Emergency situation in Chad

Update on arrivals from Sudan

as of 26 january 2025

Given the persistence of conflicts in Sudan and the constant influx of new refugees and returnees, the Chadian government estimates that the number of refugees and returnees could reach 973,000* in Chad by the end of 2025.

734,413
New arrivals fixed or in the process of being fixed

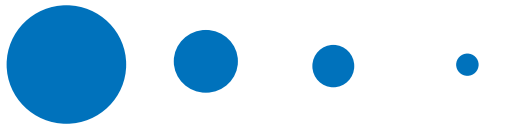
204,142
Households

37
Host villages

Context

Since the beginning of the conflict in Sudan on April 15, 2023, the CNARR, UNHCR and IOM have noted an influx of people forced to flee including Sudanese refugees and Chadian returnees who arrived spontaneously in Chad through over 32 border entry points mainly in the provinces of Ouaddai, Sila, Wadi-Fira and Ennedi Est in Eastern Chad. From the onset of the influx, humanitarian workers are supporting the Chadian Government and local authorities to provide life saving assistance and a set of Protection services both in spontaneous sites; in the extension of old settlements as well as the newly established settlements. As of date under the leadership of the Government and UNHCR 40% of refugees have been relocated from the spontaneous arrival sites to both the extension and newly established settlements where refugees and host communities benefit from the services delivered by the humanitarian teams.

New arrivals per province



OUADDAI	WADI FIRA	SILA	ENNEDI EST
488,776	133,387	97,018	15,232

Individual biometric registration

(Abéché, Adré, Am Nabak, Arkoum, Alacha, Djabal, Farchana, Gaga, Goz Amir, Iridimi, Kounougou, Métché, Mile, Aboutengué, Oure Cassoni, Tissi, Touloum, Kerfi, Dougui et Zabout)

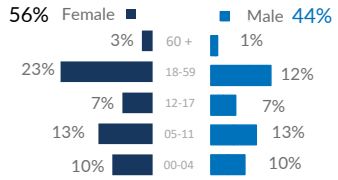
670,233
Registered and pre-registered individuals

190,798
Household

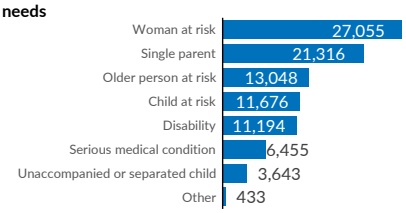
61%
registered are **women & children** of which 25% are women

14%
registered have **specific needs**

Age and gender breakdown of registered persons

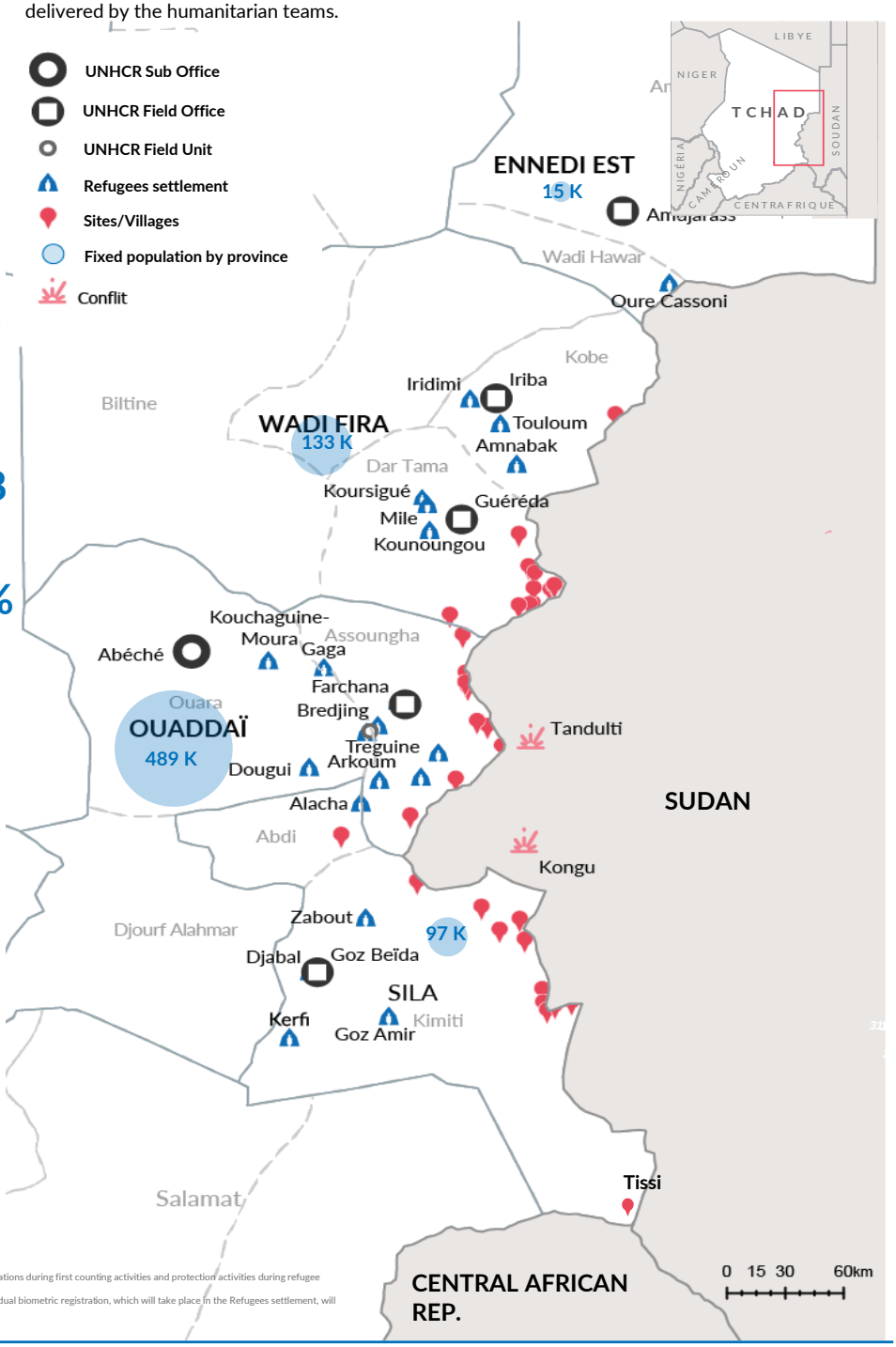


Registered persons with specific needs

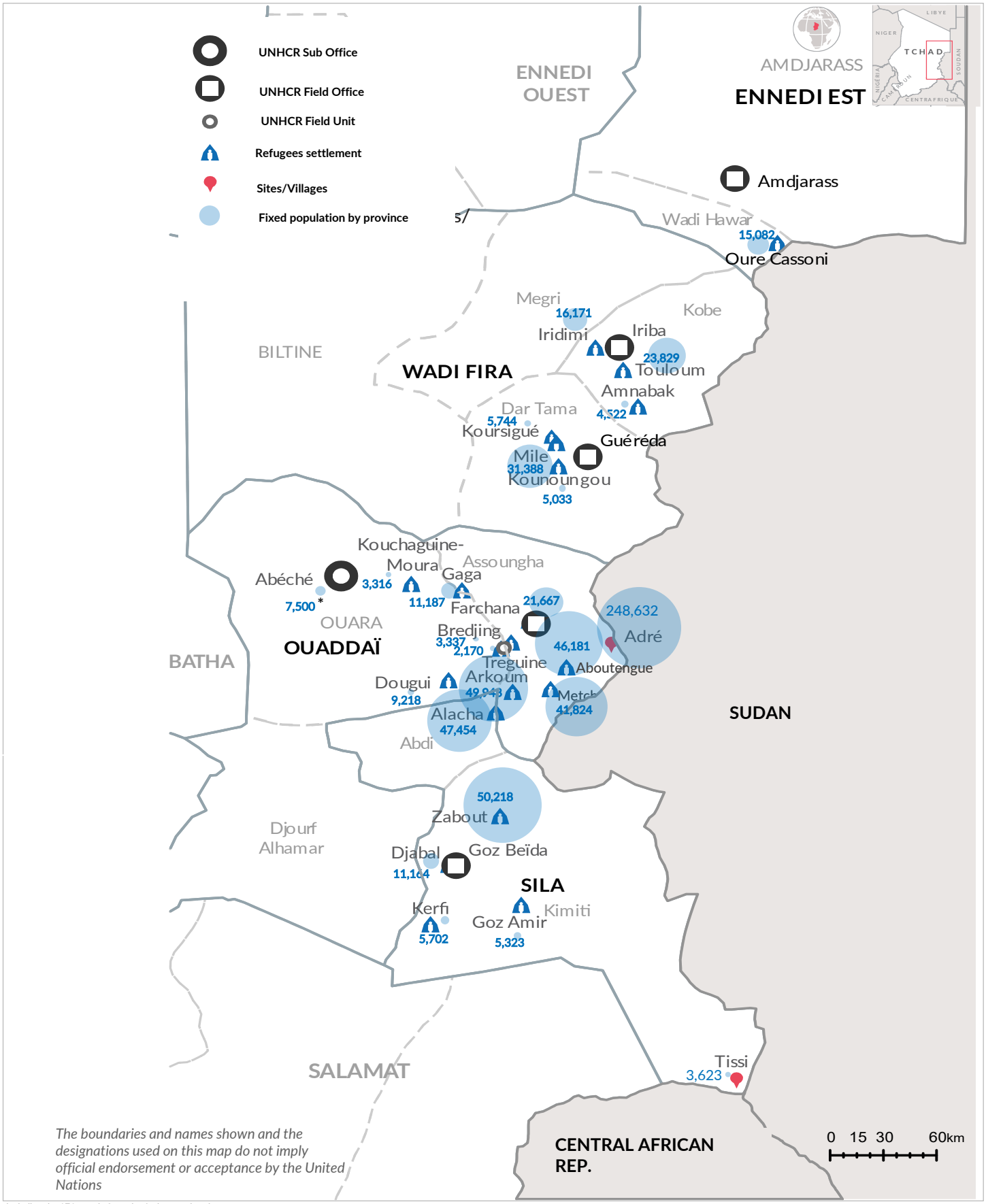


216,337 ***
Migrants Returnees **arrivals (Estimated)**

68%
Returnees are **children**

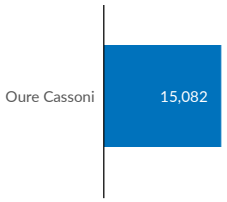


* Source: Estimation by the Chadian government.
** Around 26,000 new arrivals have been reported, but not yet fixed.Based on border monitoring, observations during first counting activities and protection activities during refugee relocation, we have reasons to believe that this figure could experience a reduction by about 20%. The completion of the relocation process and individual biometric registration, which will take place in the Refugees settlement, will confirm precise refugee figures.
*** Source : OIM/DTM, Chad — Sudan crisis response: : Situation update 47 (13 janvier 2025)

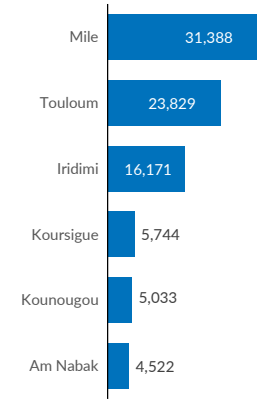


* including the 171 people from the Ambougoudan site.

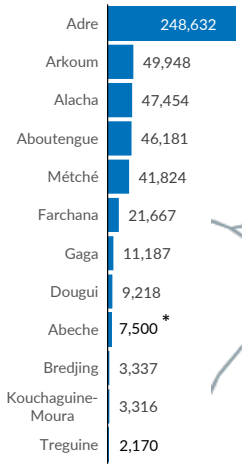
Registration Ennedi Est
(Oure Cassoni)



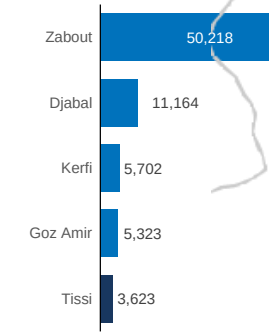
Registration WADI FIRA
(Mile, Kounougou, Irdimi, Touloum et Am Nabak)

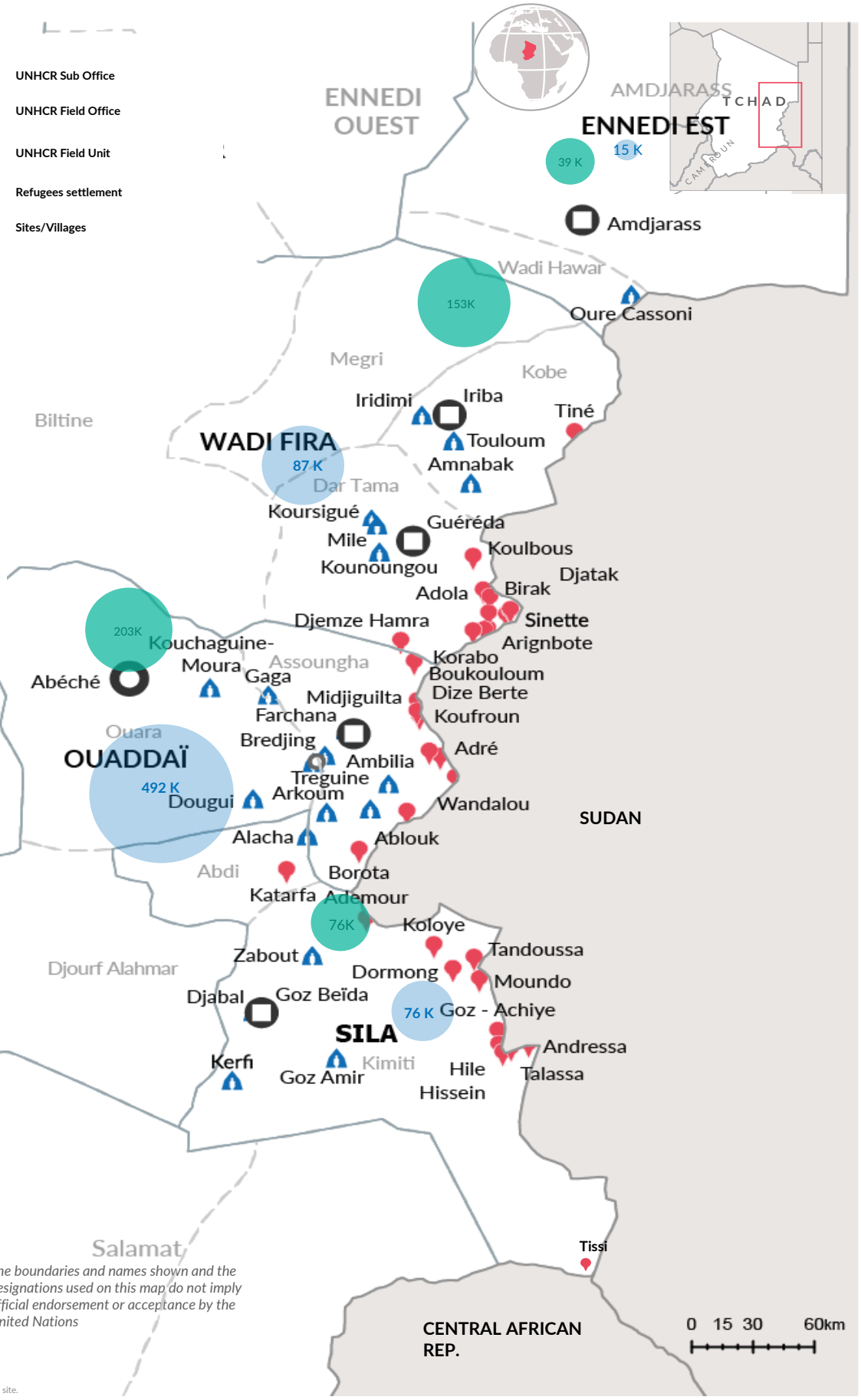


Registration OUADDAI
(Adré, Arkoum, Aboutengué, Alacha Métché, Gaga, Farchana, Abéché Kouchaguine-Moura, Bredjing Dougui et Treguine)



Registration SILA
(Goz Amir, Djabal, Zabout et Kerfi)



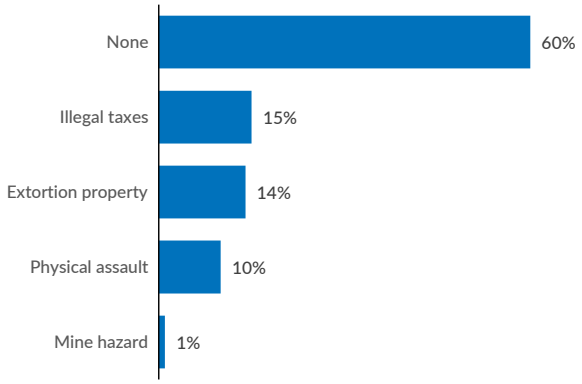


The boundaries and names shown and the designations used on this map do not imply official endorsement or acceptance by the United Nations

* including the 171 people from the Ambougoudan site.

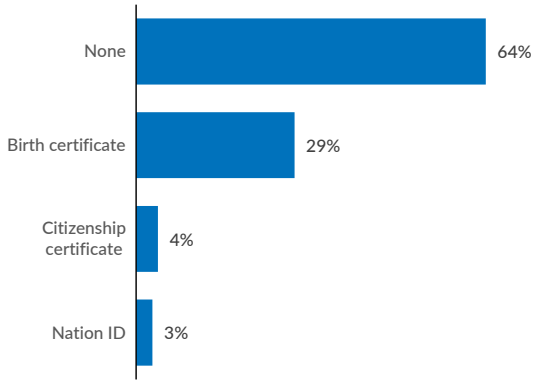
ACCESS TO TERRITORY AND ASYLUM

What types of identified dangers or threats are you exposed to?



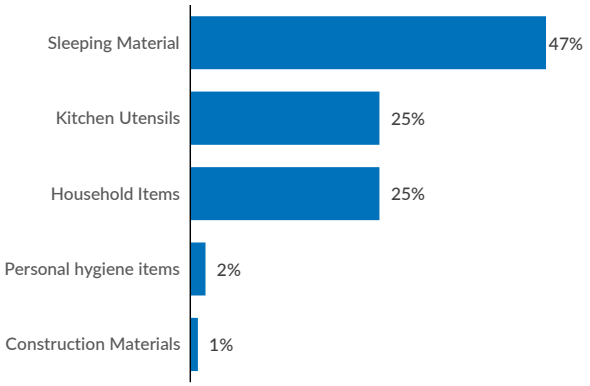
DOCUMENTATION

What type of individual document do you possess?



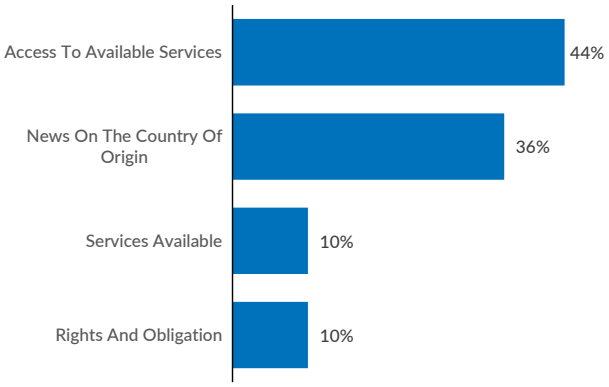
BASIC NEEDS AND ESSENTIAL SERVICES

What category of items does your family need the most?



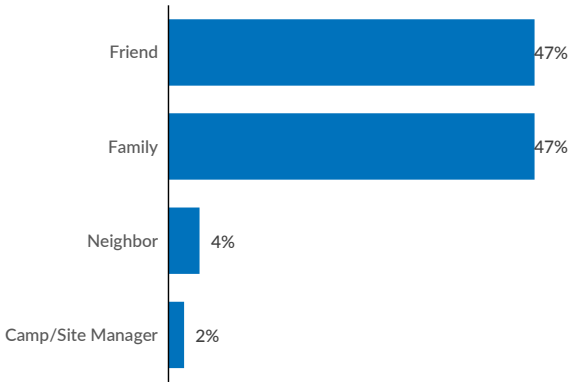
COMMUNITY ENGAGEMENT

What type of information would you like to receive from humanitarian workers and authorities?



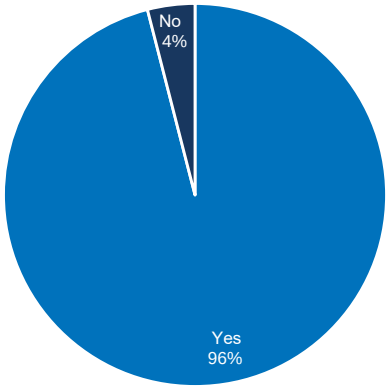
GENDER BASED VIOLENCE

What are the support mechanisms for GBV victims?



EDUCATION

Are there any school-age children in your family?



The Project 21 is a regional protection monitoring system, launched in 2020 to address gaps in data collection and analysis on protection in West and Central Africa. The inter-agency project mobilizes partners to collect a set of data using harmonized tools and a common methodology to generate joint analysis of the situation, risks, and protection trends. As of 22 september 2024, more than 2,361 newly arrived refugees have been interviewed in Chad for the Sudanese emergency. This represents a subset of the collected data.