



Basic Needs Assistance during NOVEMBER 2016:

- 272 newly arrived families received packages of basic core relief items. New arrivals are mainly those who relocated to camps from urban areas; the majority of whom (255 families) are in Dohuk Governorate.
- 220 new arrivals families out of camps received basic core relief items in-kind or in cash.
- 69 families received replacement CRI packages in camps.
- 8,004 families living in camps received kerosene (and kerosene jerrycans as needed) as part of the seasonal assistance programme.
- 9,451 families living out of camp were assisted with cash to cover their seasonal CRI needs. The programme is on-going.



Kerosene distribution inside Arbat Refugee Camp - Sulaymaniyah Governorate (c) UNHCR Fern Tilokamankul

NEEDS ANALYSIS:

Winter clothing and shoes for refugees, particularly for elderly and children, have been identified across all three governorates in KRI.

Needs for provision of hygiene kits and baby diapers for all refugee camps has been highlighted in numerous occasions by the related camp managers and refugee community.

NOVEMBER HIGHLIGHTS:

UNHCR launched the winterization assistance for Syrian refugees in all KRI governorates. This includes distribution of winter core relief items, kerosene, cash for winter and winter tent insulation kits.

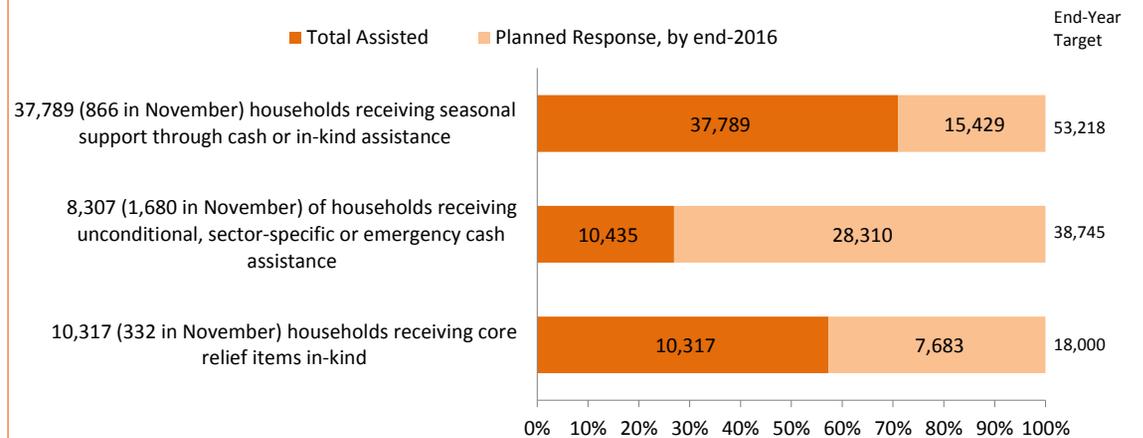
UNHCR aims to provide 400 litres of kerosene to over 17,500 families living in camps during the coldest winter months of November 2016 to February 2017. 11,600 vulnerable families living out of camp will be provided with cash for winter assistance. Families receive USD 250 - USD 400 depending on location and vulnerability. Some families will also receive core relief items on needs based.

Partners like Giving Hope Foundation, BCF and Al-Masala distributed clothes for women and children including shoes and other winter accessories like hats and gloves.

Winter also brings higher risk of fire-related incidents inside camps as families use heating stoves inside their accommodation. UNHCR and partner agencies have stepped up efforts to sensitize communities on fire safety and prevention.

In Dohuk, the Domiz 1 camp management team coordinated with BRHA and the Governor's Office to install 8 generators (500 KVA capacity each) that would enable refugees to have 24 hour electricity against nominal fees similar to communal practices in the host communities.

IRAQ RESPONSE INDICATORS: NOVEMBER 2016*



*Planned response based on full funding of 3RP for an expected direct beneficiary population of 250,000 Syrian refugees and 1.5 million members of impacted local communities by end-2016. By 30 November 2016, 228,894 Syrian refugees (74,984 households) live in Iraq. 38.9% = 89,039 live in 10 camps and 61.1% = 139,855 in non-camp/urban areas. 97% = 220,950 live in Kurdistan Region-Iraq (KR-I): in Erbil Duhok and Sulaymaniyah and 3% = 7,944 live in other locations in Iraq.

Leading Agency: UNHCR, Roger Naylor, naylor@unhcr.org; Co-leading agency: ACTED. Participating Agencies: