



Camp Opened: February 2009

Camp Phase: Care & Maintenance

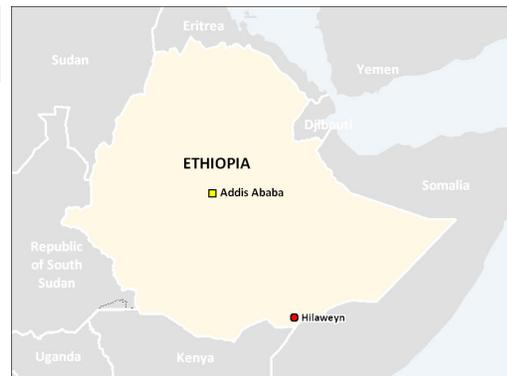
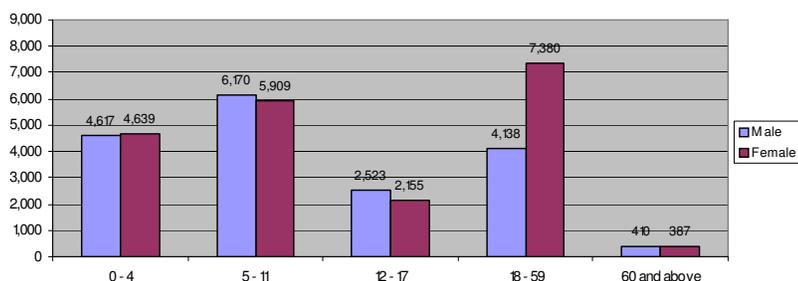
Refugee Population

38,328 as of 11th December 2011



Photo: Bokolmanyu refugee camp © UNHCR / Aug 2011

Figure 1: Population breakdown by age-group



Geographic Snapshot

GPS Coordinates	Longitude:	41.541801
	Latitude:	4.5432100
Number of Zones		17
Number of Blocks		284
Wings of Reception Centre		2
Average Plot Size per Household		225 m ²
Distance from Border		88 km

Contextual Background

Pattern in Population Change

- Already established camp received large influx of Somali refugees in the first half of 2011.

Areas of Origin

- 56.87% are from Gedo, 22.97% are from Bay and the rest of the population is from various other locations in Somalia.

Cultural Background

- Sunni Muslim
- 49% are May May speakers from Rahanweyn clan, 24% are Mahatiri speakers from Maheren clan and the remaining are from various other Somali clans.

Main Occupations

- Pastoralists (livestock herding: goats, camels, cows, sheep and donkeys); professionals from Mogadishu

Tips for Humanitarians

- UNHCR provides protection and monitors delivery of services to all refugees in Bokolmanyu Camp.
- Camp Management is done **by ARRA with support from UNHCR**.
- Interagency Camp Coordination Meetings**, co-chaired by ARRA and UNHCR, are held bi-weekly in the local ARRA Office with humanitarian actors.
- All refugees in Bokolmanyu Camp are **individually registered** in UNHCR's proGRES database and hold **ration cards**. Ration card numbers are useful for referral between partners and for distribution events.
- Registration verification** was last conducted in Bokolmanyu Camp in July 2010. Biometric (fingerprinting) has been used to register refugees living in Bokolmanyu.
- Treatment of SAM (Severe Acute Malnutrition) and Treatment of MAM (Moderate Acute Malnutrition), for both Under 5's and MOC (Malnourished Other Categories) Programme, a targeted feeding programme for severely malnourished children between 5 years and 18 years.

Administrative Structure

Role of Ethiopian Government in Bokolmanyu

- ARRA is active in the following sectors:**
 - ▶ Camp Management
 - ▶ Food Distribution
 - ▶ Nutrition (Blanket Feeding)
 - ▶ Hygiene & Sanitation
 - ▶ Distribution
 - ▶ Registration
 - ▶ Primary Healthcare
 - ▶ Primary Education
- ARRA staff posted inside the camp include:**
 - ▶ Camp Manager
 - ▶ Sanitation Specialist
 - ▶ Food & CRI Distribution Staff
 - ▶ Health & Nutrition Staff
 - ▶ Teachers
 - ▶ Protection Officers
 - ▶ Programme Officer

Role of Camp Residents in Self-Management

- Refugee Central Committee (RCC)** – is a resident coordination and leadership body that is consulted on multi-sectoral issues pertaining to camp life. It's made up of a Chairman, Secretary, Child Protection Representative, Women's Representative, Disabled Representative and Representatives from each Zone. Committee members are elected by camp residents.
- Women's Association** - runs a grinding mill (income generation project), helps with the distribution of sanitary pads, the mobilization of women for community projects and represents women's interests in camp management
- Food Distribution Committee** – provides information about food distribution to the community, monitors the scooping and provides feedback on the quality of food and the distribution process.
- Youth Committee** – represents youth, advocates for their interests and organizes sport activities.
- Refugee Security Committee ("neighbourhood watch")** - responsible for crowd control and overall conflict management in the camp; the committee also refers cases to ARRA and UNHCR Protection Staff.
- Child Protection Committee** - works with Save the Children to assist in identification of children with specific needs and to mobilize the community's children to attend school.

Local Administration

- ❖ The Kebele Chairman is responsible for local (non-refugee) administration on behalf of Dollo Ado Woreda, Somali Regional State, Ethiopia. The Kebele Chairman and his administrative committee are consulted about refugee-host community relationship, natural resource use and managing conflicts between the refugee and host communities, with the help of local elders.

Bokolmany Camp: Who Does What Where

Health 	
Activities	Actors
<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Primary Health Care offers in-patient, out-patient, basic laboratory services, Immunization (EPI) and reproductive health including basic emergency obstetric and neonatal care services. 	ARRA
<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Mobile health teams have conducted a vaccination campaign for measles and polio, and also performed MUAC screening 	ARRA, UNHCR, UNICEF, MSF-S
<ul style="list-style-type: none"> HIV/AIDS Prevention 	PAPDA
<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Community-based mental health services 	IMC
<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Rehabilitation programmes for disabled people 	RaDO
Infrastructure	
<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Health Clinic has in-patient and out-patient treatment and EPI rooms. For reproductive health, there is an ante-natal care room, delivery room and post-natal care room. The clinic has a laboratory and a drug dispensary. A permanent health building is under construction. 	ARRA
Gaps	
<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Comprehensive Emergency obstetric care and emergency surgical services Community based surveillance system, outbreak notification system and system for updating mortality rates Drug dispensary regularly experiences medication shortages Demand for specialized medical services and hospital referrals is greater than what can be met Satellite Clinics where health services can be decentralized into the camp. 	

Nutrition 	
Activities	Actors
<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Treatment of SAM (Severe Acute Malnutrition), for both Under 5's and MOC (Malnourished Other Categories) Programme, a targeted feeding programme for severely malnourished children between 5 years and 18 years. 	MSF-Spain
<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Treatment of MAM (Moderate Acute Malnutrition), for both Under 5's and MOC (Malnourished Other Categories) Programme, a targeted feeding programme for moderately malnourished children between 5 years and 18 years. 	SC-US
<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Community Health workers follow up on patients already in the nutrition / health programmes and sensitize community to bring children to nutrition services 	MSF-Spain, SC-US
<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Blanket / complimentary feeding for all children under 5 	SC-US
Infrastructure	
<ul style="list-style-type: none"> 01 OTP Centre, 04 OTP planned 	MSF-Spain
<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Stabilization Centre (SC) where all severe acute malnourished children with complications are treated in an in-patient department. 01 service established. 	MSF-Spain
<ul style="list-style-type: none"> MAM / Blanket Feeding Centre, 04 SFP centers planned 	ARRA, SC-US
Gaps	
<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Strengthen outreach program and decentralization of services 	

Water, Hygiene & Sanitation 	
Activities	Actors
<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Trucking of treated water from the non-permanent water treatment plant Hygiene Promotion 	IRC, UNHCR, LWF ARRA, UNHCR, IMC UNICEF
Infrastructure	
<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Permanent water system installation, including a water treatment plant is being installed near Bokolmany and a pipeline project is underway 	IRC, UNHCR
<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Family and communal latrines 	ARRA
Gaps	
<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Solid waste disposal Repairs and maintenance of existing infrastructure 	

Protection & Community Services 	
Activities	Actors
<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Registration updates, lost ration cards and newborn and death registration ("continuous registration") 	UNHCR, ARRA
<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Protection monitoring and counseling; individual case follow-up 	UNHCR
<ul style="list-style-type: none"> On-site ARRA Protection Officer is the first point of contact for security liaison and cases of detention 	ARRA
<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Child protection activities, including establishing child-friendly spaces 	UNHCR, SC-US
<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Facilitation of family reunification, including for Unaccompanied Minors and Separated Children 	UNHCR, ARRA, SC-US
<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Grinding mill for women 	UNHCR
<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Child friendly spaces need playgrounds, games and materials for children's activities 	SC - US
<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Establishing programmes that prevent and respond to Sexual and Gender Based Violence incidents 	PAPDA, IMC, UNHCR
<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Provision of community services and psycho-social counseling 	UNHCR, PAPDA
<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Supporting refugees with specific needs 	UNHCR, RADO
<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Supporting camp self-management committees 	UNHCR, ARRA
<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Supporting Older People 	HelpAge
<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Provision of sanitary materials to women and girls reproductive age (13 – 49) 	UNHCR, ARRA
Infrastructure	
<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Meeting Hall 	IMC
<ul style="list-style-type: none"> UNHCR Offices and counseling rooms are planned 	UNHCR
Gaps	
<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Women's and Youth Centre Capacity building for Camp Security and Police Officers in the camp Refugees Community Centre Provision of professional psychosocial/counseling services Self reliance Police Post needs a building Community outreach / information dissemination to the beneficiaries/to the local authorities Refugee/Host community conflict resolution 	

Bokolmany Camp: Who Does What Where (continued)

Shelter 	
Activities	Actors
<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Emergency shelter (tent) supply and erection Transitional shelter provision Transitional shelter funding 	ARRA, UNHCR, AHA ARRA, UNHCR, AHA UNHCR
Infrastructure	
<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Emergency Shelter: Lightweight Emergency Tent; 2 rooms; can accommodate average family size of 5 persons; 15-21m² Emergency Shelter: Family Tent; 1 room; can accommodate average family size of 5 persons; 16 m² main floor area, plus two 3.5m² vestibules, for a total area of 23 m² Transitional Shelter: dome shelters; 1 room; (metal domes covered with plastic sheeting) Permanent Shelter for persons with specific needs 	UNHCR UNHCR AHA, UNHCR AHA
Gaps	
<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Insufficient number of plots for new arrivals Replacement of severely damaged or destroyed emergency tents Survey Results prepared and send for feedback 	

Core Relief Items 	
Activities	Actors
<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Sleeping mats, jerry cans, buckets, kitchen sets, soap, women's sanitary napkins, female underwear and blankets have been distributed to pre-2011 arrivals 	UNHCR, ARRA
Infrastructure	
<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Central Logistics Base in Hilaweyn Camp (which supplies Bokolmany) consists of 5 rubhalls 2 rubhalls for storing food and CRIs 	UNHCR ARRA
Gaps	
<ul style="list-style-type: none"> New arrivals have not received CRI distribution Cooking stoves Fuel Lamps 	

Logistics 	
Activities	Actors
<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Truck fleet for field deliveries Transportation of family reunification cases Office and facilities construction Vehicle maintenance, generator repair and other technical support services 	UNHCR IOM UNHCR THW
Infrastructure	
<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Vehicle Maintenance, generator repair and technical support services are provided by THW in UNHCR Dollo Ado compound ARRA is assisting with storage of CRIs Logistics infrastructure for Bokolmany Camp is located in Hiloweyn Camp and Dollo Ado 	
Gaps	
<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Road to camp needs upgrading and repairing 	

Education 	
Activities	Actors
<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Primary education school is under construction School supplies 	ARRA, UNICEF UNICEF
Infrastructure	
<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Emergency school Two primary schools are being constructed for grades 1 – 4 One primary school is being constructed for grades 5 – 8 	SC-US SC-US ARRA
Gaps	
<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Primary and secondary school facilities (classrooms, books, desks, teachers, school WASH facilities) 	

Environment 	
Activities	Actors
<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Environment assessment 	PAPDA
Infrastructure	
<ul style="list-style-type: none"> n/a 	
Gaps	
<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Household fuel / fuel-efficient stoves Environment protection mechanisms 	

UNHCR gratefully acknowledges the support of the following partners in Bokolmany Camp:



Bokolmany Camp: Who Does What Where (continued)

Food 	
Activities	Actors
▪ Food supply and transportation	WFP
▪ Food distribution	ARRA, UNHCR
Infrastructure	
▪ Distribution point is under construction	ARRA
Gaps	
▪ Food distribution system and post-distribution monitoring (no accurate process, no accurate food and stock report)	
▪ Two additional distribution points	

Livelihoods 	
Activities	Actors
▪ Micro-Credit	PAPDA
▪ Women's association grinding mill	UNHCR
Infrastructure	
▪ n/a	
Gaps	
▪ No firewood program	

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