



A total of **15,937** persons assisted during June, 2014

JUNE HIGHLIGHTS:

During the reporting period, UNHCR in Duhok continued with the distribution of fans and water jerry cans to respond to the summer heat for refugees in both camps and non-camps. A total of 5,507 non camp families were reached with fans (UNHCR) and 298 with refrigerators from PWJ.

Since the beginning of summer, a total of **6,286 families** in Domiz camp, 458 in Gawilan, 298 Akre castle, 5,172 non camp and 335 EVIs Host Community have received **rechargeable fans and water jerry cans**.

IOM covered the needs of fans for the Gawilan and Akre camps, in addition they also provided cooler boxes, mats and plastic sheets to the families in Gawilan and Akre.

ORYX Oil Company distributed 425 Air coolers and 434 refrigerators to families in Gawilan to respond to the summer needs. In addition they also distributed 434 fire extinguishers. In total, for both camps and non-camps, 12, 549 families, including 335 EVIs Host Community, have been reached with the summer items.

DRC began implementation of 16 shaded areas in Erbil Governorate camps following receipt of funding from the Erbil Refugee Council.

In June, no cooking kerosene was distributed in due to subsidized kerosene being no longer available. Part from the summarisation plan, the Communal shades will be ready for the Erbil camps refugees use by July 2014.

PWJ still distributing summer clothes to the refugees Children (5-17 years) in all camps based on needs.



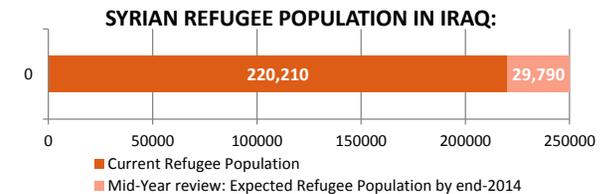
NEEDS ANALYSIS:

Non-camp refugees at Duhok have presented some complaints about the quantity and size of the fans distributed. Also the amount spent on transport (3,000 to 12,000 IQD) to collect these items only. Partners need to distribute the CRIs in places as close as to the beneficiaries.

Despite the distribution of kerosene, an overwhelming majority of refugee households (between 87-100%) used (bottled) gas as their primary source of cooking fuel. Only in Gawilan a majority of 59% of assessed households use kerosene for cooking.

Of the households who reported gas as a need, they could not afford to fully meet, mainly in Basirma, Kawergosk and Gawilan, the majority used kerosene for cooking. This did allow them to fulfill their cooking needs, but the fact that they reported gas as a basic unmet need means this was not necessarily a sufficient remedy.

UNHCR is re-evaluating its policy towards providing of cooking fuel.



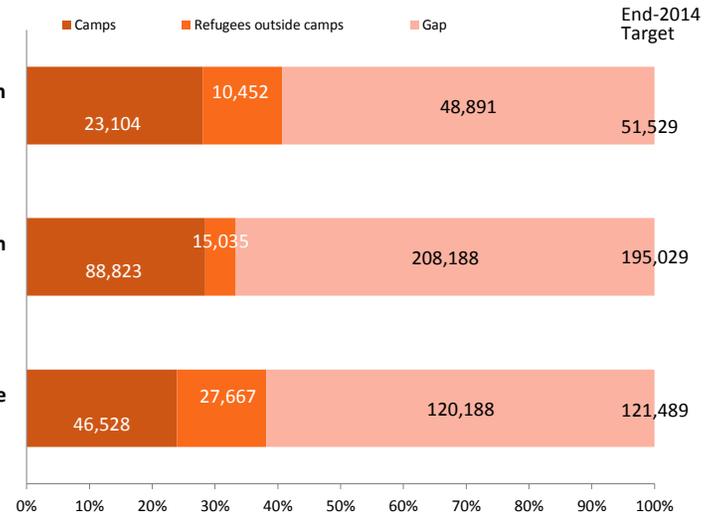
PROGRESS AGAINST TARGETS:

33,556 (4,863 in June) newly arrived individuals have been provided with core relief items to meet basic needs

103,858 (8,543 in June) individuals have been assisted with seasonal relief items*

74,195 (2,531 in June) individuals received replacement of core relief items

* Excluding kerosene



Targets based on expected population of 250,000 Syrian refugees in Iraq by end-2014. There are currently 220,210 refugees.

