CHAD

# Sudanese emergency - Protection situation of new arrivals

*From January 1 to December 31, 2024*

PROJET 21

## Key figures

16 449 Ménages interviewés

87%

13%

## Summary


This dashboard summarizes the views of Sudanese refugees, on the situation and protection risks in Chad. The perceptions of these households, interviewed either at the entry points or at the transit sites, a few days after their arrival in Chad, reflect the trauma of fleeing and the relief of having crossed the border.

From 1st January to 31 December 2025, 16,449 households were interviewed, including 2,890 households of 10,619 individuals in Wadi Fira province 13,334 households of 50 517 individuals at the Adré entry point, in Ouaddai province and 149 households in Ennedi Est province.

The main trends to be highlighted from the interviews are as follows:

### Access to the asylum country

- 46% said that insecurity was the main driver of their flight to Chad while 42% mentioned Lack of livelihood.
- 44% experienced Human Rights violations, including extortion of property 16%, physical assault 16% and illegal taxes 11%
- 48% have family members stuck in Sudan and unable to flee to Chad because of lack of transportation's means (20%); fear of arbitrary arrest (9%) or fear of forced recruitment (10%).

### Education

- 90% of households indicated that their children dropped out of school due to the crisis.
- 96% of households have children of school age.

### Child protection *

- 43% of households claimed that their children are at risk of dropping out from school.

### Documentation

- 35% have birth certificates and 16% have identity cards or other types of documents
- 49% of households don't have documents and claimed that their documents were lost or burnt (91%) or confiscated during their flight to Chad(2%).

### Community engagement *

- Access to access services (42%), Information on the country of origin (33%) and available assistance (15%) are the types of information preferred by the households surveyed.


## NEW ARRIVALS FLOWS

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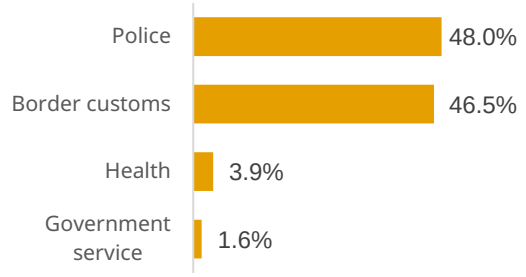
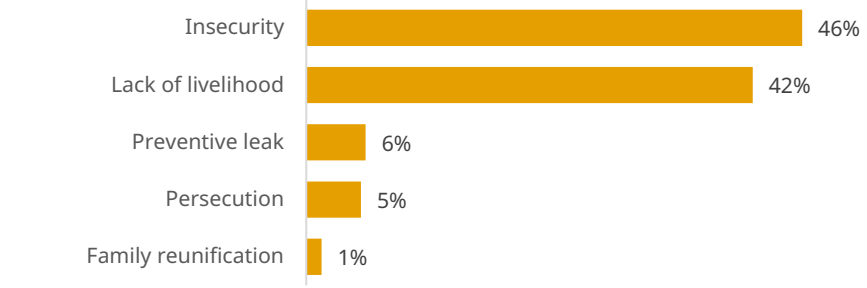
## ACCESS TO THE ASYLUM COUNTRY

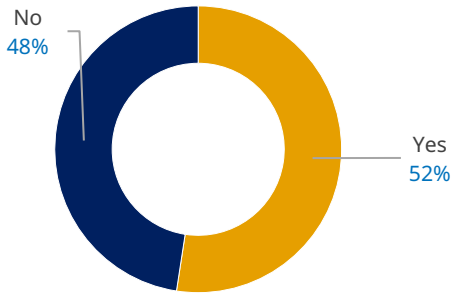
### Border services



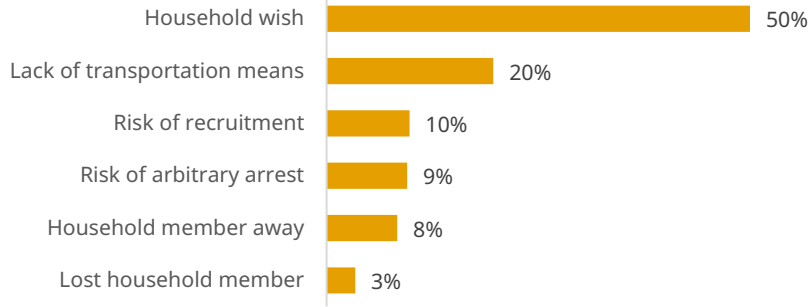

### Reason(s) of displacement




### Family members still in Sudan

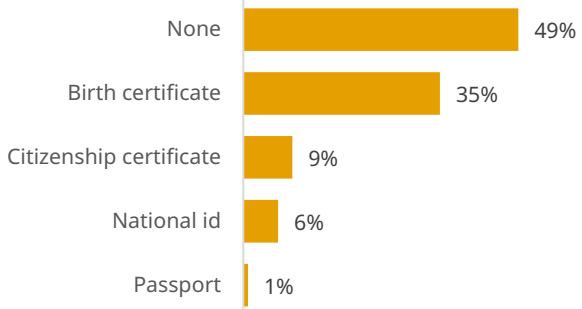



### Family members still in Sudan : raisons

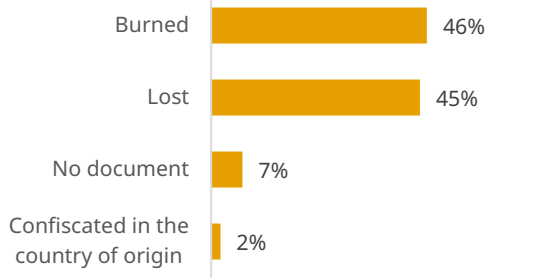



## DOCUMENTATION

### Individual documents possessed by refugees

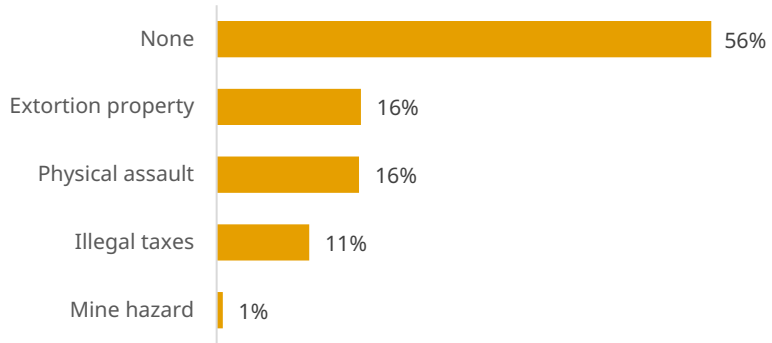



### Reason for not having individual documents



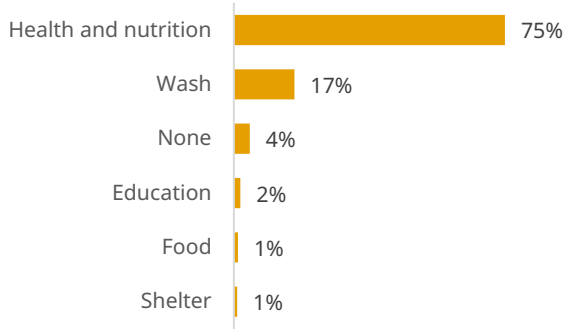

## RISK OF PROTECTION DURING DISPLACEMENT

### Hazards encountered during displacement

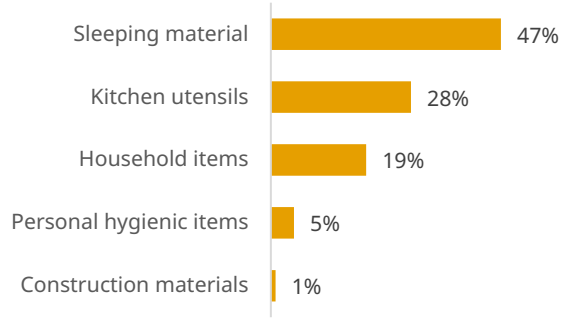



## BASIC NEEDS AND ESSENTIAL SERVICES

### Basic services accessible to refugees *




### Priority household needs *




** Households surveyed only at transit sites*

Data source | *CRT, UNHCR*

Feedback | ahouanso@unhcr.org , aidara@unhcr.org , UNHCR Chad Dima

Creation | ndri@unhcr.org , 10/01/2025

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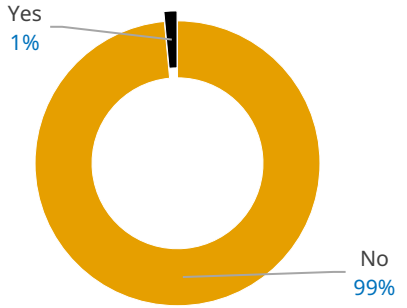
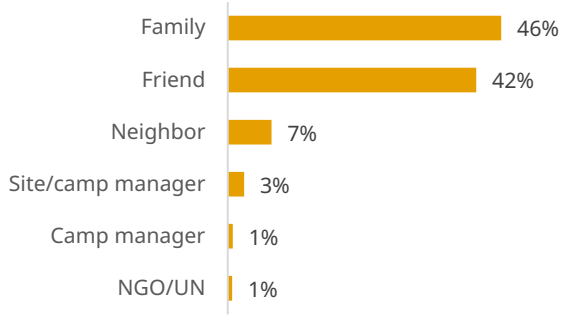
## GENDER-BASED VIOLENCE

### Existence of unsafe places in the community *

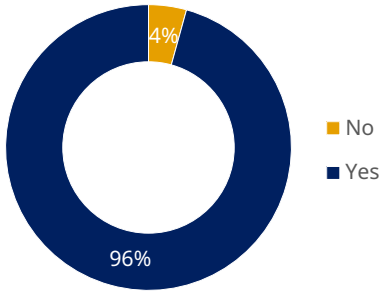



### Support mechanism for GBV survivors *

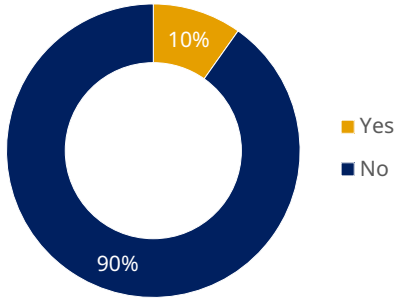



## EDUCATION

### Presence of school-age children

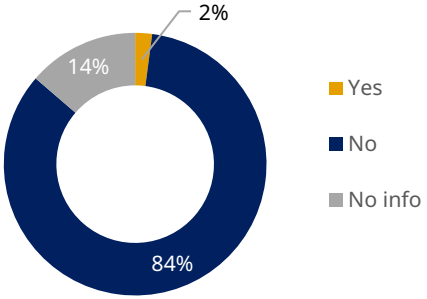



### Children attending school in 2023 in Sudan

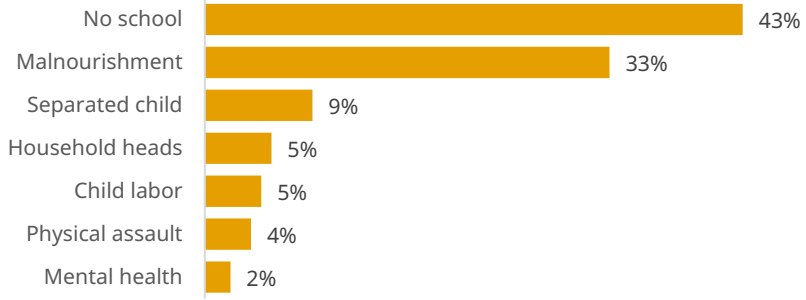



## CHILD PROTECTION

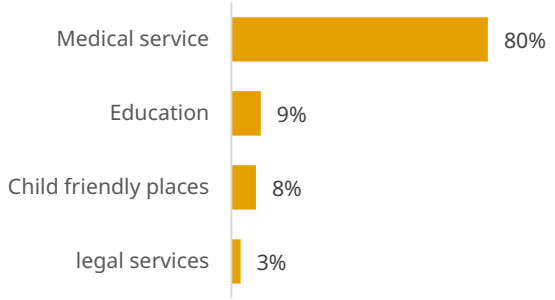
### Presence of unaccompanied children *




### Risks affecting refugee children *

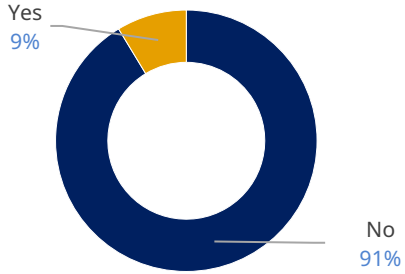



### Services available for children *

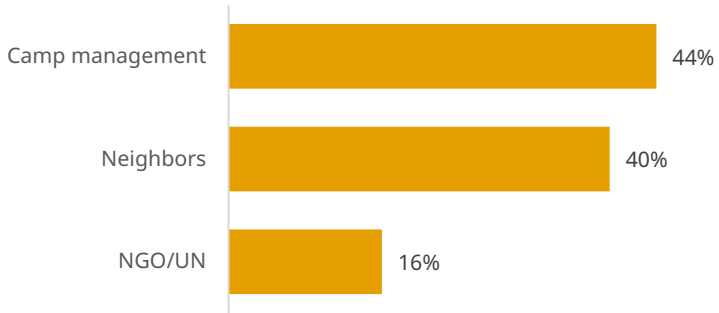



## COMMUNITY ENGAGEMENT

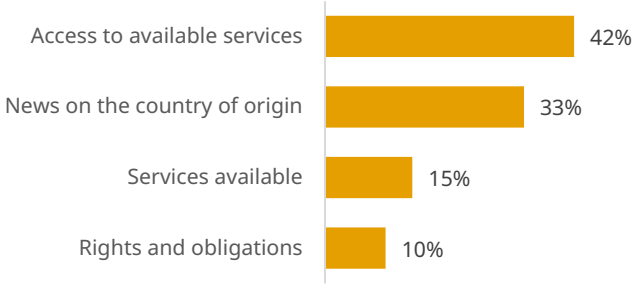
### Information on available services *




### Preferred method to receive information about available services *




### Type of information preferred from humanitarians/authorities *

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