

LIBYA

2 - 8 December 2017

Key figures

199,091 Libyans currently internally displaced (IDPs)¹

304,305 returned IDPs (returns registered in 2017)¹

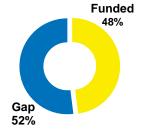
44,306 registered refugees and asylumseekers in Libya²

116,622 persons arrived in Italy by sea so far in 2017³

987 monitoring visits to detention centres

950 asylum-seekers and refugees released from detention

Funding
USD 77.2 M
requested in 2017



¹ IOM-DTM Sep. - Oct. 2017.

December 2017.

Population Movements

UNHCR registered 628 refugees and asylum-seekers in November 2017, resulting in an overall registered population of 44,306. In November, UNHCR registered Sudanese (33%), Syrians (31%), Eritreans (14%), Ethiopians (11%), Palestinians (10%), and Somalis and other nationals (1%). Men represent 49% of the total population, while women account for 32% and children 19%. Syrian (50% - 22,121 individuals), Palestinian (16% - 6,964 individuals) and Eritrean (11% - 4,823 individuals) refugees represent a majority of the UNHCR-registered caseload. So far in 2017, UNHCR has registered 5,790 refugees and asylum-seekers in Libya, three times more than in 2016 when UNHCR re-started its registration activities.

UNHCR Response

Plans to set up a "transit and departure facility" in Tripoli for vulnerable persons in need of international protection are progressing. At the facility, UNHCR and partners will provide registration and life-saving assistance, such as accommodation, food, medical care, and other services, including psychosocial support. Once renovations are completed, the site will accommodate up to 1,000 persons. The first phase will see the rehabilitation of accommodation for 160 persons, clinic, reception area, water, electricity, services and offices for UNHCR and partners. This initiative will facilitate the transfer of thousands of vulnerable refugees to third countries, in line with UNHCR's upscaling of its resettlement and humanitarian evacuations programmes.

UNHCR through its partner *Consiglio Italiano Rifugiati* (CIR) completed a waste removal project at three sites in Sabha, southern Libya. These quick impact projects (QIPs) were identified by UNHCR with the help of CIR and local authorities. QIPs are small, rapidly implementable projects intended to help create conditions for peaceful coexistence between those displaced and their hosting communities, and to strengthen the resilience of these communities. Prospective projects include the renovation of essential public services, material support, health and education interventions.

So far in 2017, UNHCR's partner LibAid has distributed core relief items (CRIs) to over 19,500 internally displaced persons (IDPs) and returnees living in Benghazi and other cities in the eastern region. Hundreds of thousands of people living in the North of Benghazi face a high risk of serious injuries due to explosive remnants of war and unexploded ordnances. At the same time, access to medical healthcare, medicines, and essential goods and services, including water and sanitation, are the most critical needs. In November 2017, UNHCR supported the Municipality of Benghazi with medical supplies. UNHCR with its partner ACTED is improving the water management system in Benghazi through a new QIP to be finalized in the coming days.

On 6 December, a fire broke out in a Tawargha settlement located in the Sarraj neighbourhood in Tripoli. At least ten houses (12 families) were affected by the fire and more than 294 individuals were displaced to other areas in Tripoli. UNHCR teams carried out protection assessment at the site and are providing core relief items and materials for shelter reconstruction.

² Data as of 30 November 2017.

³ www.data2.unhcr.org as of 7



Key Figures



547,702 people of concern



44,306 registered refugees & asylum seekers



199,091* internally displaced persons



304,305* IDP returnees

UNHCR Coordinated Sectors



Protection Sector



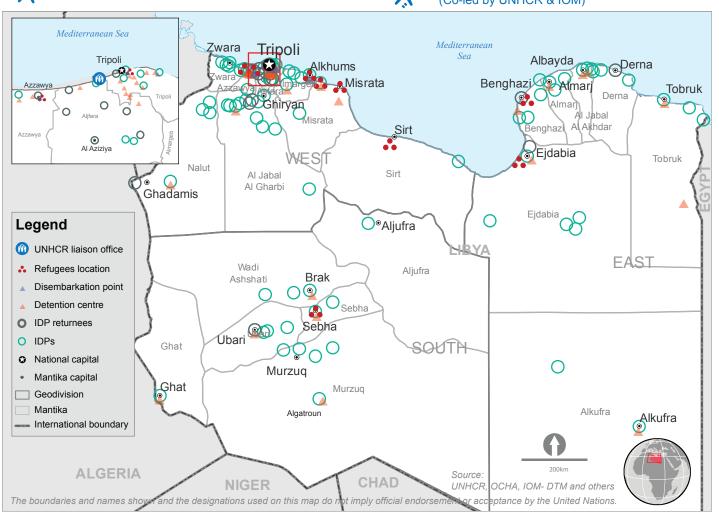
Shelter & NFI Sector



Cash & Markets Working Group



Mixed Migration Working Group (Co-led by UNHCR & IOM)



Key Achievements in 2017



30,066 medical consultations



84,775 IDPs and refugees received core relief items



5,790 individuals registered



4,545 rescue kits and **2,753** medical consultations provided at disembarkation points



987 monitoring visits to 35 detention centres



950 detained refugees/asylum seekers released



2,080 IDP and refugee households received cash assistance



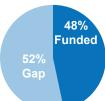
14 capacity building events for stakeholders

UNHCR Funding Requirements



* IOM-DTM

USD 77.2 million required in 2017 for Libya emergency response



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