

Imvepi Refugee Settlement

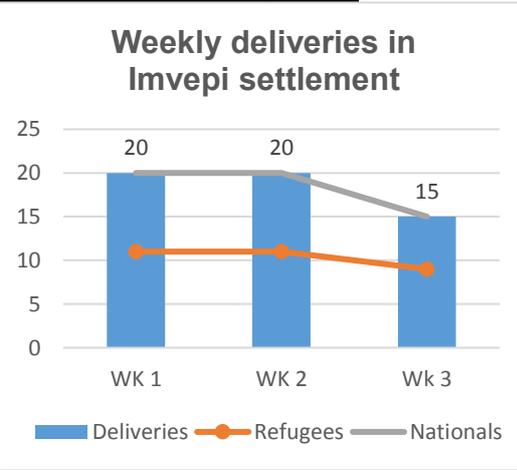
Health and Nutrition updates-Week 03 (11th to 17th January 2018)

Health & Nutrition

Health

Partners: UNHCR, UNFPA, UNICEF, ADLG/DHO, Medical Teams International, Save the Children International (SCI), Medi Sans Frontiers France (MSF-F), Global Refuge International (GRI), CARE Uganda International, CUAMM Doctors with Africa, Uganda Red Cross Society (URCS)

Total OPD/ IPD Consultations	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> ▪ OPD Consultations: 3,107(2,764 refugees and 343 nationals) new OPD consultations were made in week 03 compared to 3,442 in week 02. Of which 2,764 (89%) were to refugees and 343 (11%) to nationals. ▪ Mental Health and Psychosocial Support Services (MHPSS): 00 (00 refugee and 00 national) new client and 00 revisit clients received MHPSS in week 03 compared to 05 in week 02. ▪ IPD admissions: 75 (55 refugees and 20 nationals) new In-patients admissions were registered in week 03 compared to 72 in week 02. ▪ New referrals: 04 (03 refugees and 01 national) new referrals were made in week 03 to Arua Regional Referral Hospital compared 08 in week 02. While 02 new referral was made to health facilities within the settlements and managed within. 														
Morbidity	<p>Proportional Morbidity:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • 896 (29%) confirmed malaria cases • 1,019 (33%) Acute RTI • 200 (6%) Watery Diarrhoea • 14 bloody diarrhoea cases. 					<p>Vaccination; Deworming; Vitamin A</p>					<p>Vaccination, deworming & vitamin A supplementation for new arrivals in Imvepi RC:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • 218 new arrival children <5 year were vaccinated in week 02 compared to 243 in week 02. (151 against measles, 67 against Polio, 10 mothers against T.T, 64 received Vitamin A Supplementation and 145 dewormed) <p>Expanded programme on Immunization:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • 477 individuals were vaccinated in week 03 compared to 497 in week 02. • 18 received vitamin A supplementation in week 03 compared to 30 in week 02. • 85 mothers received TT in week 03 compared to 112 in week 02. 				
Disease	A F P	Ani mal bites	Chol era	Bloo dy diarr hea	Watery diarrhe a	G u i n e a W o r m	Malari a	M e a s l e s	M E N I N G I T I s	Yello w Fever	N N T	V H F	T y p h o i d	MD R TB	Human Influenza samples
cases	0	0	0	14	200	0	896	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Deaths	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0

Suspect cholera Cases Identified in the Day	0	Suspect cholera Cases Undergoing Treatment	0																
Suspect meningitis Cases Identified in the day	0	Suspected meningitis Cases Undergoing Treatment	0																
Suspect measles Cases Identified in the day	0	Suspected measles Cases Undergoing Treatment	0																
Mortality	<p>Deaths: 05 (05 refugees and 0 nationals) death was reported. 05 death from health center's and 00 from the community. There was no (00) maternal death and 00 death among neonates.</p> <p>Crude mortality rate (CMR): 0.06 deaths/10,000/day in week 03 compared 0.01 deaths/10,000/day in week 02.</p> <p>Under Five Mortality (U5MR): 0.3 deaths/ 10,000/ day in week 03 compared to 0.0 in week 02 and week 01.</p>		<p>Health Workers per 10,000 Population</p> <p>Total # skilled staff 53 (Medical officer, clinical officers, Nurses, and midwives). This translates to 4.2/10,000 population. Given the current population of Imvepi 127,926 (25,501 children < 5 years) as at 31st November 2017.</p>																
Reproductive Health, HIV and AIDS and TB care	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> ▪ Total ANC: 179 (133 refugees and 46 nationals) pregnant women attended ANC in week 03 compared to 96 in week 02. ▪ First ANC visits: 100 (74 refugees and 26 nationals) pregnant mothers attended ANC in week 03 compared to 46 in week 02. ▪ Fourth ANC Visits: 34 (28 refugees and 06 nationals) pregnant women attended 4th ANC sessions in week 03 compared to 13 in week 02. <div style="border: 1px solid black; padding: 5px;"> <p>Labour and delivery care:</p>  <table border="1"> <caption>Weekly deliveries in Imvepi settlement</caption> <thead> <tr> <th>Week</th> <th>Deliveries</th> <th>Refugees</th> <th>Nationals</th> </tr> </thead> <tbody> <tr> <td>WK 1</td> <td>20</td> <td>11</td> <td>9</td> </tr> <tr> <td>WK 2</td> <td>20</td> <td>11</td> <td>9</td> </tr> <tr> <td>Wk 3</td> <td>15</td> <td>9</td> <td>6</td> </tr> </tbody> </table> </div> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> ▪ 15 (9 refugees and 6 nationals) deliveries were conducted by skilled health workers in week 03 compared to 20 in week 02. <div style="border: 1px solid black; padding: 5px;"> <p>Elimination of mother to child HIV transmission (eMTCT):</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> ▪ 100 (74 refugees and 26 nationals) pregnant mothers who attended ANC1 were provided HIV testing services in week 03 and all found HIV negative compared to 46 in week 02. No (00) HIV positive delivery took place, therefore, we registered 100% coverage of eMTCT. <p>HIV and AIDS services:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> ▪ 07 (06 Refugees and 01 Nationals) individuals were newly tested HIV positive in week 03 compared to 10 in week 02. ▪ 782 (543 refugees and 239 nationals) individuals were offered </div>			Week	Deliveries	Refugees	Nationals	WK 1	20	11	9	WK 2	20	11	9	Wk 3	15	9	6
Week	Deliveries	Refugees	Nationals																
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Post Natal Care: 49 (30 refugees and 19 nationals) lactating mothers attended PNC in week 03 compared to 19 in week 02.

Clinical Management of rape:

- 00 reported SGBV cases.

HIV testing services in week 03 compared to 374 in week 02.

- All the 07 newly identified HIV positives refugees were initiated on HIV care and support.
- 6,790 pieces of condoms were distributed for HIV prevention in the community in week 03 compared to 7,223 in week 02.

TB treatment and care:

- 02 (01 refugees and 01 nationals) individuals were newly diagnosed with active TB and started on treatment in week 03 compared to 01 in week 02.

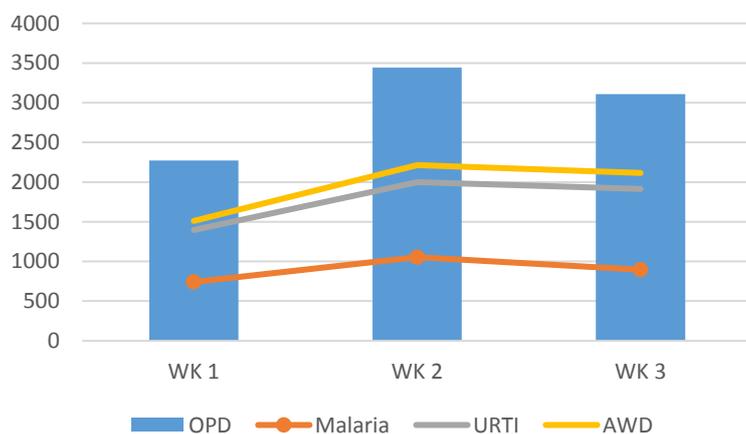
Achievements and Impact

OPD Consultations:

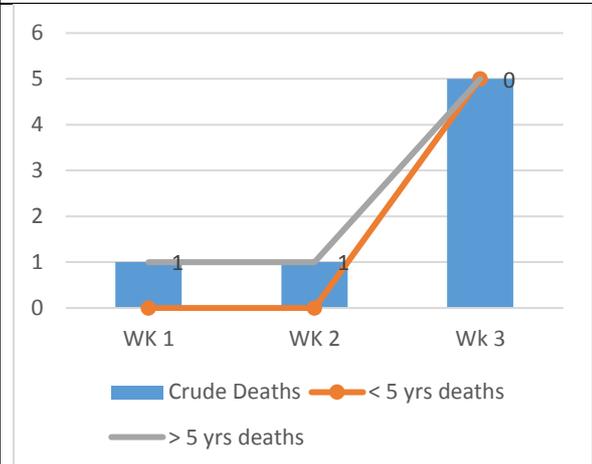
- 3,107(2,764 refugees and 343 nationals) new OPD consultations were made in week 03 compared to 3,442 in week 02. Of which 89% of the new consultations were to refugees and 11% to nationals. The weekly proportional morbidity shows that the leading cause of morbidity in the week is malaria with 29%, Acute Respiratory Tract Infections accounted for 33% and Watery Diarrhoea/WD remained at 6%.
- Therefore malaria, URTI and watery diarrhoea account for 69%.
- The incidence of malaria, acute RTI and watery diarrhoea is estimated at 8 cases/1000 persons/week, 9 cases/ 1,000 persons and 2 cases/1000 persons /week respectively. During the week preventive measures through 85 active VHT's including mobile clinics and outreaches for treatment of malaria and other conditions were conducted.

Mortality and Morbidity:

Weekly OPD Consultations and Morbidity trends in Imvepi settlement



Weekly Mortality trends in Imvepi settlement



- 05 (05 refugees and 00 nationals) deaths were reported from Imvepi settlement. 00 were among individuals above 5 years and 05 among individuals less than 5 years. 05 deaths were reported from health centers and 00 from the community. However, there was 00 neonatal deaths/< 28 days old deaths, and 00 maternal deaths. Therefore, Crude Mortality Rate (CMR) was 0.06 deaths/10,000/day and under-5 year mortality ratio (U5MR) was at 0.3 deaths/10,000/day below the emergency threshold of 1 and 2 deaths/10,000/day respectively. The cause/ probable causes of mortality being 01 diarrhoea and vomiting, 01 pneumonia, 01 chronic heart disease, 01 oedema/swollen body and 01 premature delivery.

Community based Control of Disease Outbreaks:

- No (00) reported suspected disease of outbreak potential reported. Surveillance through 127 trained village health teams (VHT's) spread out in the settlement and weekly analysis of Health Information system reporting continued in the week(see priority diseases surveillance).
- However, due to rumours of viral haemorrhagic disease outbreak in neighbouring South Sudan we continued to conduct CME's for health workers and VHT's and distributed case definitions to all health facilities.

Medical screening of new arrivals:

- 228 individuals in Imvepi reception clinic were medically screened in week 03 compared to 246 in week 02.

TB screening at Imvepi reception:

- Routinely all coughing new arrivals are taken sputum samples for geneXpert through hub laboratory in Arua regional referral hospital and Yumbe hospital.

Other updates and activities of the week:

- Health messages for new arrivals regarding morbidity, healthcare in the settlements passed to new arrivals while in transit to the settlements.
- MSF-F continued to conduct mobile clinics in zone 3 point A tank 109 and point F and reached 289 individuals with medical consultations made in the community in week 03 compared to 329 in week 02.
- Global Refuge International (GRI) continued to conduct routine OPD services at point I zone 2 and supported 515 individuals in week 03 compared to 562 in week 02.
- During the week UNHCR together with the health partners conducted health information system balanced score card assessments of Yinga HCIII, Imvepi HCII and Zone 3 tank 120 health post.

Identified Needs and Remaining Gaps:

- During the week, health facilities experienced stock out of malaria rapid diagnostic kits. This has been communicated for the supplies to be replenished.

Nutrition

Partners: World Food Programme (WFP), UNHCR, ADLG/DHO, Medical teams international, CUAMM Doctors with Africa, Action Against Hunger (ACF), Medi Sans Frontiers France (MSF-F), Global Refuge International (GRI), and Save the Children international (SCI).

<p>Imvepi Reception Center Weekly Proxy Global Acute Malnutrition among children 6-59 months, MUAC (< 125 mm and/or oedema Imvepi reception centre screened 42 new arrivals and (01 MAM and 00 SAM) 00 pregnant and lactating mothers (00 < 23 cm and 00 > 23 cm)</p>	<p>2.4%</p>	<p>Community overall weekly Proxy Global Acute Malnutrition among children 6-59 months, MUAC (< 125mm and/or oedema) Overall settlement 2,346 (2,133 refugees and 213 nationals) screened of which (39 MAM and 04 SAM)</p>	<p>1.8%</p>
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Food Assistance

<p>General Food Distribution Imvepi (kilocalories/person/day)</p>	<p>N/A</p>	<p>New arrivals ration (kilocal /person/day)</p>	<p>N/A</p>
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Narrative

Achievements and Impact

- 42 children less than 5 years and 00 pregnant women in week 03 compared to 72 in week 02 respectively at Imvepi reception center. 01 moderately malnourished and 00 severely malnourished (SAM) and 00 mother pregnant and lactating had MUAC < 23 cm.
- Similarly, in the entire Imvepi settlement, 2,346 children under 5 were malnourished in week 03 compared to 1,360 in week 02. There were (39) MAM and 04 SAM cases identified. Overall weekly proxy Global acute malnutrition among children 6-59 months screened in Imvepi settlement in week 03 was 1.8% compared to 2.2% in week 02.

- 39 and 04 new malnourished children were enrolled in SFP and OTP respectively. All the identified malnourished were initiated on therapeutic feeds and have been linked to Omugo extension settlement.
- 41 individuals were exited from targeted SFP and all were cured and 04 defaulters registered. Therefore recovery rates was 37(90.2%) and 4(9.8%) defaulter rates, 0(0%) death rate and 0(0%) non-response rate in week 03.
- 01 (01 refugees and 00 nationals) individuals were exited from the TFP and 01 refugee cured and 00 national cured. Recovery rates of 1(100%), defaulter rates of 0(0%) and 0(0) non-response rate.

Community nutrition activities

- **IYCF through mother baby areas:** During the week SCI continued to run 2 MBA's in Imvepi settlement serving pregnant and lactating mothers with optimal breast feeding promotion messages.
- **Distribution of hygiene (IMAM) kits:** Action Against Hunger (ACF) continued to distribute hygiene kits for IMAM beneficiaries comprising of Containers for water collection and storage, chlorine tablets and bathing soap.

Identified Needs and Remaining Gaps

- No major challenge reported in week 03.