

# SOCIAL PROTECTION: INSIGHTS FROM THE LCRP



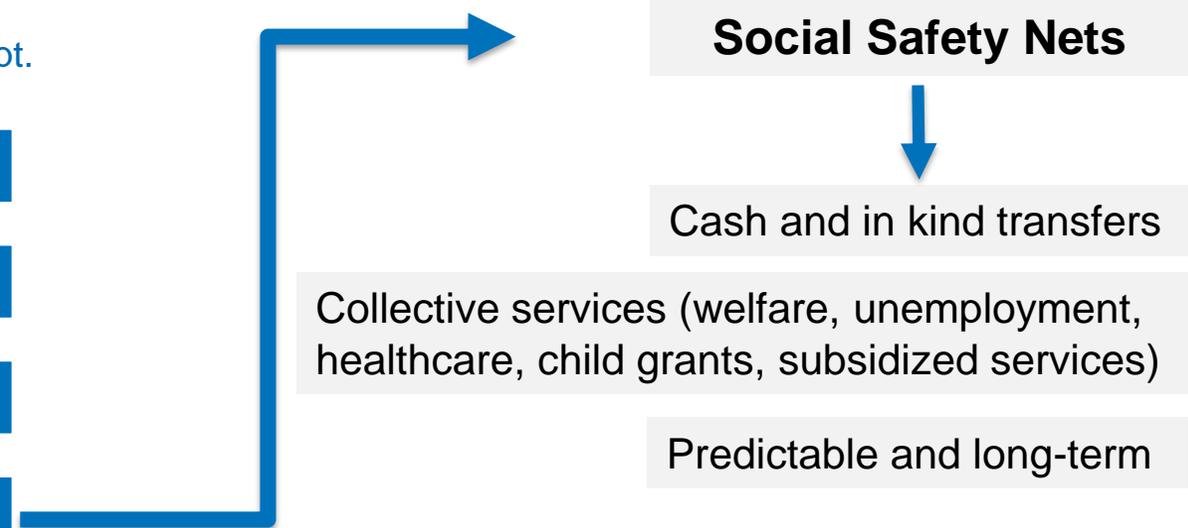
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Coordination**  
Lebanon

# Social Protection: key definitions

## Glossary as agreed by the HCT Cash Taskforce in Lebanon

Social Protection: a set of nationally owned policies and instruments that provide income support and facilitate access to goods and services at minimally accepted levels.

- The overall aim is to protect them from deprivation and minimize social exclusion, particularly during periods of insufficient income, incapacity or inability to work.
- Social protection is often aligned with the Social Protection Floor concept.



# From context to vulnerability

## Country profile



Small country: 10,452 km<sup>2</sup> mainly urban



Upper middle income; economy based on services



Social services highly privatized: education and health



Not signatory: 1951 Refugee Convention, 1967 Protocol



Restrictions on labor for refugees



**Political, legal, and economic restrictions that limit refugees from developing resilience to shocks.**

**Refugees face increased challenges to access basic goods and services available in the market.**



**Vulnerability**



**Multifaceted vulnerability is developed over time.**

**Currently being tackled by sector based responses through activities (services + assistance).**

**There is a need to rethink the framework for action and connect with other stakeholders (development).**



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# Understanding vulnerability from the targeting approach



Sectors that observe this approach:

Protection

Basic Assistance

Food Security

**Socio-economic**

Socio-economic is usually based on vulnerability proxies (i.e. expenditures, or dependency ratio etc..) could be data driven or based on case management



Sectors that observe this approach:

Wash

Shelter

Social Stability

Livelihoods

**Geographic**

Where vulnerability is geographical pronounced (site level or cadastral level) targeting is based on a set of indicators – observed through assessments



Sectors that observe this approach:

Protection

Education

Child protection

SGBV

**Categorical**

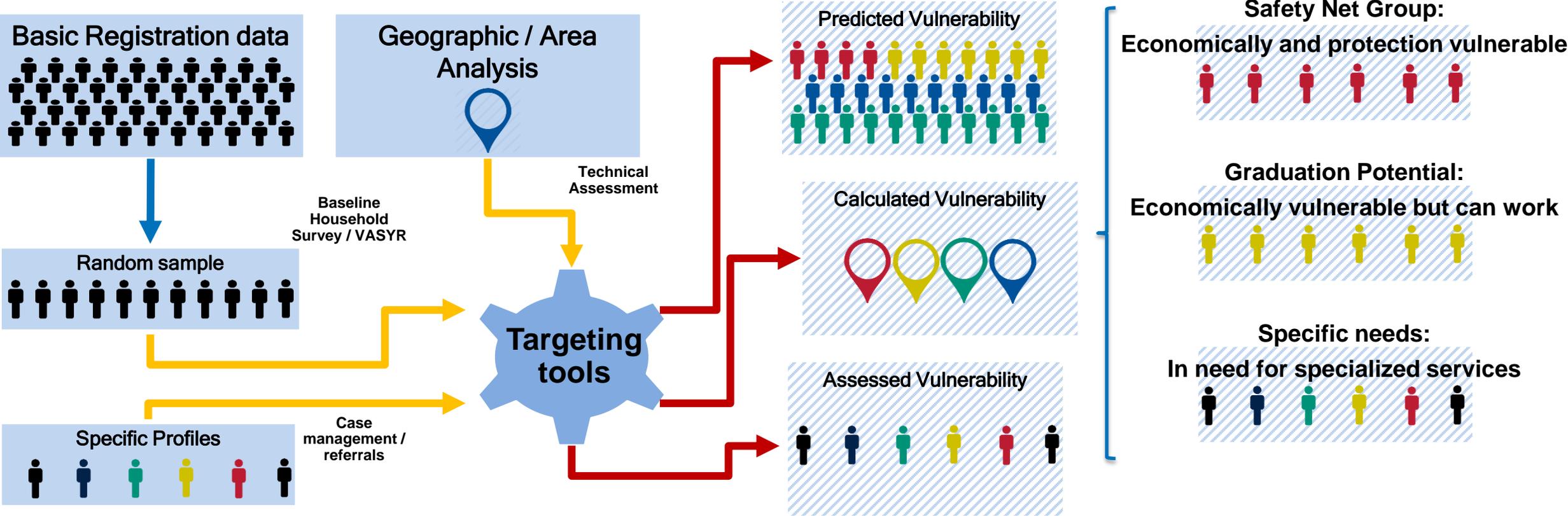
A classical targeting approach that looks into specific profiles, demographic features: children, school aged children, women, elderly...



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# Unpacking social protection

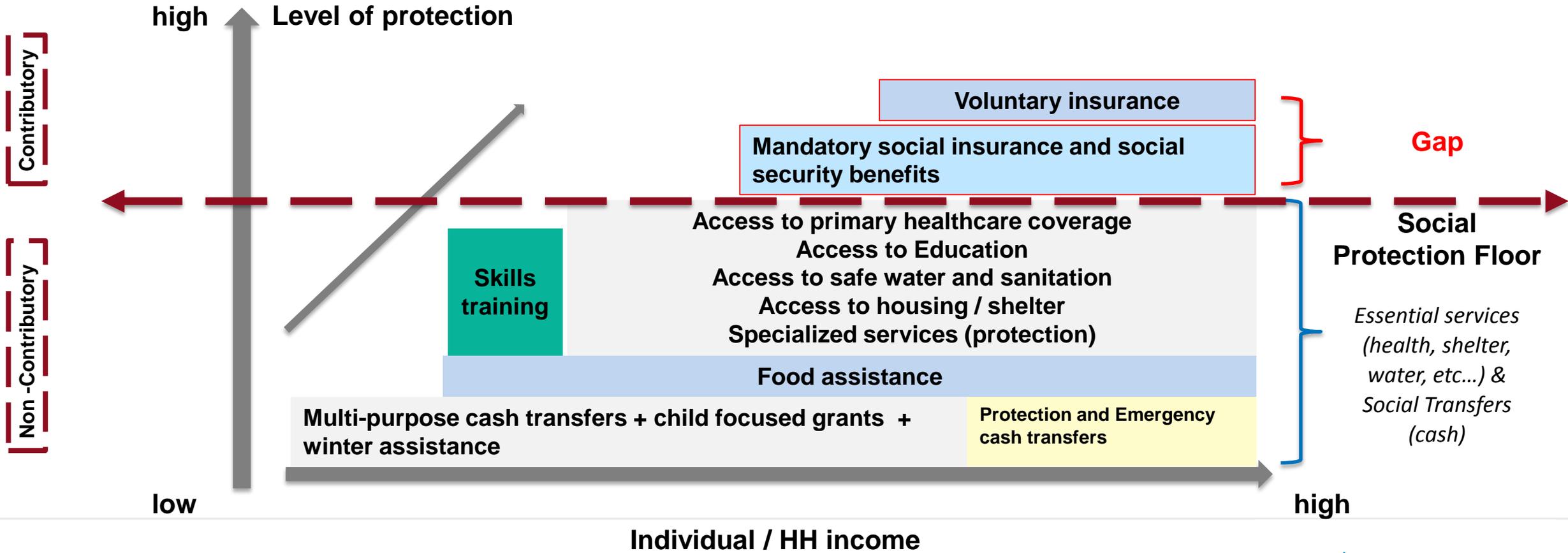
Profiling is a very good starting point: what is the profile of those to be included?



■ Severe   
 ■ High   
 ■ Moderate   
 ■ Least   
 ➔ Extract   
 ➔ Feed   
 ➔ Compute

# Unpacking social protection

Repacking existing activities in a social protection framework



# Way forward

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- **Look closer at current targeting practices within the sectors to find ways to better align**
- **Decide on key activities/services that will need to continue and which should be strengthened**
- **Identify gaps in the current services that we would like to develop within an IA context**
- **Articulate a package of services for different profiles within the population and get a sense on what those services would look over time (i.e. in the context of return)**
- **Looking at complementarity of assistance → how to better track achievements?**