

Ecuador Operational Update

to come to these spaces because it's very nice to witness the development they've had. We don't feel alone Photo: UNHCR/Omar Ganchala Terán Figures at a glance

Population figures

78,38

Historical figure of refugees recognized by Ecuador¹

refugees with active cases registered in ProGres¹

from neighbouring Colombia

refugees and other displaced people supported and registered in proGres as of the end of October 2024

> *Figure includes people support through other services beyond those described below

response in figures

125,912*

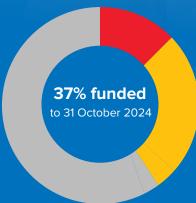
53,707 \

people received legal quidance & assistance

"Kids realize that there are not only Ecuadorians and Venezuelans, but people from all over. Here, they learned

Our 2024

people assisted with cash for basic needs and protection



Earmarked

Softly earmarked (indicative allocation)

Unearmarked (indicative allocation) Funding gap (indicative)

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25,016

people provided with technical or skills certification

286 Li

10,492

2,40

GBV survivors supported

9,966

Operational context

In October 2024, Ecuador continued to bear witness to forced displacements to and through the country, particularly in regions along the northern border and urban centers. According to Government figures, by the end of October over 5,991 Colombians had sought asylum – the highest number since 2017.

6,246 Venezuelans sought asylum between January and October 2024. This sustained increase in applications comes amid the results of the July 2024 elections, in which a large number of people, who expected a different outcome, decided to leave the country and seek protection. Thus, the government reports an estimated 2,120 entries and 2,904 exits during the reporting period.

The regularization process continue in the country. The UN Human Rights Committee recognized the measures adopted by Ecuador to address the migratory flow at the northern border, as well as the implementation of the extraordinary regularization process for Venezuelans.

On October 3, President Daniel Noboa declared a 60-day state of emergency in several provinces, including Guayas,

Los Ríos, Manabí, Orellana, Santa Elena, El Oro, and parts of Pichincha and Azuay. This measure was taken in response to the rising violence and the presence of organized criminal groups. The state of emergency includes curfews and restrictions on movement and assembly.

Ecuador has been experiencing a severe drought, the worst in 60 years, which has drastically reduced water levels in hydroelectric dams. As a result, the government imposed daily power cuts of up to 14 hours. This has significantly impacted daily life and economic activities across the country, uncluding UNHCR's activities. Some appointments for RSD and documentation were rearranged due to the power cuts that prevent the use of computers and systems to adress the needs of the population.

In October, UNHCR continued to work with local and national authorities, civil society, partners, the private sector and development actors, among other stakeholders, to help build a world of possibilities where all people feel safe, included and prosperous.

Main populations forced to flee hosted by Ecuador and others of concern

Venezuelans

Venezuelans continue to lead in numbers of arrivals in Ecuador. 21,895 people entered Ecuador in October 2024 (similar figure to previous month 21.535), with a daily entry average of 730 Venezuelans, compared to exit figures registering 21,021 and 701 daily exits on average. Over the past two months, the numbers of entries and exits have remained relatively stable and similar.

444,778 Venezuelan refugees and migrants in Ecuador²

45% estimated to be between 18 and 45 years old³

25% estimated to have a higher education degree³

Main needs

82% access to food³

67% access to housing or shelter³

57% access to livelihoods or employment³

Colombians

According to Government data, 5,936 Colombians have sought asylum so far in 2024, 557 in October, a 19% increase as compared to the same month in 2023. In 2024, the number of asylum claims made by Colombians has already surpassed the number registered in 2022 (4,269) and in 2023 (5,245). With an average of 593 new asylum claims per month this year (with the highest numbers surpassing 883), UNHCR foresees the total number of asylum-seekers will be the highest on record since 2017.

5,936 Colombians who have sought asylum in Ecuador in 2024²

were registered in October

Main needs of Colombians in Ecuador

77% access to food, housing, clothing4

10% access to rights and services (job, education)|4

7% access to documentation4

Ecuadorians

The number of Ecuadorians on the run has increased in the past years, with over 100.000 having crossed the Darien jungle between 2022 and October 2024 and remaining among the top three nationalities to have crossed, behind Venezuelans and Colombians. By end of October 2024, 15,811 Ecuadorians had used this route. Over 92,000 Ecuadorians had arrived irregularly to Mexico at the end of August 2024. Moreover, 66,000 Ecuadorian asylum-seekers were pending a decision on their claims by end of 2023.

SPECIAL FOCUS: REGULARIZATION PROCESS

The Registration and Regularization process has been key to enabling refugees and migrants to meet their needs and promote solutions as part of a broader strategy of protection and socioeconomic integration.

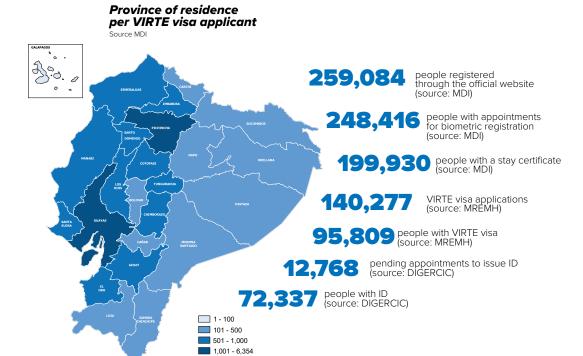
Between September 2022 and April 2024, the Ecuadorian Government undertook a registration and regularization process that benefited thousands of refugees and migrants of all nationalities with a Certificate of Migratory Permanence that regularized their stay in the territory until they could obtain a VIRTE visa.

By the end of April, 140,277 visa applications had been submitted, 95,809 visas had been granted, and 72,337 identity cards had been issued. More than 199,930 people had been granted a residence permit. Following the signing of Executive Decree Number 370 of August 23, 2024, which established an amnesty process for Venezuelans who are in an irregular situation in the country, the Ministry of Interior

and the Ministry of Foreign Affairs and Human Mobility issued ministerial agreements that give way to the processes for the renewal of the Certificate of Migratory Permanence and the renewal of the VIRTE visa respectively.

UNHCR, in collaboration with IOM, created informative content such as explanatory videos with community leaders on the processes of renewal of the Certificate of Migratory Permanence and renewal of the VIRTE visa, cards for social media with key information on each process. These materials have been disseminated on UNHCR's social media and shared with GTRM partners to reach the target population. In addition, through coordinated actions with the relevant parties in the Ministry of Foreign Affairs and Human Mobility and the Ministry of the Interior, information and answers to doubts and questions from the population are constantly validated.

UNHCR supports this new process thanks to PRM.



CHECK OUT THE CONTENT







DELIVERING PROTECTION

QUITO

Boosting support for displaced communities in Quito



UNHCR and the Municipality of Quito signed a Letter of Understanding that will allow both institutions to strengthen the response to refugees and other forcibly displaced people, as well as locals. Together with the Municipality of Quito, UNHCR will generate actions so that people can exercise their rights through the implementation of development projects, livelihoods, and other opportunities that promote their integration. UNHCR's work in Quito is possible thanks to the contributions of all UNHCR donors

MACHALA

UNHCR and partners trained students and professionals in protection



UNHCR and the Universidad Técnica de Machala trained Law students on topics of international protection, response to gender-based violence, child protection, and prevention of sexual exploitation and abuse. In a second phase, students who are part of the legal clinics participated in another cycle of training with the Constitutional Court. Teachers of University, staff from the Public Defender and Ombudsman's Offices, and the legal area of UNHCR's partner Movimiento de Mujeres de El Oro also joined. Around 100 people participated in these trainings. Institutions agreed to work together to provide information and guidance to people with international protection needs. These trainings are made possible thanks to the contributions of donors such as Canada, European Union, Aecid, and PRM

O MANTA

Transforming attitudes to prevent gender-based violence



In a collaborative effort to eradicate gender-based violence, UNHCR, in partnership with PRM's Safe From The Start initiative and the local organization Redes con Rostro, launched an innovative prevention programme. This initiative features a series of 'talking circles,' creating spaces where men can reflect on their roles, attitudes, and behaviors related to gender-based violence. These sessions facilitate open and honest dialogue, allowing participants to question their own beliefs, gain new perspectives, and develop skills to foster safe and respectful relationships.

PROMOTING ACCESS TO BASIC SERVICES

Q GUAYAQUIL

People exercise their right to access health services

More than 50 people, including children and adolescents from La Chala community, participated in a health brigade. Health personnel conducted first-line diagnostics, measuring temperature, blood pressure, and auscultation for forcibly displaced people, and locals. First-line medication was also provided, including paracetamol, ibuprofen, and cough syrups. People were also able to access dental services, including basic prophylaxis. This brigade took place with the support of UNHCR, HIAS, the Health Directorate, and the Cantonal Rights Board. UNHCR thanks all its donors for their contributions, which make this response possible.



MANABI

UNHCR delivered infrastructure improvement works and equipment to shelters

Infrastructure improvements and equipment were delivered to support communities in Manabi. El Palmar Community Development Center, the Belen Shelter, and two houses of Santa Martha Foundation benefited from interventions in the infrastructure, readjustments of common areas, and construction of facilities like roofs and classrooms. Through these actions, UNHCR promotes a better response for gender-based violence survivors and guarantees spaces for forcibly displaced people and Ecuadorians to exercise their rights in adequate environments.



PROMOTING SOCIOECONOMIC INCLUSION

ONATIONAL

UNHCR awarded the Inclusive Company Seal to 102 Ecuadorian companies for their commitment to inclusion



UNHCR recognized 102 companies in Ecuador with the Inclusive Company Seal. For the third consecutive year, the award highlights the efforts of the private sector to integrate refugees and migrants. The evaluation committee, composed of the Inter-American Development Bank (IDB), the Embassy of Canada in Ecuador, and the Korea International Cooperation Agency (KOICA), evaluated 122 applications, of which 102 received the award. 68 organizations received this recognition for the first time and 34 renewed their commitment. The recognized companies and chambers of commerce will have access to technical advice on socio-economic inclusion issues, practical hiring guides, product and service catalogs, among other benefits. UNHCR thanks the contributions of Canada, Japan, Spain, and the United States, which make this initiative possible.

Q CUENCA

Read more

16 people completed their training as pharmaceutical point-of-sale assistants



13 Venezuelans, 2 Ecuadorians, and 1 Colombian completed the dual training programme for pharmaceutical point-of-sale assistants. For 3 months, participants attended theoretical and practical classes to learn new skills and abilities that would improve their chances of finding employment in the pharmaceutical sector. The theoretical training was conducted virtually with a total of 101 hours, while the practical part lasted 240 hours.

O AMBATO

42 entrepreneurs learned about finance, marketing, and administration



42 forcibly displaced and local entrepreneurs participated in a training as part of the continuous entrepreneurship school. They received workshops on finance, marketing, regulations for entrepreneurs, and legal advice. The Ministry of Production provided also trainings focused on the Ecuadorian quality system. People also held a talk with Administration students to exchange experiences and generate new initiatives and projects in the medium and long term.

PROMOTING PEACEFUL COEXISTENCE

O HUACA

Health Center Staff was trained to promote discrimination-free spaces



UNHCR, in collaboration with the Ministry of Health, conducted a series of inclusion and non-discrimination workshops for 14 staff members of the Huaca Health Center. Attendees are part of the frontline medical personnel who care for Ecuadorian citizens, refugees, and other forcibly displaced people, including the population traveling along the E-35 route. With the help of these trainings, the health personnel now have the tools to provide quality, inclusive, and discrimination-free medical services.

HUAQUILLAS

Four neighbourhoods now have sports spaces that promote inclusion



UNHCR with the support of PRM, and the Huaquillas Cantonal Sports League, developed activities to bring sports and recreational spaces closer to the communities. Thanks to this joint effort, the areas of Manuel Aguirre, Unión Lojana, Martha Bucaram, and El Bosque, which have a high presence of refugees and where violence has increased, now have sports spaces where mainly children and adolescents participate. Karate is one of the sports with the highest participation, as it is a discipline where people learn to manage their emotions and defend themselves. UNHCR thanks to the United States for encouraging sports practice in the communities





Six and a half years ago, Érika Molina and her daughter Bárbara arrived from Venezuela to Ecuador. Juan Montalvo, in Guayaguil, was the neighbourhood that welcomed them and where they decided to rebuild their home and lifes. Erika is a psychopedagogue by profession. Precisely because of her experience in this area of Psychology, she values the work of the Leadership Schools directly implemented by UNHCR with the support of the Sin Límites Foundation in the community.

The Leadership Schools are a weekly space where children, adolescents, and their parents learn about culture, diversity, and rights. "Here, the kids realize that there are not only Ecuadorians and Venezuelans, but people from all over. Here they are taught that we all have the same rights. For example, there are also young people and Colombian families. We like to come to these spaces because it's very

nice to witness the development they've had. We don't feel alone," says Érika.

The Leadership Schools promote community integration and respect. There, children and their families can talk about rights, protection routes, and also about how to prevent bullying. For Erika and other mothers who attend the schools, these spaces are very important because sometimes it's here when children and adolescents externalize some of their problems that are difficult for them to talk about at home.

"We take advantage of the things they say in the leadership schools to be able to bring them up again at home and help them. These spaces are not only for people in human mobility but also for the entire community. Thus, together, we can move forward and open other spaces, without losing our community essence," comments Érika.

You can help us continue building a World of Possibilities to promote community leaderships in Ecuador. Donate now.

We thank the contributions of our donors

31 October 2024

UNHCR Ecuador is grateful for the critical and generous support provided by donors who have contributed with earmarked and unearmarked funding.











































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