



### Overview

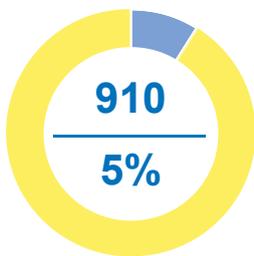
The sector aims for comprehensive settlement planning to ensure a conducive environment for socio-economic transformation and resilience in all refugee settlements and hosting communities. This is done through construction of roads, upgrading of reception facilities, rehabilitating and maintaining projects through a project management approach as well as developing comprehensive physical plans and demarcating land for shelter, livelihood, institutional use, common spaces and buffer zones.

Despite restrictions on border entry due to COVID-19, the sector ensured that all refugees received appropriate and timely assistance in line with the sector strategy. This included shelter kits to enable them to construct their emergency shelter (which they can later turn into semi-permanent shelter) and non-food item (NFI) support in line with the minimum agreed standards for Uganda. The sector, through direct labour and technical support, also ensured that semi-permanent shelters were constructed for persons with specific needs using market and community-based approaches. Ongoing repair and maintenance of communal shelters at operational transit facilities and reception centers has continued in order to meet the desired living conditions while taking into consideration facilities needed to respond to the COVID-19 outbreak.

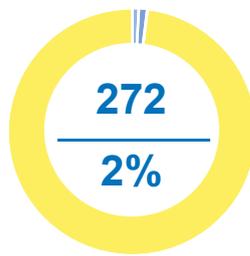
A key objective for the sector is to ensure that shelter options blend in with host communities, as such it continues to push for the implementation of a revised shelter strategy that takes into account more environmentally sustainable, culturally sensitive and flexible designs. In addition, a key approach throughout the settlements is the continued establishment of settlement planning guidelines following the Master Plan approach, which aims to improve site planning and contribute to land use optimisation.

### Key indicators

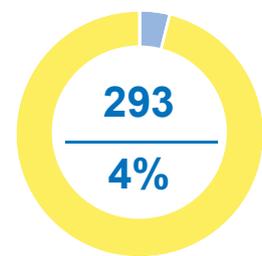
Achievements per quarter Q1 Q2 Q3 Q4 annual target



Newly arrived refugee households receiving NFI kits  
Target: 17,999



Refugee PSN households assisted with semi-permanent shelters  
Target: 16,899 HH



Ind. trained and/or employed in sustainable construction  
Target: 6,571

### Objective: Ensure the minimum non-food items (NFI) standards for all refugees are met

Indicator Actual Target (2021) Actual against annual target

#### Newly arrived refugees receiving NFI kits\*

| Indicator                      | Actual | Target (2021) | Actual against annual target |
|--------------------------------|--------|---------------|------------------------------|
| - Congolese and other refugees | 1,925  | 39,999        | 3%                           |
| - South Sudanese refugees      | 0      | 20,000        | 0%                           |
| - Burundian refugees           | 0      | 1,998         | 0%                           |

### Objective: Access to improved and sustainable shelters for refugee households is increased

Indicator Actual Target (2021) Actual against annual target

#### Individuals trained and/or employed in sustainable construction

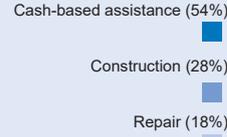
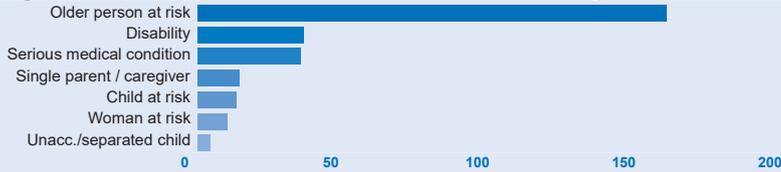
| Indicator                      | Actual | Target (2021) | Actual against annual target |
|--------------------------------|--------|---------------|------------------------------|
| - Congolese and other refugees | 293    | 2,165         | 14%                          |
| - South Sudanese refugees      | 0      | 4,199         | 0%                           |
| - Burundian refugees           | 0      | 207           | 0%                           |
| - Host community               | 0      | 2,816         | 0%                           |

#### Refugee PSN households assisted with semi-permanent shelters

| Indicator                      | Actual | Target (2021) | Actual against annual target |
|--------------------------------|--------|---------------|------------------------------|
| - Congolese and other refugees | 26 HH  | 5,490 HH      | <1%                          |
| - South Sudanese refugees      | 246 HH | 10,974 HH     | 2%                           |
| - Burundian refugees           | 0 HH   | 435 HH        | 0%                           |

\* The GoU continues to apply exceptions and allows people in need of protection and life-saving assistance to enter Uganda despite official border closures

## Refugee PSN households assisted with semi-permanent shelters



**Objective: Sustainable settlement land use is maximised to optimal mutual benefit for refugees and hosts through the integration of settlement plans with local government plans and labour-intensive public works**

| Indicator  | Actual | Target (2021) | Actual against annual target |
|--|--------|---------------|------------------------------|
| <b>Roads rehabilitated for all-year access to community services</b> |        |               |                              |
| - Congolese and other refugees                                       | 121 KM | 146 KM        | 83%                          |
| - South Sudanese refugees  | 37 KM  | 482 KM        | 8%                           |
| - Burundian refugees   | 0 KM   | 44 KM         | 0%                           |
| - Host community   | 7 KM   | 672 KM        | 1%                           |

*Includes (new) roads without roadside vegetation and ongoing work*

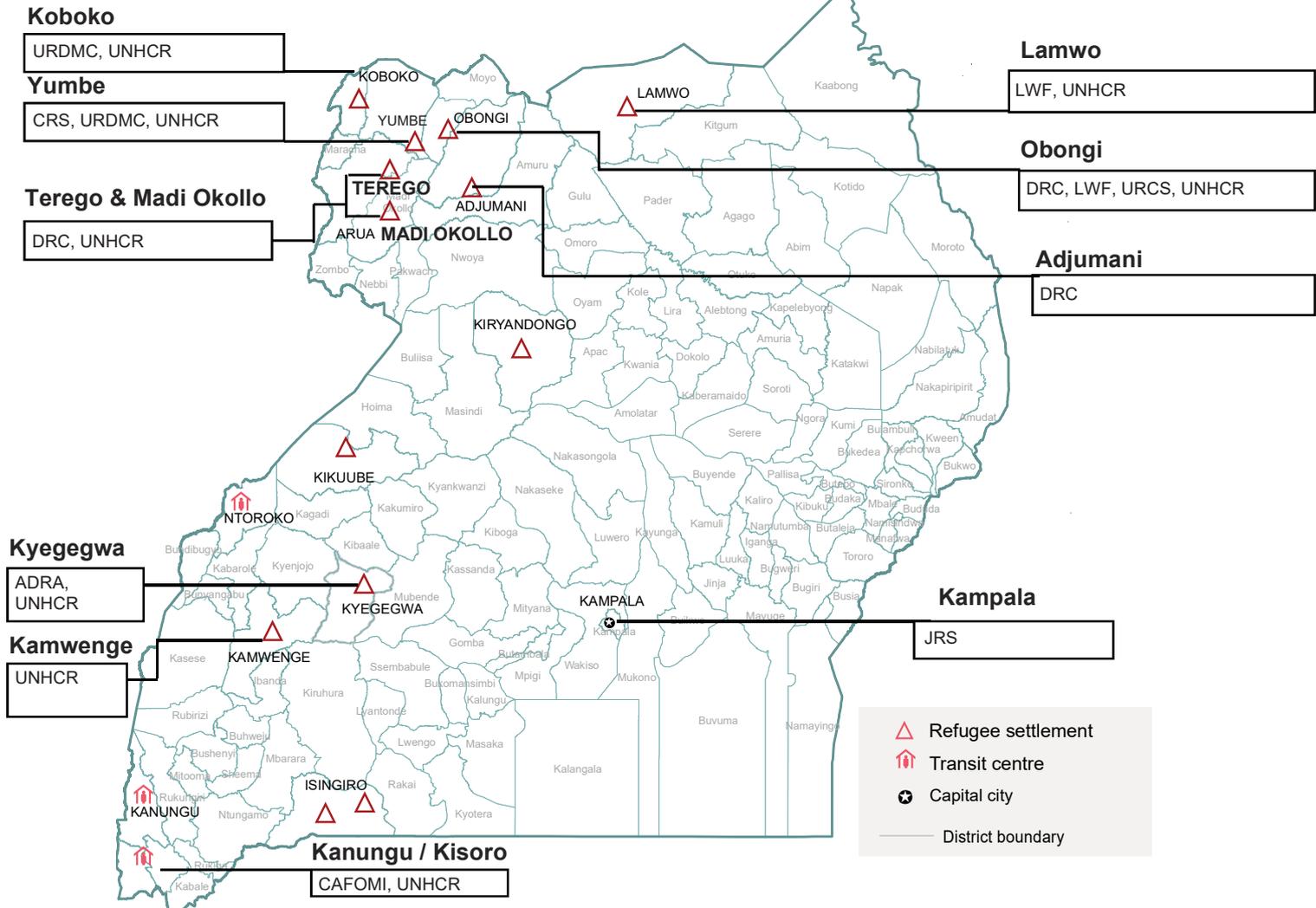
## Energy-efficient street lights installed in refugee hosting sub-counties

|                                |   |     |    |
|--------------------------------|---|-----|----|
| - Congolese and other refugees | 0 | 225 | 0% |
| - South Sudanese refugees      | 0 | 275 | 0% |
| - Burundian refugees           | 0 | 60  | 0% |

**Shelter, Settlement and NFI Funding required (2021) \$ 53.2M**

**Shelter, Settlement and NFI Funding received (2021) \$ 3.2M**

## Operational presence



The boundaries and names shown and the designations on this map do not imply official endorsement or acceptance by the United Nations