CCCM Somalia Cluster Dashboard

June 2018

General update

In response to the IDPs affected by the flood, CCCM partners in Baidoa provided sanitation materials in 80 IDP sites. The affected beneficiaries received wheelbarrows, spades, rakes gumboots, gloves and digging tools. Teams also mobilized communities to clean up their sites in which 290 beneficiaries volunteered.

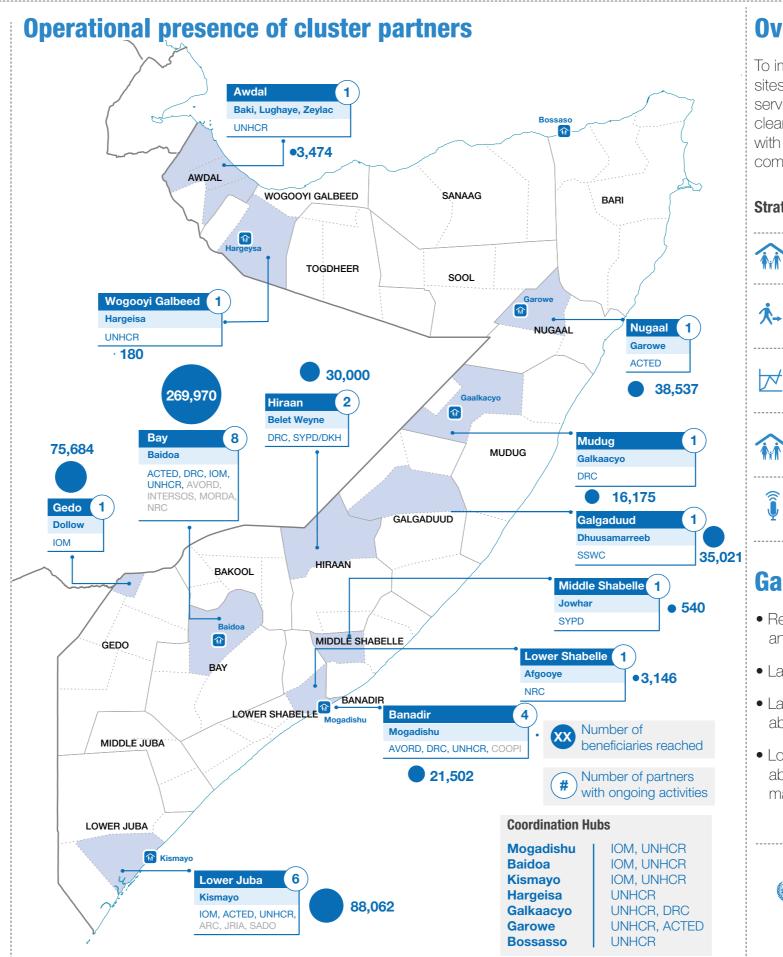
In partnership with HLP sub cluster, CCCM partners are conducting eviction risk mapping of sites in 3 districts. CCCM partners work with protection partners and local authorities to mitigate evictions and identify new locations for IDPs that need to relocate. In Baidoa, CCCM supported the relocation of 530 households who had also been given a three day notice to move. CCCM worked with community leaders to integration of households into their new communities.

Relocation in Kabasa site in Dolow is ongoing. To date, 2,400 households have been internally relocated to ensure better access to services and more dignifed living conditions. The new site plan gives families more household living space, better access to water and sanitation facilities and reduced risk of flooding and fires.

Data collection for the Detailed Site Assessment is ongoing in 5 districts (2 in Bay and 3 in Galmudug).



IDP site planning in Dolow, Muse/IOM 2018



CCCM Cluster **SOMALIA**



To improve the living conditions and protection of IDPs in sites and settlements and ensure equitable access to services and assistance of all persons in need, with a clear focus on moving toward attaining durable solutions with full participation of the displaced and host communities.

CAMP COORDINATION

ategic indicators		Target Achieved
	# of IDP reached by CCCM partners	1.5 million 587,151
•	# of sites with established CCCM mechanisms	1,600 sites 658 sites
+	# of sites covered by the Detailed Site Assessment	89 districts 48 districts
	# of sites with established community participation structures	1,600 sites 658 sites
>	# of displaced people with access to information about humanitarian services	1.5 million 587,151

Gaps

• Restricted humanitarian access in some parts of south and central Somalia

Lack of information on service provision at site level

• Lack of land tenure and forced evictions inhibit the ability of partners to improve living conditions in sites

• Low levels of community participation and AAP inhibit ability to improve beneficiary targeting to include marginalized populations





