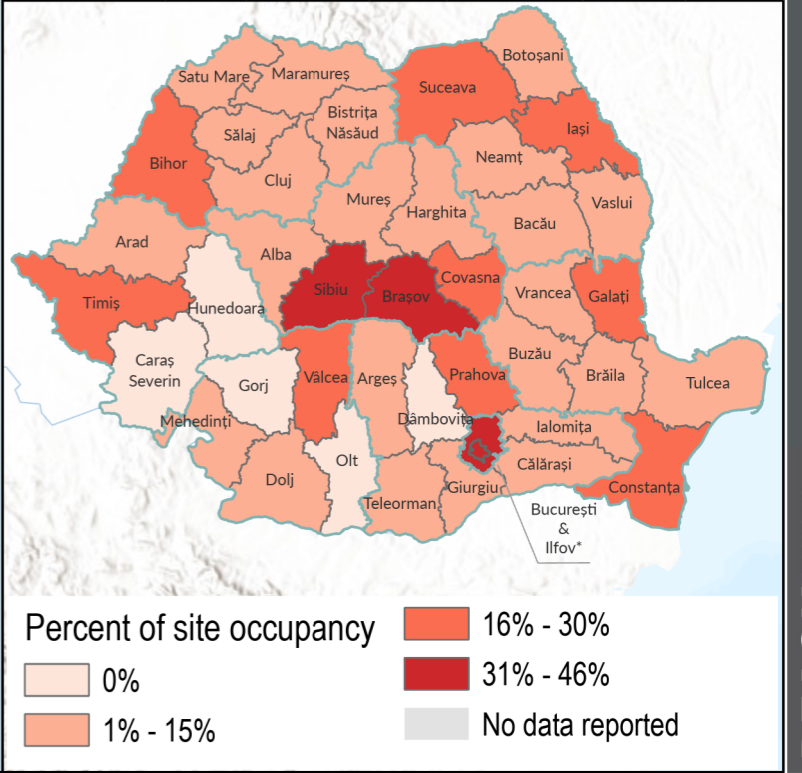
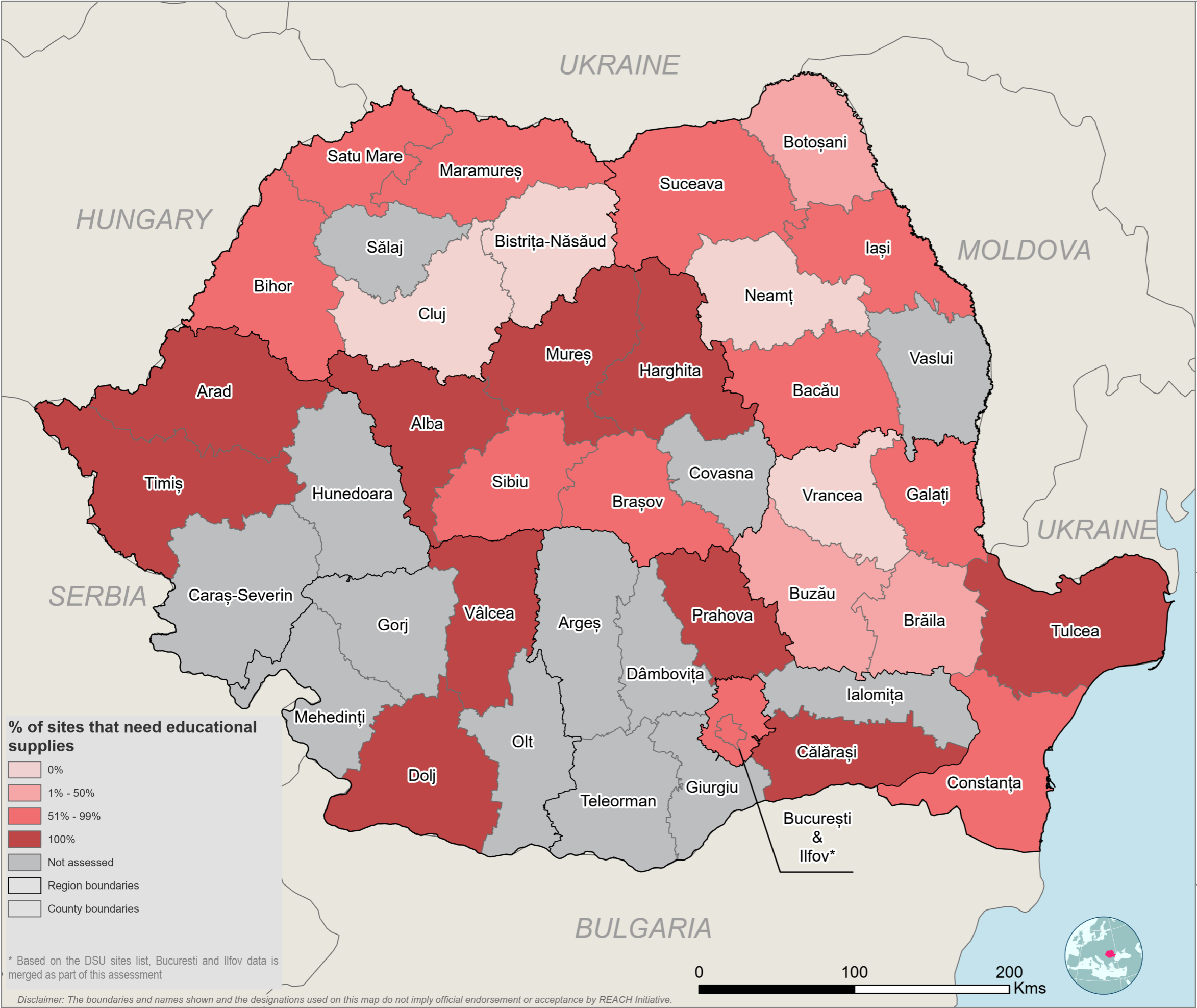


County	# of sites	Total Capacity	# hosted	Places available	% occupied	% available
ALBA	30	349	50	299	14	86
ARAD	31	872	18	854	2	98
ARGES	1	250	3	247	1	99
BACAU	17	545	71	474	13	87
BIHOR	17	812	158	654	19	81
BISTRITA NASAUD	8	517	24	493	5	95
BOTOSANI	79	2796	54	2742	2	98
BRAILA	42	1040	47	993	5	95
BRASOV	64	2358	1079	1279	46	54
BUCURESTI-ILFOV	89	4361	1663	2698	38	62
BUZAU	9	374	32	342	9	91
CALARASI	32	1721	30	1691	2	98
CARAS SEVERIN	7	280	0	280	0	100
CLUJ	44	1519	186	1333	12	88
CONSTANTA	171	8290	1592	6698	19	81
COVASNA	1	32	8	24	25	75
DAMBOVITA	14	513	0	513	0	100
DOLJ	9	413	30	383	7	93
GALATI	39	1803	372	1431	21	79
GIURGIU	16	557	26	531	5	95
GORJ	1	36	0	36	0	100
HARGHITA	24	467	8	459	2	98
HUNEDOARA	4	146	0	146	0	100
IALOMITA	5	153	5	148	3	97
IASI	58	1569	302	1267	19	81
MARAMURES	56	1529	216	1313	14	86
MEHEDINTI	5	150	1	149	1	99
MURES	20	491	40	451	8	92
NEAMT	11	566	73	493	13	87
OLT	4	161	0	161	0	100
PRAHOVA	15	750	143	607	19	81
SALAJ	8	483	5	478	1	99
SATU MARE	34	1495	45	1450	3	97
SIBIU	6	217	89	128	41	59
SUCEAVA	67	2706	428	2278	16	84
TELEORMAN	3	78	5	73	6	94
TIMIS	19	690	152	538	22	78
TULCEA	141	4856	167	4689	3	97
VALCEA	80	2656	533	2123	20	80
VASLUI	18	1139	38	1101	3	97
VRANCEA	13	330	11	319	3	97
Total	1312	50070	7704	42366	15%	85%





Context

- Following the recognition of Luhansk and Donetsk as independent states by the President of Russia, Vladimir Putin on 21 February 2022 and Ukraine's declaration of general state of emergency the next day, Russia launched military operations in Ukraine. The ongoing conflict since then has resulted in mass displacement of people internally and across international borders. As of 16 August 2022, a total of 11,150,639 people have arrived from Ukraine in one of the following countries: Poland, Hungary, Republic of Moldova, Slovakia, Romania, Russian Federation, Belarus, and other European countries. Based on data collected by UNHCR, the number of refugees who crossed into Romania (not including from Moldova) is reported at 1,044,292 as of 15 August 2022. Most refugees are female Ukrainian nationals, generally travelling with elderly relatives or minors. In addition, movements of refugees returning to Ukraine have been observed from all neighbouring countries – including Romania – with KIIs showing that a fifth of respondents only intended to return temporarily.

- REACH will conduct a site monitoring assessment to gain knowledge on refugee location, the needs of the sites hosting them, and the assistance these sites have already received to support the refugees living there, in order to inform and guide future Refugee Response programming.

Methodology

- The main objectives of this assessment are to provide a situation overview of the location of current refugee accommodation sites where refugees stay, and to provide an understanding of what infrastructure, services and first necessity products are needed in these sites, as well as the assistance already received to identify priority needs.

- The scope of this assessment includes refugee accommodation sites across 32/41 counties in Romania. Data collection is conducted in the form of a structured questionnaire to interview one key informant (KI) from each of the sampled centres. Through the data collection cycle, 180 interviews were conducted from 17 May to 18 August. The findings in this map are only indicative of these 180 sites surveyed in that time frame. In Alba, Arad, Bistrita Nasaud, Dolj, Harghita, Neamt, Timis, Tulcea and Vrancea, only one site was surveyed in the region at this time.

- The list of official sites was shared with REACH by the Romanian government (Departamentul pentru Situații de Urgență i.e. Emergency Situations Office) through UNHCR and includes the names and contact details of the site focal point or manager, who are the KIIs.

- For the baseline of the assessment, data is collected through a mix of in person visits and phone surveys. Enumerators arrange for visits/calls with the site focal point or manager, who are the KIIs.

