



UNHCR's staff meeting with the Afghan refugees affected by recent rain in Malgagai Refugee Village in Balochistan

Legal Assistance

8,509

Arrest & detentions

444 *

Interventions

261 **

Releases

446

Key findings

Nine Advice and Legal Aid Centres (ALAC) are operational in the main refugee-hosting areas of four provinces and provide free legal support to persons of concern (PoCs): four in Khyber Pakhtunkhwa (KP), one in Sindh and three in Punjab and Islamabad Capital Territory (ICT) through partnership agreements with SHARP and one in Balochistan run by SEHER.

In March 2019, UNHCR and its partners provided legal assistance to a total of **3,256** persons of concern. During the month, UNHCR and its partners intervened at police stations for **150** arrested/detained PoCs and secured release of all. In majority of the cases, UNHCR and its partners managed to obtain the release of the arrested PoCs before the official lodging of charges against them by law enforcement agencies which resulted in their release from detention within 24 hours. Additionally, ALAC partners provided court representations to **159** PoCs charged under the Foreigners Act and other preventive laws subsequently resulting in their release by the orders of the courts.

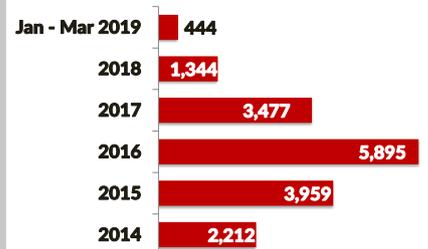
ALAC teams and the Ministry of SAFRON continue to take proactive steps to mitigate the risk of detention, including enhanced advocacy, pre-emptively intervening at police stations to prevent arrests and enhancing the response capacity of partners. UNHCR has developed and disseminated additional awareness raising materials on legal assistance programs available for PoCs (ALAC posters, brochures & use of social media).

When compared with March 2018 (101 Ind), a significant increase of (200%) in arrest and detention has been observed in the reporting month (309 Ind) which is attributed to a single mass arrest (192 Ind) incident in Kohat, KP in connection to escalated tensions between Pakistan and India. UNHCR will continue to advocate for extension and renewal of Proof of Registration (PoR) cards beyond 30 June 2019, as well as timely issuance of the official notification for further dissemination among refugee communities, UNHCR's partners and law enforcement agencies.

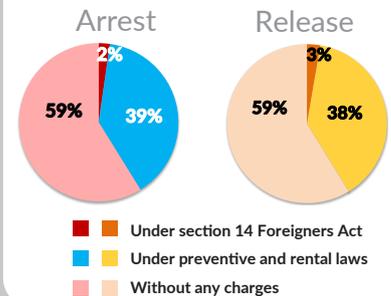
* Actual numbers of arrests / detentions / ** Interventions made by ALAC at police stations to secure the release of PoCs.

Note: In January 2018, the Frontier Corps (FC) in Quetta undertook security operations that resulted in the apprehension of Afghans including registered Afghan refugees. Among those arrested, 40 PoR cardholders were deported to Afghanistan without due process.

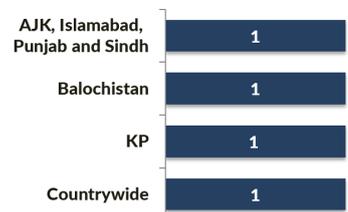
Arrest and detentions by years



Types of arrests and releases

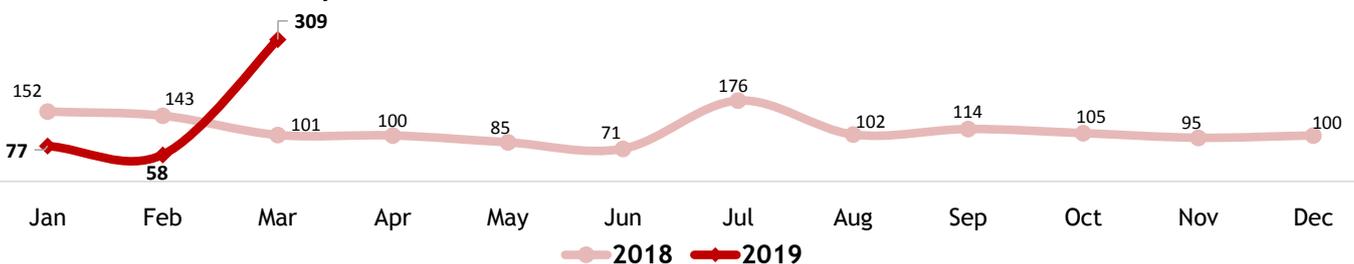


Avg length of detention (days)*

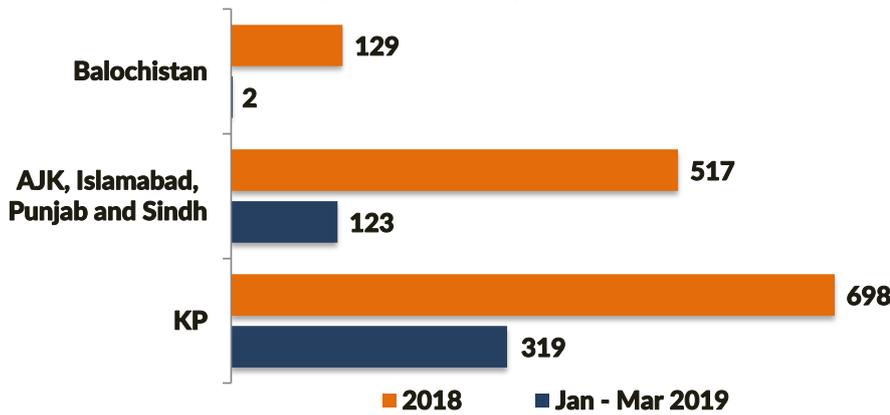


*Weighted proportionally by # of arrests in each province

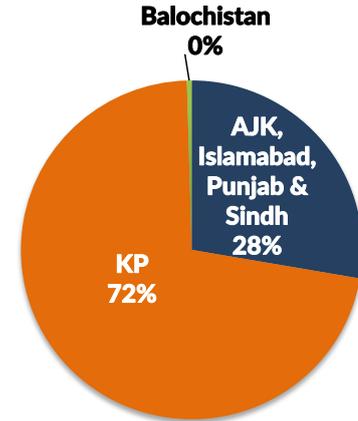
Arrest and detentions by months



Arrest and detentions by location and year/month



Arrest/detention locations



Access to legal assistance and legal remedies

Advice and Legal Aid Centre (ALAC) activities in 2019 include the following:

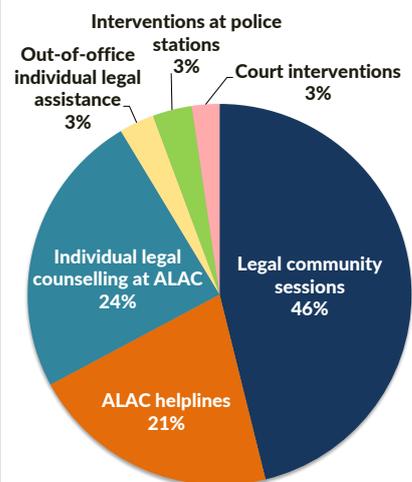
a) provision of legal intervention at police stations upon arrest/detention; b) court representation in the cases of arrest/detention and other issues regarding civil/family/tenancy matters etc.; c) individually facilitated counseling (legal advice) at ALACs and through helplines; d) out-of-court legal assistance; e) legal sessions in the form of legal camps, *shura* meetings and facilitated group discussions; and f) coordination with and training of law enforcement authorities including border officials and the judiciary.

In March, partner's staff provided **individual legal counselling** to 784 PoCs who visited the Advice and Legal Aid Centres as well as legal advice to a total of 575 PoCs through **ALAC helplines**. Birth registration, police harassment, information on repatriation, PoR card modifications and asylum applications were the issues of greatest concern observed during the reporting period. **Out-of-court legal assistance** was provided to 74 PoCs, mostly related to police harassment, PoR card verifications, rental agreements and affidavits.

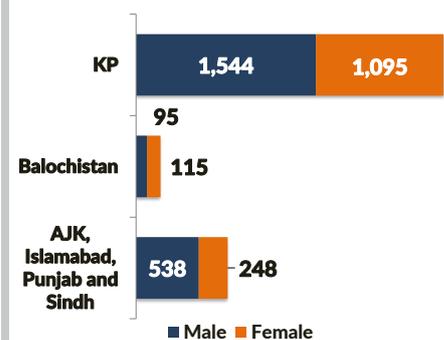
UNHCR and ALAC staff also organized a total of **61 legal camps and shura meetings**, reaching **1367 participants** (42% of whom were women) in the reporting month. 57% of the legal sessions were held in refugee villages and the remaining sessions in urban areas of Pakistan. Through these legal sessions, refugees shared various issues affecting their communities. UNHCR partner staff informed refugees of available free legal aid and UNHCR helpline services.

UNHCR and its legal partners organized three training sessions on refugee rights, UNHCR's mandate and international protection one each in Khyber Pakhtunkhwa, Punjab and Balochistan where 18 public prosecutors participated along with 20 persons from civil society.

ALAC legal assistance activities



Legal group participation



UNHCR continues to deploy border monitors at the two official Pak Afghan border crossings – Torkham (KP) and Chaman (Balochistan) – in order to identify potential protection issues during border movements.

Refugee-police liaison committees have been established in the districts of Mardan, Sawabi, Buner and Malakand in Khyber Pakhtunkhwa after successful implementation in the districts of Charsadda, Peshawar and Nowshera to enable refugees directly approaching police.

There are 31 ALAC lawyers countrywide who provide the legal aid/assistance described above (18 in KP, 2 in Balochistan, 5 in Punjab/AJK, 3 in Sindh and 3 in Islamabad).

UNHCR is expanding its legal assistance network through the identification of *pro bono* lawyers in addition to the existing ALAC legal aid program.