

Nr.	Sector	Research / Evaluation Question <i>Identifying information need</i>	Rationale (why do we need to know?)
1	Inter-Sector	How can affected populations be better involved in the design, implementation and monitoring and evaluation of the response? Is the response in line with the "whole of society" approach?	Has the response model in place been able to foster accountability to affected population; otherwise, what are the lessons learned and what can be improved?
2	Inter-Sector	What innovations has the response triggered in service delivery systems and public policies?	Advocacy - lessons learned
3	Inter-Sector	How should the funding structure of the response evolve, taking into account the current funding modalities and the evolution of aid coordination in Lebanon?	To advocate for a better funding mechanism, more predictable and multi-year
4	Inter-Sector	How should the LCRP work with national and/or local institutions to ensure a coherent exit and/or transition?	Effort to document what works and not work, and to better understand the evolution of national systems as a result of the protracted crisis
5	Inter-Sector	What capacities are built within national institutions, communities, and at individual levels?	To understand whether the response has sustainably built capacities that will last beyond assistance is provided
6	Inter-Sector	What has been the efficacy of the referral mechanisms?	Lessons learned to improve current system
7	Inter-Sector	Do men and women adopt different strategies (ie. create network, build social capital...) to cope with vulnerabilities and meet their specific needs ?	Little evidence so far on gender dynamics
8	Inter-Sector	How to strengthen the inter-sectoral approach to better prevent, mitigate and respond to the risk of evictions?	For a more effective response to evictions threats
9	Inter-Sector	What has been the impact on multidimensional poverty of the overlapping crises in Lebanon, by population groups (Lebanese, Syrian, etc)?	Poverty is better to be analyzed not only from the expenditure side, but on multiple dimensions particularly on crises situation like Lebanon.
10	Inter-Sector	What is the impact of the dollarization of aid on the purchasing power of the household and on the economy ?	Partners are considering or starting to disburse aid in dollars. The impact of dollarization on the household and the economy is unknown.
11	Protection	What are the key recommendations on how to better outreach to and ensure access to services for persons with specific needs , esp. Persons with Disability, older persons, homeless persons as well as stateless persons and undocumented refugees?	To make sure that our programmes are inclusive of all, including all PwSN groups and others
12	Protection	How can the protection sector improve linkages with and support to the civil society in order to enhance its capacity to improve the protection environment, and prevent/respond to protection risks (incl those mostly	To ensure a "whole of society approach" in the roll-out of the protection strategy for the benefit of the population of concern.

13	Protection	What are the cost associated with birth registration process under different scenario (in different geographical areas/for different profiles), and what are the specific barriers/bottlenecks that are limiting the access to birth	To inform the protection sector strategy to overcome barriers to access to birth documentation and for evidence based advocacy on reduction and
14	Protection	What are the existing non-formal systems and structures in community that people turn to for protection? Which support can people still receive from these structures as the context keeps deteriorating?	While very substantial work has been put in place to support more formal community based structure, there are still informal structure that are critical for the
15	Protection	To what extent do sources of support/borrowing remain safe and accessible, in a context where refugees are increasingly relying on debt to cover essential needs ?	To identify protection risks related to community based support and better mitigate/address these risks
16	Protection	How can case management paired with cash assistance (Emergency Cash Assistance (ECA) and Protection Cash Assistance (PCAP)) help mitigating protection risks in the current context of multifaceted aggravated crisis?	To ensure adaption of specialized protection services to the context. To provide evidence-based guidance on the best use of CM and ECA/PCAP in a context of heightened socio-economic
17	Protection / Child Protection	What child protection programmes, including positive parenting programmes, have been effective in addressing violence against children overall (not just violent discipline)	Violence against children remain high, and despite the interventions carried by government and civil society, a lot still
18	Protection / Child Protection	To what extent have remote services (namely Case Management and physcho-social activities; Parenting Skills, focused psychosocial support) been effective in targeting	To understand the efficacy and impact of remote service delivery
19	Protection / Child Protection	What is the relation/co-relation between family multiple vulnerabilities and child protection: focusing on the negative coping mechanisms that families are resorting to	Drivers for violence against children and child labour
20	Protection / Child Protection	How has the mental health of children and caregivers been affected by the current socio-economic and health crisis and how the affected mental health of caregivers has lead to further deterioration on the well-being of children including resorting to negative coping mechanisms, child	for better programing that account for the mental health of children and their caregivers
21	Protection / SGBV	What has been the impact of different approaches rolled out since the beginning of the crisis to prevent child marriage and child labour? Based on this, which evidence-	To understand behavioural changes. What are the triggers to not go into those bad practices (is this because of the
22	Social Stability	What is the impact of social stability programming on the wider community, beyond those directly targeted/beneficiaries of the programmes?	Would help understand the indirect effect of social stability programming
23	Social Stability	What is the impact of dematerialized (online) interventions on social stability and what are the best practices for online interventions in peace building ?	Would help in the current context of working with online modalities in the light of the COVID-19 Pandemic
24	Social Stability	What types of social stability interventions, including conflict sensitivity, are most effective in mitigating tensions?	Would help better target resources and design most effective interventions
25	Social Stability	What is the impact of cash programming on social tensions?	Would help given the importance in the overall response and policy environment as tensions are rising due to the lack of
26	Social Stability	How do gender dynamics affect social tensions and how do social tensions affect gender dynamics?	Would help LCRP partners design gender-sensitive programmes more effectively
27	Social Stability	In the absence of financial transfer from the government, how can the LCRP partners organize support to municipalities while ensuring that the support is in line	Would help LCRP partners planning community support projects with municipalities in ensuring accountability
28	Social Stability	What could be the impact of increased insecurity (including communal insecurity and vigilante groups) on LCRP interventions and programming?	Would help LCRP partners in their BCP and contingency planning
29	Basic Assistance	What is the impact of cash-based interventions under the Basic Assistance sector on local economies?	This questions tried to measure a multiplier effect of cash assistance injected in the local economy.
30	Basic Assistance	Has multi-purpose cash assistance had positive outcomes on families' ability to meet needs and overall wellbeing, with a focus on protection outcomes and negative coping	Sector main outcome includes increased ability of vulnerable families to meet basic needs with multi-purpose cash
31	Basic Assistance	What are the main factors needed to effectively implement "cash-plus" programs and how to make it work?	With the lack of social safety nets, specifically for refugees, and increased vulnerabilities in Lebanon, increased

32	Basic Assistance	How to enhance targeting given the current economic situation of refugees population and how can vulnerability profiles play a role in more targeting program design?	Can inform targeting discussions as funding decreases and vulnerabilities increase while providing evidence on
33	Energy	Has access to affordable clean energy (i.e. solar home system, biomass briquette, solar PV) decrease the energy expenditure of vulnerable households in short and long-	To measure the impact of interventions on livelihoods
34	Energy	How much have schools (education)/hospitals(health)/other social service providers saved in energy expenditure due to sustainable	To measure the impact of interventions on Education/Health sector
35	Energy	Has solar street lightening had an impact on Social Stability (ie. Petty crime, sense of security...)?	To quantify the benefit of the interventions.
36	Energy	Are local communities/municipalities/institutions interested and able (financial and human capacities) to invest in renewable energy solutions? If not able, what	To identify the needed interventions
37	Livelihoods	What is the impact of the support to cooperatives and MSMEs in terms of jobs creation and local economic development? (sustainability and efficiency of businesses support)?	Supporting MSMEs is one of the key priorities of the livelihoods sector and is given a lot of importance in terms of economic resilience. Partners are implementing several projects in terms of
38	Livelihoods	How has employability activities contributed to people access to the labour market? (sustainability and efficiency of employability activities).	Partners also focuses and provide job counselling services, on-the-job, and home-based income businesses opportunities to vulnerable individuals. This support also continues to be a priority for the sector despite the challenges on the supply side of the
39	Shelter	What are the shelter conditions of vulnerable populations living in urban and peri-urban shelters across all cohorts (population groups)? (No existing comparable datasets for	Better understanding of shelter vulnerabilities, so as to better reflect host community needs in the shelter response.
40	Shelter	What are the effects of the different shelter implementation modalities (whether through landlord, beneficiary or contractor) on job opportunities for both	Would help understand the indirect impact of shelter interventions
41	Shelter	What is the impact of shelter activities on inter-community tensions?	Implications for the nationality cohort targeting and how donors earmarked their funding
42	Food Security/Livelihoods	i) Have interventions, under different sector outputs, supporting small-scale farmers, had a positive impact on their livelihoods as well as local food production and productivity (especially cash & vouchers support, grants support, assets distribution, conservation agriculture trainings)? ii) Has the provision of agriculture inputs under emergency schemes to small-scale farmers been helpful to allow them to resume/continue agriculture activities and improve their livelihoods?	This question is very relevant to assess whether all the activities put in place under the sector have contributed to an increased food agri production and therefore to increased incomes and livelihoods
43	Food Security	What is the impact of the in-kind food assistance modality on the food security of participants? Is it a relevant modality in the current cash-based assistance model in Lebanon? In the current financial/economic situation, can this modality provide a substitute or complement for cash-based transfers?	The question is relevant insofar under the in-kind food assistance there are no formal assessments of the food security changes for beneficiaries, while for in-cash-based assistance for Syrians the VASyR is implemented every year and there is indeed an information gap. The current situation in Lebanon warrants a
44	Food Security/Basic assistance	What is the indirect local economic impact of large-scale humanitarian assistance (including food assistance) over extended time?	In-depth analysis will increase knowledge base

45	Food Security/Livelihoods	What are the sector interventions that are most conducive to create market opportunities and linkages for farmers and agriculture cooperatives?	Access to markets is crucial for farmers to sell their products and to buy food; therefore, the market dimension is an interesting one to explore to also re-direct the sector strategy if necessary.
46	Food Security	What kind of resilience oriented interventions could be identified to guide the stabilisation dimension of the FS in a post LCRP scenario?	
47	Food Security/Health	What is the impact of training / awareness provided in nutrition practices on the target populations' diets?	
48	Food Security/Livelihoods	How have the activities undertaken under agricultural TVET (technical and vocational training) contributed to improvement in employability and access to the agri labour market for its direct beneficiaries?	Access to markets is also a determinant for farmers and youth that received trainings to find employment.
49	Food Security	What is the impact of large-scale food assistance on gender, youth and children?	In-depth analysis will increase knowledge base