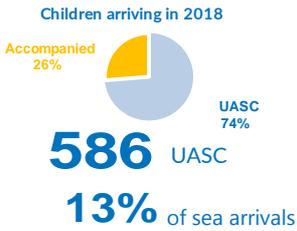
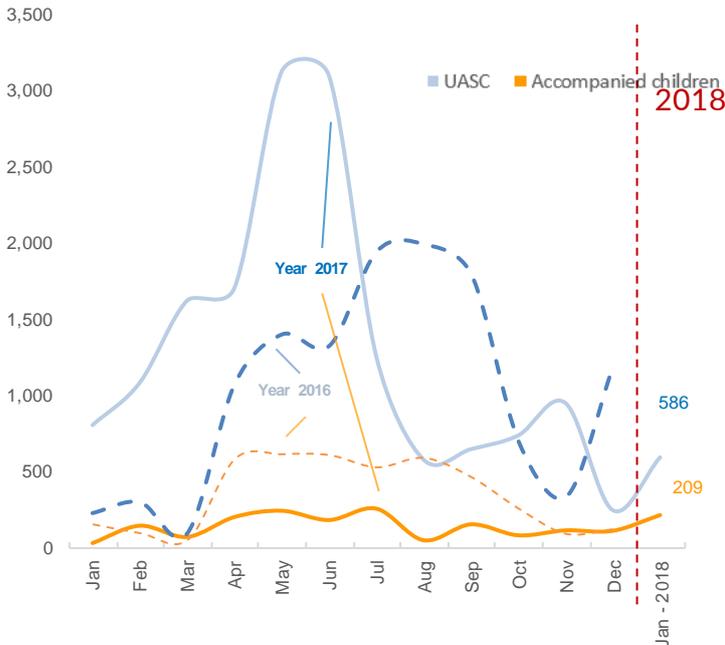


# Italy - Unaccompanied and Separated Children (UASC) Dashboard

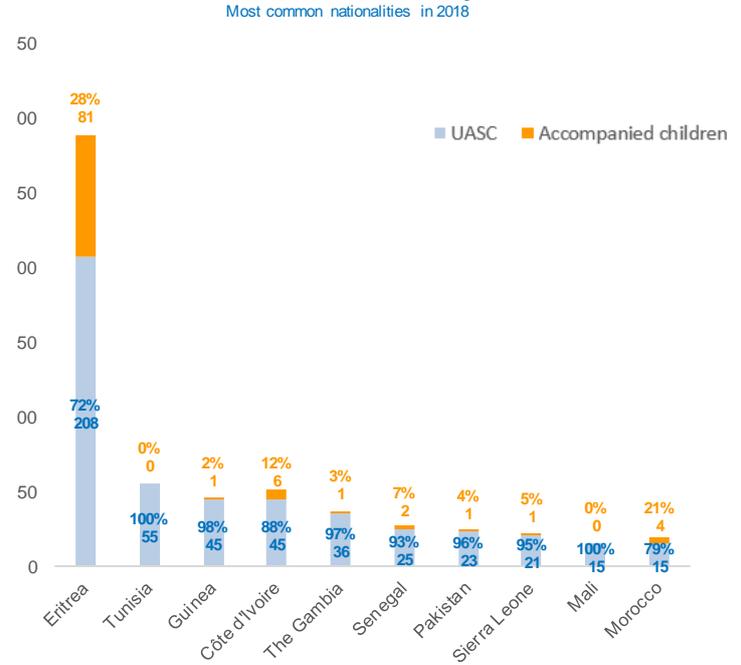
Between 1 and 31 January 2018, 586 unaccompanied and separated children arrived in Italy by sea, representing 14% of all sea arrivals in this period. In the same period last year, 798 UASC were registered at landing points, accounting for 18% of all persons reaching Italian shores.



UASC and accompanied children sea arrivals trend

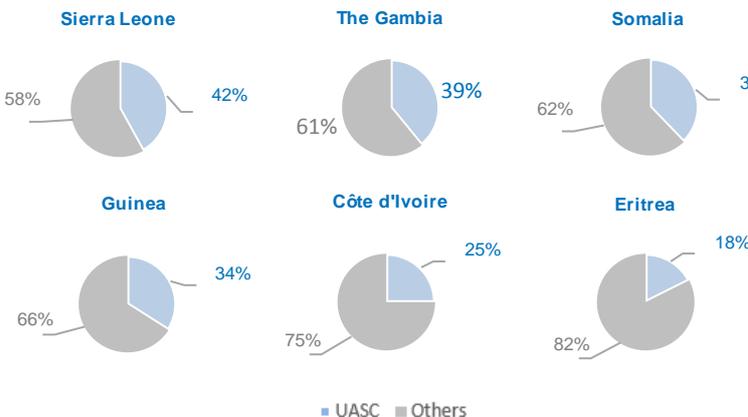


UASC and accompanied children: sea arrivals to Italy

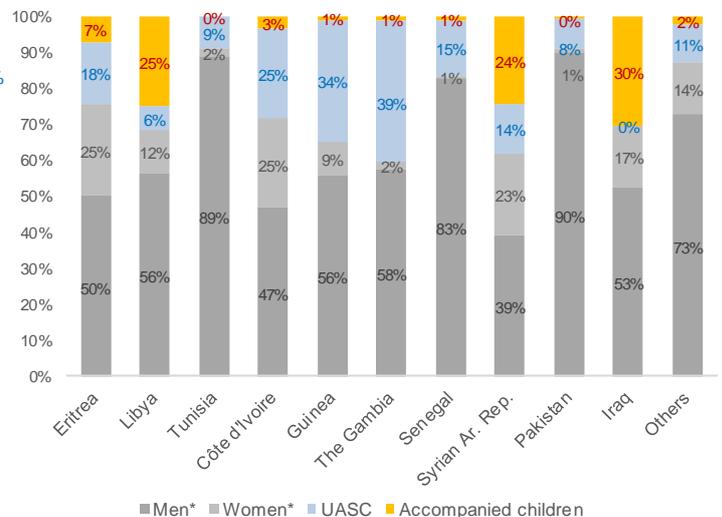


UASC arriving by sea in January 2018 most commonly originated from Eritrea (208), followed by Tunisia (55), Côte d'Ivoire (45), Guinea (45), The Gambia (36), Senegal (25), Pakistan (23), and Sierra Leone (21). While UASC arrivals from Nigeria, as well as from western African countries, but Sierra Leone, have decreased, the numbers of Tunisian and Pakistani UASC arrivals are significantly higher than in January 2017, when one Tunisian UASC and no Pakistani UASC reached Italian shores. More significantly, the numbers of Eritrean UASC who arrived by sea in January 2018 has risen considerably compared to January 2017, when only 4 Eritrean UASC were registered at landing points.

Proportion of UASC by nationality among total sea arrivals



Distribution by age, gender and nationality Jan 2018



\* The groups of men and women refer to persons over 18 year old.

Eritreans were the largest UASC group to arrive in 2016 (3,832 sea arrivals), but their numbers decreased by 68% in 2017 (1,219). In recent years, however, the proportion of UASC among Eritrean sea arrivals has consistently ranged between 18% (2016) and 17% (2017 and January 2018). In 2018 so far, relatively higher proportions of UASC were also recorded among arrivals from Sierra Leone (42% were UASC), The Gambia (39%), Somalia (38%), Guinea (34%), and Côte d'Ivoire (25%).

Most UASC arriving by sea are boys and are 16 and 17 years old. However, exact figures on gender of UASC arrivals are currently unavailable.

The charts are based on figures from the Italian Ministry of Interior. All figures are provisional and subject to change.