

KEY FIGURES

***100,493**

South Sudanese have arrived to Sudan since 15th December 2013.

*this figure currently does not include a number of newly arrived South Sudanese known to be living with host communities. These statistics will be determined following individual verification.

69,000

Around 70% of those fleeing are children.

1300

Grade 1 aged children (approximately 6 years old) have now been registered by SRCS in the four main sites in White Nile State.

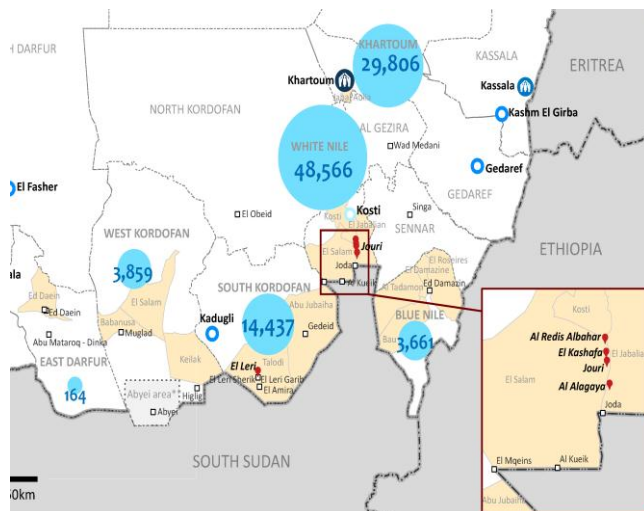
SUDAN

UNHCR OPERATIONAL UPDATE FOR SOUTH SUDAN

3rd October – 9th October 2014

HIGHLIGHTS

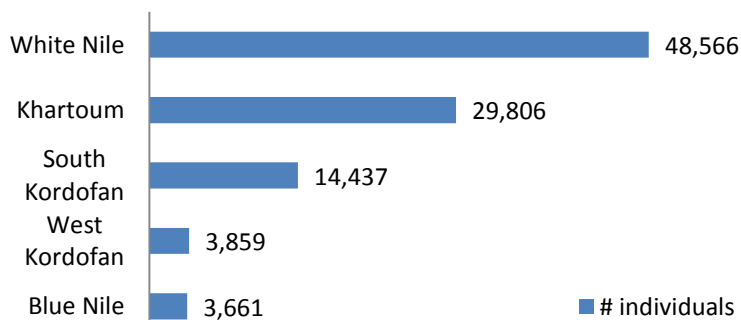
- A total of 2,146 South Sudanese new arrivals are reported this week following the recent conflict in Renk County, South Sudan. The majority arrived in Jabalain locality in White Nile State, having come from Upper Nile.
- WFP's Country Director visited White Nile State on 30th September and 1st October, meeting with partners, and visiting Alagaya camp and Joda border crossing point. The visit was welcomed by government authorities and partners, while the discussions were centered on WFP's response to date and the way forward as a joint humanitarian team.



Population of concern

A total of **100,493** people of concern

New Arrival Population Figures (by state)



UPDATE ON ACHIEVEMENTS

Operational Context

The overall security situation of South Sudanese refugees resided in the various locations of White Nile State remains calm. Influxes of new arrivals as a result of the latest fighting in Renk since 19th September continue to be received in both El Salaam and Jabalain localities through different border entry points including Joda, El Toubun, El Kuek and Um Jalala. No new arrivals were reported this week in South and West Kordofan.

Further needs assessment of new arrivals in Jouri, Al Kashafa and Al Redis is urgently required in light of significant physical access challenges due to the rainy season. Overcrowding has been reported as an emerging issue as existing sites reach full capacity.

Achievements

Protection

Achievements and Impact

- A dedicated UNFPA GBV officer has now been deployed to Kosti. Coordination with government agencies, as well as UNICEF and UNHCR, is currently underway to enhance response under the sub-sector.

Identified Needs and Remaining Gaps

- Given a lack of detailed, accurate information regarding the population profile in Khartoum, registration is urgently needed to confirm demographics and provide a further evidence base for targeted intervention.

Education

Achievements and Impact

- The Ministry of Education (MoE) has agreed to include English as a second language of instruction within emergency education schools in White Nile State relocation sites. Consequently, at least 60 Grade 8 students have now commenced study of the Sudanese curriculum in English. The MoE will facilitate final exams in English, in coordination with Comboni Schools in Khartoum.
- The Ministry of Education (in collaboration with UNICEF) has trained 74 teachers and 50 PTA members in Al Alagaya and surrounding host communities.

Identified Needs and Remaining Gaps

- Current numbers of Grade 1 children registered by SRCS (approx. 1300) significantly exceed current capacity. Additional support including expansion of physical infrastructure will be required to meet this gap.
- SRCS registration also estimates more than 1000 adolescent children with no access to education at present, who require particular attention.

Health

Achievements and Impact

- WHO (in collaboration with the Ministry of Health) has deployed nine additional medical staff including one medical doctor and one lab technician to Jouri clinic, strengthening the provision of comprehensive quality services.

- WHO has provided additional drugs and medical supplies to Alagaya and Jouri sites to cover the next two-month period. Transportation of medical equipment and furniture to Jouri is underway, in conjunction with plans to upgrade capacity for inpatient services and minor surgery.

Identified Needs and Remaining Gaps

- During the last week, the prevalence of acute respiratory infection (ARI) has increased both among children <5yrs and children >5yrs, constituting 38% of total consultations. Malaria was the second cause of attendance among all ages and contributed to 21% of total consultations, while diarrheal diseases contributed to 10%.



Logistics

Achievements and Impact

- The roads to El Kashafa, Jouri and El Redis sites in White Nile are now open.

Identified Needs and Remaining Gaps

- Due to the rainy season there is currently no access to Abu Gebaiha and Elliri sites in South Kordofan. Access is expected again in November.
- The South Kordofan Government authorities are currently providing security escorts to WFP's fleet travelling to Kharasan and El Abassiya, as well as for fuel tankers to El Abassiya.
- The launch of the barge and overland pipeline to South Sudan remains pending, subject to stabilization of the security situation on the South Sudan side of the border.



Food Security

Achievements and Impact

- With some opening of road access into sites (*see Logistics*) WFP is currently in the process of delivering food to the beneficiaries for the month of October.




Shelter and NFIs

Achievements and Impact

- A total of 5,423 households have now been assisted with shelter and non-food items in White Nile State, comprised of 1,171 HH in Al Kashafa, 1,109 HH in El Rides, 1,639 HH in Jouri and 1,504 HH in Al Alagaya.

Identified Needs and Remaining Gaps

Location	Total HHs	Total HHs assisted	Shelter Gap/per HH
Al Kashafa	1,519	1,171	348
El Redis	1,678	1,109	569
Jouri	1,834	1,639	195
Al Alagaya	1,549	1,504	45
Total	6,580	5,423	1,157



Water and Sanitation

Achievements and Impact

- Adequate water (at least 15 liters per person per day) is currently being supplied in both Al Redis and Al Kashafa (2 of 4 main sites in White Nile State).
- Adequate latrine standards (1 per 20 persons) have been met in Al Kashafa.

Identified Needs and Remaining Gaps

Site	Current liters per day	Source
Al Redis	20	River
Jouri	14	River
Al Kashafa	19	River
Alagaya	7	River

Site	Current functional communal latrines	Additional communal latrines required (1:20)
Al Redis	265	159
Jouri	241	340
Al Kashafa	505	0
Alagaya	21	327

WORKING IN PARTNERSHIP

The multi-sectoral Khartoum Rapid Needs Assessment report has now been finalized and endorsed in partnership with the Commission for Voluntary and Humanitarian Work (CVHW) with invaluable contributions and expertise provided by government, national and international NGOs and UN agencies. An Arabic version is currently being translated, and should be shared prior to the end of October. The findings of the Khartoum Rapid Needs Assessment will be used to inform higher-level countrywide planning, including the UN Strategic Response Plan. In order to ensure adequate resources for such activities, the report will also be used for fundraising and appeal purposes as appropriate.

FINANCIAL INFORMATION

TOTAL REQUIREMENTS	\$113,565,811
FUNDING LEVEL (2nd October 2014)	\$11,234,073
FUNDING PERCENTAGE	10%

UNHCR is grateful for the critical support provided by donors who have contributed to this operation as well as those who have contributed to UNHCR programs with un-earmarked and broadly earmarked funds.

Contact:

Catherine Stubberfield, Associate Field Officer (Protection), stubberf@unhcr.org

Links:

Regional portal-UNHCR South Sudan operation - <http://data.unhcr.org/SouthSudan/country.php?id=204>

ANNEX 1 - SUDAN ARRIVALS FROM SOUTH SUDAN MAP

