

- **91,465** refugees in camps have been provided with emergency shelter out of which **49,905** are benefiting from improved shelter facilities (tent foundation and cooking areas).
- **2,546** refugees from Kobane (mostly newly arrived) benefited from shelter assistance in camps.

DECEMBER HIGHLIGHTS:

Shelter sector continues its activities in providing shelter for newly arrived refugees from Kobane (started since September 2014) and in improvement of shelter situation in the camps. During the month, improvements made in 4 camps in Erbil and Duhok governorates.

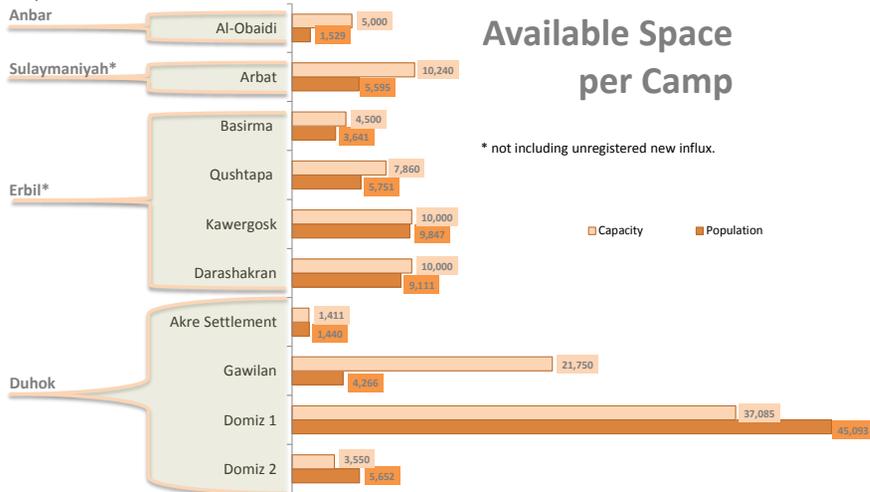
Erbil Camps:

- **Darashakran:** Four large tents for reception center for Kobane refugees have been set up including site development works. An additional 20 tents have been erected for Kobane refugees. Also, 33 latrines and 7 showers have been installed.
- Qushtapa: Eight additional tents have been erected for refugees from Kobane. WASH improvement works at PHC have been completed.
- **Basirma:** WASH improvement works at PHC have been completed. Ministry of Displacement and Migration (MoDM) continues working to finish the second phase of the camp development, 225 families will benefit from the shelter facilities including tent foundation with kitchen.

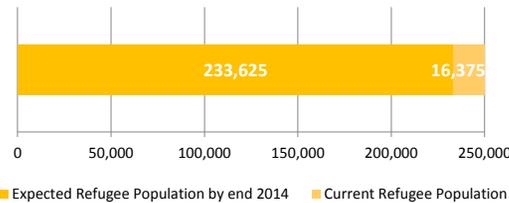
Duhok Camps:

- **Domiz 1:** UNHCR renovated the Registration office for refugees in Domiz.
- **Gawilan:** To make movement between the camp blocks easily, road construction to connect block A and block B of the camp is completed. In Block A, new concrete open channel was implemented. This channel will help to discharge storm water and gray water from the block. Also, an open channel covered by steel grid to protect refugees from fall down.

Below table shows the shelter situation of the 10 camps in Iraq out of which 9 are in Kurdistan Region- Iraq (KRI).



SYRIAN REFUGEE POPULATION IN IRAQ:



NEEDS ANALYSIS:

The objective of the sector is to provide adequate and targeted shelter support to Syrian refugees living in camps, in order to reduce vulnerability and physical settlement issues within the camps.

Notwithstanding that the main focus for the shelter sector are the camp refugees, there are some urgent needs for the non-camp population. These include advocacy for continued refugee residency in host communities, upgrades to the dwellings of refugees living in non-camp settings, and the prevention of informal settlements in urban areas.

In this non-camp setting, families that include persons with specific needs (PSNs) will be targeted for assistance first, while mixed approaches will be taken for those non-PSNs.

Community outreach and protection services will be engaged in the beneficiary selection, so that those benefiting from shelter assistance will be based on demonstrated need.

In Domiz camp, Duhok, the area of the camp remains not enough to accommodate the existing refugee population (54,534 persons). The available space per person remains less than UNHCR standard (30 sq. m per person). Shelter improvement is required for 6,000 tents (place for 30,000 persons).

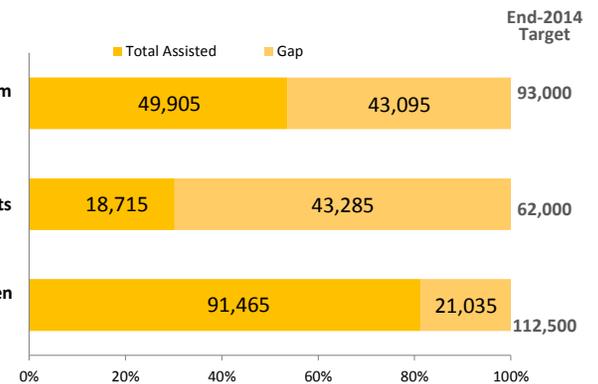
Improvement is required in the sewage treatment, network and waste water management need improvement, as part of WASH projects.

PROGRESS AGAINST TARGETS:

49,905 (0 in December) individuals have benefited from improved shelter (tent foundation and kitchen)

18,715 (650 in December) new or replacement of tents

91,465 (2,546 in December) refugees in camps have been provided with temporary emergency shelter



Targets based on an expected population of 250,000 Syrian refugees in Iraq by end-2014. There are currently 233,625 Syrian refugees in Iraq.