

SUDAN

UNHCR OPERATIONAL UPDATE FOR SOUTH SUDAN

7th – 13th November 2014

KEY FIGURES

***107,131**

South Sudanese have arrived to Sudan since 15th December 2013.

*this figure currently does not include a number of newly arrived South Sudanese known to be living with host communities. These statistics will be determined following individual registration in host communities.

91%

Average percentage of female heads of household in sites in White Nile State (Al Alagaya, Jouri, Al Kashafa and El Redis).

71%

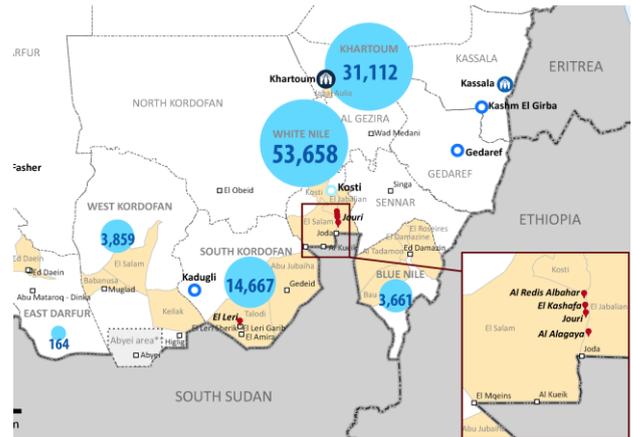
Percentage of children living in sites in White Nile State.

PRIORITIES

- Clarification of status for South Sudanese in Sudan, giving effect to the expressed Government position that South Sudanese are brothers and sisters and which would accord access to rights and adequate assistance.
- Relocation of the South Sudanese community in Shagara (Khartoum) to the new Bentiu site is expected to be imminent, with registration scheduled to commence next week.

HIGHLIGHTS

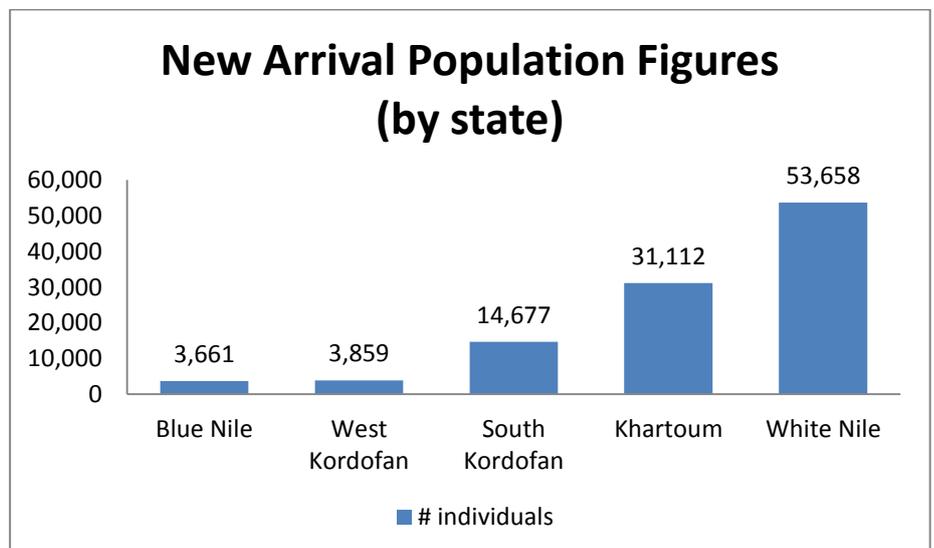
- The State Emergency Committee for White Nile State has officially authorized the establishment of border reception centers to provide urgent, life-saving assistance to new arrivals. Initial registration, medical screening, profiling of refugees, food for extremely vulnerable individuals and onward transportation are all envisaged within these spaces.



- Food commodities from Sudan to Renk and Melut (South Sudan) were delivered this week following agreement with the Joint Technical Committee in Khartoum (comprised of WFP, as well as representatives from both governments).

Population of concern

A total of **107,131** individuals



UPDATE ON ACHIEVEMENTS

Operational Context

A total of 969 South Sudanese new arrivals are reported this week. As of 30th October, the government of White Nile State (through the State Emergency Committee) has officially designated five new allocations of land for the establishment of additional relocation sites. One of the five sites is on east side of the river near Alagaya while the remaining sites are on the west side nearer to the current relocation sites of Kashafa, Redis and Jouri.

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Achievements and Needs Assessment

Protection

Achievements and Impact

- The child protection working group in White Nile State convened its regular coordination meeting on 10th November with the participation of UNHCR, UNICEF, Plan Sudan, Etihar, Elbir, Child Rights Care Society (CRCS) Friends & People Living with HIV/AIDS Association, and Save the Children. Discussions with SRCS regarding child friendly spaces in Al Alagaya are ongoing. A joint visit to sites was held on 16th November to monitor ongoing activities and child protection issues.
- A community-based protection network has now been established in Al Alagaya site by Jasmarr, comprised of community leaders (50% male 50% female) police, medical personnel and social workers.
- In Khartoum State, UNFPA (in collaboration with UNHCR and the Commission for Voluntary and Humanitarian Work) has completed distribution of 850 personal hygiene kits for women and girls of reproductive age in the open areas.

Needs Assessment

- In Khartoum, UNHCR and CVHW have finalized a joint educational assessment of 14 open and residential areas this week. The findings will be used to inform distribution of educational materials in the coming weeks.

Logistics

Achievements and Impact

- Following agreement with the Joint Technical Committee in Khartoum (with representatives of the governments of Sudan and South Sudan respectively) WFP mobilized 18 trucks containing 700 metric tonnes of assorted food commodities intended for Renk and Melut (South Sudan). Trucks departed Kosti (Sudan) on 7th November and crossed into South Sudan on the 8th. This assistance will be used to support the food needs of 45,000 conflict-affected people in South Sudan for a period of one month. It is intended that this initial movement of food assistance will now be complemented by other humanitarian cargo.



Health

Achievements and Impact

- UNFPA, SRCS and the Ministry of Health have delivered a full package of delivery kits to all hospitals serving the four relocation sites in White Nile State.
- UNICEF has this week delivered 485 Primary Health Care (PHC) kits to El Redis, 858 to Jouri and 699 to Al Alagaya.
- 1,287 medical consultations took place this week in Al Alagaya, along with 1,399 in Al Kashafa, 815 in El Redis, and 846 in Jouri. Acute respiratory infection (ARI) remains the main cause of attendance in White Nile State (accounting for 37% of consultations) followed by malaria at 32%.

Needs Assessment

- A joint SRCS-UNHCR visit to the El Redis clinic on 6th November also noted the absence of lighting and refrigeration, as well as the absence of an ambulance, which is critically needed for urgent evacuations.
- A shortage of drugs has been identified in both El Redis and Al Alagaya sites and requires urgent follow up.



Education

Achievements and Impact

- A total of 5,173 students in sites in White Nile State are now enrolled in schools. The gender breakdown of students is represented below. 26 South Sudanese community teachers have been deployed in Jouri, along with 25 in Al Kashafa, 19 in El Redis and 25 in Al Alagaya. One Ministry of Education teacher has also been deployed per school in the latter three sites.

Site	# Students Enrolled	% Boys Enrolled	% Girls Enrolled
Al Kashafa	1326	51%	49%
El Redis	1276	54%	46%
Jouri	1695	51%	49%
Al Alagaya	876	53%	47%

- 30 children and 1 teacher per location in Al Kashafa, El Redis and Al Alagaya have received training on child health and sanitation, and use of WASH facilities. School environmental societies have also been established to raise hygiene awareness among children in these sites.

Needs Assessment

- Incentives for community teachers remain a major challenge to uninterrupted education in White Nile State, as teachers have rejected the proposed joint UNICEF and Plan Sudan meal incentives. The El Redis School was closed for two days during the past week as a result of this issue.
- A number of classrooms in Al Alagaya continue to be occupied by newly arrived refugees due to a lack of alternative reception space.



Water and Sanitation

Achievements and Impact

- Daily water provisions per site remain unchanged from last week, meeting the relevant SPHERE standard in all four sites in White Nile State.
- SAIDO has now constructed 54 latrines in Al Alagaya, with a further 72 currently under construction.
- Hygiene promotion activities led by Al Ethar and Plan Sudan are continuing, with focus group discussions conducted with an additional 641 children and 270 women in El Redis, Al Kashafa and Jouri this week.

Needs Assessment

- Despite allocation of resources and staff for construction of an additional 800 latrines in Al Alagaya, commencement of implementation remains delayed by a lack of physical space.



Shelter and NFIs

Achievements and Impact

- Current shelter gaps in Al Kashafa, El Redis and Al Alagaya have increased markedly in the past month as a result of significant new arrivals. In contrast to this trend, the shelter gap in Jouri has decreased by a further 73% following recent distributions.

Location	Total HHs	Total HHs assisted	Shelter Gap as at 16 th October	Current Shelter Gap/per HH
Al Kashafa	1,670	1,371	164	299
El Redis	1,998	1,389	343	609
Jouri	1,859	1,839	75	20
Al Alagaya	2,090	1,504	161	586
Total	6,846	6,103	743	1514

FINANCIAL INFORMATION

TOTAL REQUIREMENTS	\$113,565,811
FUNDING LEVEL (13th November 2014)	\$25,021,687
FUNDING PERCENTAGE	22%

UNHCR is grateful for the critical support provided by donors who have contributed to this operation as well as those who have contributed to UNHCR programs with un-earmarked and broadly earmarked funds.

Contact:

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Links:

Regional portal-UNHCR South Sudan operation - <http://data.unhcr.org/SouthSudan/country.php?id=204>

ANNEX 1 - SUDAN ARRIVALS FROM SOUTH SUDAN MAP



SUDAN: Arrivals from South Sudan | 15 December 2013 - 12 November 2014

Over **107,131** persons have arrived in Sudan from South Sudan

- 65,887 persons have received humanitarian assistance (specific assistance only)
- Sudan hosts an estimated 350,000 Southern Sudanese individuals following the separation of South Sudan from Sudan
- * Abyei PCA Box is estimated to have received 2,496 (IOM)

State	Refugee arrivals from South Sudan	Percentage
White Nile	53,658	50%
Khartoum	31,112	29%
South Kordofan	14,677	14%
West Kordofan	3,859	4%
Blue Nile	3,661	3%
East Darfur	164	0.2%
Total	107,131	

- UNHCR Country Office
- UNHCR Sub Office
- UNHCR Field Office
- UNHCR Field Unit
- South Sudanese refugee sites
- Town of interest
- International boundary
- Undetermined boundary*
- State boundary
- Localities hosting South Sudan

The boundaries and names shown on this map do not imply official endorsement or acceptance by the United Nations.
 * Final boundary between the Republic of Sudan and the Republic of South Sudan has not yet been determined. ** Final status of the Abyei area is not yet determined.
 Creation date: 14 November 2014 Sources: UNHCR, SRC, UNCS, UNDP
 Feedback: UNHCR Regional Support Hub in Nairobi. kenrsgis@unhcr.org

