


















































Sectors Indicators Matrix: Gambella Emergency Response (as of 01-March-2015)

Sectors		Registration				Child Protection					Shelter			Public Health				Water, Sanitation and Hygiene (WASH)				
Indicators	Level 1 registration at entry points	Refugee population at camps	Level 2 registration status	Number of Unaccompanied Minors (UAMs)	Number of Separated Children	# of Social Workers	# of children attending child friendly spaces	% of Households		Crude Mortality Rate	Under 5 Mortality Rate	# of Maternal deaths	Litres water / person / day	Number of persons / latrines	Maximum number of persons per tap	Number of refugees per hygiene promoter						
								emergency Shelter (tents, bajijs and shared facilities)	transitional Shelter (tukuls)													
Timeframe	15th December 2013 until 1st Mar 2015						as of 1st Mar 2015		as of 1st Mar 2015		Average for Mar 2015		Mar-15		Average for Mar 2015		as of 1st Mar 2015					
Units	persons	persons	%	persons	persons	persons	persons	%		deaths/10,000/day		persons	Litres	persons	persons	persons	1:500					
STANDARD										< 1	< 2		> 15 lpd	< 50	< 250 ppt	< 500 refugees						
CAMPS INDICATORS																						
TIERKIDI	NA	49,375	100% Finished	933	3,449	73	3,225	83	19	 0.01	 0.03	0	 17	 27	 234	 480						
KULE	NA	46,486	100% Finished	641	3,453	53	6,007	85	15	 0.05	 0.14	0	 15	 19	 143	 490						
LEITCHUOR	NA	48,453	100% Finished	990	4,191	56	2,500	99	1	 0.08	 0.22	0	 18	 43	 188	 302						
OKUGO	NA	6,466	100% Finished	48	295	40	1,226	43	55	 0.16	 0.5	0	 24	 6	 73	 229						
PUGNIDO	NA	54,859	100% Finished	877	3,391	36	2,424	100	2	 0.04	 0.14	0	 15	 28	 130	 410						
NIPNIP	NA	2,888	not yet started	-	-	-	-	100	0	 0.12	 0.58	0	 9	 47	-	 400						
ENTRY POINTS / TRANSIT CENTERS INDICATORS																						
PAGAK	4,668	NA	NA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-										
BURBIEY	5,137	NA	NA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-										
AKOBO	1,683	NA	NA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-										
PAMDONG	2,009	NA	NA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-										
TOTAL/AVERAGE (Gambella region)	13,497	208,527	NA	3,489	14,779	258	15,382	85	15	 0.08	 0.27	0	 16	 28	 153.6	 385						
Sources	UNHCR, ARRA			UNHCR, Save The Children, Plan International, IMC				UNHCR, NRC, DRC, IOM			UNHCR, MSF-F, ARRA, MSF-H, SCI			UNHCR, DRC, NCA, ACF, NRC, LWF, IRC, ADRA, OXFAM, WVE, ZOA, ERCS, MSF-H								

	Education Indicators - as of 01-Dec-2014																
	Population	Pre-Primary Education Enrollment (3 - 6 years)				Primary Education Enrollment (7 - 14 years)				Secondary Education Enrollment (15 - 18 yrs)		TOTAL Enrollment of School Age Children (3 - 18 years)					
Indicators	Total Population	School Age Population (3 - 6 years)	Enrollment (Boys & Girls)	# of students per Facilitator	# of students per Class room / LS	School Age Population (7 - 14 years)	Enrollment (Boys & Girls)	# of students per Facilitator	# of students per Class room / LS	School Age Population (15 - 18 yrs)	Enrollment (Boys & Girls)	School Age population (3-18 years)	Enrollment	School Age Girls (3 - 18 years)	Enrollment	School Age Boys (3 - 18 years)	Enrollment
Units	persons	persons	%			persons	%			persons	%	persons	%	persons	%	persons	%
STANDARD			100%	30	30		100%	40	40		100%		100%		100%		100%
CAMPS INDICATORS																	
TIERKIDI	49,375	10,159	25	121	60	15,516	94	214	292	3,905	0	29,580	58	13,760	47	15,820	68
KULE	46,486	9,398	10	235	118	12,190	100	147	133	3,472	0	25,060	52	11,582	41	13,478	60
LEITCHUOR	48,453	10,249	30	103	513	16,387	64	152	219	3,379	0	30,015	45	13,914	41	16,101	49
PUGNIDO	54,859	10,356	75	113	129	14,938	71	85	104	5,371	15	30,665	63	12,446	61	18,219	59
TOTAL/AVERAGE (Gambella region)	199,173	40,162	36%	115	123	59,031	81	138	163	16,127	15	115,320	52	51,702	48	63,618	59
Sources	UNHCR		UNHCR, Save The Children, Plan International, ARRA								DICAC		UNHCR, Save The Children, Plan International, ARRA				

Other Health Indicators - as of 1-Mar-2015

Selective and Non-Selective Vaccination and Vitamin A supplementation						
Indicators (Standard:95%)	Overall Gambella coverage (in %)	Entry Points (in %)				
		Pagak	Burbiey	Akobo		
Measles (6months - 15 yrs) (total # of children vaccinated)	100	83	96	83		
OPV (0-15 yrs) (total # of children vaccinated)	83.3	53	97	102		
Vit A (6 months-5yrs) (total # of children suppl.)	120	101	100	108		
Sources	UNICEF, ARRA, RHB, MSF-F, MSF-H, SCI					

Legend:		Standard Met		Standard Not Met
NA : Not Applicable				

Morbidity Indicators						
Indicators	Camp Names				Pagak Entry Point	Comments
	Kule	Tierkidi	Leitchuor	Nip Nip		
Watery diarrhoea (Incidence rate/1000/Week)	4.3	3.8	3.4	6.9	-	Diarrhoea is within control.
Bloody Diarrhoea (Incidence rate/1000/Week)	0.4	0.2	0.6	3.7	-	Decline of Malaria incidence rate at all location following end of rainy season.
Malaria (Incidence rate/1000/Week)	3.7	3.2	2.4	8.7	-	
Source	UNHCR, ARRA, SCI, IMC, MSF-F, MSF-H					

NUTRITION

Camps Names	SAM (% recovery rate) Std > 75%	MAM (% recovery rate) Std > 75%
TIERKIDI	98	100
KULE	96	100
LEITCHUOR	98	95
Source	UNHCR, ACF, GOAL, CONCERN	

EXPLANATORY NOTES:

SUMMARY:

This matrix is prepared and published monthly, representing what happened in various sectors in the particular reference month. This indicators matrix is a step towards showing a comprehensive picture of the current situation in Gambella region and establishing a basis for initial trend and gap analysis. In order to better understand the matrix, following are the explanatory notes on some of the sector indicators:



NUTRITION:

- All recovery rates for both SAM (OTP) and MAM (TSFP) are well within the SPHERE standards of performance



SHELTER:

- ‘Transitional shelters’ refers to those that have been completed with mud plastering. However, more transitional shelters are still under construction and will be updated in the matrix once they are completed.
- Due to flooding in Leitchuor and Nip Nip camps, only a minimum of the transitional shelters constructed are habitable. Most households have been provided with family tents or emergency shelters however most of the households have self-settled outside the camps on higher grounds within the host community.
- Entry points and transit centers are all with communal hangers and therefore not included in the matrix. The indicators are based on the total number of registered households.
- Okugo and Pugnido shelter data shown in the matrix is for the new caseload displaced post 15 December 2013. Relocation to Pugnido from transit and entry points is ongoing, and Pagak is ongoing.



WATER, SANITATION AND HYGIENE (WASH):

The WASH indicators have been generally maintained and slightly improved in the period from primo January to primo February:

1. Significant improvement is observed all refugees camps especially in kule and Tierkidi increasing the slatrine coverage
2. Water coverage was maintained above sphere standards in all camps

Important note:

- The indicators for the camps are broadly administrative indicators i.e. the indicators are currently relying on total camp population (entire protected refugee population) as the denominator however due low profile observed at the entry points/transit centers , indicators were not provided.



EDUCATION:

- The education indicators for Gambella continue to show a 1% decline in the period from primo January to primo February
1. The overall enrolment rate for the age group 3-18 has dropped from 53% to 52%.

a) Enrolment for Early Childhood Education (3-6 years-old) remains weak for the three camps of Kule, Tierkidi and Leitchuor and is now at 36% which has slightly gone up by 2% as compared to previous month.

b) Primary enrolment - A slight decline has been noted in this category. However, it must be noted that the enrolled in many cases are above the target age of 7-14, which is statistically somewhat misleading.
 2. Boys’ enrollment remains higher that girls enrollment with a 9% gap between the two.
 3. Secondary Education enrolment in Pugnido camp has declined by 5% to 15 compared to the previous month.
 4. Please note that the reporting is covering enrolled students and not attendance (the actual number of children attending classes). The sector is experiencing a discrepancy between the two, which is being strategically addressed by the Gambella Education Working Group.



HEALTH:

- Mortality:**
Crude and Under 5 mortality rates have been within the SPHERE standards for several weeks. Good case management by partners of diseases such as severe malaria, dehydration secondary to diarrhoea and complications of severe malnutrition, coupled with strengthened surveillance and prevention efforts have plausibly contributed to the low mortality.
- Morbidity indicators:**
Diarrhoea: Low incidence of diarrhoea might be explained by the ongoing sensitization of the refugees by the Community Outreach Agents (COAs) on hygiene and sanitation. WASH activities are also ongoing in all locations.
Malaria: Incidence rate is high in Nip-Nip compared to other locations and can be explained by low utilization of Long Lasting Insecticide nets (LLIN) at this location, as a result transmission rate is still high. Enough resources were directed to refugee locations to ensure thatd diseases are prevented, for instance People of concern have better health status.
- Vaccination:**
The coverage is more than 100% at the entry points of Pagak, Akobo, Burbiey and overall Gambella coverage for Vit A because the denominator was based only on registered asylum seekers while the numerator included unregistered too. The coverage is lower in the camps because most children had been vaccinated at the entry points and thus not reflected in the camp data. At all entry points, non-selective arrival vaccination service is on-going for all eligible asylum seekers regardless of registration status. At Matar transit center, we have been conducting selective arrival vaccination service for those children who didn’t get vaccination at burbeiy and Akobo entry points and babies who were born at matar transit center.