

KEY FIGURES

93,415

South Sudanese have fled into Sudan since 15 December 2013.

65,000

Around 70% of those fleeing are children.

12,000

Children have received nutritional support in the form of emergency blankets and supplementary feeding.

10,304

People with severe nutritional deficiencies have been assisted.

63,706

People have received essential food and non-food items.

4,658

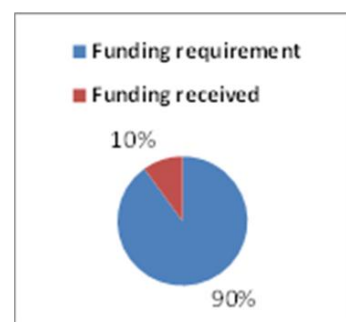
Individual shelters provided in White Nile State (Al Redes, Al Kashafa, Jouri and Al Alagaya).

REQUIREMENTS

USD \$113,565,811

FUNDING

USD \$11,234,073



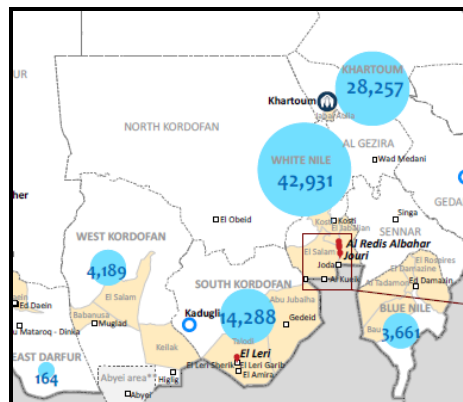
SUDAN

UNHCR OPERATIONAL UPDATE FOR SOUTH SUDAN

August 2014

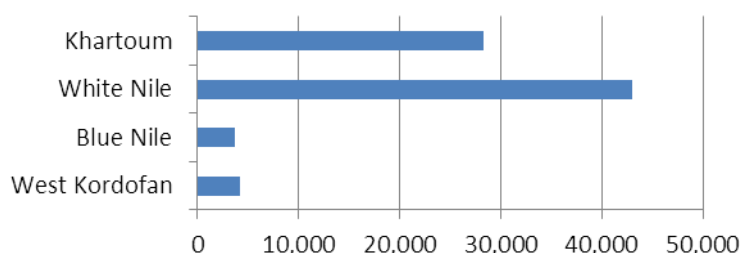
HIGHLIGHTS

- Global acute malnutrition rates in sites have fallen from 20% in March/April to 6.4% at the end of August thanks to ongoing prevention and interventions.
- UNHCR has facilitated an agreement with the Ministry of Health in White Nile State, for the registration and issuance of birth certificates of all new born South Sudanese children (from January 2014). Three registration teams will be mobilised to conduct the registration process.
- Further to the official authorisation granted to UNHCR to open an office in Kosti, potential premises have been identified and a minimum operating security standards compliance assessment has been completed.
- Water and sanitation conditions across sites in White Nile State have improved overall. The installation of a pipe network to the sites from the river in White Nile State is to provide a more consistent and cost-effective solution to water needs, increasing the delivery from current emergency standards to longer-term minimum standards.
- Household registration has been completed in the relocation sites in White Nile State and Al Alagaya using UNHCR household registration forms.



Population of concern

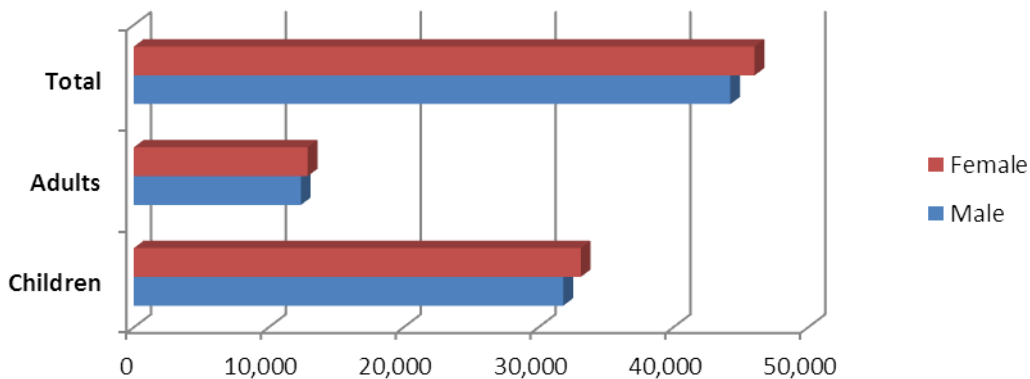
A total of **93,415** people of concern



UPDATE ON ACHIEVEMENTS

Operational Context

The Government of Sudan and the Sudanese people have been generously hosting South Sudanese new arrivals since the outbreak of violence in South Sudan in December 2013. To date, over 93,000 people have crossed the border at an average rate of 500-600 per week, and are being hosted in relocation sites, as well as community settings. Within the arrival population, there is a higher than normal percentage of children, reflecting both the larger family size in South Sudan and the fact that people with families have fled to safeguard their children.



Response

Protection

Achievements and Impact

- A training workshop on the clinical management of rape has been conducted in White Nile State by Jasmar, for 20 midwives, doctors, medical assistants and social workers. This training will facilitate the establishment of clinic management services and referral systems for vulnerable and affected people.
- 216 UNFPA female hygiene dignity kits and 90 UNHCR buckets have been distributed to vulnerable South Sudanese girls and women aged 12-42 in the Khartoum open areas.
- 1,200 UNFPA sanitary kits were delivered and ready for distribution to the most vulnerable women in the relocation sites in White Nile State. Another 1,000 will arrive shortly to cover the remaining needs.
- Family tracing and reunification, referral and support services are available for South Sudanese unaccompanied and separated children (UASC). About 200 children have been identified, and efforts are now underway to reunite them with their families.

Identified Needs and Remaining Gaps

- The HAC Commissioner in El Muglaid reported an incident concerning six abducted children from the Nuer tribe during tribal conflicts this month. One of the children sadly lost his life during the displacement, and another child's whereabouts is still unknown. The remaining four children have now been reunited with their families, and follow up visits will continue with the reunified children and their respective family members until social workers have assessed that the children have fully integrated.

Education

Achievements and Impact

- The Education working group (UNHCR, UNICEF, ADRA, RAFA, Plan Sudan and Ministry of Education) in White Nile State are currently building temporary learning spaces to accommodate 6,000 children within the relocation camps using existing reception centres built by UNHCR. Currently 2,309 children have benefitted from activities in these spaces conducted by Plan Sudan, and Elethar Charitable Organization.
- The Sudanese Red Crescent Society (SRCS) together with the South Sudanese community completed the construction of an emergency school with eight classes in Jouri, White Nile State.
- UNICEF signed an agreement with PLAN Sudan to enroll 10,000 children in schools across White Nile State.
- 2,000 children are benefitting from child friendly spaces in South Kordofan providing informal education and places for children to play.

Identified Needs and Remaining Gaps

- South Sudanese higher grade students (4-8 grades) require accelerated Arabic language training to enable them to adequately follow the Sudanese curriculum. Short learning courses and resources including teachers are needed.



Health

Achievements and Impact

- Medical drug supplies have been delivered to cover sites in White Nile State until the end of September 2014.
- Primary health clinics have been established and are operating in the three new relocation sites, which serve around 100-150 people per day, including people from host communities. A daily mobile health clinic is currently operating in Al Alagaya providing immunization facilities as well as primary health support.
- Plan Sudan and the Ministry of Health finalised the distribution of 5,000 mosquito nets in the sites at Jouri and Al Redes.
- Regular vaccination campaigns are continuing across all sites in White Nile State, with:
 - 10,085 – children vaccinated against polio
 - 10,483 – children vaccinated against measles
 - 6,126 – children vaccinated against meningitis

Identified Needs and Remaining Gaps

- Difficulties with access and transportation are causing problems for patients who need to be referred for secondary or further treatments.
- There is a shortage of ambulances to cater for people from the Jouri and Al Redes relocation sites for referral from the health clinic to nearby hospitals for advanced medical care.
- During this reporting period a five year old child has died in Al Alagaya of measles. As a result, the Ministry of Health has increased its vaccination coverage and reached a further 250 children.



Nutrition

Achievements and Impact

- 55 new severe acute malnutrition cases (SAM), and 79 moderate acute malnutrition (MAM) cases were admitted across sites in White Nile State this month.
- To date, across White Nile State, 1,722 MAM cases and 510 SAM cases have received effective treatment due to the collective support provided by SRCS, the State Ministry of Health, MSF, World Food Programme, and UNICEF.

- Nutritional assessment screening (MUAC) was conducted for 1,055 children in White Nile State (Al Alagaya and Al Kashafa), of which 91 children were found to have acute malnutrition.

Identified Needs and Remaining Gaps

- There is a critical lack of inpatient malnutrition treatment centres in two of the three relocation sites. This is significantly affecting the quality of service delivery, and may lead to some preventable child deaths.
- There are limited referral facilities across White Nile state sites, in particular in Jouri and Al Redes.
- Breast-feeding corners and infant and young child feeding (IYCF) activities are urgently required in all areas



Food Security

Achievements and Impact

- A joint inter-agency verification exercise in Al Alagaya site was conducted on 8-9 August, and 6,261 individuals were issued with food ration cards.
- 857 people in Kharasana, West Kordofan, received food distributions.



Water and Sanitation

Achievements and Impact

- The construction of two residential units (ERU) water stations have been completed for both Al Kashafa and Al Redes by UNICEF and WES.
- 800 latrines have been constructed in the relocation sites in White Nile State (Al Redes - 199, Al Kashafa – 505, Jouri – 241) by UNICEF.
- WES, with the support of UNICEF, is providing on average 9-15 litres of water per day in the relocation sites.
- The water pipeline for the Al Kashafa site in White Nile State has been completed, and is providing a good supply of water at over 20 litres per day per person. This water pipeline will also benefit the local host community when the extension has been completed.
- Daily garbage collection in the relocation sites is operational and is being conducted jointly with partners and the local community.
- Plan International Sudan conducted 2,345 home hygiene promotion visits benefitting 16,472 individuals in White Nile State.

Identified Needs and Remaining Gaps

- Water trucking for Al Kashafa and Al Redes is continuing with difficulties due to the challenges of the heavy rainfall.
- There are still extensive sanitation needs in Al Kashafa, Al Redes and Al Alagaya. Work is ongoing to improve the situation.
- Stagnant water is building up in the Khartoum open areas due the lack of adequate drainage systems. This is raising health and hygiene concerns.



Shelter and NFIs

Achievements and Impact

- 2,700 households in Khartoum open and residential areas were assisted with NFI kits consisting of two sleeping mats, one plastic sheet, one jerry can, one kitchen set, and two blankets.

Identified Needs and Remaining Gaps

- South Sudanese integrated with host communities in White Nile State (Al Lia and Qoz El Salam) were seriously affected by the ongoing heavy rainfall. UNHCR together with partners conducted a needs assessment and provided NFIs to 256 affected family households.
- Flooding is delaying the delivery of shelter materials to White Nile State new arrivals. As a consequence, many people are still being accommodated in UNHCR community shelters.

Working in Partnership

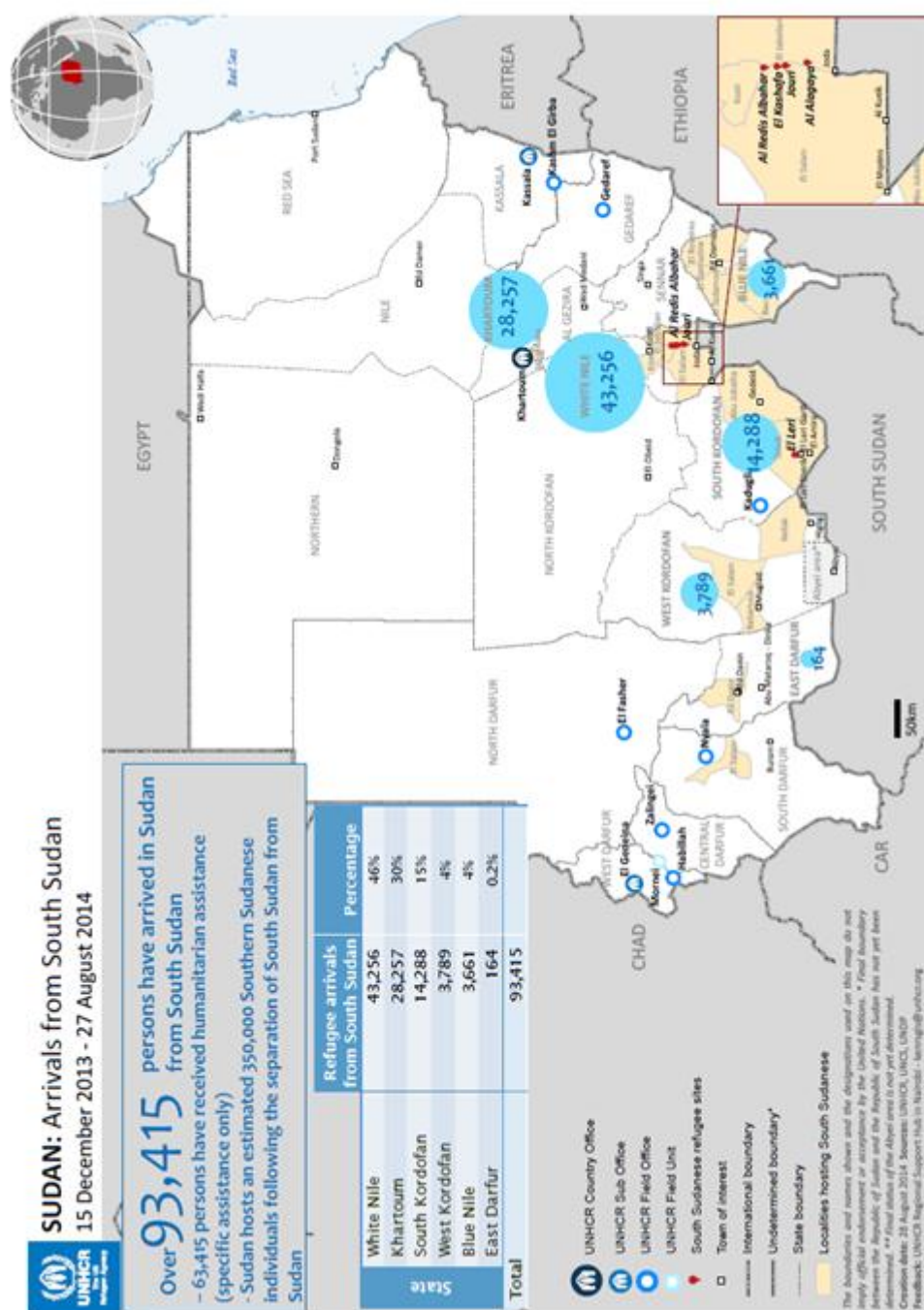
- A child protection working group anticipated to be chaired by the Ministry of Social Welfare in White Nile State has been activated and will meet regularly twice a month.
- The Catholic Agency for Overseas Development (CAFOD) has recently joined existing humanitarian partners in White Nile State working as part of the WASH sector through its counterpart the Sub-Saharan International Development Organisation, SIDO.
- On 13 August, UNHCR, UNICEF, Plan Sudan, and MOSW met to discuss and organize humanitarian assistance to South Sudanese affected by heavy rainfall, at Al Lia and Qoz El Salam locations in Kosti town.
- On 12 August, UN agencies in White Nile State (UNHCR, UNICEF, WFP, and UNFPA) conducted its first weekly coordination forum meeting.

FINANCIAL INFORMATION

TOTAL REQUIREMENTS	\$113,565,811
FUNDING LEVEL (Aug 2014)	\$11,234,073
FUNDING PERCENTAGE	10%

UNHCR is grateful for the critical support provided by donors who have contributed to this operation as well as those who have contributed to UNHCR programmes with unearmarked and broadly earmarked funds.

ANNEXE



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Links:

Regional portal-UNHCR operation page- <http://data.unhcr.org/SouthSudan/country.php?id=204>