

Aid Effectiveness Project

Syrian Refugees Jordan

Overview of Project

Objective:

Improved aid effectiveness through needs based and principled approach to humanitarian response

Why are we doing this?

To improve

- coordination among partners
- identification of the most vulnerable
- targeting of assistance
- monitoring of assistance against needs

How will we do this?

- Defining common vulnerability criteria for the health sector and cash assistance programme
- Defining/adapting a tool that enables vulnerability criteria to be collected
- Adapting or creating a database that will capture and share vulnerability data with partners.

Characteristics of Vulnerability criteria in Cash Assistance

- Using the table handout please identify thematic characteristics of the different vulnerability criteria used.
- Spend 15 minutes.

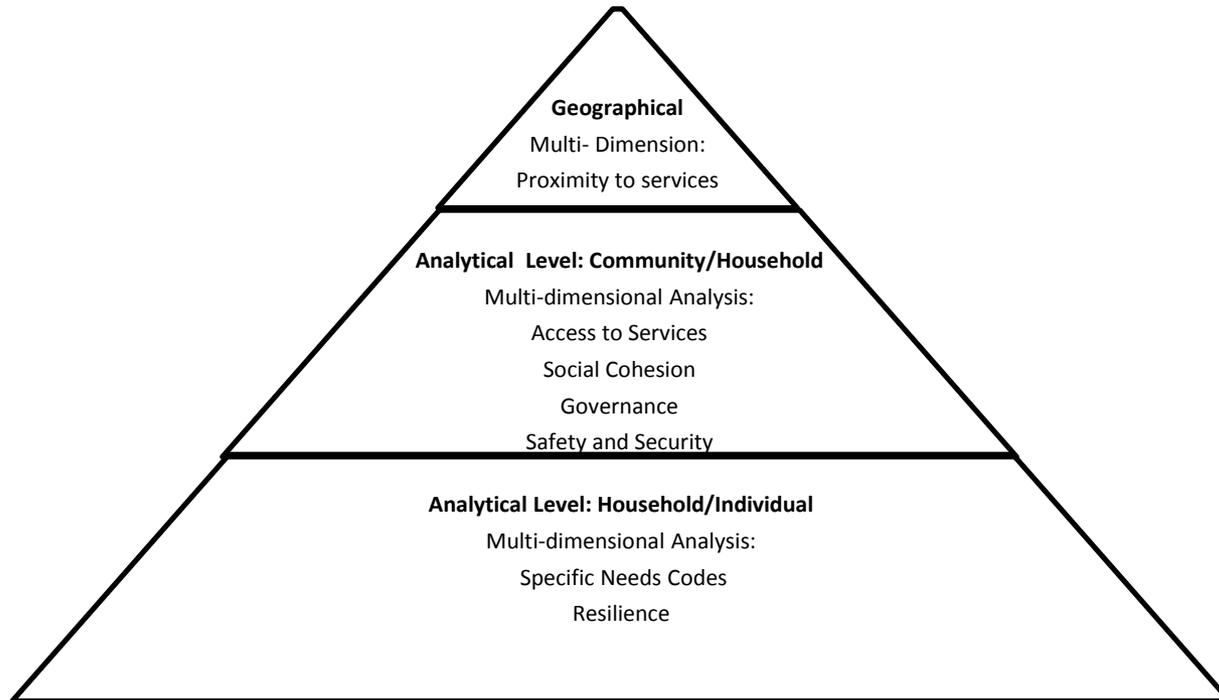
Characteristics of Vulnerability criteria in Cash Assistance

- Different objectives of cash assistance programmes
 - Unconditional
 - Conditional-rent etc.
- Overall two approaches:
 - Group vulnerability
 - Score card used to determine multi-dimensional vulnerability
- One off (urgent case) and ongoing (3 month) cash assistance

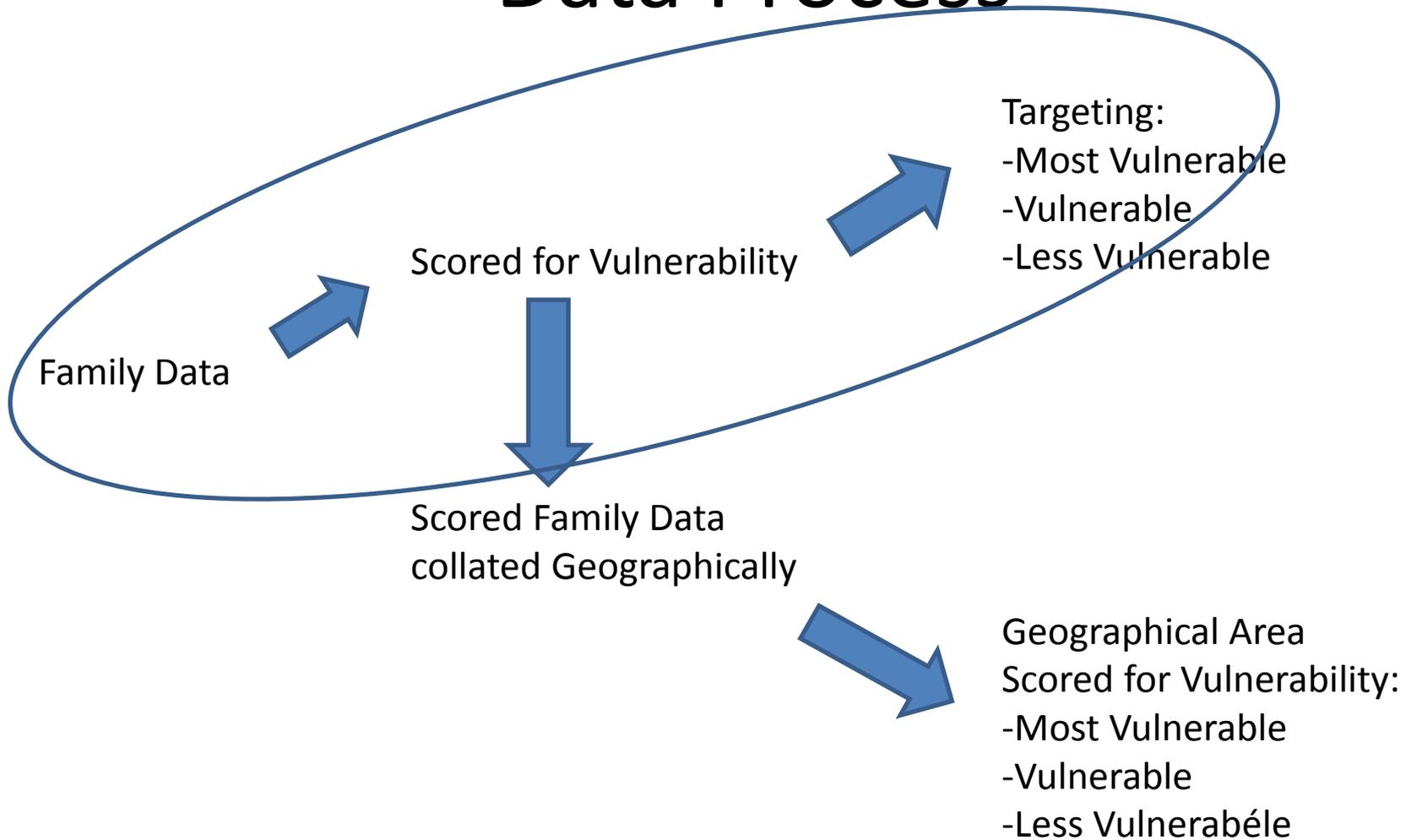
Characteristics of Vulnerability criteria in Cash Assistance

- Group vulnerability, one dimensional and does not say why a person is vulnerable, e.g. being disabled does not necessarily mean you are as vulnerable as another person who is disabled
- Weighting of score cards predominantly done on the basis of workshopping-mandate driven?
- Score Cards not consistent in terms of applying a specific need and a description-e.g. SGBV-with or without family support

A Framework for Vulnerability

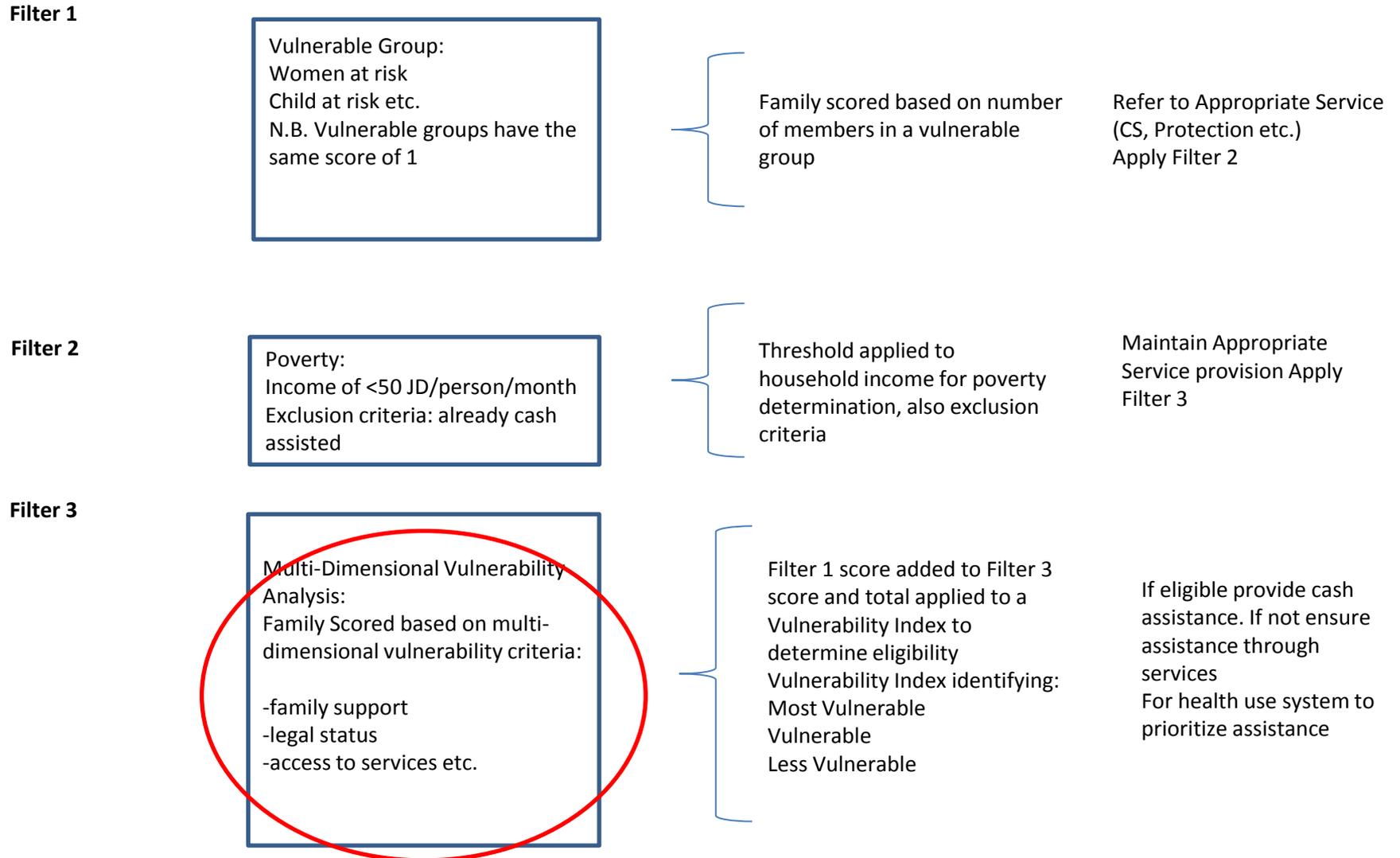


Data Process



Household level Vulnerability Criteria

Action



Family Vulnerability Criteria

- Handout
- Discuss in groups the handout provided and whether:
 - There are vulnerability criteria missing (if missing please also discuss and agree how this can be measured)
 - There are any vulnerability Criteria Presented which have indicators that are not collectable
 - The sliding scoring scale makes sense

Next Steps

- Complete drafting of the score cards based on inter-sectoral collaboration on indicators (WASH, Health, Shelter etc.)
- Test the score cards in practice- can the data be collected-do final adjustments
- Agree at Cash Working group level to adopt this vulnerability analysis model.
- Implement by altering organizational screening/assessment tools
- Apply methodology systematically and analyse results-is a normal distribution achieved.