



## REFUGEE POPULATION IN JORDAN



■ Registered Refugees as of 1 September 2014  
 ■ RRP6 Refugee Planning Figure

## AUGUST HIGHLIGHTS

### Winterization/costing:

The Cash WG worked in close coordination with the NFI WG to finalise the outline of the winterization efforts for Nov 2014 to March 2015. The document provides the basic framework of the humanitarian agencies' winterization interventions and give the agencies the flexibility to provide different types of assistance in order for refugees to mitigate harsh weather conditions. Based on lessons learnt and experience from last year, the standardized package has been modified while shelter interventions will have to be defined more concretely by the Shelter WG. The CWG will move to a costing exercise in order to for the cash WG members to be able to proceed with monetized assistance and targeting criteria will be further developed in a joint TF with the NFI WG.

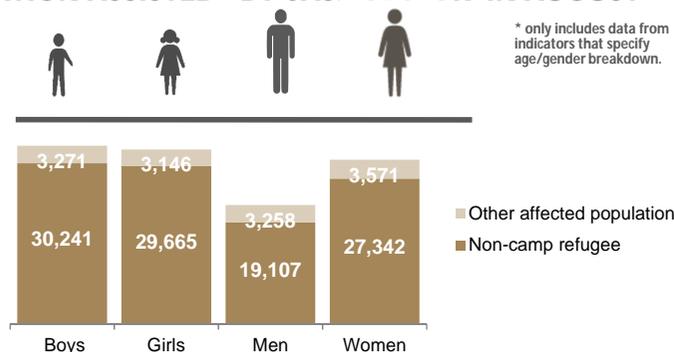
### Creative Thinking and Advocacy:

The Creative thinking TF has organised a workshop on resilience and alternative programming. The workshop attempts to bring together NGOs, stakeholders, and legal experts while in a second phase government and donor will be invited to attend the discussions. This task force came out of a need to move away from cash assistance to something more sustainable. The purpose of the workshop is for attendees to brainstorm on creative ways of providing support which encourages long-term positive outcomes for refugees and host communities in Jordan. The outcome of the workshop will be shared and might be used as an advocacy tool.

## RRP6 OBJECTIVES

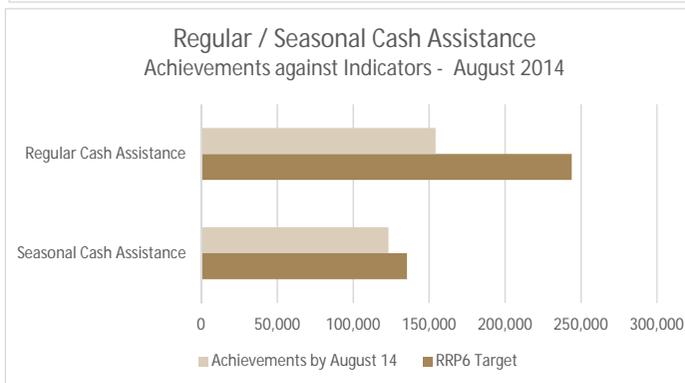
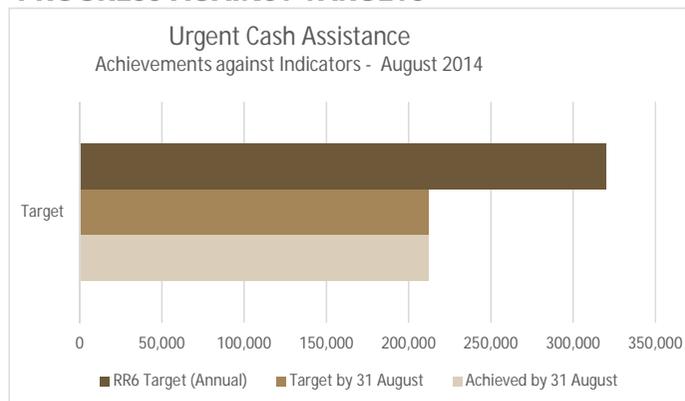
1. Ensure that the needs of extremely vulnerable Syrians, as well as Jordanians affected by the refugee crisis, are covered across Jordan.
2. Ensure that coordination is continuously enhanced in order to deliver quality cash assistance in the most efficient and targeted manner possible to women, men, girls and boys.

## POPULATION ASSISTED\* BY CASH SECTOR IN AUGUST



\* only includes data from indicators that specify age/gender breakdown.

## PROGRESS AGAINST TARGETS



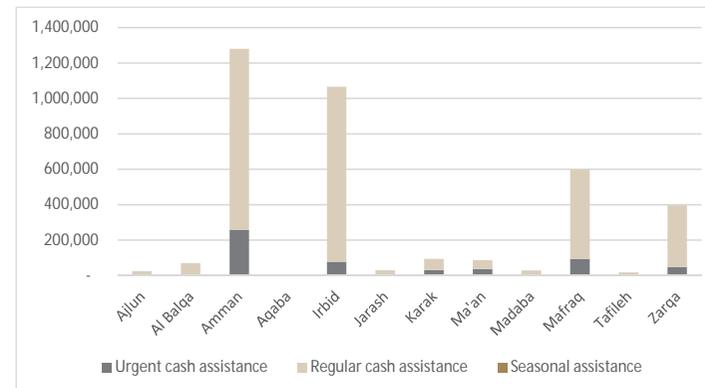
## NEEDS ANALYSIS

The humanitarian community in Jordan will continue to provide cash assistance only to families in non-camp settings. Continued assessment by the UN and partners provides evidence that the vulnerability profiles and thus needs of Syrian women, girls, boys and men are very diverse depending on the area of operation within Jordan, the length of time in-country and the social and economic background of families.

In line with the CWG draft strategic workplan for 2014 and based on discussions in a technical working group on December 2013, the Cash Sector has adopted standardized figures in order to provide in a more coordinated and harmonised way cash assistance to the most needed. According to the standards the average household size is set and maintained at five (5), the average of 150 JD per household for regular cash assistance and 100 JD for urgent cash assistance will be used, the existing CWG set of vulnerability criteria is to be used and the recommended duration of the assistance is six (6) months. It should be noted these figures represent conventions that emerge from a quick analysis and update of available baseline data. However, they are subject to change in the first quarter of 2014 when the CWG will finalize the process of harmonizing systems.

At the same time, in the absence of readily available livelihood opportunities for Syrians in Jordan, the resilience of each refugee household will continue to dwindle throughout 2014. Cash assistance is very important to reduce immediate risks of sexual and gender-based violence such as early marriage and transactional sex, particularly for women and girls as well as child labor and other forms of exploitation.

## CASH DISTRIBUTION IN USD (August 2014)



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 Agencies reporting in this update:

