

Weekly Report
Public Health and Nutrition Jordan
Week 18 HIS
Report Date May 10th 2013

1. Operational Highlights and Situation update

- Ministry of Interior and Ministry of Health have agreed to the relocation of new arrivals health screening, including immunization, to Raba Sahan. A site visit is planned between MoH, UNHCR, UNICEF and IOM to plan services.
- Medecins du Monde (MdM) have opened a second clinic in Za'atri camp between modules 5 and 6 which has expanded access of refugees to primary health care and paediatric services in the newer areas of the camp.
- A mass measles campaign took place on the 7th of May in the Emirati Jordanian camp when 2,031 children and adults were vaccinated against measles.
- Four children aged 3, 4, 5 and 6 died from burns sustained in a fire in a tent in Za'tri on 26th of April
- Irbid Director of Health reports that around 10,000 Syrians attended the Ministry of Health facilities from 1 April – 14 April and that the number of Syrians seen at primary health care level has increased dramatically with some of the centres reporting seeing twice the numbers compared to earlier this year.
- Land requirements for a hospital, comprehensive primary health centre and Ministry of Health PHC coordinating centre have been finalized in the new camp of Azraq

2. Population

The Syrian refugee influx continues with 10,705 new arrivals between May 1st and May 8th. There are 342,799 persons registered with UNHCR and 89,000 awaiting registration.

Total active Syrians registered with UNHCR in Jordan	342,799
Number of Syrians waiting to be registered with UNHCR	89,000
Number of persons collecting WFP ration in Zaatri	107,174
Number registered in Emirati Jordanian Camp as of May 8 th **	2,569
Number of new arrivals between May 1 st to 8 th ***	10,705

*These statistics are based on active registrations in the UNHCR database. Users are cautioned that the actual population is subject to uncertainties including but not limited to incomplete camp departure information and other variables. UNHCR and its partners are implementing measures that will improve the registration accuracy. Updates will be provided on a regular basis.

** As of second distribution cycle in April

***This figure represents the arrival figure as recorded by IOM. IOM collects people of concern from the border and brings them to the UNHCR reception center. Note that NOT ALL those persons do then register with UNHCR.

3. New arrivals

- From 1st until 7th May IOM medical team with funds from UNHCR and support from the Ministry of Health and UNICEF vaccinated 6,225 new arrivals in Za'atri camp; 1,768 were vaccinated against polio, 6,067 against measles and 1,610 were provided with Vitamin A supplements. Since 16th April, IOM vaccinated 5,743 against polio, 19,579 against measles and 5,419 were provided with Vitamin A supplement
- From 1 May 2013 until the 7 May 2013 IOM medical team provided health checks for Syrian refugees upon arrival to Za'atri camp for 8,705 individuals; Those requiring further medical assessment were referred to the onsite JHAS team.

4. Health services

- The total number of outpatient facilities in Za'atri is now eight.
- MdM have opened a second clinic in Za'atri with 1 GP, 1 paediatrician, 4 nurses, pharmacist, and registrar and support staff. They deliver general consultations, reproductive health and health education.
- Handicap International have opened a second site between modules five and six consisting of two physiotherapist and two social workers which has expanded access to disability services in the new modules. This supports the team at site 1 and the mobile team.
- French Field Hospital have expanded services from 8:30 to 5 pm daily (except Fridays) providing primary health care with exception of U6 month children. Emergency services are available 24 hours seven days /

5. Communicable diseases and outbreak prone diseases

- One new measles case in Za'atri camp in a nineteen year old male who had been in the camp for two weeks before onset of symptoms. Total cases in Zaatri is 6 but all are in new arrivals and still no evidence of intracamp transmission.
- The Ministry of Health (MoH) in cooperation with UNICEF officially launched the mass measles, polio and vitamin A vaccination campaign in

EJC camp on 7 May. The campaign targeted Syrian refugees between the ages of six months and 30 years for measles vaccination, zero to 5 years for polio and six to 59 months for Vitamin A supplements. A total of 2,031 children and adults have been vaccinated against measles. In addition, 688 children (0-5 years) were immunized against polio and 470 children (6-59 months) received vitamin A. The campaign was finished in one day with three teams and one supervisor. This will be followed by regular measles and polio vaccination and vitamin A supplementation for the new arrivals in EJC camp up on their arrival through IOM and MoH team with UNICEF technical support.

6. Tuberculosis

- From 1st to 7th May 2013 IOM medical team delivered TB awareness sessions for 1,607 refugees and screened for TB 9,032 refugees; 48% males and 52% females. During this week, IOM started to follow a new extra pulmonary TB case under the DOTS. One of the MDR cases was excluded from the list and transferred to other registry forms of TB (according to MoH) after reviewing the lab results. Thus the total number of TB cases is 50; 37 pulmonary TB including 3 MDR cases and 13 extra pulmonary.
- WHO, UNHCR, UNFPA and UNAIDS met with the visiting mission from the Global Fund for HIV, TB and Malaria (GFATM) Geneva on the 30th of April. The GFATM had visited Za'atri camp and Anour Sanitarium Mafaq on the 29th of April to familiarize themselves with TB activities amongst Syrian refugees. Currently TB activities amongst refugees are funded by UNHCR and Ministry of Health. The need for additional funds to continue and expand these activities was emphasized.

7. Reproductive health

- Reproductive Health Working group meeting was held in Za'atri on the 1st of May. Main outcomes: Standardized registers will be developed by UNHCR Health Information System Officer and UNFPA for antenatal and postnatal care, family planning and delivery. These will be based on Ministry of Health's recommended services and will facilitate data collection and programme monitoring of coverage and quality.
- UNFPA will support Anti D immunoglobulin and oxytocin for all partners doing deliveries in Za'atri.

8. Food Security/ Nutrition

- UNICEF/Save the Children Jordan (SCJ) continue to provide nutritional support and guidance through the Infant and Young Child Feeding (IYCF) programme in Za'atari camp, which includes breastfeeding promotion,

complementary child feeding, one-to-one counseling, and health education sessions for pregnant and lactating women. During the last week, 1,010 mothers and 540 children under 5 visited the two IYCF caravans currently operational in the camp. A total of 34 lactating mothers attended one-to-one counseling sessions on breastfeeding. In addition, 1,937 children under five and lactating mothers received nutritional snacks. Each day, between 100 and 110 mothers attend the sessions.

- The second round of micronutrient fortified porridge distribution for children aged 6-23 months started on the 6th of May. This is supported by UNHCR in collaboration with NRC and Save the Children Jordan.

9. Secondary and tertiary care

- Exceptional Care committee met on the 30th of April. 150 cases were reviewed; 84 Syrians, 59 Iraqis, 6 Somalis and one Sudanese. All Syrian cases were emergencies and lifesaving while 30 Iraqi cases were emergencies out of 59. Most prevalent conditions among Syrians were cardiovascular, perinatal and injuries while the most prevalent conditions among Iraqis were cardiovascular, cancer and gastrointestinal conditions.