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## Resettlement in Turkey

In the current complex refugee context, resettlement continues to be a critical protection tool and a solution for many vulnerable refugees whose protection needs cannot otherwise be met and who do not have the option of returning home. It also remains an important and a tangible mechanism for responsibility sharing among States. This was confirmed in the UN General Assembly New York Declaration for Refugee and Migrants<sup>1</sup> with the specific commitment made by States to scale up and increase global resettlement opportunities as well as pursue complementary pathways.

UNHCR is mandated by its Statute and the UN General Assembly Resolutions to undertake resettlement as one of the three durable solutions, which include voluntary repatriation and local integration. Resettlement is an essential element in ensuring refugees have access to host countries in which they can thrive and aim for self-sufficiency.

All refugees are processed in accordance with global resettlement criteria which includes the following categories: legal and physical protection needs, survivors of violence and torture, medical needs, women and girls at risk, children and adolescents at risk and family reunification.

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***Resettlement is a tool to provide international protection*** and meet the specific needs of individual refugees whose life, liberty, safety, health or other fundamental rights are at risk in the country where they have sought refuge.

***Resettlement is also a durable solution*** for larger numbers or groups of refugees, alongside the other durable solutions of voluntary repatriation and local integration.

***Resettlement can also be a tangible expression of international solidarity and a responsibility sharing mechanism***, allowing States to help share responsibility for refugee protection, and reduce problems impacting the country of asylum.

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As UNHCR is only able to resettle a fraction of refugees with resettlement needs it concentrates on extremely vulnerable individuals and those facing serious protection risks. In 2018, around 0.5 per cent of the refugee population in Turkey is estimated to be submitted for resettlement.

UNHCR estimates that at least 10 per cent of the Syrians in Turkey (over 350,000 individuals) are in need of resettlement. Resettlement needs for other nationalities are estimated to be at least at 25,000 individuals.

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<sup>1</sup> UN General Assembly, *New York Declaration for Refugees and Migrants : resolution / adopted by the General Assembly, 3 October 2016, A/RES/71/1, available at: <http://www.refworld.org/docid/57ceb74a4.html> [accessed 8 May 2018]*

## Resettlement of Syrians under Temporary Protection

Since 2015, the Directorate General for Migration Management (DGMM) has referred around 120,000 Syrians for resettlement processing. DGMM coordinates referrals from the provincial authorities (multi-agency committees undertake the initial identification based on global resettlement criteria) and forwards them to UNHCR. Since 2017, the provincial authorities also receive lists of vulnerable refugees through the verification of registration of Syrians under Temporary Protection, carried out by DGMM with support from UNHCR. Referrals identified through other sources (protection referrals) are discussed with DGMM through a consultative mechanism that was established in 2015.

- Since 2014, UNHCR implements a **merged procedure, encompassing refugee status determination and resettlement for Syrians**, once referrals are received, in a multi-stage resettlement review process where resettlement cases are selected based on the global resettlement criteria. For the majority of countries to which cases are presented, the process consists of the following stages:
  - **Pre-assessment** – a phone interview to establish the refugee’s presence in Turkey, family composition and interest in resettlement.
  - **Resettlement interview** – an in-depth, in-person interview to assess the eligibility of a case for resettlement according to the global resettlement criteria.
- Depending on the requirements of the resettlement countries, UNHCR prepares a Resettlement Registration Form (RRF) or an Identification Based Methodology (IBM) form for submission.

**DGMM provides important logistical support** for missions to conduct resettlement interviews in the various provinces across Turkey by providing facilities for interviews, facilitating the movement of refugees and coordinating with security and police authorities.

**IOM works closely with UNHCR and resettlement countries** to provide support with health assessments and travel health assistance, pre-departure orientation and movement and travel operations.

## Resettlement of refugees of other nationalities

Conditional refugees (refugees from countries outside of Europe) recognized by the Department General for Migration Management (DGMM), refugees from countries outside of Europe, excluding Syrians who are granted temporary protection in Turkey, are processed for resettlement as the most important durable solution available to them. UNHCR seeks to identify persons with specific needs among refugees from Iraq, Iran, Afghanistan and other countries to prioritise them for resettlement.

## Key Resettlement Figures

over  
**65,000**

as at various stages of the  
resettlement process

overall  
**72**

resettlement missions  
to various provinces  
in Turkey

a total of  
**19**

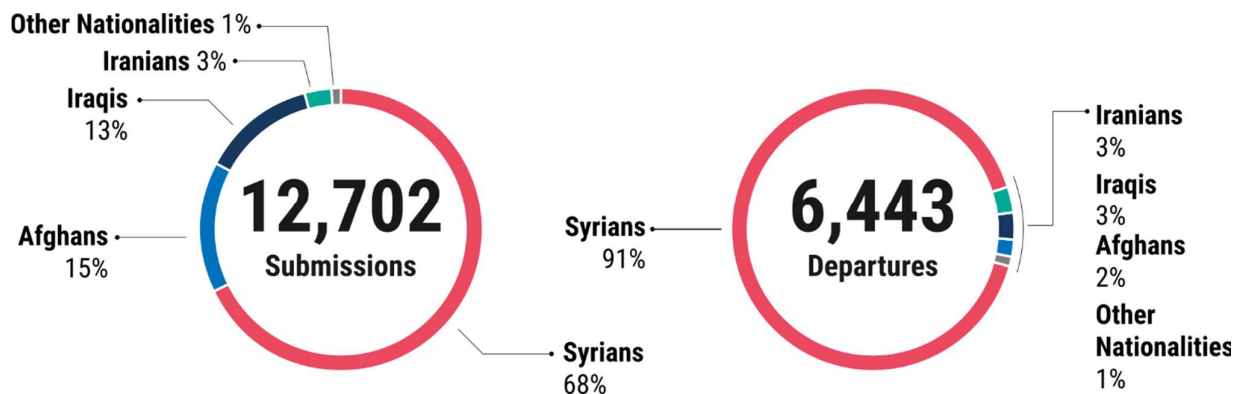
missions were undertaken  
by resettlement countries

- UNHCR Turkey has been implementing **one of the largest resettlement operations in the world** since 2014.
- Since the start of the Syrian crisis to September 2018, UNHCR Turkey has submitted 56,702 Syrians for resettlement processing of which 27,478 Syrians have departed to the resettlement country.

## Resettlement Counselling

Resettlement counselling is a key tool to **provide information, respond to queries and manage refugees' expectations**: To-date in 2018, approximately 65,000 refugees have received resettlement counselling through a variety of means (phone, in-person, online, etc.).

## Resettlement Figures in 2018



**September 2018**

## External and Donor Relations

**Thanks to UNHCR's donors for supporting our resettlement activities in Turkey and for their unrestricted and regional funds in 2018:**

European Union | United States | Canada | Norway | France | Germany | Private donors Australia | Finland | Sweden | Netherlands | United Kingdom | Private donors Spain | Denmark | Australia | Switzerland | Private donors Republic of Korea | Italy | Belgium

### **CONTACT**

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### **LINKS**

[Regional Portal - Syria Regional Refugee Response](#) | [Regional Portal - Mediterranean](#) | [UNHCR Turkey website](#) | [Facebook](#) | [Services Advisor](#) | [UNHCR Help](#)