



World Food Programme



WFP operational update

RHPG

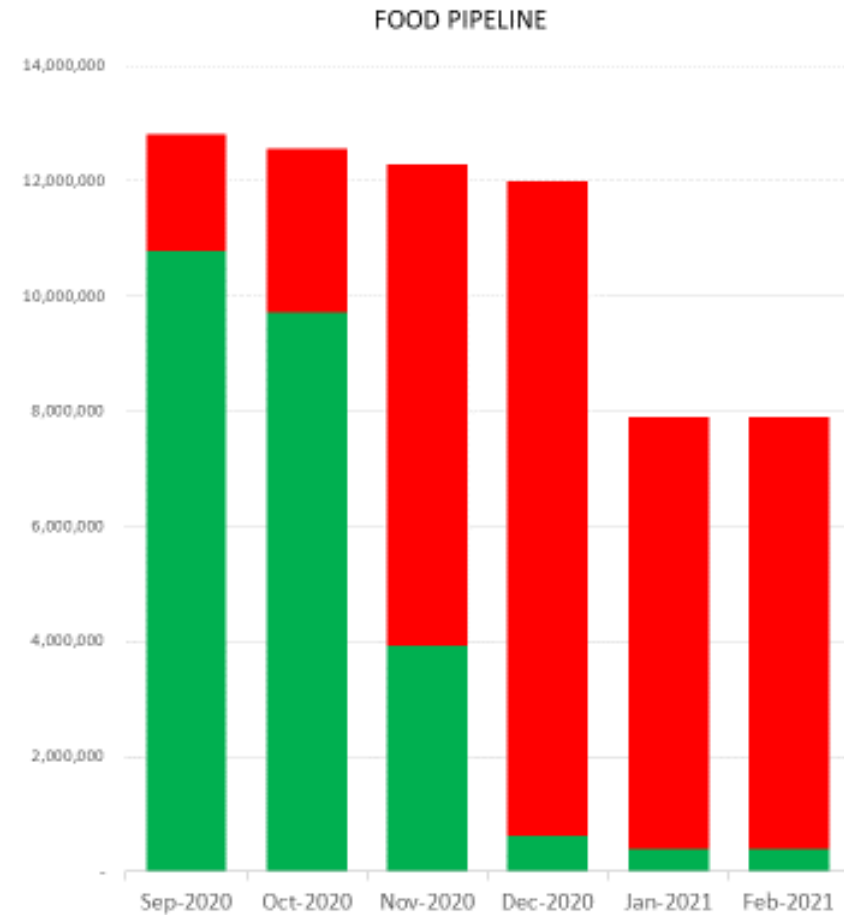
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10th September 2020

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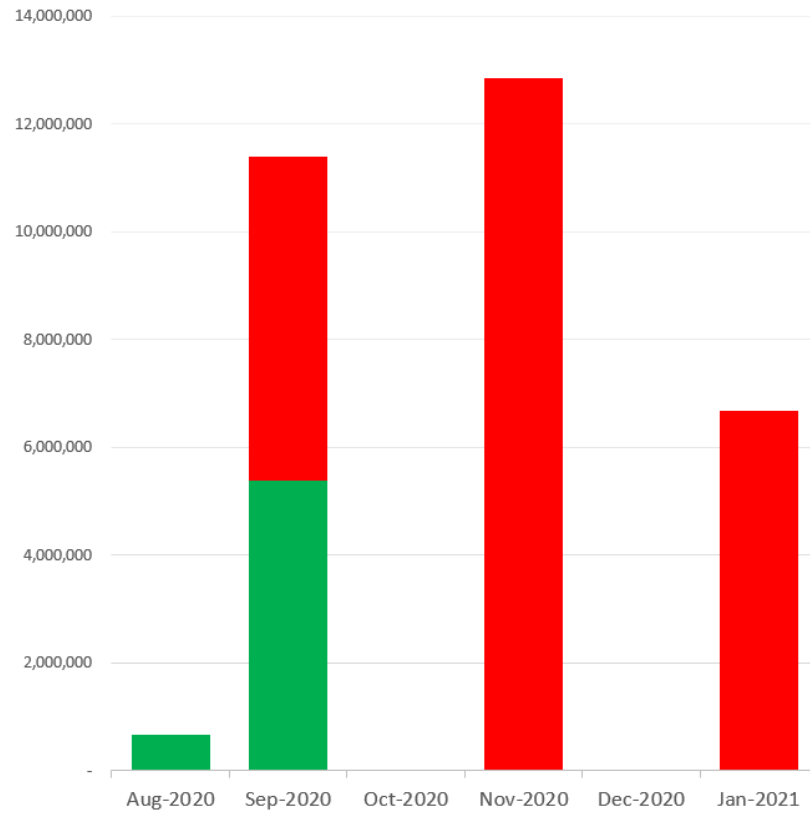
- Pipeline status
- Operations update
- Market, price and food security monitoring update
- Analysis of cash vs in-kind food consumption scores
- Update on Joint UNHCR/WFP Protection Assessment

Pipeline status: Needs Based Plan (100% ration)

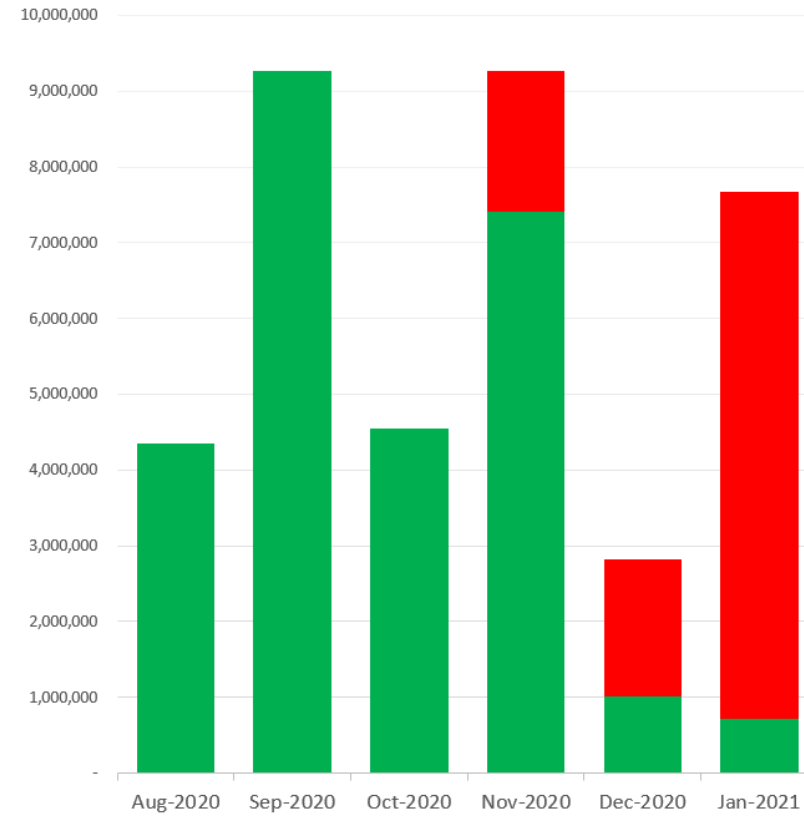


Pipeline status: 70% ration (no change since August RHPG)

Cash Pipeline



Food Pipeline



Pipeline Status

- CBT pipeline break for September due to unexpected delay in final approval of contributions – should be resolved in time!
- Pipeline break in pulses November onwards, unless contributions confirmed soon
- Forecast break in CBT pipeline December onwards (approx. \$1.7m gap to maintain 70% ration for December)
- Outlook for Q1 2021 extremely bleak: further rations reductions may be required in new year, possibly before
- Overall requirements for next six months: USD 70 million

Operations update

- GFA double distributions started this week in most settlements
- Imvepi and Palorinya will receive October/November double distributions to balance resources (cash, in-kind and human resources)
- More settlements to join those two - to further balance the monthly needs
- Strict 'No mask, no entry' rule during distributions extended to northern settlements (by 'mask' we mean 'face covering', e.g. scarf, etc. if people do not have masks)
- Due to the easing of lockdown measures, WFP has stopped serving refugees who are registered in other settlements, except for refugees in settlements where localized movement restrictions in place (Adjumani, Palabek)
- Business continuity plans continue to evolve. WFP introduced 'compartmentalization' of staff into small teams, incl. driver and specific car - strict rules about non-contact with other staff on and off duty.

Market, price and food security monitoring update

GFA Price Monitoring

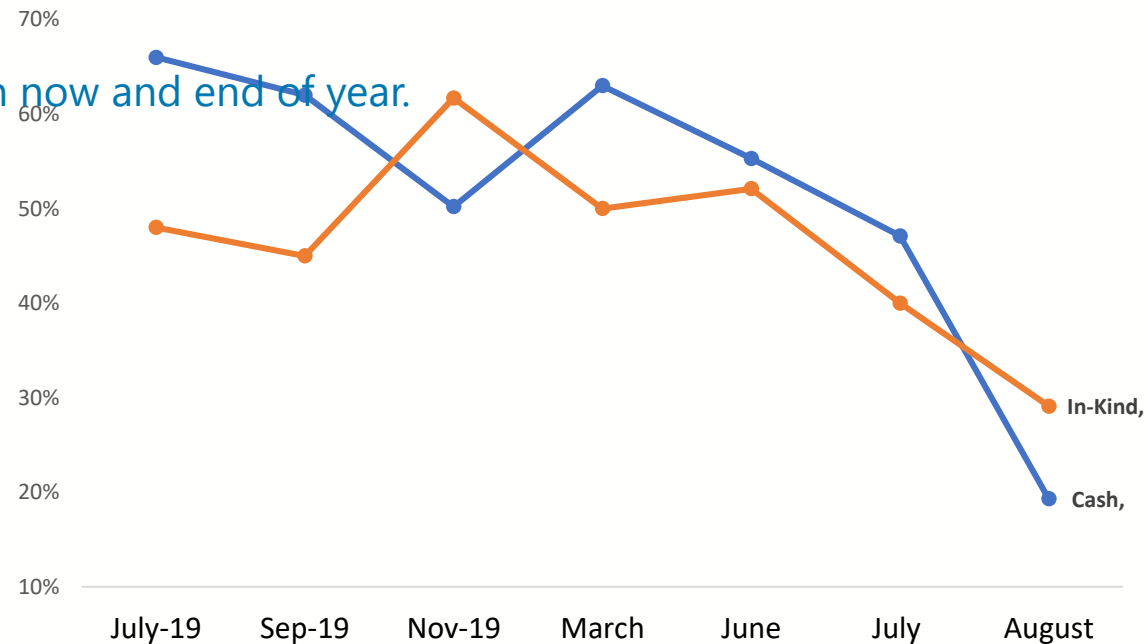
- Overall, the cost of the GFA food basket has consistently decreased since May 2020, decreasing by five percent from July to August 2020 (five percent decrease in West Nile and relative stable in South West)
- Compared to March 2020, when restrictions to curb the spread of COVID-19, the price of the food basket has reduced by eight percent
- By August 2020, the WFP cash transfer value was able to cover 117 percent of the food transfer value (106 in West Nile and 138 percent in South West), i.e. 117 percent of the **70 percent** of the basic survival ration (equivalent to approx. 78 percent of the full, basic survival ration) People are still far from getting their basic needs met

Food Security Monitoring

- Kyaka II, Bidi Bidi, Adjumani settlements have the worst food consumption
- Rwamwanja, Nakivale have the best food consumption outcomes
- Overall, 2.5 in 10 households have insufficient food consumption (25% of Households)
- The food consumption improved from July to August but was less than that of July 2019

Cash vs. In-Kind Food Consumption Scores

- Counter-cyclical variations exist in the food consumption of cash vs. in-kind beneficiaries. The differences are not however significant or uni-directional to conclude that one mode offers better consumption than the other.
- Impact analysis requires additional econometric analysis controlling for a number of skew factors. WFP is conducting trial econometric analysis on the FSNA data to establish relationships.
- Despite challenges faced in 2020, since the June harvest, market prices since have been much lower than in 2019.
- Prices will rise between now and end of year.





Update on Joint UNHCR/WFP Protection Assessment

- Scope of assessment: widened to cover broader protection spectrum rather than focus solely on SGBV in order to identify and mitigate all protection concerns that may be interrelated
- Geographical scope: the assessment will be conducted in Kyangwali and additional settlements for comparability of results and learning
- Data collection tools: to be reviewed to reflect the change in scope, and methodology to introduce a control sample of food recipients for comparison
- Data collection postponed given the COVID-19 context in Kyangwali which was the pilot settlement
- Data collection methods that limit person to person interaction will be considered.

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