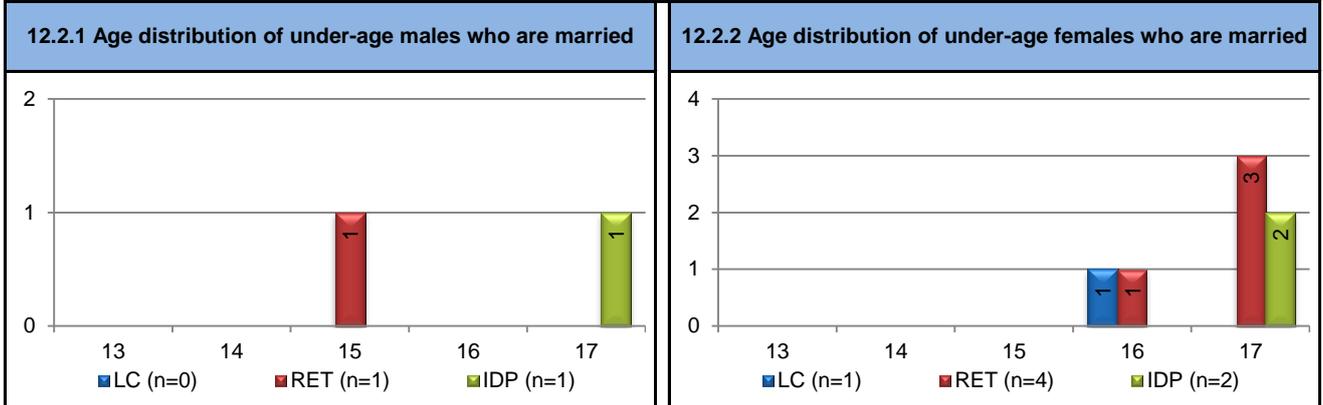


**12.1.3 Age distribution of widowed heads of household**

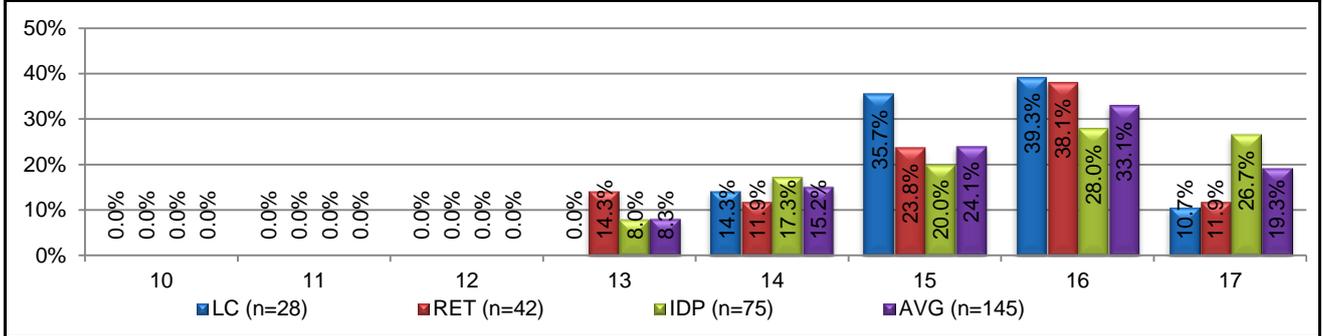


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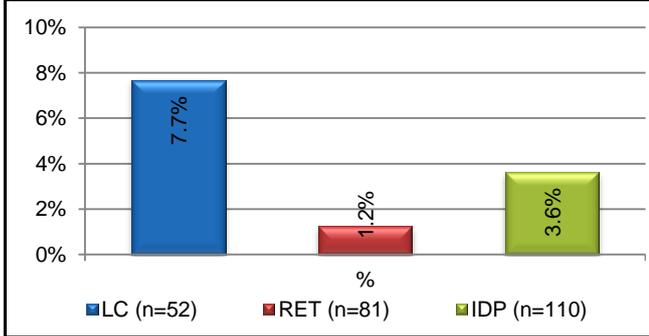
**12.2 Marital Status**



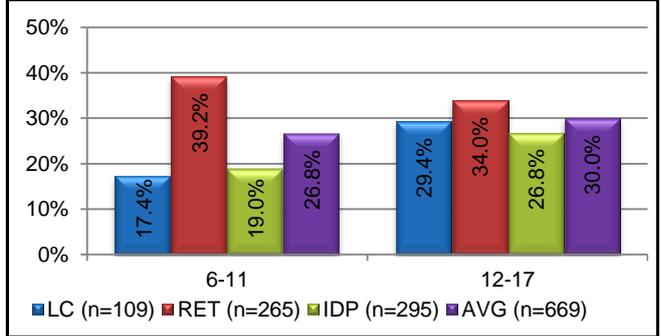
**12.2.3 Marrying age of married adult women who were under-age at time of marriage**



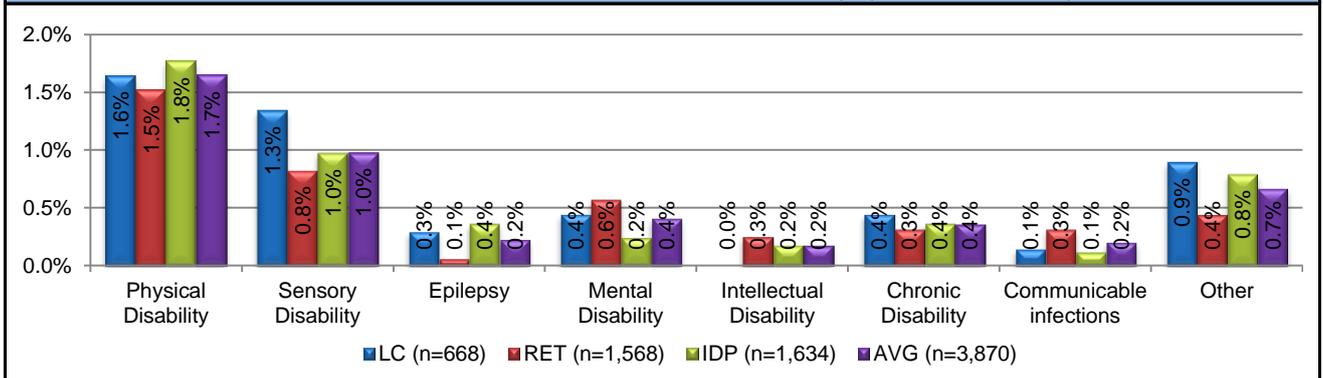
**12.2.4 Households with more than one wife**



**12.3 Age distribution of girls currently not attending school**



**12.4 Households with at least one member with a disability by nature of disability**



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**13. Child Labour**

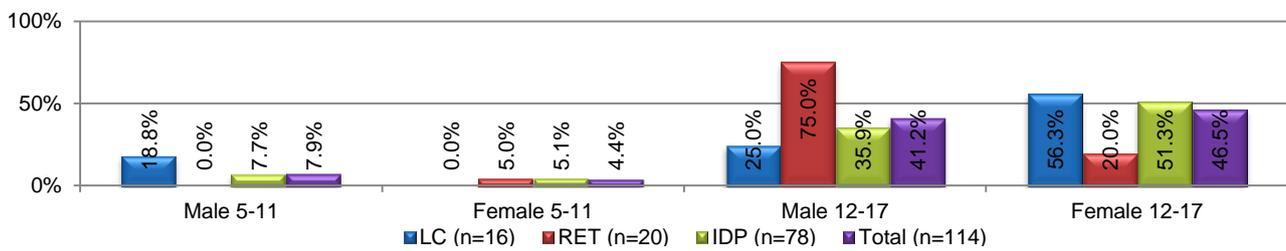
**Summary**

Among households surveyed, a total of 114 children were reported to be working and include 3 children aged 5-11 years and 13 children aged 12-17 years among local community households, 1 child aged 5-11 years and 19 children aged 12-17 years among returnee families, and 10 children aged 5-11 year and 68 children aged 12-17 years among IDP families.

Child workers belonging to local community households were reported to be working on average of 8.8 hours per day with 87.6% of them were reported to be self-employed and 12.5% were day labourers. Child workers belonging to returnee households were reported to be working an average of 8.0 hours per day with 50.0% of returnee child workers reported to be self-employed and 35.0% were day labourers. Child workers of IDP families work an average of 8.0 hours per day and 87.2% were reported to be self-employed and 9.0% were day labourers.

Vast majority of children of all three household types were engaged in industry sector. The second most common sector for child workers among all three household types is services sector.

**13.1 Distribution of child workers by age and gender**



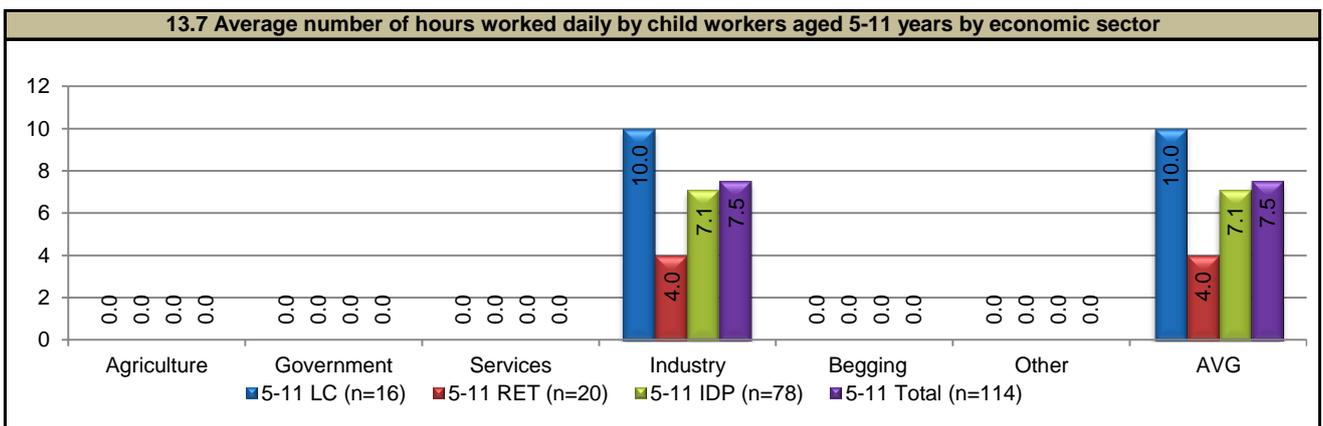
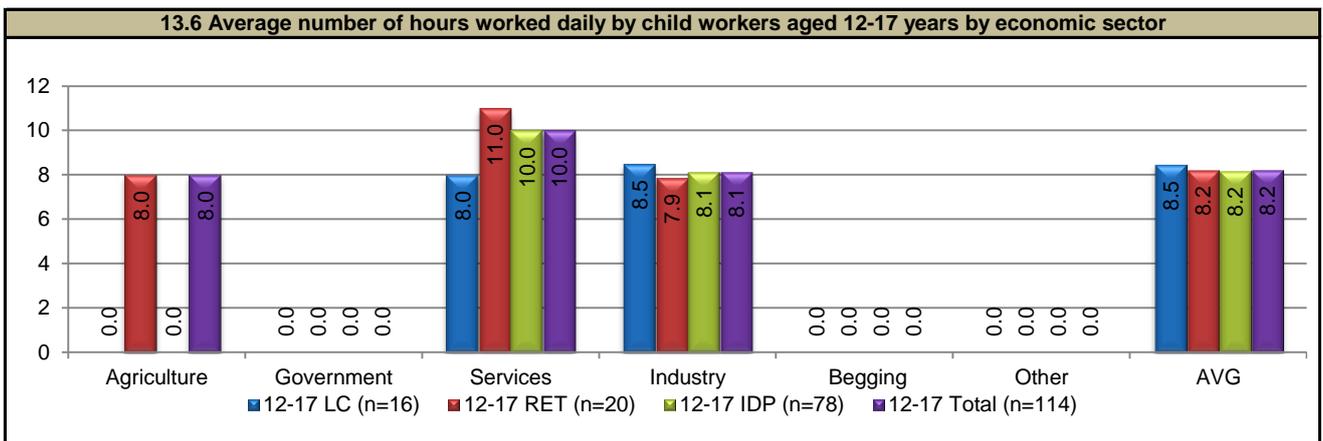
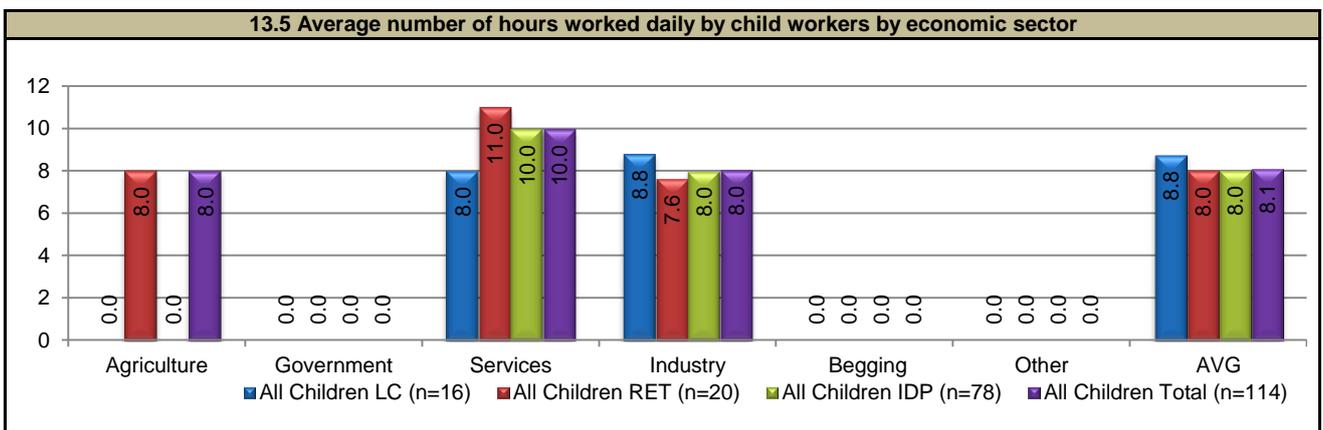
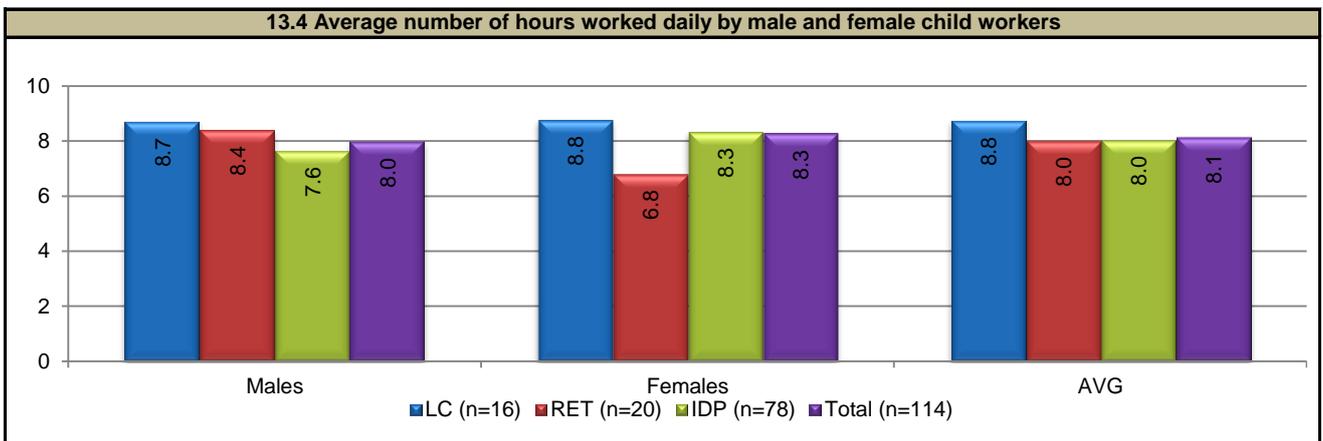
**13.2 Distribution of male child workers by age and sector**

Children Males	Age Group	Day Labourer		Salaried Worker		Self-Employed		Own Business		Unpaid Family		Total	
		Number	%	Number	%	Number	%	Number	%	Number	%	Number	%
LC (n=0)	5-11	1	33.3%	0	0.0%	2	66.7%	0	0.0%	0	0.0%	3	100.0%
	12-17	1	7.7%	0	0.0%	3	23.1%	0	0.0%	0	0.0%	4	30.8%
	<b>Total Children</b>	<b>2</b>	<b>12.5%</b>	<b>0</b>	<b>0.0%</b>	<b>5</b>	<b>31.3%</b>	<b>0</b>	<b>0.0%</b>	<b>0</b>	<b>0.0%</b>	<b>7</b>	<b>43.8%</b>
RET (n=26)	5-11	0	0.0%	0	0.0%	0	0.0%	0	0.0%	0	0.0%	0	0.0%
	12-17	7	36.8%	2	10.5%	6	31.6%	0	0.0%	0	0.0%	15	78.9%
	<b>Total Children</b>	<b>7</b>	<b>35.0%</b>	<b>2</b>	<b>10.0%</b>	<b>6</b>	<b>30.0%</b>	<b>0</b>	<b>0.0%</b>	<b>0</b>	<b>0.0%</b>	<b>15</b>	<b>75.0%</b>
IDP (n=22)	5-11	0	0.0%	0	0.0%	6	60.0%	0	0.0%	0	0.0%	6	60.0%
	12-17	7	10.3%	2	2.9%	19	27.9%	0	0.0%	0	0.0%	28	41.2%
	<b>Total Children</b>	<b>7</b>	<b>9.0%</b>	<b>2</b>	<b>2.6%</b>	<b>25</b>	<b>32.1%</b>	<b>0</b>	<b>0.0%</b>	<b>0</b>	<b>0.0%</b>	<b>34</b>	<b>43.6%</b>
Total (n=48)	5-11	1	7.1%	0	0.0%	8	57.1%	0	0.0%	0	0.0%	9	64.3%
	12-17	15	15.0%	4	4.0%	28	28.0%	0	0.0%	0	0.0%	47	47.0%
	<b>Total Children</b>	<b>16</b>	<b>14.0%</b>	<b>4</b>	<b>3.5%</b>	<b>36</b>	<b>31.6%</b>	<b>0</b>	<b>0.0%</b>	<b>0</b>	<b>0.0%</b>	<b>56</b>	<b>49.1%</b>

**13.3 Distribution of female child workers by age and sector**

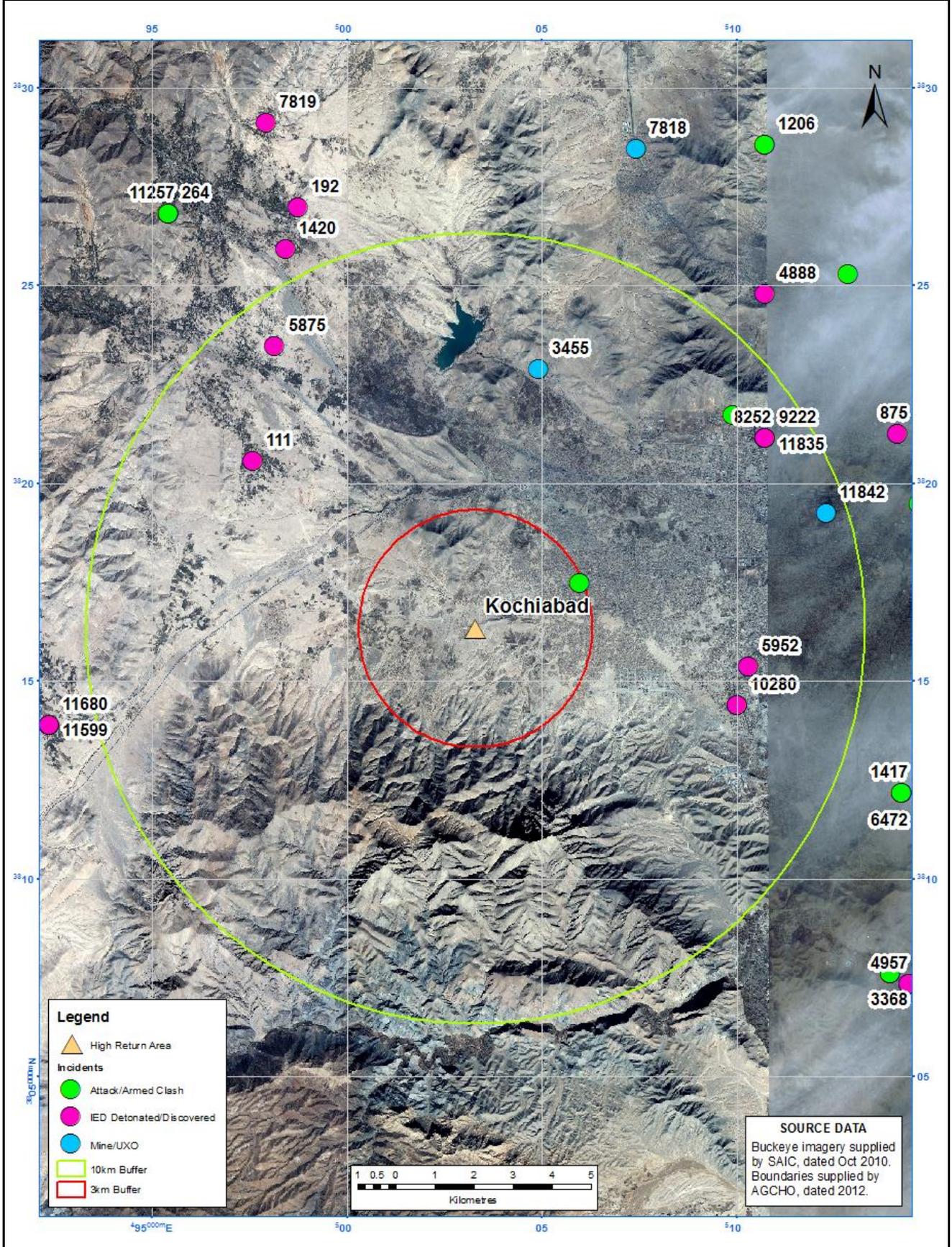
Children Females	Age Group	Day Labourer		Salaried Worker		Self-Employed		Own Business		Unpaid Family		Total	
		Number	%	Number	%	Number	%	Number	%	Number	%	Number	%
LC (n=0)	5-11	0	0.0%	0	0.0%	0	0.0%	0	0.0%	0	0.0%	0	0.0%
	12-17	0	0.0%	0	0.0%	9	69.2%	0	0.0%	0	0.0%	9	69.2%
	<b>Total Children</b>	<b>0</b>	<b>0.0%</b>	<b>0</b>	<b>0.0%</b>	<b>9</b>	<b>56.3%</b>	<b>0</b>	<b>0.0%</b>	<b>0</b>	<b>0.0%</b>	<b>9</b>	<b>56.3%</b>
RET (n=26)	5-11	0	0.0%	0	0.0%	1	100.0%	0	0.0%	0	0.0%	1	100.0%
	12-17	0	0.0%	1	5.3%	3	15.8%	0	0.0%	0	0.0%	4	21.1%
	<b>Total Children</b>	<b>0</b>	<b>0.0%</b>	<b>1</b>	<b>5.0%</b>	<b>4</b>	<b>20.0%</b>	<b>0</b>	<b>0.0%</b>	<b>0</b>	<b>0.0%</b>	<b>5</b>	<b>25.0%</b>
IDP (n=22)	5-11	0	0.0%	0	0.0%	4	40.0%	0	0.0%	0	0.0%	4	40.0%
	12-17	0	0.0%	1	1.5%	39	57.4%	0	0.0%	0	0.0%	40	58.8%
	<b>Total Children</b>	<b>0</b>	<b>0.0%</b>	<b>1</b>	<b>1.3%</b>	<b>43</b>	<b>55.1%</b>	<b>0</b>	<b>0.0%</b>	<b>0</b>	<b>0.0%</b>	<b>44</b>	<b>56.4%</b>
Total (n=48)	5-11	0	0.0%	0	0.0%	5	35.7%	0	0.0%	0	0.0%	5	35.7%
	12-17	0	0.0%	2	2.0%	51	51.0%	0	0.0%	0	0.0%	53	53.0%
	<b>Total Children</b>	<b>0</b>	<b>0.0%</b>	<b>2</b>	<b>1.8%</b>	<b>56</b>	<b>49.1%</b>	<b>0</b>	<b>0.0%</b>	<b>0</b>	<b>0.0%</b>	<b>58</b>	<b>50.9%</b>

High Return Area Community Profile	<b>Kochiabad, Dasht-e-Barchi, PD 13, Kabul</b>							Date generated dd / mm / yyyy			
								<b>30/09/2012</b>			
HRA Code	<b>3</b>				Completion Percentage			<b>100%</b>			
Country	<b>93</b>	<b>Afghanistan</b>	Province	<b>9301</b>	<b>Kabul</b>	District	<b>930101</b>	<b>Kabul</b>	UN Region	<b>C</b>	<b>Central</b>



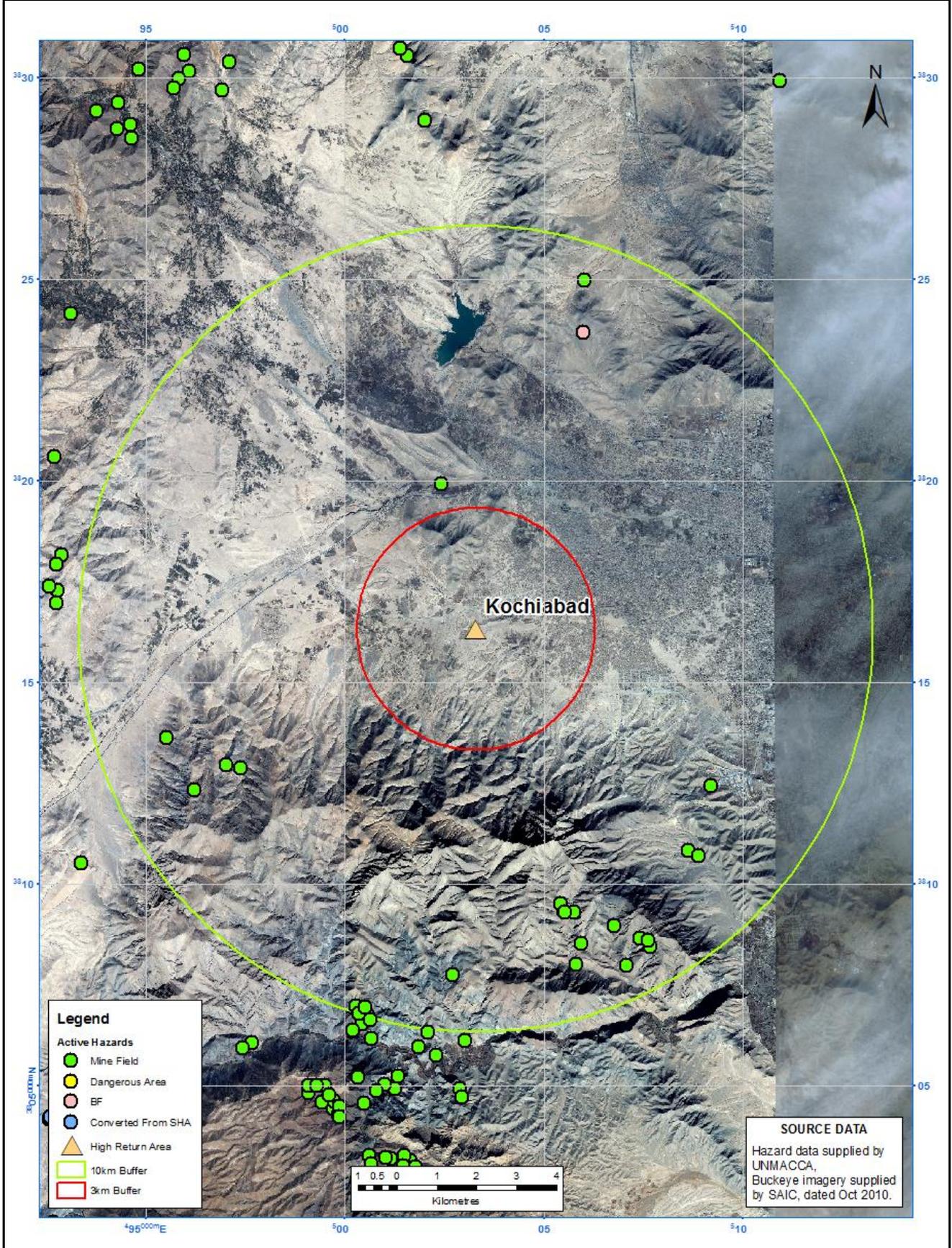
High Return Area Community Profile	<b>Kochiabad, Dasht-e-Barchi, PD 13, Kabul</b>							Date generated dd / mm / yyyy			
								30/09/2012			
HRA Code	3			Completion Percentage			100%				
Country	93	Afghanistan	Province	9301	Kabul	District	930101	Kabul	UN Region	C	Central

14. SAFETY AND SECURITY - UNDSS Security Incidents - (April - November 2012)



High Return Area Community Profile	<b>Kochiabad, Dasht-e-Barchi, PD 13, Kabul</b>							Date generated dd / mm / yyyy			
								30/09/2012			
HRA Code	3			Completion Percentage			100%				
Country	93	Afghanistan	Province	9301	Kabul	District	930101	Kabul	UN Region	C	Central

14. SAFETY AND SECURITY - UNMACCA Active Hazards - (January 08, 2013)



High Return Area Community Profile	<b>Kochiabad, Dasht-e-Barchi, PD 13, Kabul</b>								Date generated		
									dd / mm / yyyy		
HRA Code		3			Completion Percentage			100%			
Country	93	Afghanistan	Province	9301	Kabul	District	930101	Kabul	UN Region	C	Central

**14. SAFETY AND SECURITY**

**Summary**

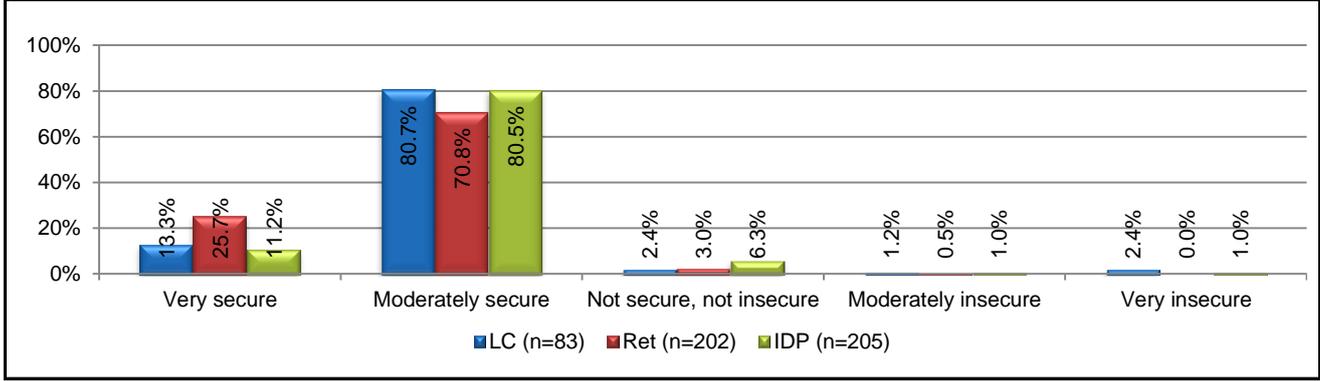
The security situation in the district was described as “moderately secure” by 80.7% of local community households, 80.5% of IDP households and 70.8% of returnee households. Returnee households (25.7%) were more likely to rate the district as being “very secure” compared with local community (13.3%) and IDP (11.2%) counterparts. Local community households were revealed to be more likely to describe the district as “moderately insecure” and “very insecure” than other household types.

With regard to safety, 48.2% of local community households, 46.0% of returnee households and 36.6% of IDP households reported “never” fearing for their personal safety and security or that of their family. A further 48.3% of IDP households, 35.6% of returnee households and 31.3% of local community households stated that they “sometimes” do so. Comparable proportions (<2.5%) in all three groups reported that they either “mostly” or “often” fear for their safety.

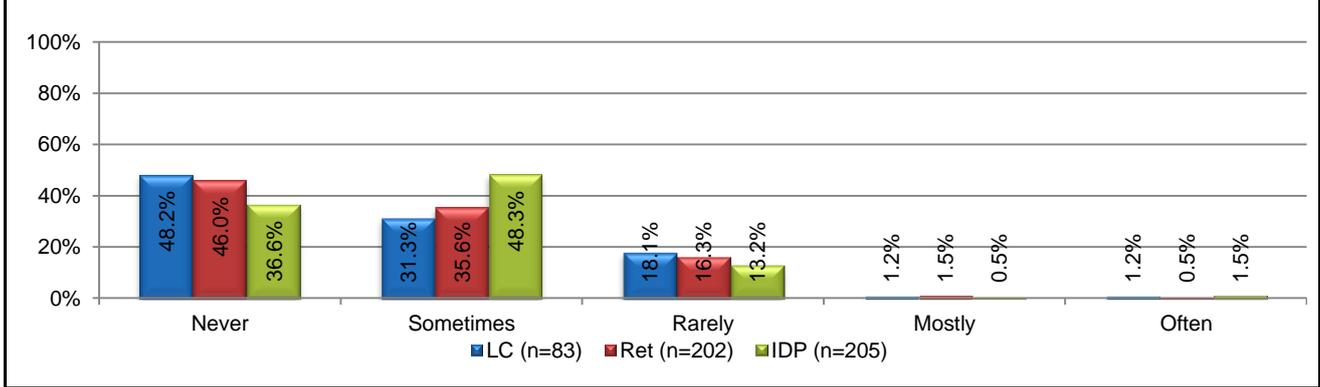
The majority of IDP households (72.2%), local community households (62.7%) and returnee households (54.5%) reported to be “moderately satisfied” with policing in the district. A further 35.1% of returnee households, 28.9% of local community households and 22.4% of IDP households are “very satisfied” with the police. Only IDP households (2.4%) and local community households (1.2%) reported to be “very dissatisfied” with police in the district.

Five returnee households, five IDP households and one local community household had experienced some form of violence in the three months prior to being surveyed.

**14. Safety and Security**  
**14.1 Views on security situation in the district**



**14.2 Frequency of fear for personal safety and security or that of family**



High Return Area Community Profile	<b>Kochiabad, Dasht-e-Barchi, PD 13, Kabul</b>								Date generated dd / mm / yyyy		
									30/09/2012		
HRA Code	3				Completion Percentage				100%		
Country	93	Afghanistan	Province	9301	Kabul	District	930101	Kabul	UN Region	C	Central

**14.3 Satisfaction with police in the district**

