

# **Refugee Accommodation Sites Overview**

#### July-August 2022 POLAND

## **Background & Methodology**

• Site Mapping and Monitoring is an effort to provide humanitarian actors with reliable data on the status and needs of the refugee accommodation sites<sup>1</sup>.

• As of the 31 August 2022, 2,459 accommodation sites have been mapped across Poland.

• Key informant interviews were conducted with coordinators, humanitarian staff, or volunteers working at accommodation sites. One key informant was interviewed per site.

• Data collection took place between 27th of July and 31st of August through telephone interviews.

• Out of 187 sites contacted, 100 were reported active and used to accommodate refugees for at least one night. Results presented in this factsheet refer to active sites only (n= 100) and should be considered as indicative.

• This output will be complemented by another factsheet (to be released in November 2022) reporting findings on sites' needs including winterization and on the existing gaps in the provided assistance.

<sup>1</sup>A refugee accommodation site is defined as a known geographical location of collective accommodation of Ukrainian refugees and third country nationals within Polish borders.

# Number of active and inactive sites contacted per voivodeship

Voivodeship	Active	Inactive
Dolnoslaskie	4	3
Lubelskie	30	10
Łódzkie	10	14
Małopolskie	21	38
Mazowieckie	11	13
Slaskie	23	6
Swietokrzyskie	1	3

# **Key information**

• The majority of assessed sites (77%) present a hosting capacity of 50 or less people;

• 45% of assessed sites hosted persons with disabilities at the time of data collection;

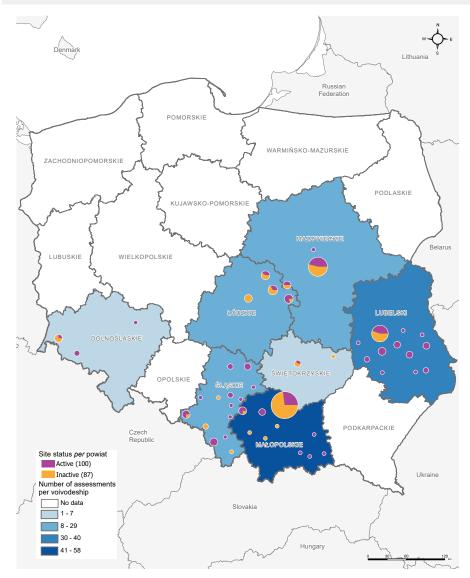
• Only 3% of assessed sites were reportedly not prepared to accommodate residents in the upcoming winter months;

• The majority of assessed accommodation sites (62%) were declared to remain operational for an unspecified time;

• 9% of assessed accommodation sites were planned to be closed in one month or less after data collection;

- Most of the assessed sites (62%) had between 100 and 1000  $m^2$  of floor area.

## Assessed refugee accommodation sites by powiat

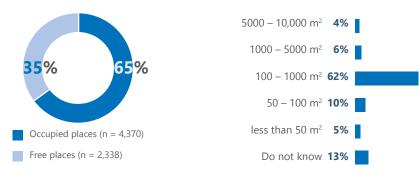


# **Capacity of assessed sites**

**77%** 50 or lo

**6,708 units total** hosting capacity at the time of data collection

Assessed accommodation sites by total surface area



Assessed sites by number of residents at the time of data collection

	12%	11%
less persons	51 – 100	more than 100

# Information on site management and facilities

#### Assessed places by accommodation site type

Collective sites (preexisting structure, like a school or a hotel)	89%
Planned sites (structure created specifically for accommodating refugees)	9%
Unplanned sites (informal, spontaneously created structure)	2%

Top five most common types of buildings used for collective sites<sup>2</sup>



<sup>2</sup> Subset of all assessed sites that were classified as collective sites, n = 89.

#### Top five most common services provided at the assessed sites<sup>3</sup>



<sup>3</sup> Respondents could provide multiple responses.

#### **Assessed site duration**

- 4% of assessed sites were planned to be closed in less than one month • after the data collection, 5% in one month after the data collection, 3% were reported to be closed in between two and three months after the data collection, and 6% in more than three months after the data collection.
- 62% of assessed sites were declared to remain operational for an unspecified time.
- In 7% of assessed sites it was emphasized that the site operationality heavily depended on public funding, and/or decision of the authorities.

#### **Demographic information**

Proportion of assessed sites that hosted residents of different nationality than Ukrainian

10%
8%
1%
2%

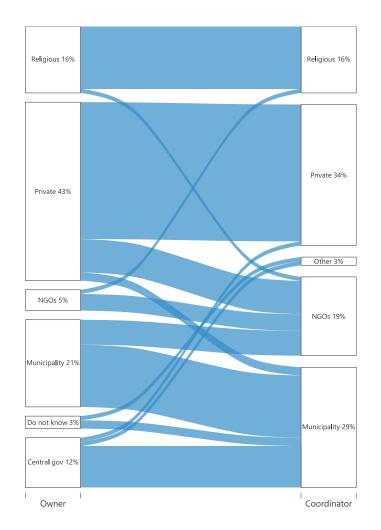
Proportion of assessed sites that hosted at least one person from the following groups

Persons with disabilities	45%
Unaccompanied and Separated Children	4%

# **Contact information**

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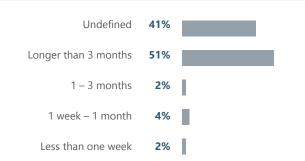
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#### Winterization efforts

of assessed sites were claimed to not be prepared to accommodate residents in the upcoming winter months; reasons include building condition and costs of heating fuel. This might entail the relocation of about 150 persons.

Allowed length of stay<sup>4</sup>



<sup>4</sup> Allowed length of stay refers to the accommodation site policy, and not to de facto lenght of stay of residents.

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## Assessed accommodation sites by ownership and coordination



more effective humanitarian action