

UNHCR Angola Population of Concern Snapshot - March 2024



Overview

UNHCR has been in Angola for 43 years since the signing of the 'Accord de Siege' in February 1977. During this time, UNHCR has played an important role in the history of Angola such as leading the repatriation of Angolans who fled the long civil war. With reestablishment of peace in 2002, the Government of Angola asked for UNHCR support to facilitate repatriation of Angolan refugees. After voluntarily repatriation took place, from 2003 until 2015, more than 523,000 Angolan refugees returned, more than half coming from the Democratic Republic of Congo (DRC). From 2015 to 2016, UNHCR Angola operation focused on urban refugees and asylum seekers. In 2017, influx of refugees fleeing Kasai region in DRC forced the operation to scale up. The Field Office Dundo was established and, eventually, the Lovua Settlement in Lunda Norte. Currently, there are around **56,000** refugees and asylum seekers in Angola spread over provinces such as Luanda and Lunda Norte. These refugees represent a multitude of countries such as the DRC, Rwanda, Mauritania and others. They are located in several provinces across Angola, including Luanda and Lunda Norte. UNHCR is a key observer of the National Council for Refugees (CNR) and works with several partners on the ground to ensure that refugees and person at risk of statelessness are protected and have access to livelihood and durable solutions.

Refugees from DRC include regular caseload and Kasai caseload. Kasai caseload comprised of **8,996** individuals out of which **6,176** are residing in Lovua refugee settlement while **2,820** individuals are in out of camp settings. They are the refugees originating from Kasai region of DRC who came to Lunda Norte province in Angola as a result of conflict in 2017 and were given Prima Facie refugee status. The regular caseload consists of the remaining population (**46,735**) excluding the 2017 Kasai caseload and comprises of refugees and asylum-seekers who came to Angola as far as 35 years ago. The regular caseload includes urban refugees from different nationalities including Congolese,

Population Breakdown

55,731 Total Population of Concern

25,250 Total Refugees

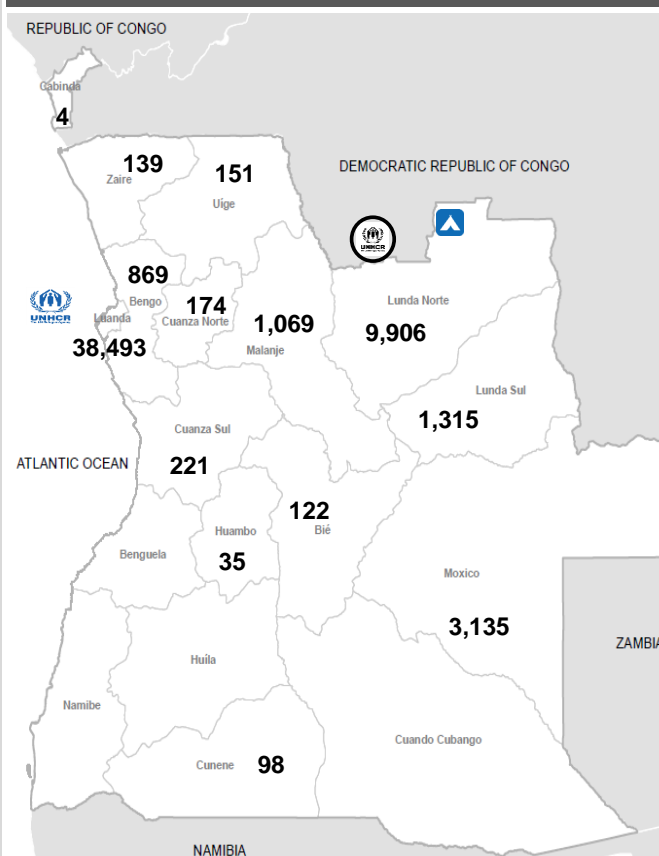
30,279 Total Asylum-Seekers

202 Total Others of Concern

Population of Concern by Country of Origin

Country of origin	Source	Population	
DR Congo	ACNUR, Governo	41.90%	22886
Guinea	ACNUR	16.50%	9272
Ivory Coast	ACNUR	11.30%	6357
Mauritania	ACNUR	10.20%	5725
Somalia	ACNUR	3.60%	2018
Sudan	ACNUR	3.50%	1951
Sierra Leone	ACNUR	3.40%	1910
Eritrea	ACNUR	3.30%	1896
Others	ACNUR	2.40%	1480
Chad	ACNUR	1.70%	968
Rwanda	ACNUR	1.10%	629
Liberia	ACNUR	1.10%	639

Geographical Distribution



Population of Concern by Province

Province	Source	Population	
Luanda	ACNUR, Governo	68.20%	38493
Lunda Norte	ACNUR, Governo	18.80%	9906
Moxico	ACNUR	5.50%	3135
Lunda Sul	ACNUR	2.30%	1315
Malanje	ACNUR	1.90%	1069
Bengo	ACNUR	1.50%	869
Cuanza Sul	ACNUR	0.40%	221
Cuanza Norte	ACNUR	0.30%	174
Uige	ACNUR	0.30%	151
Zaire	ACNUR	0.20%	139
Bie	ACNUR	0.20%	122
Cunene	ACNUR	0.20%	98
Huambo	ACNUR	0.10%	35
Cabinda	ACNUR	0.00%	4

Key Highlights

- 54%** are asylum-seekers
- 46%** are refugees
- 17%** are refugees from 2017 Kasai group
- 88%** are residing in urban area



UNHCR Country Office



Lovua Settlement



UNHCR Field Office