

SOUTH SUDAN REFUGEE SITUATION - New Influx (Post 1 July 2016)

SECTOR INDICATORS - UGANDA

12 August 2016

District	Units	CHILD PROTECTION				SGBV		PSNs	WASH					
		Unaccompanied children	Separated children	Best Interest Assessments	# of children attending Child Friendly Spaces	SGBV incidents	SGBV survivors supported	# of PSNs identified	Litres water / person / dav	Persons / latrine	Persons / hygiene promoter			
		IND	IND	BIAs	IND	Incidents	IND	IND	l / p / d	p / l	IND			
		Time frame		Current caseload since 1st July		This week	This week	This week	This week	Average for this week				
<i>Sphere Indicators</i>											>15 lpd	<50	<500	
Adjumani	Nyumanzi TC	457	617	13	1,000	5	5	31	✗	12.00	✗	102.00	✓	445
Adjumani	Maji I & II RC									N/A		N/A		N/A
Adjumani	Pagrinya I & II RC	45	99	144	2,465	8	8	129	✓	17.00	✗	79.00	✗	1,953
Adjumani	Pagrinya settlement								✓	18.00	✓	39.00	✓	433
Adjumani	Elegu I & II CP	23	147	N/A	N/A			219	✓	118.00	✓	13.00	✓	100
Yumbe	Bidibidi RC	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A				✗	11.70	✗	84.00	✗	960
Yumbe	Bidibidi settlement	217	139	N/A	0	8	8	617	✗	11.70	✗	84.00	✗	960
Arua	Ocea RC	38	242	252		0	0	405						
Arua	Rhino settlement	N/A	N/A	0		0	2	0						
Koboko	Kuluba CP	N/A	N/A											
Kyriandongo	Kyriandongo TC	18	1,141	95	N/A	0	0	105	✓	18.00	✗	264.00	✗	991
Kyriandongo	Kyriandongo settlements	68	1,141	0	4,820	2	2	12	✗	13.00	✓	9.00	✗	875
TOTAL / AVERAGE		866	3,526	504	8,285	23	4	1,518	✓	27.4	✗	84.3	✗	839.6

✓ Sphere Indicator Met
 ✗ Sphere Indicator Not Met
 - data unavailable
 TC: Transit Center RC: Reception Center CP: Collection point



District	Units	HEALTH				NUTRITION				EDUCATION		
		Crude Mortality Rate	Under 5 Mortality Rate	Maternal Deaths	Treatment of SAM		Treatment of MAM		% of children			
					# of children (6-59 months) admitted for treatment	% Recovery Rate	# of children (6-59 months) admitted for treatment	% Recovery Rate	Pre-primary age enrolled in pre-primary education	Primary age enrolled in primary school	Secondary age enrolled in secondary school	
		Units	deaths/10,000/day		IND	IND	IND	IND	%			
		Time frame	Average for this week		This week	This week	This week	This week	as of 30th of month			
Sphere Indicators	<1	<2		>75%	>75%	>75%						
Adjumani	Nyumanzi TC	✓ 0.03	✓ 0.05	0	9	✓ 76.00	16	✓ 78.00	✗ 20%	N/A	N/A	
Adjumani	Maji I & II RC	✓ 0.00	✓ 0.00	0	11	✓ 77.50	21	✓ 76.20	N/A	N/A	N/A	
Adjumani	Pagrinya I & II RC	✓ 0.00	✓ 0.00	0	7	✓ 75.80	32	✓ 77.30	N/A	N/A	N/A	
Adjumani	Pagrinya settlement	✓ 0.00	✓ 0.00	0								
Adjumani	Elegu I & II CP	✓ 0.00	✓ 0.00	0					N/A	N/A	N/A	
Yumbe	Bidibidi RC	✓ 0.00	✓ 0.00	0					N/A	N/A	N/A	
Yumbe	Bidibidi settlement	✓ 0.20	✓ 0.80	0					N/A	N/A	N/A	
Arua	Ocea RC	✓ 0.00	✓ 0.00	0					N/A	N/A	N/A	
Arua	Rhino settlement	✓ 0.00	✓ 0.00	0	6	✓ 79.00	36	✓ 81.00				
Koboko	Kuluba CP	✓ 0.00	✓ 0.00	0					N/A	N/A	N/A	
Kyriandongo	Kyriandongo TC	✓ 0.00	✓ 0.00	0	5	✓ 75.00	28	✗ 71.00	N/A	N/A	N/A	
Kyriandongo	Kyriandongo settlements	✗ 13.00	✓ 9.00	✗ 875					✓ 48%	✗ 45%	✓ 10%	
TOTAL / AVERAGE		✗ 1.1	✓ 0.8	✗ 72.9	38	✓ 76.66	133	✓ 76.70	✗ 34%	✗ 4%	✗ 10%	

Sphere Indicator Met ✓ Sphere Indicator Not Met ✗ - data unavailable
 TC: Transit Center RC: Reception Center CP: Collection point



Source: UNHCR and Partners // Contact: UNHCR, Abdelrahman JABER, Associate Information Management Officer, Jaber@unhcr.org
 For further information visit the UNHCR South Sudan Portal: <http://data.unhcr.org>

District	Sphere Indicators	SHELTER AND SITE					
		Average dwelling floor size per person	Average plot area per person	% of households			
				Communal shelter	Family emergency shelter	Family semi-permanent structures	
		Units	m ² / person		%		
		Time frame	Average for this week		As of this week		
Sphere Indicators	>3.5m ²	>45m ²					
Adjumani	Nyumanzi TC	Uganda does not report on dwelling floor size per person as the refugees build their own shelter	100.00%				
Adjumani	Maji I & II RC		0.00%				
Adjumani	Pagrinya I & II RC		69.00%				
Adjumani	Pagrinya settlement			31.00%			
Adjumani	Elegu I & II CP						
Yumbe	Bidibidi RC		100.00%				
Yumbe	Bidibidi settlement						
Arua	Ocea RC						
Arua	Rhino settlement						
Koboko	Kuluba CP						
Kyriandongo	Kyriandongo TC		0.00%				
Kyriandongo	Kyriandongo settlements						
TOTAL / AVERAGE		#DIV/0!	53.80%	31.00%	#DIV/0!		

Explanation Notes

Summary

This matrix is prepared and published weekly, representing what happened in various sectors in the particular reference week. This indicators matrix is a step towards showing a comprehensive picture of the current situation in Uganda (West-Nile) region and establishing a basis for initial trend and gap analysis. In order to better understand the matrix, following are the explanatory notes on some of the sector indicators:



PROTECTION

Elegu Collection Point: 23 UAM's (13 males and 20 females), 147 separated children (66 males and 81 females) and 219 PSNs (92 males and 127 females) was identified.

Arua: In the reporting period, 252 (126 M, 126 F) Best Interest Assessments were conducted in all in Ocea reception centre. 176 (89 M, 87 F) were SC-SC, 75 (36 M, 39 F) were SC-UC (UAMs) and 01 (01M, 00 F) was a child with disability. Besides, 10 (04 M, 06 F) foster care arrangements were made for 29 (11 M, 19 F) UAMs. A total of 242 (116 M, 126 F) separated children were identified in Ocea reception centre. 38 (20 M, 18 F) UAMs were identified from the reception centre during the reporting period. In total, 405 (163 M 242 F) PSNs were identified from the reception centre during the reporting period.

Nyumaniz : In reporting week of 5 Aug Friday – 12 Friday, 144 Best Interest Assessment conducted of which 45 were unaccompanied minors and 99 being separated children. We currently have 2 child friendly spaces operational run by Save the children and World Vision. Sve the Children is in the process of constructing another CFS to cater for the population. There are currently 1,457 children at the child friendly spaces. Community awareness is ongoing in the settlement and at the reception canters about services available in the settlement, the referral pathways, minimum standards in emergency, and the PSEA



WASH

WATER, SANITATION AND HYGIENE
Adjumani

Per capita in Nyumanzi reduced from earlier 15 l/p/d due to exit of WelthungerHilfe water trucking activity. A borehole (to be motorised) is under implementation which will add adequate water to the supply system plus possibly eradicate the water trucking action. Person per latrine improved drastically in Pagirinya RC 2 from an earlier ratio of 1:239 to 1:79 due to additional 270 latrines/drop holes constructed within the reporting period. Partners have been requested to recruit/add more hygiene promoters to ensure promotion and sensitization is done as expected.



HEALTH

Despite the low mortality rates, respiratory tract infections and malaria incidence rates were very high accounting for over 90% of the total outpatient consultations and inpatient admissions. An outbreak of acute watery diarrhea suspected to be cholera started on 9th August and was ongoing. Interventions were in place to contain it in the shortest time possible. No maternal death was reported.



NUTRITION

a) A total of 7,147 of children below 5 years had been screened for malnutrition since the 18 July 2016 cumulatively. Overall 473 children have been found with acute malnutrition (333 moderate acute malnutrition and 140 severe acute malnutrition).

b) As of the 09 August 2016, 50 children were screened whereby 6 of them were global acute malnutrition (18%) and severe acute malnutrition were 3 representing 6% severe acute malnutrition. These rates are high however needs to be interpreted cautiously owing to the small number of children screened.



Education

The education facilities still under construction on the new settlements



SHELTER and SITE

Eelegu II : 7 communal shelters have been constructed and completed.
 Pagirinya : the current capacity is 32 communal shelters and additional 70 communal shelters are under constructions, each communal shelters has a capacity of 70 individuals (40 HHs)

OTHER

Critical needs and support requirements

- Decongest transit centre and reception centres as most of the reception and transit centres have been holding three to four times higher refugees as compared to their capacity.

The availability of water is below the emergency standard in many transit / reception centres, so, there is a need of increasing water trucking and drilling more boreholes to meet the emergency standard.

Identify new site to relocate refugees, who do not want to move to Yumbe.

