

# Cabo Delgado - External Update

## **Internal Displacement Response - June 2022**

More than **784,000**<sup>i</sup> people are internally displaced in northern Mozambique due to violence perpetrated by non-state armed groups (NSAGs). UNHCR reiterates its concern for the protection and humanitarian needs of displaced and host communities in Cabo Delgado and neighboring provinces.

UNHCR is also concerned with the volatile security situation in Cabo Delgado, especially recent attacks in historically safe districts. UNHCR and partners are working closely with local authorities to ensure that the needs of both recently and previously displaced communities are addressed in northern Mozambique.

Despite some spontaneous returns within Cabo Delgado, UNHCR reiterates the importance of ensuring that returns are **safe**, **voluntary**, **conducted with dignity** and based on an **informed decision**, and that **basic services are restored** in areas of origin.

#### **KEY ACHIEVEMENTS: JAN 2021 – JUNE 2022**

118,310 people can access GBV services established by UNHCR and partners

**85,000** people provided with Site Management and Support (SMS) interventions.

79,150 people/15,830 families received Non-Food Items (NFIs)

77,250 people reached by GBV prevention and response awareness campaigns

24,038 people from displaced and/or host communities received legal assistance out of which 16,337 received IDs and birth certificates

**1,674** emergency, transitional and shelter toolkits provided reaching to **8,100** people.

1,128 partner and government staff, and community volunteers trained on GBV

535 youths from displaced and host communities receiving technical and vocational training

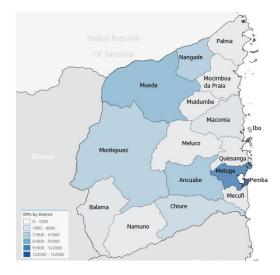
240 trained community volunteers providing awareness and referrals to GBV services

130 Protection Focal Points working with displaced and host communities, disseminating protection messages and referring vulnerable cases for services and assistance

<sup>1</sup> IOM/DTM Mozambique — <u>Baseline Assessment Round 15 (February 2022).</u> Cabo Delgado, Nampula, Niassa, Zambezia and Sofala Provinces.



UNHCR and partners provide material for the construction of new shelters forIDPs in Montepuez, Cabo Delgado. ©UNHCR/ Damien Mc Sweeney







## **Protection**

- **Protection monitoring (PM):** UNHCR partner HelpCode continued systematic PM activities in Mueda district to identify and respond to protection needs and risks. HelpCode interviewed a total of **1,370** households, who reported witnessing or suffering **364** past or present protection incidents, for which UNHCR is providing follow-up. Since September 2021, UNHCR former partner Caritas and current partners Association for Volunteers in International Service (AVSI) and HelpCode interviewed **19,664** households and recorded **6,139** protection incidents. PM activities for **29** newly hired and trained partner data collectors are set to begin across southern districts and key potential return districts starting next month.
- Access to documentation: UNHCR partner Catholic University of Mozambique (UCM) assisted **707** IDPs and host community members (**230** women, **162** men, **150** girls, and **165** boys) access civil documentation, focusing on populations in the provincial capital Pemba, which has received mass influxes of people displaced by recent attacks. Since December 2020, UNHCR and UCM provided legal assistance and access to civil documentation to **24,038** IDPs and host community members (**7,908** women, **6099** men, **5175** girls, and **4856** boys), of which **16,337** (**5,595** women, **4,585** men, **3,279** girls and **2,878** boys) received civil documentation, resulting in the issuance of a total of **18,047** civil documents (including both birth certificates and national IDs, with some individuals receiving both).
- Community engagement and communication with communities: (i) UNHCR, with the support of members of the Protection Cluster and partners, completed the production of the first Protection Glossary, which translates key protection and humanitarian terminology into the main local languages, aiming to improve communication with displaced and host communities during community outreach activities. (ii) On International Children's Day, UNHCR and partner Association for Volunteers in International Service (AVSI), in collaboration with UNHCR protection focal points (PFPs) and young UNHCR human rights advocates, organized child rights awareness-raising sessions in the southern districts, reaching 252 people (two women, 11 men, 122 girls, and 117 boys). (iii) UNHCR partner AVSI disseminated protection messages and monitored protection risks through home visits in the southern districts, reaching 146 people (46 women, 34 men, 28 girls, and 38 boys). UNHCR continues maintaining close contact with IDPs, host communities, and PFPs to receive frequent updates regarding displacement trends and urgent protection needs.
- Protection of persons living with disabilities (PwDs): (i) UNHCR held the Disability Working Group meeting, co-chaired by UNHCR and FAMOD, with participants from 13 UN agencies and NGOs. Members discussed challenges and practical recommendations for inclusion of and assistance to PwDs, based on data drawn from recent disability assessments carried out in Cabo Delgado. (ii) UNHCR partner Association for Volunteers in International Service (AVSI), in collaboration with UNHCR protection focal points (PFPs), conducted assessments with 290 elderly persons (170 women and 120 men) and 264 PwDs (125 women and 139 women) in the southern districts to better understand their needs and prepare for coming activities geared towards assisting these groups. (iii) Additionally, AVSI carried out IDP home visits, reaching a total of 191 persons (35 women, 29 men, 32 girls, 27 boys, 40 elderly persons, and 28 PwDs), with a focus on understanding the MHPSS needs of elderly people and PwDs. (iv) Lastly, AVSI, in collaboration with UNHCR PFPs, held protection awareness-raising sessions with 322 IDPs (49 women, 73 men, 75 girls, 11 boys, 55 elderly women, 56 elderly men, and three PwDs).
- **Protection trainings for partners:** UNHCR trained **64** partner staff from Association for Volunteers in International Service (AVSI), Humanity and Inclusion (HI), Plan International, Catholic University of Mozambique (UCM), and HelpCode on UNHCR's mandate; global displacement trends; persons with specific needs; protection approaches and principles; child and youth protection; GBV/PSEA; referral pathways; protection incidents; data protection; and data collection methodologies. UNHCR further provided a GBV prevention and response and PSEA training to **55** protection focal points (PFPs) (**22** women and **33** men) from across Cabo Delgado's southern districts. With this GBV training, UNHCR completed the provision of **four** separate rounds of GBV/PSEA learning sessions to all PFPs in Cabo Delgado.

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- Working with partners and local authorities: In response to the massive influxes of people displaced by recent attacks in Cabo Delgado's southern districts, UNHCR continued working closely with the Government, the Area Humanitarian Country Team (AHCT), Clusters, and partners to ensure a coordinated response to assist newly displaced families, offering key Protection, Shelter/NFI and CCCM support, including assisting government needs assessment missions in the identification and protection of vulnerable individuals throughout the province.
- World Refugee Day activities: UNHCR, in coordination with local government institutions and protection focal points (PFPs), organized a 10km solidarity run in Pemba City with 200 participants, among them refugees, IDPs, host community members, Government officials, and humanitarian organizations. During post-run ceremony, the Provincial Governor of Cabo Delgado, the President of the Municipality of Pemba, and the UNHCR Head of Sub office congratulated participants and stressed the importance of the right to seek protection and of assisting displaced communities. Following the run, UNHCR, local authorities, and PFPs organized a beach clean-up involving 60 people from displaced and host communities in three beaches in Pemba. Lastly, UNHCR and partner Catholic University for Mozambique (UCM) organized a round table conference on the international and national legal frameworks governing refugees and IDPs, with the participation of 60 guests from the Government, academia, and humanitarian organizations.



### **Gender Based Violence**

- **GBV prevention and response:** In response to the recent attacks in Cabo Delgado's southern districts, UNHCR partner Doctors with Africa's (CUAMM) GBV Mobile Legal Clinic and community activists, in addition to continuing their regular activities in the affected districts, extended services to new arrivals/GBV survivors/high risk cases, including comprehensive case management, access to health and legal services, MHPSS, and access to referral mechanisms, reaching a total of **3,627** IDPs. Additionally, UNHCR protection focal points (PFPs) conducted two different GBV/PSEA awareness-raising activities in the southern districts, reaching a total of **496** people with GBV prevention and response messages (**176** women, **72** men, **45** adolescent boys, **82** adolescent girls **94** children, **13** elderly persons, and **14** persons living with disabilities). Lastly, UNHCR, jointly with partner HelpCode, conducted GBV case management supervision sessions with the aim of continuously developing partner case workers' skills in assisting survivors.
- **Protection from sexual exploitation and abuse (PSEA):** During the PSEA Network and Protection Cluster meetings, UNHCR stressed the importance of ensuring that PSEA measures are properly embedded in the response to the mass displacements resulting from the attacks in Cabo Delgado's southern districts. As part of this effort, UNHCR provided **250** Information-Education-Communication (IEC) materials to partners to be provided to displaced communities.



# **Camp Coordination and Camp Management (CCCM)**

• Site management with local authorities and communities In Mueda district, UNHCR and partner Solidarité International (SI) supported local authorities in reviewing site plans for Lyanda, Eduardo Mondlane and Nadimba IDP sites, conducted service mapping and verification of 2,826 displaced households in the Lyanda IDP site to ensure an age, gender data breakdown is available. Additionally, in IDP sites in the Montepuez district, UNHCR CCCM partner Association for Volunteers in International Service (AVSI) mobilized the community to undertake site bush clearance of the walkways and roads to facilitate access and mitigate protection risks. AVSI provided the necessary tools and basic labor incentives, with a total of 110 IDPs and host community members (51 women and 59 men) participating in the activity. Lastly, UNHCR and AVSI supported local authorities in (i) mapping newly displaced persons from Ancuabe in Montepuez, identifying a total of 3,336 individuals (1,052 households); (ii) mapping and allocating 244 empty shelters in sites, registering IDPs with an age and gender breakdown, and advocating with partners for assistance; and (iii) based on safety, dignity, voluntariness, and informed consent, relocating 591 vulnerable individuals (172 households) from poor improvised shelter conditions in host communities to established IDP sites of Ntele and Nicuapa to facilitate their access to quality shelter and other services.



## **Shelter and NFIs**

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- **Shelter:** UNHCR went on mission to Mueda district to provide site-planning and demarcation support to partners Solidarité International (SI) and local authorities, allowing for the identification of new parcels for shelter construction. This enabled SI to complete the construction of the first **100** shelters out of total of **800** planned for 2022. Additionally, in Montepuez district, UNHCR partner Association for Volunteers in International Service (AVSI) completed the registration of **102** vulnerable households selected for shelter assistance. In total, UNHCR and partners have provided emergency and transitional shelter, as well as shelter toolkits, to **8,100** individuals (**1,674** households).
- NFIs: (i) In response mass influxes resulting from recent attacks in Cabo Delgado's southern districts, UNHCR, with partner Association for Volunteers in International Service (AVSI), began delivering **500 NFIs** (in the form of core relief item (CRI) kits, comprised of **1000** blankets, **1000** mats, **500** kitchen sets, **500** plastic sheets, **300** jerry cans, and **200** buckets) to IDPs in the affected districts. As of the reporting period, **83** households had received the NFIs, with the distribution of the remaining **417** NFI kits ongoing. Since January 2021, UNHCR and partners distributed NFIs to **79,150** individuals (**15,830** households)

#### **Financial information**

UNHCR's financial requirements for the **refugee and IDP activities in Mozambique** in 2022 totals **US\$ 36.7 million of which 24 percent has been covered as of end of June**. **A special thank you** to Giuliana Lagetto, Japan, private donors, United Nations Central Emergency Relief Fund (CERF), United States of America and Vodafone Foundatioon **for their contributions to UNHCR's operations in Mozambique**, and to Belgium, Canada, Germany, Ireland, Norway, Netherlands, Private donors, Switzerland, and Spain for their **unearmarked contributions to UNHCR's operations worldwide**.

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