Rhino Camp Refugee settlement

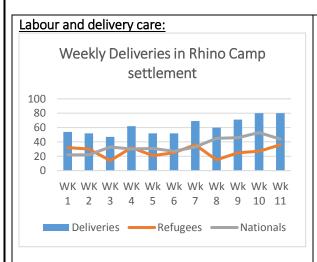
Health and Nutrition updates-Week 11 (8th to 14th March 2018).

Health Partners and agencies: UNHCR, UNFPA, UNICEF, ADLG, Medical teams international (MTI), Save the Children International (SCI), Medicines Sans Frontiers- France (MSF-F), Global Refuge International, The Transcultural Organization (TPO), MMC, AMREF, CARE Uganda international, CUAMM Doctors with Africa, Uganda Red Cross Society (URCS), Infectious Disease Institute (IDI). OPD consultations: 5,577 (3,818 refugees and 1,759 nationals) new OPD consultations were made in week 11 compared to 5,503 in week 10. Of the consultations 68% were to refugees and 32% to nationals. Mental Health and Psychosocial Support (MHPSS): 20 new and 22 revisit clients received Total OPD/ IPD MHPSS in week 11 compared to 34 in week 10. Major conditions being epilepsy, PTSD, Consultations depression, acute stress disorder and developmental disorders. New IPD admissions: 97 (41 refugees and 56 Nationals) new IPD admissions were made in week 11 compared to 112 in week 10. New referrals: 44 (39 refugees and 16 nationals) new referrals were made to Arua regional referral hospital in week 11 compared to 44 in week 10. Expanded programme on immunization /EPI updates: 1,053 individuals vaccinated in week 11 compared to 1,123 in week 10. **Proportional Morbidity:** individuals received 791 (14%) Malaria confirmed Vitamin A supplementation in cases Medical screening, week 11 compared to 225 in 1,581 (28%) Acute RTI Morbidity Vaccination; week 10. 202 (4%) Watery Diarrhoea Deworming; Vitamin A 196 mothers and girls of 16 cases of dysentery. reproductive age were 01 animal bite vaccinated against TT in week 00 case of typhoid fever 11 compared to 171 in week 103 individuals dewormed in week 11 compared to 159 in week 10. G Μ ui e Bloo Water Human Yello ٧ Anim Ν Тур n Α Priority MDR Chole Malari Menin Influenz dy У S Ν Н al ea hoi disease diarr diarrhe gitis ТВ ra 1 Fever Т F bites W hea samples or e m s 1 0 16 202 791 0 0 0 0 0 Ω 0 0 0 cases Deaths 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0

Suspect cholera Cases Identified in the Day	0	Suspect cholera Cases Undergoing Treatment	0
Suspected Acute Flaccid Paralysis cases	0	Suspected Acute Flaccid Paralysis cases undergoing treatment	0
Mortality	Deaths: 01 (01 refugee and 00 national) death was reported in week 11 as was in week 10. All 01 death was of an individual above 5 years and 00 among below 5 years. 01 community deaths and 00 death from health facility. 00 maternal death and 00 death among neonates and 00 stillbirth. Crude mortality rate (CMR): 0.01 deaths/10,000/day in week 11 as was in week 10. Under Five Mortality (U5MR): 0.0 deaths/10,000/day in week 11 compared to 0.1 death/10,000/day in week 10.	Health Workers per 10,000 Population	Total # skilled staff= 140 (medical officers, clinical officers, nurses and midwives). This translates to 12/10,000 population. Given the current population of under Rhino Camp 101,601, Omugo 22,660 (Rhino 123,363) and 56,657 nationals (Overall Total 180,918), children <5 years 23,515 as at 16 th March 2018.
	Antenatal Care:		

- Total ANC: 301 (117 refugees and 184 nationals) total ANC visits were made in week 11 compared to 293 in week 10.
- First ANC Visit: 183 (89 refugees and 94 nationals) attended first ANC in week 11 compared to 154 in week 10.
- Fourth ANC visits: 63 (37 refugees and 26 nationals) attended fourth ANC in week 11 compared to 54 in week 10.

Reproductive Health Mortality / HIV, TB care



80 (**36** refugees and **44** nationals) deliveries were conducted by skilled health workers in week 11 as was in week 10.

Elimination of mother to child HIV transmission (eMTCT) services:

- 183 (89 refugees and 94 nationals) pregnant mothers who attended ANC1 were offered HIV testing services in week 10 compared to 154 in week 10 and all were found HIV negative.
- No (00) HIV positive delivery, therefore, 100% eMTCT coverage.

HIV and AIDS services:

18 (11 refugees and 07 national) individuals were newly tested HIV positive in week 11 compared to 05 in week 10.

Post-natal Care (PNC)

• 104 (58 Refugees and 46 Nationals) mothers attended PNC in week 11 compared to 79 in week 10.

Family planning services:

06 women received modern contraceptives in week 11 compared to 40 in week 10.

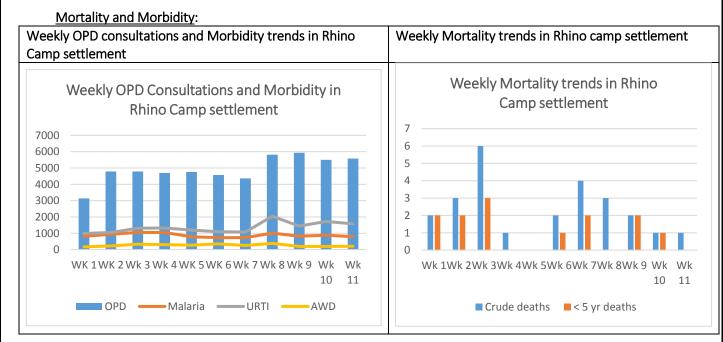
- 815 (462 refugees and 353 nationals) individuals were offered HIV testing services in week 11 compared to 560 in week 10
- 18 new HIV positives was initiated on HIV care and support.
- 9,654 pieces of condoms were distributed in week 11 for HIV prevention in the community compared 1,296 in week 10.

TB care and treatment:

 03 individuals tested TB positive in week 11 compared to 00 in week 10.

• Achievements and Impact

<u>OPD Consultations</u>: 5,577 (3,818 refugees and 1,759 nationals) new OPD consultations were made in week 11 compared to 5,503 in week 10. Sixty eight percent 68% of the consultations to refugees and 32% to nationals. Respiratory Tract infections topped the most common ailments among the consultations with 28% and Malaria was second with 14% of the consultations and acute watery diarrhoea was among 4% of the OPD consultations. Therefore malaria, URTI and AWD contributed to 46% in week 11 compared to 51% in week 10. The incidence of malaria, RTI and watery diarrhoea is estimate at 7 cases/1000 persons/week, RTI 13 cases/1000 persons /week and AWD 2cases/ 1000/week respectively.



• 01 (01 refugee and 00 national) deaths were reported from Rhino Camp settlement in week 11 as was in week 10. None (00) deaths were among individuals below 5 years and 01 among individuals > 5 years. 00 deaths were reported from health center's and 01 from the community. There was no (00) premature, 00 neonatal deaths/< 28 days old deaths, 00 stillbirth and 00 maternal deaths. Therefore, Crude Mortality Rate (CMR) was 0.01 deaths/10,000/day and under-5 year mortality ratio (U5MR) was at 0.0 deaths/10,000/day below the emergency threshold of 1 and 2 deaths/10,000/day respectively. The cause/probable cause of death being 01 due to alcohol intoxication.

Community Disease surveillance and control of Outbreaks

- No (00) reports of suspected diseases of outbreak potential was reported in Rhino Camp settlement in week 11 from week 01.
- In the settlement 194 VHT's are actively involved in reporting cases from the community to health facilities.

Others activities and highlights in the week

- SCI continued to conduct daily outreaches in Omugo extension, Ocia HC and Ofua I health post. 1,372 (1,054 refugees and 318 nationals) with medical consultations in the community in week 11 compared to 1,556 in week 10.
- MTI, GRI, AMREF and SCI continued to carryout routine static and outreach activities in the 7 zones of Rhino Camp settlement and other partners most notably Arua district local government at Siripi, GRI at Odoubu HCII, AMREF at Ofua 4/5, MTI at Ofua, Olujobo and Ocea and Omugo I health post.
- TPO continued to support mental health and psychosocial support services (MHPSS) in the settlements.
- With support from Save the Children, MTI and TPO, 56 VHT's received basic mental health skills training and the overall basic VHT strategy training in Omugo zone.
- MTI has started carrying out sensitization on HIV prevention in schools. In week 11 MTI mobilized and sensitized students of St Luke Secondary school.
- At Omugo HC, MTI carried out hepatitis B testing and vaccination for those found negative. Overall 185 clients were tested and 17 found Hepatitis B positive. Counselling is done for those found positive and follow up tests will be done.
- There was Australian-Canadian government mission at Omugo 2 Health center supported by UNHCR through MTI and AFI.
- 01 staff of AFI was trained in Sexual Gender based violence training organized by IRC and UNHCR in week 11

Identified Needs and Remaining Gaps

• Stock of measles vaccines in some health facilities. The district health office was informed and have received assurance from the national medical stores that the vaccines will be delivered to the district in week 12.

Nutrition

Partners and Agencies: World Food Programme (WFP), UNHCR, UNICEF, ADLG/DHO, Andre Foods International (AFI), Pentecostal Assemblies of God (PAG), Save the Children International (SCI), Medical Teams International (MTI), Global Refuge International, CUAMM Doctors with Africa, Welthungerhilfe (WHH), AMREF

Overall Rhino Camp Settlement weekly active case finding Children less than 5 years Screened for nutritional status 5,236 (68 MAM and 11 SAM).	1.5%	Kuluba New arrival Weekly proxy Global Acute Malnutrition among children 6-59 months, MUAC (< 125 mm and/or oedema/WHZ score) 97 screened (07 MAM 00 SAM). Pregnant and lactating screened 48 screened, 11 <23 cm and 25 were >37 cm were 23	7.2%
Olujobo Screened for nutritional status 988 screened (18 MAM and 00 SAM)	1.8%	Ofua Screened for nutritional status 731 (05 MAM and 04 SAM)	1.2%
Siripi Screened for nutritional status 360 screened (35 MAM and 04 SAM)	10.8%	Oduobu Screened for nutritional status 1,257 (02 MAM and 00 SAM)	0.2%
Omugo zone Screened for nutritional status 1,165 screened (06 MAM and 01 SAM)	0.6%	Ocea Screened for nutritional status 735 (08 MAM and 02 SAM)	1.4%

General Food Distribution Rhino Camp	N/A	New arrivals ration (kilocal /person/day)	N/A
(kilocalories/person/day)	N/A	New arrivals ration (kilocal/person/day)	N/A

Narrative

Achievements and Impact

- 97 children < 5 years and 48 pregnant and lactating women were screened for their nutritional status at Kuluba transit center with a proxy GAM rate of 7.2% in week 11 compared to 83 children < 5 years and 31 PLW with GAM rate of 2.4% in week 10.
- 5,236 children less than 5 years were screened in the entire settlement for their nutritional status in week 11 compared to 4,713 in week 10. Therefore, the weekly proxy Global acute malnutrition in Rhino Camp settlement using MUAC and WHZ score is 1.5% in week 11 compared to 1.1% in week 10. The proxy GAM rate were distributed as follows with Siripi at 10.8%, Omugo zone at 0.6%, Ofua at 1.2%, and Olujobo at 1.8%, Oduobu 0.2%, and Ocea 1.4%.
- 68 children less than 5 years were enrolled in targeted supplementary feeding program in week 11 compared to 38 in week 10. Similarly, new cases of SAM without oedema admitted in Out-Patients Therapeutic program (OTP) were 17 (09 refugees and 08 nationals) in week 11 compared to 11 in week 10. In addition, 443 mothers were enrolled in maternal child health nutrition program in week 11 compared to 402 in week 10.
- 43 (13 refugees and 30 nationals) children less than 5 years were exited from the TSFP, of which 17 (08 refugees and 09 nationals) individuals had cured, 00 transferred out, 03 transferred to OTP/ITP, 21 (4 refugees and 17 nationals) defaulters, and 04 (01 refugee and 03 nationals) non response. Overall for Rhino Camp settlement recovery/cure rate in week 11 was 17 (40%) compared to 54% in week 10. The cure rate among refugees was 08 (62%) and nationals 09 (31%) Other performance 0% death rates, 04 (9.3%) non response rate, defaulter rates 21 (49%) above the UNHCR standards of less than 15%. The defaulter rate among refugees was 04 (31%) and among refugees 17 (59%).
- 01 under 5 year child was exited from OTP in week 11 compared to 03 in week 10. The child exited cured, 00 non-response and 00 death. Therefore recovery/cure rates in OTP in week 11 was 01 (100%), 0(0%) death rate and 0 (0.0%) non-response rate and 0(0%) defaulters in OTP.
- Follow up of defaulters in OTP reveals that 24 (05 refugees and 19 nationals) beneficiaries were tracked in the community in the week 11 compared to 32 in week 10.

Other nutrition activities during the week

Health Education and IYCF sensitization/ nutrition Education:

AFI reached 1,776 individuals with maternal nutrition and IYCF-E messages in week 11 compared to 1,109 in week
 10.

IYCF through mother baby areas:

During the week SCI continued to run 03 MBA's in Eden and 03 in Omugo. In addition the community members
are educated on nutrition and optimal IYCF-E practices

Follow up of defaulters in the community:

• AFI continued to support followed up defaulters in all the 7 zones of the settlement. 24 defaulters in OTP were followed up in week 11 compared to 32 in week 10.

Integrated community meetings:

 AFI, MTI and other partners attended 3 integrated community meetings within Rhino Camp settlement in week 11 during which communities appreciated the nutrition services offered and had no major concerns on nutrition services being offered.

Identified Needs and Remaining Gaps

It has been noted that nationals who seek nutrition services for the first time, do not return for the subsequent follow up. In week 11, out of 29 previously enrolled nationals, 17 never returned after the first visit contributing to defaulter rate of 59% above UNHCR standard of less than 15%. Although in the same week 24 lost-to-follow up children in TSFP were followed up in the community and coupled with routine follow up by 210 active village health teams, there is need to organize community dialogues with the national community to address this.