



HIGHLIGHTS

30,892

Identified unaccompanied minors

73

Households provided with cash grants since 1st January 2015

1,303,276

NFIs distributed since January

2,031

Shelters distributed since January

Population of Concern

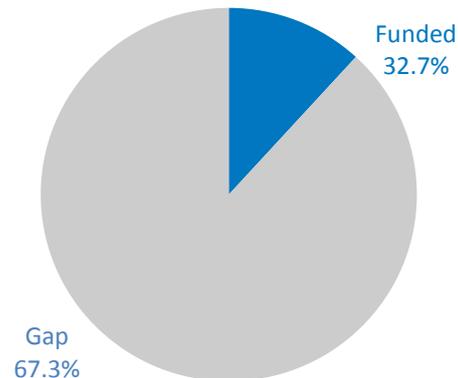
A total of **591,101** people of concern

Funding

USD 251,196,144 requested

By country of origin

| Country | Total PoC |
|--------------|----------------|
| Somalia | 421,789 |
| Ethiopia | 30,872 |
| Sudan | 10,367 |
| DR Congo | 21,643 |
| Rwanda | 1,490 |
| Eritrea | 1,595 |
| Burundi | 7,046 |
| South Sudan | 94,315 |
| Uganda | 1,769 |
| Other | 215 |
| Total | 591,101 |



UNHCR Presence

Staff:

353 national staff, 29 NUNVs
63 international staff, 11 IUNVS, 15 Consultants

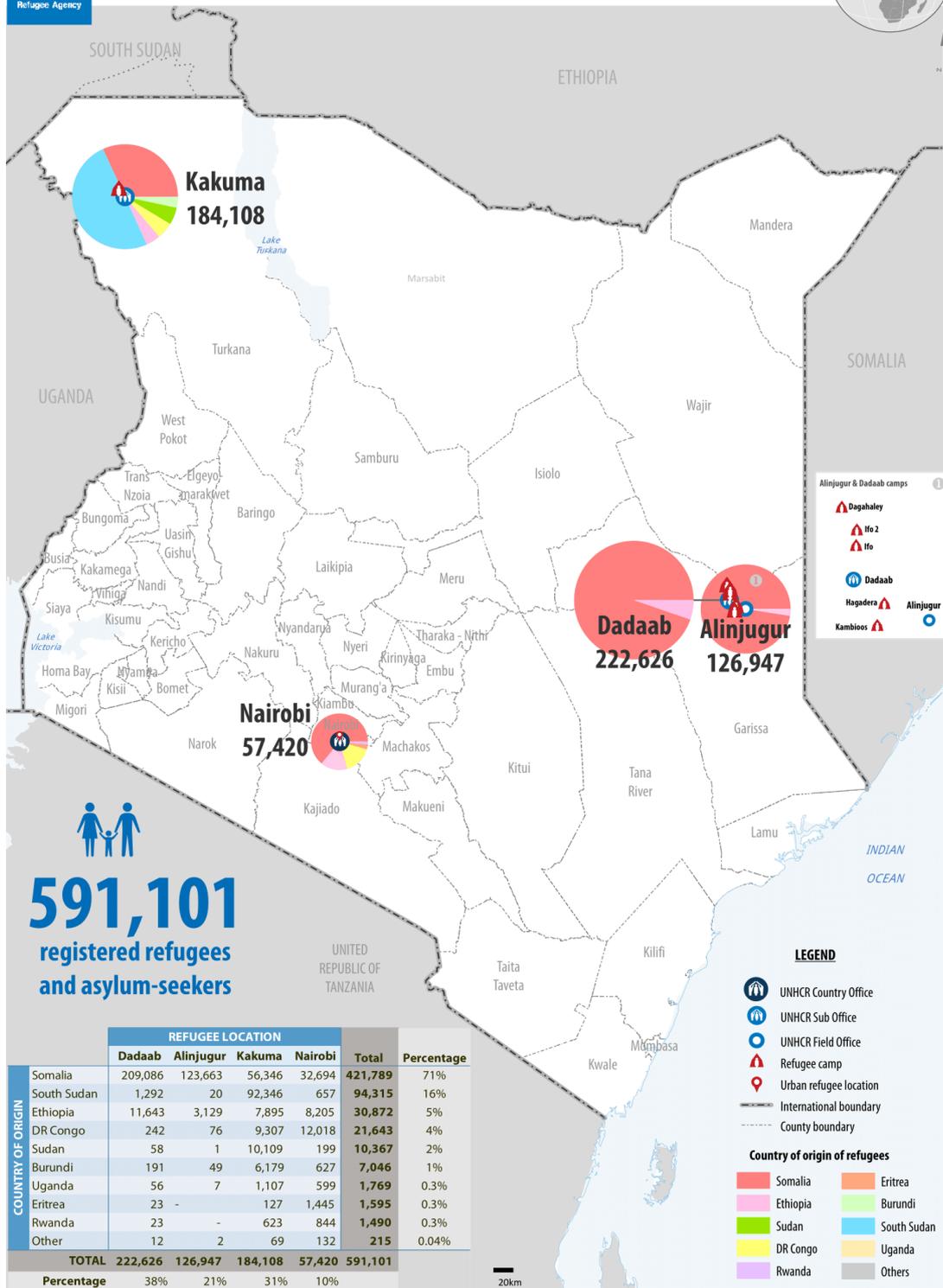
Offices:

4 offices located in:
Nairobi, Kakuma, Dadaab, Alinjugur



KENYA: Registered refugees and asylum-seekers

As of 01 June 2015



The boundaries and names shown and the designations used on this map do not imply official endorsement or acceptance by the United Nations.
 Creation date: 08 June 2015 Sources: Boundaries - UNCS, Statistics - UNHCR Kenya Feedback: UNHCR Regional Support Hub in Nairobi kenrsgis@unhcr.org

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WORKING WITH PARTNERS

- On 4 May 2015, UNHCR and its legal partners attended a meeting at Makadara Law Courts convened by the Chief Magistrate who brought together officers commanding police stations across Nairobi, magistrates, prosecutors and the Department of Refugee Affairs to streamline the verification of arrested persons of concern before arraigning them in court.
- Partners in the Statelessness Working Group met to initiate the process of developing a National Action Plan in line with the Global Action Plan. The Refugee Consortium of Kenya (RCK) will initiate the drafting while a team composed of UNHCR, RCK, Kenya Human rights Commission, National Registration Bureau, Immigration Department and Civil Registration Department will oversee the process.
- On 04 May 2015, the Executive Director of the Board of USA for UNHCR visited Kakuma. The Director's team was accompanied by the Project Development Officer in the Private Sector Fundraising Unit at the Regional Office.
- The second phase of the "Artistes for Refugees" project started on 22 to 29 May. About 100 youths participated in the week-long workshops and rehearsals in preparation for World Refugee Day.
- 170 women and 30 men (10 groups) from all five Dadaab camps are being trained on business and financial management skills by Danish Refugee Council (DRC). They had previously been selected through a competitive process. In the frameworks of their training, they are further improving their business plans. According to the needs the groups identify, they will be issued a start-up kit to enhance their businesses. They will also be given the opportunity to meet experts from the private sectors in order to nurture their enterprises.
- 885 youth (542 male, 343 female) are undergoing vocational skills training in the four vocational training centers managed by UNHCR's partner Norwegian Refugee Council (NRC). 257 of these young men and women started internships in businesses in the camps. This helped them to put the knowledge learned in school into practice.

MAIN ACTIVITIES

Protection

NAIROBI

- From 24 – 27 May 2015 UNHCR conducted training for National Security Intelligence Service (NSIS) officials. The training was essential and timely as issues of national security continue to dominate the national news with an imminent threat that the Government of Kenya may again consider closing down the Dadaab Refugee Camp due to the constant link of insecurity to asylum.
- On 18th May 2015, the Representative held a meeting with Oromo refugee community leaders to discuss protection and security issues affecting the urban Oromo refugees and asylum seekers in Nairobi. UNHCR committed to enhance its services and build the capacity of partners to ensure efficient and effective service delivery.
- A total of 1,697 cases were attended with issues ranging from requests for data transfers from the camp, reports of insecurity in the country, feedback on interviews done with partners as well as renewal of documentation. One case facing forceful repatriation to Somalia was rescued with the help of Kenya Immigration Office at Jomo Kenyatta International Airport (JKIA).
- Detention monitoring police and detention facilities along the Kisii - Migori - Isebania border route as well as along the Nairobi-Namanga corridor took place. The Kisii-Migori-Isebania border route remains a popular migration

corridor for outgoing Ethiopian migrants and incoming asylum seekers from the Great Lakes Region hence an urgent need for the Department of Refugee Affairs (DRA) to establish an office at the Isebania border point to more effective reception of persons of concerns.

- A two day Training of Trainers (ToT) workshop was concluded for fifteen participants from the Police Training Academy responsible for delivering training on human rights and humanitarian law in the school. The main objective was to enable the Academy trainers to incorporate refugee component in their lecture to new police recruits.

KAKUMA

- 51 cases of Sexual Gender Based Violence (SGBV) were reported in the month of May. All the cases were SGBV cases and the victims were assisted to access specialized services including psychosocial counselling and medical treatment to address immediate needs.

DADAAB

- On 8th May, the UN High Commissioner for Refugees, António Guterres visited Dadaab. He was accompanied by a high-level delegation from the Governments of Kenya and Somalia. Mr. Guterres's visit to Dadaab took place after he travelled to Somalia and met with Kenyan President Uhuru Kenyatta and other officials in Nairobi.
- On 4th May, United States Secretary of State John Kerry, visited UNHCR's Representation in Nairobi. Mr. Kerry met with refugee leaders from Dadaab refugee camps and held a teleconference session with students in a classroom at Tawakal Secondary School, in Dadaab's Dagahaley camp.
- The security environment around Dadaab Refugee Camps has caused refugees from minority nationalities to request relocation from the Dadaab camps to other areas in Kenya. UNHCR and the Department of Refugee Affairs (DRA) held talks with refugees from the Great Lakes region - Congolese, Burundian and Rwandese - who had expressed protection concerns about their insecurity and discrimination in the camps. While discussions continue with minority representatives and refugee leaders, 38 individuals relocated themselves from Kambioos camp to an area in front of the main agencies' compound in Dadaab town on 29 May. The two designated areas in Kenya for residence of refugees are Dadaab and Kakuma refugee camps. The latter has already exceeded its capacities but UNHCR Kakuma accepted to receive refugees and asylum seekers who have relatives in Kakuma.

Child Protection

- As at end of May, the total registered Unaccompanied Minors (UAMs) in the Kakuma Refugee Camp were 2,812 and 12,634 Separated children. A total of 15,446 children.
- Dadaab's unaccompanied and separated children population is at 7,520

Registration

- 46,000 new arrivals were received in Kakuma with a total registered camp population of 184,108
- During the reporting period 1,714 individuals were registered and 71 new born babies added to cases as part of the continuous registration activities while 36 new applications were received for new birth registration
- 1,422 cases enrolled for the National Health Insurance Fund (NHIF) received their medical cards and the information has been captured into UNHCR proGres Database
- UNHCR Data Management Unit took part in a joint UNHCR/WFP mission to Kakuma regarding the upcoming "Voucher Scale Up" project which is to kick off in Kakuma in July 2015. The outcome of the mission is the development of standard operating procedures to guide the process of issuing and tracking of SIM cards given to beneficiaries

Refugees Status Determination (RSD)

- From 27-29 May 2015, UNHCR conducted training for the Kenya Refugee Appeals Board (RAB) appointed and gazetted in April with the aim of orienting them to international protection, UNHCR work in Kenya, role of RAB and linkages with existing refugee status determination procedures within UNHCR and the Department of Refugee Affairs. The RAB requires financial support to commence its work.
- Building on the strong relationship with Centre for Victims of Torture (CVT), two trainings were given to UNHCR staff coordinated by RSD unit on 21st and 26th May. The trainings aimed to sensitize UNHCR staff, at all levels, on how mental health issues may affect persons of concern and to equip staff to better respond when faced with challenging clients.
- During the reporting period, 696 new cases/1006 individuals made fresh asylum claims. Currently, there is approximately a 2.5 years wait for RSD interview, with the schedule running to the 28 February 2018. UNHCR is working on increasing its interviewing capacity including work space to reduce the waiting period, which has significantly increased since resumption of registration by the Department of Refugee Affairs in January 2015.
- 139 cases/170 individuals were interviewed at 1st instance and 1 case on appeal. 20 cases were identified as potentially in need of resettlement and referred to resettlement Unit, while 102 cases were identified and referred to respective Units for medical, protection, education, livelihood and community services interventions.
- The Technical Advisory Committee (TAC) discussed and forwarded a total of 184 cases/406 individuals recommended for recognition to the Commissioner for Refugees Affairs for endorsement.

Livelihoods, Environment and Community Empowerment

- 49 (28F/21M) refugees were supported to open accounts with various national financial institutions and banks. The accounts are expected to promote safe cash management and access to additional financial services.
- 72 (37F/35M) refugees received business skills training while 14 (5F/9M) were assisted to register their businesses. This is expected to curb arrests, confiscation of stock as well as promote the smooth running of the business operated by refugees.
- The main tree nursery in Dadaab's Dagahaley camp managed to produce 3,500 seedling, 2,000 of which were used for afforestation activities. 60% of the seedlings were distributed to refugee household, 20% planted in the camp's greenbelt, 15% were handed to humanitarian agencies and 5% went to local settlements.

Host Communities Relations

- In order to sustain a harmonious relationship between the local community and humanitarian agencies, UNHCR convened a two day stakeholder workshop from 13th to 14th May. Discussions revolved around employment, procurement, Host Community Support projects and a road map for mutual engagement. The workshop achieved its expected results by building consensus on all areas of concern. Representatives of the Host Community from Dadaab, Fafi and Wajir South sub-counties and the Garissa County Government attended the meeting together with humanitarian agencies operational in Dadaab.

Education

- On 25th May 2015 UNHCR met with Strathmore University on possible collaboration. A Memorandum of Understanding will be concluded stipulating the level of engagement.
- From 25 -29 May, UNHCR undertook a monitoring mission to map out educational trends for refugees in Nakuru.

- The total enrolment in Kakuma camp schools as at end of May was 70,940 (40% girls) learners
- The education coverage in Kakuma is as follows; Pre-primary 25%, primary education 65% and secondary education 2%
- Secondary schools in Dadaab are affected by a significant shortage of teachers. When the school term started on 18th May, only 54 of a total of 104 Kenyan secondary school teachers returned to the camps. 12 of these teachers then left due to the latest security incidents. As a temporary measure, the refugee community mobilized youth volunteers who are currently teaching in Dagahaley secondary schools

Health

- In Kakuma, the general health status of refugees remained stable during the month with mortality indicators remaining within Sphere/UNHCR standards. i.e. Under-5 mortality rate: 0.2/10,000/day and CMR (Child Mortality Rate) : 0.05/10,000/day
- Due to the security environment, Médecins Sans Frontières (MSF) evacuated 42 staff members from Dadaab's Dagahaley camp to Nairobi. MSF provides health services in Dagahaley camp using its own funds. Two of MSF's four health posts in Dagahaley camp were closed and staff moved to the remaining health posts and hospital. Antenatal care in the MSF hospital has been suspended. UNHCR is working with MSF to assess and cover those gaps.
- From 25th to 29th May 2015, a surgeon conducted general surgeries ranging from inguinal hernias to appendicitis in the UNHCR-IRC Hospital in Dadaab's Hagadera camp. Through the 'reverse referral system' medical consultants from Nairobi are taken to the camps instead of patients having to travel to other parts of Kenya. 48 patients were attended through this professional but cost-effective method. Patients had been pre-screened in preparations of the exercise.

Water and Sanitation

KAKUMA

- As at end of May, the latrine to user ratio was 1:14 for both family shared and household latrines. Coverage stood at 34.5% for both family shared and household latrine categories and 15.3% coverage for household latrines only.

DADAAB

- 1 of 30 boreholes in Dadaab camps now use solar power. This has reduced fuel costs per borehole by 40%. One borehole operates exclusively on solar power and ten have a Solar Photovoltaic-Diesel hybrid system. 13 more boreholes will be equipped to use solar power in 2015. UNHCR and partners currently supply about 8.5 million liters of water per day to the refugee population.
- Since the rainy season started, watery diarrhoea incidences have increased in the camps. As Cholera cases have been reported in other parts of Kenya and in Doble, Somalia, UNHCR and partners have enhanced hygiene sensitization efforts in Dadaab camps. CARE, KRCS and Norwegian Refugee Council (NRC) engaged in outreach and hygiene promotion activities. 143 Hygiene promoters carried out intensive hygiene campaigns in all camps.

Shelter and NFIs

- In Kakuma, no general NFI distribution was done in May 2015
- Progress has been made in Kakuma after extensive consultations between UNHCR, DRA, the County Government and the host community for new land. The Terms of Engagement (TOE) on utilisation of the new land were endorsed by the Committee discussing the acquisition of the new camp at the County headquarters in Lodwar. This now paves the way for the signing of the Memorandum of Agreement between the Governor and DRA with UNHCR signing as a witness.

- In 2015, UNHCR plans to construct 1,722 Temporary Shelter – commonly known as T-Shelters. This kind of shelter is in line with the Kenyan government’s instructions to avoid permanent structures. UNHCR’s shelter partner Peace Winds Japan (PWJ) has so far completed, 231 T-Shelters in Ifo camp and 100 in Kambioos camp. Construction material for the remaining shelters is currently being procured. 1,700 tents and 4,000 tarpaulins were also distributed to households across the camps. Additionally, 250 repair kits will be distributed according to the needs of each camp.
- Overall, 40,000 new shelters are needed across all five Dadaab camps. However, due to funding constraints only the most vulnerable households receive a new shelter.

Non-Food Items

- 566,296 sanitary items have been distributed in Dadaab since January 2015
- 651,638 NFIs have been distributed (including the sanitary pads) since Jan. 2015
- 85,342 NFIs have been distributed (excluding the sanitary pads) since Jan. 2015

Durable Solutions

Return and Reintegration

- UNHCR undertook a mission to the Kenya – Uganda border to support the reception and assistance to Kenyan post-election violence refugees returning from Uganda. A total of 1207 individuals were received and assisted to travel to different regions of the country where they are expected to integrate and reunify with their families.
- A Tripartite Commission Meeting on repatriation of Somali refugees took place in Mogadishu on 2nd June. Government representatives of Kenya and Somalia and UNHCR decided to extend the provision of return and reintegration assistance to Somali refugees to six additional districts in Somalia. The newly announced districts are Mogadishu, Afgoye, Balad, Belet Weyne, Jowhar, and Wanle Weyne. This is in addition to the existing areas of return Kismayo, Baidoa and Luuq.
- Refugees voluntarily returning to other parts of Somalia will also be provided with return assistance in Kenya and upon arrival in Somalia. This means that voluntary return support is available to all the 332,749 registered Somali nationals in Dadaab camps. However, UNHCR and partners in Somalia do not have access to provide long-term reintegration assistance to returnees in areas not listed.
- All return movements from Dadaab camps to Somalia remain strictly voluntary. UNHCR seeks to ensure the safety and dignity of all refugees who choose to leave the camps for Somalia. Return convoys were suspended during the month of May due to bad road conditions during the rainy season. From December 2014 to May 2015, 2,048 refugees from Somalia have been supported by UNHCR to spontaneously and voluntarily return to Somalia.

Resettlement

- During the months of May, 179 cases/459 persons from Kakuma, Dadaab and Nairobi were submitted to Australia, the US, Denmark, Sweden, New Zealand and the UK
- Between 11 May and 29 May 2015, three staff undertook a mission to Mombasa to assess pre-identified cases for resettlement during which pre-screening interviews for 71 cases/ 218 individuals and resettlement interviews for 50 cases/ 123 individuals were completed.
- UNHCR held a meeting with Nairobi refugee community leaders in which resettlement quotas, procedures and increased resettlement outreach and counselling activities were discussed
- The Resettlement Officer (Integrity) conducted a meeting with the American Embassy and RSC Africa on anti-fraud messaging following which a new common inbox for reporting fraud in Kenya.

- During the month of May, a total of 36 cases comprising of 109 individuals underwent resettlement case composition interviews. 40 cases comprising of 159 individuals were interviewed and assessed for possible submission to various resettlement countries.
- 18 cases comprising of 125 individuals were submitted to UNHCR Branch Office Nairobi for onward resettlement. An additional 66 new born babies and spouses were added on to cases already in the pipeline for USA. Since 1st January 2015, 863 individuals have been submitted for resettlement countries, including new born babies added on to cases already in the pipeline.

UNHCR is grateful for the generous contributions of donors who have provided unrestricted and broadly earmarked funds, as well as to donors who have contributed directly to UNHCR operation in Kenya:

USA | United Kingdom | Japan | European Union (ECHO +EC) | Canada | Switzerland | Sweden | Private Donors in the Republic of Korea | Private Donors in Spain | Private Donors in Canada | Finland

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Web portal on Somali Displacement: <http://data.unhcr.org/horn-of-africa/regional.php>

Web portal on South Sudan Displacement: <http://data.unhcr.org/SouthSudan/regional.php>

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