

### Background and Methodology

In support of the United Nations High Commissioner for Refugees (UNHCR), REACH is conducting monthly assessments in managed sites in Roraima state, in order to assist humanitarian planning and response. These factsheets present an overview of conditions in sites located in Boa Vista and Pacaraima towns in October 2018. A mixed methodology was used to gather information, with primary data collection conducted through direct observations between 29 and 30 of October 2018 as well as 8 Key Informant (KI) interviews conducted with actors working on the sites. Further, secondary data provided by UNHCR KI and the Brazilian Armed Forces were used to analyse selected key indicators. Given the dynamic situation in Boa Vista and Pacaraima, information should only be considered as relevant to the month of assessment using the most updated UNHCR data available as of the end of the month.

### Sites overview

Assessed sites: 8  
 # of individuals: 3,872  
 Boa Vista: 3,444  
 Pacaraima: 428  
 # of households: 1,527\*  
 Avg household size: 3  
 Planned capacity: 4,172

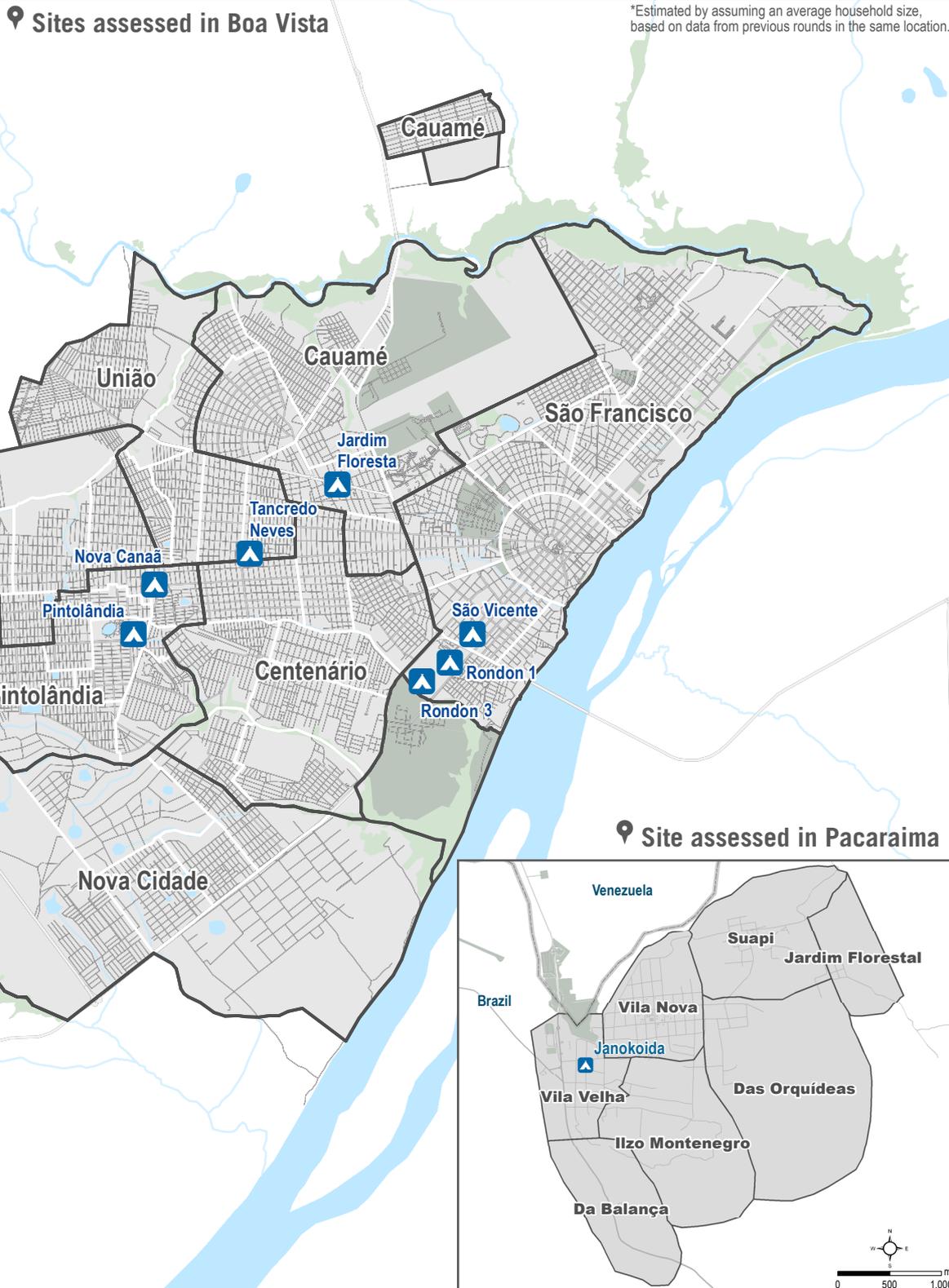
### Demographics

53% male / 47% female

1%	Over 60	1%
30%	18 - 59	28%
5%	12 - 17	4%
8%	5 - 11	7%
9%	0 - 4	7%

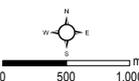
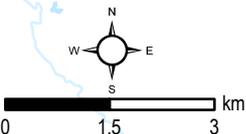


### Sites assessed in Boa Vista



\*Estimated by assuming an average household size, based on data from previous rounds in the same location.

### Site assessed in Pacaraima



# Roraima site profiling

## Jardim Floresta

Boa Vista, Roraima State, Brazil

Lat. 2°49'48.63"N Long. 60°42'22.86"W

### Summary

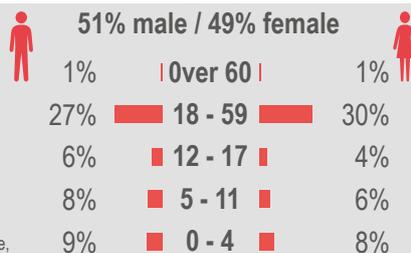
Economic instability and civil unrest have led to the displacement of Venezuelans to neighbouring countries, with more than 85,000 currently living in Brazil. This profile provides an overview of conditions in Jardim Floresta site. Population figures reported are based on registration data provided by UNHCR. Additional information collected through key informant interviews (KIs) with actors working on the site has been used to supplement findings.

### Site overview

# of individuals: 571  
 # of households: 189\*  
 Avg household size: 3  
 Date opened: 21/03/2018  
 Planned capacity: 594

\*Estimated by assuming an average household size, based on data from previous rounds in the same location.

### Demographics



### Location map



Who is doing what?	
Sector	Agency
Management	NRC (UNHCR partner)
Safety and Security	Armed Forces
WASH*	ADRA, Armed Forces, UNHCR
Shelter	UNHCR
Protection	FFHI, NRC, UNFPA, UNHCR, UNICEF
Education	FFHI, UNICEF
Food Assistance	Armed Forces
Nutrition	None
Health	Armed Forces, Ministry of Health
ITC**	NRC, TSF
Information Management	REACH

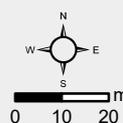
\* Water, sanitation and hygiene  
 \*\* Information Technology and Communications.



### Site infrastructure

- Perimeter
- Infrastructure
- Zones
- UNHCR tent
- Army office
- UNHCR office
- Army accommodation
- Health facility
- Distribution area
- Storage
- Education facility
- Community space
- Latrine container - men (56/57)
- Shower container - men (22/25)
- Latrine - women (3/5)
- Shower - women (5/11)
- Latrine disabled
- Mixed latrine (administration)
- Laundry
- Potable water
- Entrance/Exit

Note: Latrine and Shower (Functional/Total # stalls)



### Sectoral overview

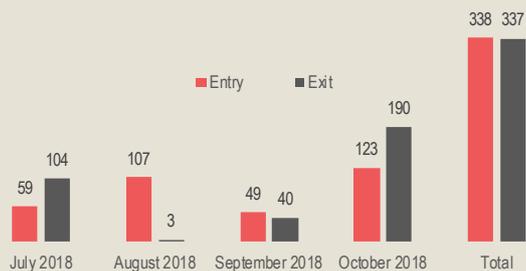
	Target	Last round	Current round	Achievement
Education	% of children aged 6-14 enrolled in school	100%	No information	No information
	% of children aged 15-17 enrolled in school	100%	No information	34%
Health	% of individuals fully vaccinated*	100%	44%	47%
	% of pregnant women accessing pre-natal care	100%	No information	No information
WASH	# of persons per functional latrine	Max. 20	14	10
	# of persons per functional shower	Max. 20	30	24
	Frequency of solid waste disposal	Min. weekly	7/week	7/week
Shelter	Average covered area per person	Min. 3.5m <sup>2</sup>	3.2m <sup>2</sup>	4.0m <sup>2</sup>
	% of site overcrowding**	≤5%	17%	0%
Protection	Presence of child-friendly spaces	Yes	No	No
	Community groups established	Yes	Yes	Yes

Targets based on minimum standards agreed with UNHCR, Brazil. ● Target achieved ● Target partially achieved ● Target not achieved  
 \* Percentage of individuals vaccinated of Yellow fever, Triple viral vaccine (MMR) and Diphtheria, based on available data. \*\* Calculated based on the planned capacity of the site.



### ➔ Entry and exit flow

Newly registered arrivals and departures per month:



### 💰 Socio-economic background<sup>1</sup>

Education level (age 18+)

Higher/technical	12%	14%
Secondary	69%	62%
Primary	18%	21%
No education	1%	3%

Professional background (age 18+)

Agricultural workers	1%	1%
Craft and trade related workers	14%	0%
Unskilled labour	24%	28%
Service and sales workers	27%	52%
Professionals	7%	5%
Technicians/associated professionals	27%	13%
No occupation	0%	1%

### 👤 Protection

Vulnerable groups

Number of cases

Pregnant / lactating women	16
Persons with serious medical condition	6
Persons with disabilities	10
Female head of household	6
UASC <sup>2</sup>	3

Specific conditions reported from above categories:

Number of cases

Physical disability	6
Mental disability	3
Other disability	1

Legal status

**76%** Registered with Brazilian authorities

Of these:

**86%** with Asylum seeker protocol<sup>3</sup>

**13%** with Temporary Residence<sup>4</sup>

**1%** with other status\*

\* Including Brazilian birth certificate and/or refugee status.

Brazilian documentation

**71%** Obtained the CPF<sup>5</sup> documentation

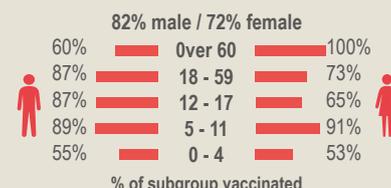
**48%** Obtained the CTPS<sup>6</sup> documentation (age 18+)

**3** Newborns (out of 21) obtained birth certificate

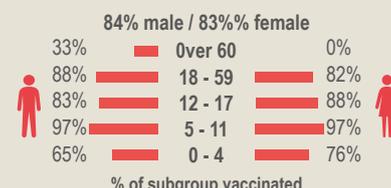
### 🏥 Health

Vaccination\*

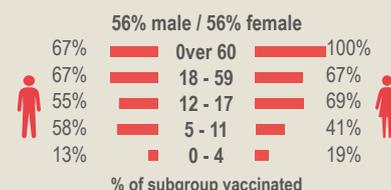
**77%** Yellow fever



**83%** Triple viral vaccine (MMR)



**56%** Diphtheria



\*Based on available data.

### 👥 Voluntary relocation programme<sup>7</sup>

**299** Beneficiaries as of 31 October 2018

Individuals interested in the programme\*

Yes	80%	76%
No	20%	24%

Top 5 professional background of interested individuals

Service and sales workers	26%	54%
Elementary occupations	23%	25%
Technicians	29%	12%
Craftsmanship or manual labour	15%	0%
Skilled workers	7%	7%

\* Based on available data (493 individuals out of 571)

Endnote:

1 Professional background based on International Standard Classification of Occupations (ISCO) created by the International Labour Organization (ILO).

2 Unaccompanied or separated child, based on UNHCR definition.

3 Temporary document given to refugee status applicants while asylum claim is being analysed by local authorities.

4 Under the "Mercosur Residency Agreement", Venezuelan nationals have the right to apply for temporary residency in Brazil, valid for two years.

5 Cadastro de Pessoa Física (individual taxpayer registry identification).

6 Carteira de Trabalho e Previdência Social is a document granting access to labour rights for workers in Brazil.

7 Programa de Interiorização (in Portuguese) is a government-led voluntary relocation programme, implemented with the support of UN agencies, that aims at facilitating the integration of Venezuelan asylum seekers and migrants in the Brazilian society and labour market. The programme includes transporting beneficiaries to other regions of the country and providing housing and support in their integration in host community and labour market.

## Janokoida

Pacaraima, Roraima State, Brazil

Lat. 4°28'32.4"N Long. 61°08'40.8"W

### Summary

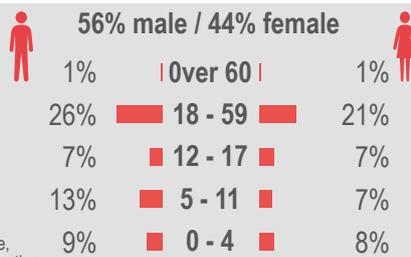
Economic instability and civil unrest have led to the displacement of Venezuelans to neighbouring countries, with more than 85,000 currently living in Brazil. This profile provides an overview of conditions in Janokoida site. Population figures reported are based on registration data provided by UNHCR. Additional information collected through key informant interviews (KIs) with actors working on the site has been used to supplement findings.

### Site overview

**# of individuals:** 428  
**# of households:** 151\*  
**Avg household size:** 3  
**Date opened:** 02/11/2017  
**Planned capacity:** 224

\*Estimated by assuming an average household size, based on data from previous rounds in the same location.

### Demographics



### Location map



Who is doing what?	
Sector	Agency
Management	SETRABES, FFHI (UNHCR partner)
Safety and Security	Armed Forces
WASH*	Armed Forces
Shelter	Civil Defense
Protection	UNHCR, SETRABES
Education	UNICEF
Food Assistance	Armed Forces
Nutrition	None
Health	Armed Forces
ITC**	Armed Forces
Information Management	REACH

\* Water, sanitation and hygiene  
 \*\* Information Technology and Communications.

### Site infrastructure

Perimeter	Storage
Hammock area	Community space
Infrastructure	Latrine - men (6/6)
Area under construction	Shower - men (5/6)
Civil Defense tent	Latrine - women (6/6)
Administration office	Shower - women (3/6)
Latrine - men (administration)	Laundry
Latrine - women (administration)	Laundry non-functional
Army accommodation	Potable water
Health facility	Entrance/Exit
Distribution area	



Note: Latrine and Shower (Functional/Total # stalls)

### Sectoral overview

	Target	Last round	Current round	Achievement
Education	% of children aged 6-14 enrolled in school	100%	0%	0%
	% of children aged 15-17 enrolled in school	100%	0%	0%
Health	% of individuals fully vaccinated*	100%	35%	40%
	% of pregnant women accessing pre-natal care	100%	100%	100%
WASH	# of persons per functional latrine	Max. 20	57	36
	# of persons per functional shower	Max. 20	86	54
	Frequency of solid waste disposal	Min. weekly	7/week	6/week
Shelter	Average covered area per person	Min. 3.5m <sup>2</sup>	0.6m <sup>2</sup>	1.0m <sup>2</sup>
	% of site overcrowding**	≤5%	206%	91%
Protection	Presence of child-friendly spaces	Yes	No	No
	Community groups established	Yes	Yes	Yes

Targets based on minimum standards agreed with UNHCR, Brazil. ● Target achieved ● Target partially achieved ● Target not achieved  
 \* Percentage of individuals vaccinated of Yellow fever, Triple viral vaccine (MMR) and Diphtheria, based on available data. \*\* Calculated based on the planned capacity of the site.



### ➔ Entry and exit flow

Newly registered arrivals and departures per month:



### 💰 Socio-economic background<sup>1</sup>

Education level (age 18+)

Higher/technical	9%	3%
Secondary	28%	44%
Primary	48%	46%
No education	15%	7%

Professional background (age 18+)

Agricultural workers	31%	0%
Craft and trade related workers	11%	43%
Unskilled labour	15%	40%
Service and sales workers	15%	2%
Professionals	9%	5%
Technicians/associated professionals	8%	2%
No occupation	11%	8%

### 👤 Protection

Vulnerable groups

Number of cases

Pregnant / lactating women	6
Persons with serious medical condition	1
Persons with disabilities	2
Female head of household	9
UASC <sup>2</sup>	7

Specific conditions reported from above categories:

Number of cases

Hearing Impairment	1
Visual impairment	1
Malnutrition	1

Legal status

**32%** Registered with Brazilian authorities

Of these:

**91%** with Asylum seeker protocol<sup>3</sup>

**4%** with Temporary Residence<sup>4</sup>

**6%** with other status\*

\* Including Brazilian birth certificate and/or refugee status.

Brazilian documentation

**47%** Obtained the CPF<sup>5</sup> documentation

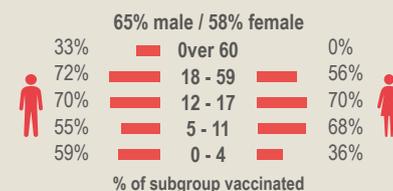
**2%** Obtained the CTPS<sup>6</sup> documentation (age 18+)

**6** Newborns (out of 20) obtained birth certificate

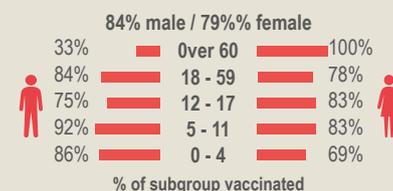
### 🏥 Health

Vaccination\*

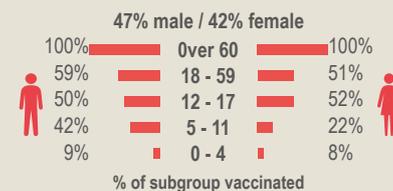
**62%** Yellow fever



**82%** Triple viral vaccine (MMR)



**45%** Diphtheria



\*Based on available data.

### 👥 Voluntary relocation programme<sup>7</sup>

**n/a** Beneficiaries as of 31 October 2018

Individuals interested in the programme

Yes	n/a	n/a
No	n/a	n/a

Top 5 professional background of interested individuals

n/a	n/a	n/a

Endnote:

1 Professional background based on International Standard Classification of Occupations (ISCO) created by the International Labour Organization (ILO).

2 Unaccompanied or separated child, based on UNHCR definition.

3 Temporary document given to refugee status applicants while asylum claim is being analysed by local authorities.

4 Under the "Mercosur Residency Agreement", Venezuelan nationals have the right to apply for temporary residency in Brazil, valid for two years.

5 Cadastro de Pessoa Física (individual taxpayer registry identification).

6 Carteira de Trabalho e Previdencia Social is a document granting access to labour rights for workers in Brazil.

7 Programa de Interiorização (in Portuguese) is a government-led voluntary relocation programme, implemented with the support of UN agencies, that aims at facilitating the integration of Venezuelan asylum seekers and migrants in the Brazilian society and labour market. The programme includes transporting beneficiaries to other regions of the country and providing housing and support in their integration in host community and labour market.

## Nova Canaã

Boa Vista, Roraima State, Brazil

Lat. 2°48'50.59"N Long. 60°44'5.17"W

### Summary

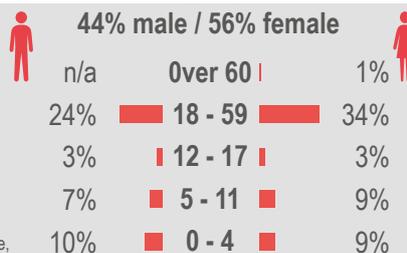
Economic instability and civil unrest have led to the displacement of Venezuelans to neighbouring countries, with more than 85,000 currently living in Brazil. This profile provides an overview of conditions in Nova Canaã site. Population figures reported are based on registration data provided by UNHCR. Additional information collected through key informant interviews (KIs) with actors working on the site has been used to supplement findings.

### Site overview

**# of individuals:** 391  
**# of households:** 147\*  
**Avg household size:** 3  
**Date opened:** 25/04/2018  
**Planned capacity:** 390

\*Estimated by assuming an average household size, based on data from previous rounds in the same location.

### Demographics



### Location map



#### Who is doing what?

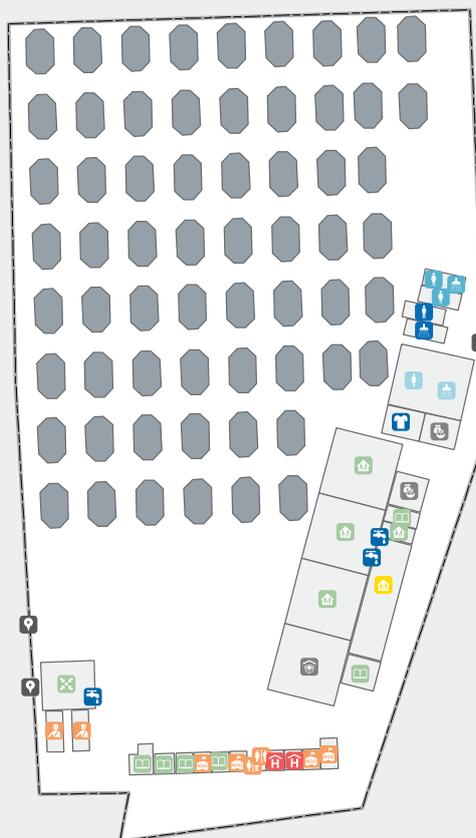
Sector	Agency
Management	FFHI (UNHCR partner)
Safety and Security	Armed Forces
WASH*	Armed Forces
Shelter	UNHCR
Protection	FFHI, UNICEF
Education	UNICEF
Food Assistance	Armed Forces
Nutrition	Armed Forces
Health	Armed Forces, FFHI
ITC**	TSF
Information Management	REACH

\* Water, sanitation and hygiene

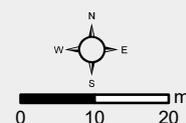
\*\* Information Technology and Communications.

#### Site infrastructure

	Perimeter		Child-friendly space
	Infrastructure		Latrine container - men (6/7)
	UNHCR tent		Shower container - men (7/7)
	NGO office		Latrine - women (11/11)
	Army accommodation		Shower - women (9/10)
	Health facility		Latrine container - women (7/8)
	Distribution area		Shower container - women (3/3)
	Storage		Mixed latrine (administration)
	Community space		Laundry
	Education facility		Potable water
	Waiting area		Entrance/Exit



Note: Latrine and Shower (Functional/Total # stalls)



### Sectoral overview

	Target	Last round	Current round	Achievement	
Education	% of children aged 6-14 enrolled in school	100%	No information	11%	●
	% of children aged 15-17 enrolled in school	100%	No information	0%	●
Health	% of individuals fully vaccinated*	100%	60%	56%	●
	% of pregnant women accessing pre-natal care	100%	No information	100%	●
WASH	# of persons per functional latrine	Max. 20	73	16	●
	# of persons per functional shower	Max. 20	23	21	●
	Frequency of solid waste disposal	Min. weekly	7/week	7/week	●
Shelter	Average covered area per person	Min. 3.5m <sup>2</sup>	3.3m <sup>2</sup>	3.8m <sup>2</sup>	●
	% of site overcrowding**	≤5%	12%	0%	●
Protection	Presence of child-friendly spaces	Yes	Yes	Yes	●
	Community groups established	Yes	Yes	Yes	●

Targets based on minimum standards agreed with UNHCR, Brazil.

● Target achieved

● Target partially achieved

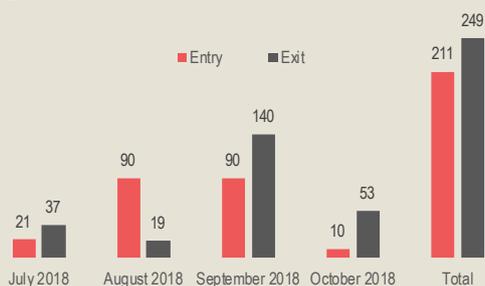
● Target not achieved

\* Percentage of individuals vaccinated of Yellow fever, Triple viral vaccine (MMR) and Diphtheria, based on available data.

\*\* Calculated based on the planned capacity of the site.

### ➔ Entry and exit flow

Newly registered arrivals and departures per month:



### 💰 Socio-economic background<sup>1</sup>

Education level (age 18+)

Higher/technical	16%	21%
Secondary	66%	60%
Primary	14%	15%
No education	4%	4%

Professional background (age 18+)

Agricultural workers	5%	0%
Craft and trade related workers	19%	2%
Unskilled labour	21%	21%
Service and sales workers	22%	50%
Professionals	5%	13%
Technicians/associated professionals	28%	8%
No occupation	0%	6%

### 👤 Protection

Vulnerable groups

Number of cases

Pregnant / lactating women	13
Persons with serious medical condition	2
Persons with disabilities	4
Female head of household	4
UASC <sup>2</sup>	2

Specific conditions reported from above categories:

Number of cases

Hearing Impairment	2
Physical disability	2
None	n/a

Legal status

**54%** Registered with Brazilian authorities

Of these:

**83%** with Asylum seeker protocol<sup>3</sup>

**14%** with Temporary Residence<sup>4</sup>

**3%** with other status\*

\* Including Brazilian birth certificate and/or refugee status.

Brazilian documentation

**52%** Obtained the CPF<sup>5</sup> documentation

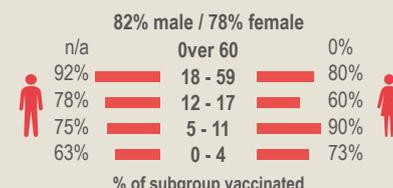
**26%** Obtained the CTPS<sup>6</sup> documentation (age 18+)

**5** Newborns (out of 11) obtained birth certificate

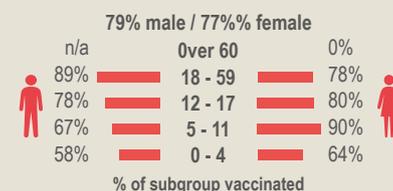
### 🏥 Health

Vaccination\*

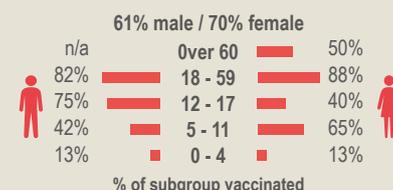
**80%** Yellow fever



**78%** Triple viral vaccine (MMR)



**66%** Diphtheria



\*Based on available data.

### 👥 Voluntary relocation programme<sup>7</sup>

**169** Beneficiaries as of 31 October 2018

Individuals interested in the programme\*

Yes	76%	75%
No	24%	25%

Top 5 professional background of interested individuals

Service and sales workers	30%	51%
Technicians	30%	9%
Elementary occupations	17%	18%
Skilled workers	6%	17%
Craftsmanship or manual labour	15%	0%

\* Based on available data (274 individuals out of 391)

Endnote:

1 Professional background based on International Standard Classification of Occupations (ISCO) created by the International Labour Organization (ILO).

2 Unaccompanied or separated child, based on UNHCR definition.

3 Temporary document given to refugee status applicants while asylum claim is being analysed by local authorities.

4 Under the "Mercosur Residency Agreement", Venezuelan nationals have the right to apply for temporary residency in Brazil, valid for two years.

5 Cadastro de Pessoa Física (individual taxpayer registry identification).

6 Carteira de Trabalho e Previdência Social is a document granting access to labour rights for workers in Brazil.

7 Programa de Interiorização (in Portuguese) is a government-led voluntary relocation programme, implemented with the support of UN agencies, that aims at facilitating the integration of Venezuelan asylum seekers and migrants in the Brazilian society and labour market. The programme includes transporting beneficiaries to other regions of the country and providing housing and support in their integration in host community and labour market.

# Roraima site profiling

## Pintolândia

Boa Vista, Roraima State, Brazil

Lat. 2°48'23.1"N Long. 60°44'18.73"W

### Summary

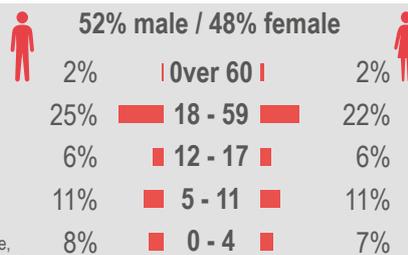
Economic instability and civil unrest have led to the displacement of Venezuelans to neighbouring countries, with more than 85,000 currently living in Brazil. This profile provides an overview of conditions in Pintolândia site. Population figures reported are based on registration data provided by UNHCR. Additional information collected through key informant interviews (KIIs) with actors working on the site has been used to supplement findings.

### Site overview

**# of individuals:** 665  
**# of households:** 222\*  
**Avg household size:** 3  
**Date opened:** 27/12/2016  
**Planned capacity:** 542

\*Estimated by assuming an average household size, based on data from previous rounds in the same location.

### Demographics



### Location map



Sector	Who is doing what?
Sector	Agency
Management	SETRABES, FFHI (UNHCR partner)
Safety and Security	Armed Forces
WASH*	ADRA, Armed Forces, FFHI
Shelter	Civil Defense
Protection	FFHI, SETRABES, UNFPA, UNICEF
Education	FFHI, Casa de los niños
Food Assistance	Armed Forces
Nutrition	Armed Forces, UNICEF, Child's Pastoral
Health	Armed Forces, FFHI, SESAI
ITC**	TSF
Information Management	REACH

\* Water, sanitation and hygiene \*\* Information Technology and Communications.

### Site Infrastructure

	Perimeter		Education facility
	Infrastructure		Latrine - men (6/6)
	Hammock area		Shower - men (0/6)
	Civil Defense tent		Latrine - women (5/6)
	Army office		Shower - women (4/6)
	Army accommodation		Latrine inaccessible - men
	NGO office		Latrine inaccessible - women
	Health facility		Mixed latrine - administration
	Distribution area		Laundry
	Storage		Potable water
	Community space		Entrance/Exit
	Waiting area		



### Sectoral overview

	Target	Last round	Current round	Achievement	
Education	% of children aged 6-14 enrolled in school	100%	4%	7%	●
	% of children aged 15-17 enrolled in school	100%	0%	0%	●
Health	% of individuals fully vaccinated*	100%	4%	5%	●
	% of pregnant women accessing pre-natal care	100%	64%	100%	●
WASH	# of persons per functional latrine	Max. 20	39	60	●
	# of persons per functional shower	Max. 20	28	166	●
	Frequency of solid waste disposal	Min. weekly	5/week	7/week	●
Shelter	Average covered area per person	Min. 3.5m <sup>2</sup>	3.5m <sup>2</sup>	3.6m <sup>2</sup>	●
	% of site overcrowding**	≤5%	68%	23%	●
Protection	Presence of child-friendly spaces	Yes	No	No	●
	Community groups established	Yes	Yes	Yes	●

Targets based on minimum standards agreed with UNHCR, Brazil.

● Target achieved

● Target partially achieved

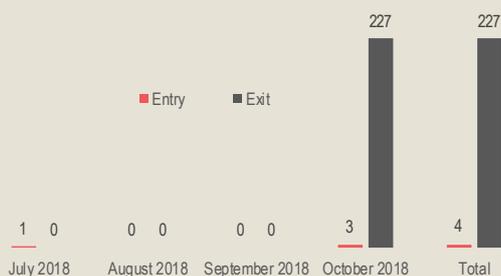
● Target not achieved

\* Percentage of individuals vaccinated of Yellow fever, Triple viral vaccine (MMR) and Diphtheria, based on available data.

\*\* Calculated based on the planned capacity of the site.

### ➔ Entry and exit flow

Newly registered arrivals and departures per month:



### 💰 Socio-economic background<sup>1</sup>

Education level (age 18+)

Level	Male (%)	Female (%)
Higher/technical	6%	4%
Secondary	26%	28%
Primary	41%	35%
No education	27%	33%

Professional background (age 18+)

Background	Male (%)	Female (%)
Agricultural workers	32%	3%
Craft and trade related workers	20%	59%
Unskilled labour	23%	24%
Service and sales workers	6%	5%
Professionals	8%	7%
Technicians/associated professionals	11%	2%
No occupation	0%	0%

### 👤 Protection

Vulnerable groups

Number of cases

Pregnant / lactating women	14
Persons with serious medical condition	2
Persons with disabilities	6
Female head of household	5
UASC <sup>2</sup>	7

Specific conditions reported from above categories:

Number of cases

Physical disability	3
Visual impairment	2
Mental disability	1

Legal status

**45%** Registered with Brazilian authorities

Of these:

**97%** with Asylum seeker protocol<sup>3</sup>

**3%** with Temporary Residence<sup>4</sup>

**0%** with other status\*

\* Including Brazilian birth certificate and/or refugee status.

Brazilian documentation

**5%** Obtained the CPF<sup>5</sup> documentation

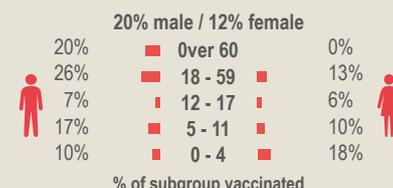
**2%** Obtained the CTPS<sup>6</sup> documentation (age 18+)

**0** Newborns (out of 13) obtained birth certificate

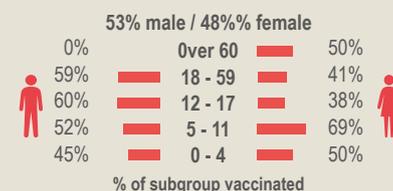
### 🏥 Health

Vaccination\*

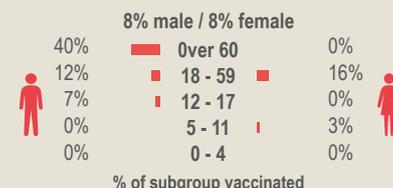
**16%** Yellow fever



**51%** Triple viral vaccine (MMR)



**8%** Diphtheria



\*Based on available data.

### 👥 Voluntary relocation programme<sup>7</sup>

**n/a** Beneficiaries as of 31 October 2018

Individuals interested in the programme

Yes	n/a	n/a
No	n/a	n/a

Top 5 professional background of interested individuals

n/a	n/a	n/a

Endnote:

1 Professional background based on International Standard Classification of Occupations (ISCO) created by the International Labour Organization (ILO).

2 Unaccompanied or separated child, based on UNHCR definition.

3 Temporary document given to refugee status applicants while asylum claim is being analysed by local authorities.

4 Under the "Mercosur Residency Agreement", Venezuelan nationals have the right to apply for temporary residency in Brazil, valid for two years.

5 Cadastro de Pessoa Física (individual taxpayer registry identification).

6 Carteira de Trabalho e Previdência Social is a document granting access to labour rights for workers in Brazil.

7 Programa de Interiorização (in Portuguese) is a government-led voluntary relocation programme, implemented with the support of UN agencies, that aims at facilitating the integration of Venezuelan asylum seekers and migrants in the Brazilian society and labour market. The programme includes transporting beneficiaries to other regions of the country and providing housing and support in their integration in host community and labour market.

# Roraima site profiling

## Rondon 1

Boa Vista, Roraima State, Brazil

Lat. 2°49'48.63"N Long. 60°42'22.86"W

### Summary

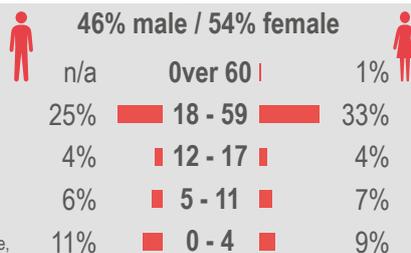
Economic instability and civil unrest have led to the displacement of Venezuelans to neighbouring countries, with more than 85,000 currently living in Brazil. This profile provides an overview of conditions in Rondon 1 site. Population figures reported are based on registration data provided by UNHCR. Additional information collected through key informant interviews (KIs) with actors working on the site has been used to supplement findings.

### Site overview

# of individuals: 770  
 # of households: 303\*  
 Avg household size: 3  
 Date opened: 20/07/2018  
 Planned capacity: 726

\*Estimated by assuming an average household size, based on data from previous rounds in the same location.

### Demographics

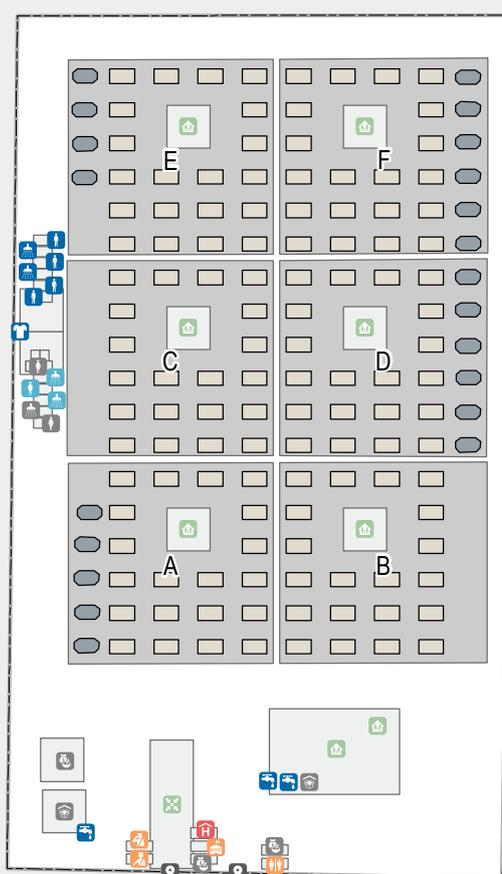


### Location map



Who is doing what?	
Sector	Agency
Management	AVSI (UNHCR partner)
Safety and Security	Armed Forces
WASH*	Armed Forces
Shelter	UNHCR
Protection	AVSI
Education	FFHI
Food Assistance	Armed Forces
Nutrition	None
Health	Armed Forces, AVSI
ITC**	TSF
Information Management	REACH

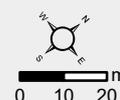
\* Water, sanitation and hygiene  
 \*\* Information Technology and Communications.



### Site infrastructure

- Perimeter
- Building for shelter
- UNHCR tent
- Zones
- NGO office
- Army office
- Army accommodation
- Health facility
- Distribution area
- Storage
- Community space
- Waiting area
- Latrine container - men (31/32)
- Shower container - men (14/14)
- Latrine container - women (8/8)
- Shower container - women (12/12)
- Latrine inaccessible - women
- Shower inaccessible - women
- Mixed latrine (administration)
- Laundry
- Potable water
- Entrance/Exit

Note: Latrine and Shower (Functional/Total # stalls)



### Sectoral overview

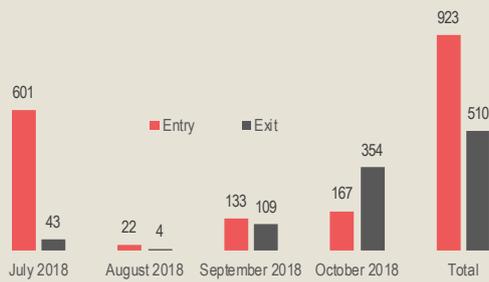
	Target	Last round	Current round	Achievement
Education	% of children aged 6-14 enrolled in school	100%	No information	No information
	% of children aged 15-17 enrolled in school	100%	No information	No information
Health	% of individuals fully vaccinated*	100%	61%	62%
	% of pregnant women accessing pre-natal care	100%	100%	No information
WASH	# of persons per functional latrine	Max. 20	30	20
	# of persons per functional shower	Max. 20	18	30
	Frequency of solid waste disposal	Min. weekly	5/week	3/week
Shelter	Average covered area per person	Min. 3.5m <sup>2</sup>	3.9m <sup>2</sup>	3.4m <sup>2</sup>
	% of site overcrowding**	≤5%	4%	6%
Protection	Presence of child-friendly spaces	Yes	No	No
	Community groups established	Yes	Yes	Yes

Targets based on minimum standards agreed with UNHCR, Brazil. ● Target achieved ● Target partially achieved ● Target not achieved  
 \* Percentage of individuals vaccinated of Yellow fever, Triple viral vaccine (MMR) and Diphtheria, based on available data. \*\* Calculated based on the planned capacity of the site.



### ➔ Entry and exit flow

Newly registered arrivals and departures per month:



### 💰 Socio-economic background<sup>1</sup>

Education level (age 18+)

Higher/technical	16%	15%
Secondary	71%	72%
Primary	12%	13%
No education	1%	0%

Professional background (age 18+)

Agricultural workers	4%	0%
Craft and trade related workers	21%	1%
Unskilled labour	20%	28%
Service and sales workers	26%	48%
Professionals	5%	9%
Technicians/associated professionals	24%	11%
No occupation	0%	3%

### 👤 Protection

Vulnerable groups

Number of cases

Pregnant / lactating women	16
Persons with serious medical condition	3
Persons with disabilities	6
Female head of household	11
UASC <sup>2</sup>	2

Specific conditions reported from above categories:

Number of cases

Mental disability	2
Physical disability	2
Hearing Impairment	1

Legal status

**78%** Registered with Brazilian authorities

Of these:

**88%** with Asylum seeker protocol<sup>3</sup>

**10%** with Temporary Residence<sup>4</sup>

**2%** with other status\*

\* Including Brazilian birth certificate and/or refugee status.

Brazilian documentation

**77%** Obtained the CPF<sup>5</sup> documentation

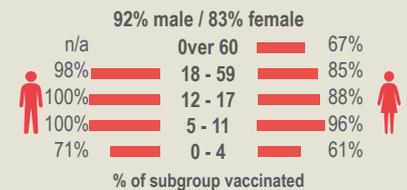
**48%** Obtained the CTPS<sup>6</sup> documentation (age 18+)

**6** Newborns (out of 19) obtained birth certificate

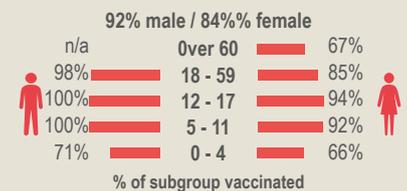
### 🏥 Health

Vaccination\*

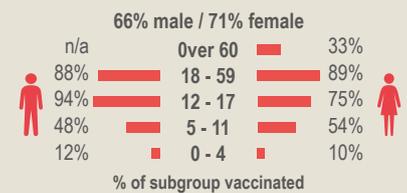
**88%** Yellow fever



**88%** Triple viral vaccine (MMR)



**69%** Diphtheria



\*Based on available data.

### 👥 Voluntary relocation programme<sup>7</sup>

**148** Beneficiaries as of 31 October 2018

Individuals interested in the programme\*

Yes	94%	91%
No	6%	9%

Top 5 professional background of interested individuals

Service and sales workers	28%	49%
Elementary occupations	17%	26%
Technicians	27%	13%
Craftsmanship or manual labour	21%	1%
Skilled workers	4%	8%

\* Based on available data (434 individuals out of 770)

Endnote:

1 Professional background based on International Standard Classification of Occupations (ISCO) created by the International Labour Organization (ILO).

2 Unaccompanied or separated child, based on UNHCR definition.

3 Temporary document given to refugee status applicants while asylum claim is being analysed by local authorities.

4 Under the "Mercosur Residency Agreement", Venezuelan nationals have the right to apply for temporary residency in Brazil, valid for two years.

5 Cadastro de Pessoa Física (individual taxpayer registry identification).

6 Carteira de Trabalho e Previdência Social is a document granting access to labour rights for workers in Brazil.

7 Programa de Interiorização (in Portuguese) is a government-led voluntary relocation programme, implemented with the support of UN agencies, that aims at facilitating the integration of Venezuelan asylum seekers and migrants in the Brazilian society and labour market. The programme includes transporting beneficiaries to other regions of the country and providing housing and support in their integration in host community and labour market.

## Rondon 3

Boa Vista, Roraima State, Brazil

Lat. 2°47'52.0"N Long. 60°41'28.5"W

### Summary

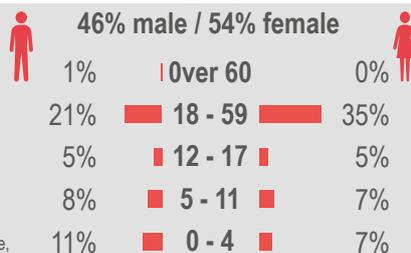
Economic instability and civil unrest have led to the displacement of Venezuelans to neighbouring countries, with more than 85,000 currently living in Brazil. This profile provides an overview of conditions in Rondon 3 site. Population figures reported are based on registration data provided by UNHCR. Additional information collected through key informant interviews (KIs) with actors working on the site has been used to supplement findings.

### Site overview

**# of individuals:** 344  
**# of households:** 121\*  
**Avg household size:** 3  
**Date opened:** 22/10/2018  
**Planned capacity:** 1086

\*Estimated by assuming an average household size, based on data from previous rounds in the same location.

### Demographics



### Location map



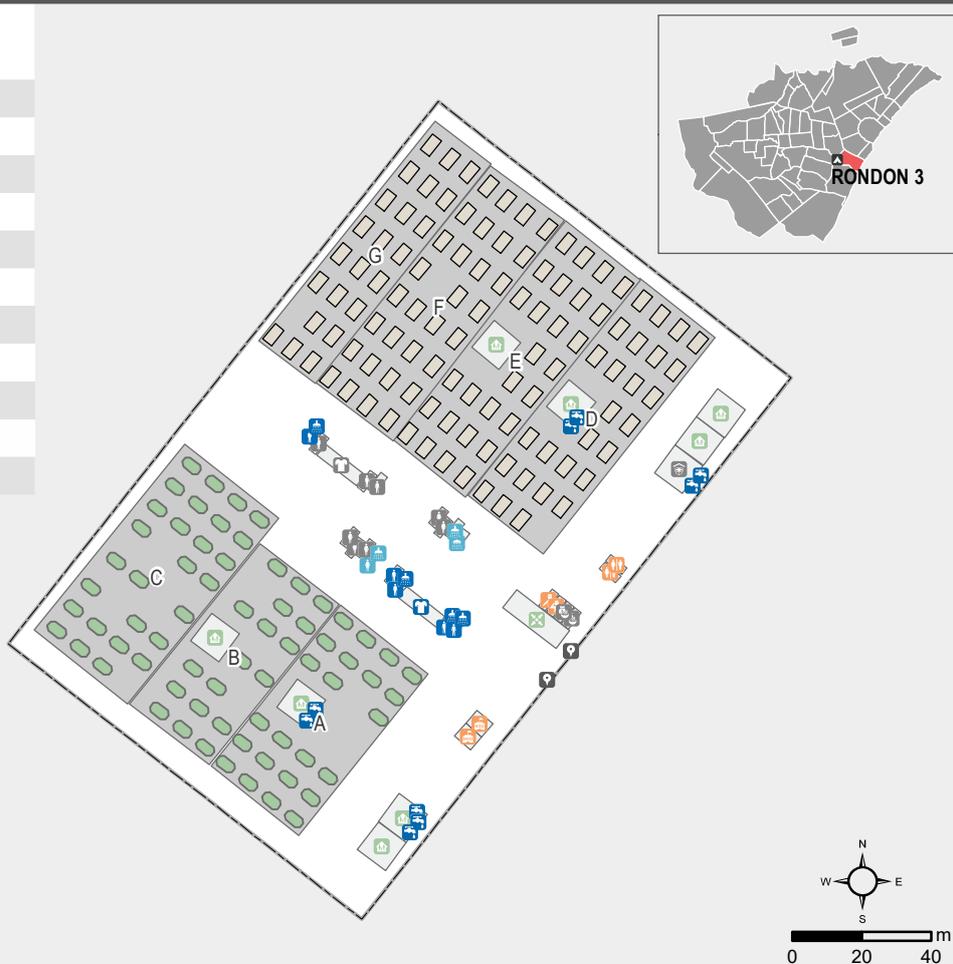
Who is doing what?	
Sector	Agency
Management	AVSI (UNHCR partner)
Safety and Security	Armed Forces
WASH*	Armed Forces, ADRA
Shelter	Army, UNHCR
Protection	AVSI
Education	None
Food Assistance	Armed Forces
Nutrition	None
Health	Armed Forces
ITC**	AVSI
Information Management	REACH

\* Water, sanitation and hygiene \*\* Information Technology and Communications.

#### Site infrastructure

	Perimeter		Latrine container - men (19/21)
	Infrastructure		Shower container - men (22/22)
	Building for shelter		Latrine container - women (10/10)
	Army tent		Shower container - women (11/12)
	Zones		Mixed latrine (administration)
	NGO office		Latrine inaccessible - men
	Army office		Latrine inaccessible - women
	Army accommodation		Laundry
	Distribution area		Laundry non-functional
	Storage		Potable water
	Community space		Entrance/Exit
	Waiting area		

Note: Latrine and Shower (Functional/Total # stalls)



### Sectoral overview

		Target	Last round	Current round	Achievement
Education	% of children aged 6-14 enrolled in school	100%	n/a	No information	
	% of children aged 15-17 enrolled in school	100%	n/a	No information	
Health	% of individuals fully vaccinated*	100%	n/a	69%	
	% of pregnant women accessing pre-natal care	100%	n/a	No information	
WASH	# of persons per functional latrine	Max. 20	n/a	12	
	# of persons per functional shower	Max. 20	n/a	10	
	Frequency of solid waste disposal	Min. weekly	n/a	7/week	
Shelter	Average covered area per person	Min. 3.5m <sup>2</sup>	n/a	9.0m <sup>2</sup>	
	% of site overcrowding**	≤5%	n/a	0%	
Protection	Presence of child-friendly spaces	Yes	n/a	No	
	Community groups established	Yes	n/a	Yes	

Targets based on minimum standards agreed with UNHCR, Brazil.

Target achieved

Target partially achieved

Target not achieved

\* Percentage of individuals vaccinated of Yellow fever, Triple viral vaccine (MMR) and Diphtheria, based on available data.

\*\* Calculated based on the planned capacity of the site.

### ➔ Entry and exit flow

Newly registered arrivals and departures per month:



### 💰 Socio-economic background<sup>1</sup>

Education level (age 18+)

Level	Male (%)	Female (%)
Higher/technical	11%	17%
Secondary	78%	73%
Primary	9%	7%
No education	2%	3%

Professional background (age 18+)

Background	Male (%)	Female (%)
Agricultural workers	5%	0%
Craft and trade related workers	18%	0%
Unskilled labour	8%	19%
Service and sales workers	35%	53%
Professionals	8%	15%
Technicians/associated professionals	26%	10%
No occupation	0%	3%

### 👤 Protection

Vulnerable groups

Number of cases

Pregnant / lactating women	20
Persons with serious medical condition	39
Persons with disabilities	9
Female head of household	16
UASC <sup>2</sup>	1

Specific conditions reported from above categories:

Number of cases

Malnutrition	12
Mental disability	4
Visual impairment	3

Legal status

**98%** Registered with Brazilian authorities

Of these:

**85%** with Asylum seeker protocol<sup>3</sup>

**14%** with Temporary Residence<sup>4</sup>

**1%** with other status\*

\* Including Brazilian birth certificate and/or refugee status.

Brazilian documentation

**95%** Obtained the CPF<sup>5</sup> documentation

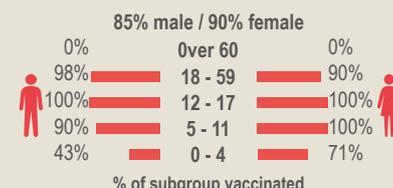
**49%** Obtained the CTPS<sup>6</sup> documentation (age 18+)

**2** Newborns (out of 19) obtained birth certificate

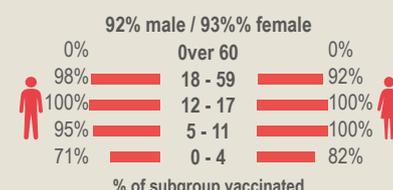
### 🏥 Health

Vaccination\*

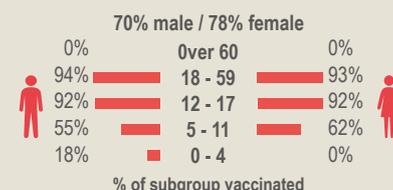
**88%** Yellow fever



**92%** Triple viral vaccine (MMR)



**75%** Diphtheria



\*Based on available data.

### 👥 Voluntary relocation programme<sup>7</sup>

**0** Beneficiaries as of 31 October 2018

Individuals interested in the programme\*

Yes	92%	89%
No	8%	11%

Top 5 professional background of interested individuals

Background	Male (%)	Female (%)
Service and sales workers	36%	52%
Technicians	25%	10%
Elementary occupations	8%	18%
Skilled workers	8%	17%
Craftsmanship or manual labour	17%	0%

\* Based on available data (286 individuals out of 344)

Endnote:

1 Professional background based on International Standard Classification of Occupations (ISCO) created by the International Labour Organization (ILO).

2 Unaccompanied or separated child, based on UNHCR definition.

3 Temporary document given to refugee status applicants while asylum claim is being analysed by local authorities.

4 Under the "Mercosur Residency Agreement", Venezuelan nationals have the right to apply for temporary residency in Brazil, valid for two years.

5 Cadastro de Pessoa Física (individual taxpayer registry identification).

6 Carteira de Trabalho e Previdência Social is a document granting access to labour rights for workers in Brazil.

7 Programa de Interiorização (in Portuguese) is a government-led voluntary relocation programme, implemented with the support of UN agencies, that aims at facilitating the integration of Venezuelan asylum seekers and migrants in the Brazilian society and labour market. The programme includes transporting beneficiaries to other regions of the country and providing housing and support in their integration in host community and labour market.

## São Vicente

Boa Vista, Roraima State, Brazil

Lat. 2°48'23.346"N Long. 60°41'5.83"W

### Summary

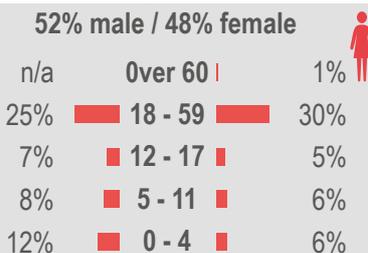
Economic instability and civil unrest have led to the displacement of Venezuelans to neighbouring countries, with more than 85,000 currently living in Brazil. This profile provides an overview of conditions in São Vicente site. Population figures reported are based on registration data provided by UNHCR. Additional information collected through key informant interviews (KIs) with actors working on the site has been used to supplement findings.

### Site overview

**# of individuals:** 398  
**# of households:** 139\*  
**Avg household size:** 3  
**Date opened:** 03/04/2018  
**Planned capacity:** 378

\*Estimated by assuming an average household size, based on data from previous rounds in the same location.

### Demographics



### Location map

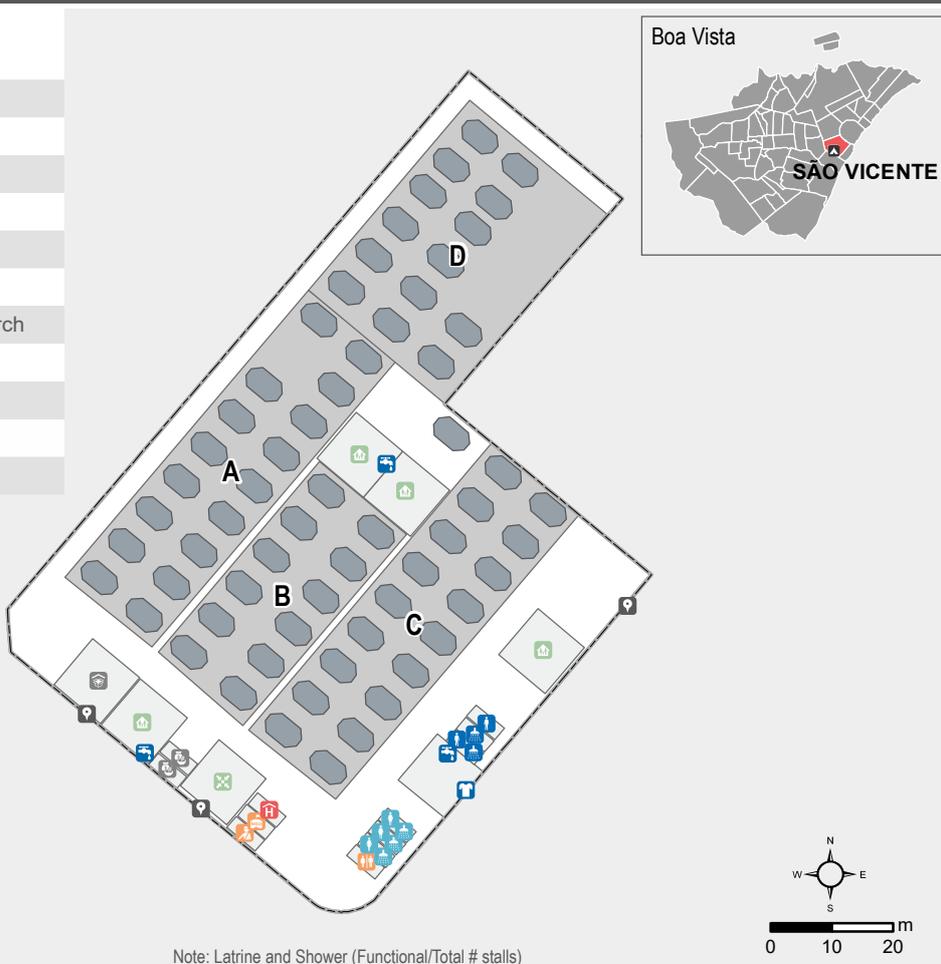


Who is doing what?	
Sector	Agency
Management	AVSI (UNHCR partner)
Safety and Security	Armed Forces
WASH*	Armed Forces
Shelter	UNHCR
Protection	AVSI, UNFPA, UNICEF
Education	Consolata Church, UNICEF
Food Assistance	Armed Forces, Consolata Church
Nutrition	None
Health	Armed Forces
ITC**	AVSI, TSF
Information Management	REACH

\* Water, sanitation and hygiene \*\* Information Technology and Communications.

### Site infrastructure

- Perimeter
- Infrastructure
- UNHCR tent
- Zones
- NGO office
- Army accommodation
- Health facility
- Community space
- Waiting area
- Distribution area
- Storage
- Latrine container - men (8/8)
- Shower container - men (10/10)
- Latrine container - women (11/12)
- Shower container - women (9/9)
- Mixed latrine (administration)
- Laundry
- Potable water
- Entrance/Exit



Note: Latrine and Shower (Functional/Total # stalls)

### Sectoral overview

	Target	Last round	Current round	Achievement
Education	% of children aged 6-14 enrolled in school	100%	No information	No information
	% of children aged 15-17 enrolled in school	100%	No information	No information
Health	% of individuals fully vaccinated*	100%	59%	65%
	% of pregnant women accessing pre-natal care	100%	No information	No information
WASH	# of persons per functional latrine	Max. 20	19	21
	# of persons per functional shower	Max. 20	19	21
	Frequency of solid waste disposal	Min. weekly	7/week	7/week
Shelter	Average covered area per person	Min. 3.5m <sup>2</sup>	4.0m <sup>2</sup>	3.6m <sup>2</sup>
	% of site overcrowding**	≤5%	0%	5%
Protection	Presence of child-friendly spaces	Yes	No	No
	Community groups established	Yes	Yes	Yes

Targets based on minimum standards agreed with UNHCR, Brazil.

Target achieved

Target partially achieved

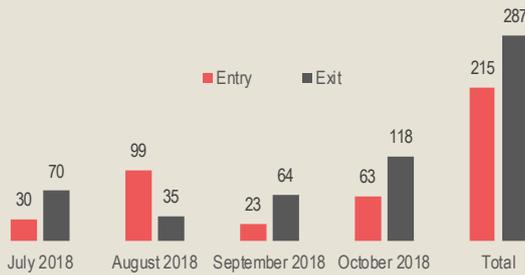
Target not achieved

\* Percentage of individuals vaccinated of Yellow fever, Triple viral vaccine (MMR) and Diphtheria, based on available data.

\*\* Calculated based on the planned capacity of the site.

### ➔ Entry and exit flow

Newly registered arrivals and departures per month:



### 💰 Socio-economic background<sup>1</sup>

Education level (age 18+)

Higher/technical	7%	7%
Secondary	71%	70%
Primary	20%	22%
No education	2%	1%

Professional background (age 18+)

Agricultural workers	8%	0%
Craft and trade related workers	18%	4%
Unskilled labour	18%	28%
Service and sales workers	25%	55%
Professionals	6%	5%
Technicians/associated professionals	25%	8%
No occupation	0%	0%

### 👤 Protection

Vulnerable groups

Number of cases

Pregnant / lactating women	5
Persons with serious medical condition	3
Persons with disabilities	7
Female head of household	6
UASC <sup>2</sup>	2

Specific conditions reported from above categories:

Number of cases

Physical disability	4
Mental disability	2
Visual impairment	1

Legal status

**79%** Registered with Brazilian authorities

Of these:

**93%** with Asylum seeker protocol<sup>3</sup>

**5%** with Temporary Residence<sup>4</sup>

**2%** with other status\*

\* Including Brazilian birth certificate and/or refugee status.

Brazilian documentation

**77%** Obtained the CPF<sup>5</sup> documentation

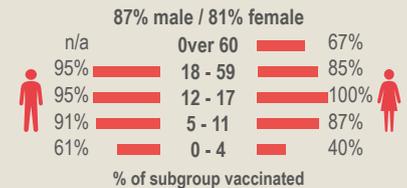
**41%** Obtained the CTPS<sup>6</sup> documentation (age 18+)

**4** Newborns (out of 14) obtained birth certificate

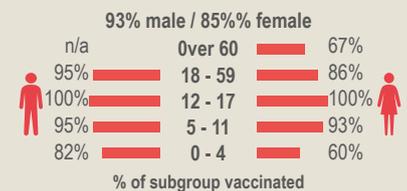
### 🏥 Health

Vaccination\*

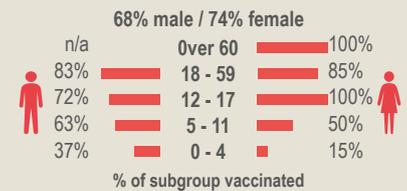
**84%** Yellow fever



**89%** Triple viral vaccine (MMR)



**71%** Diphtheria



\*Based on available data.

### 👥 Voluntary relocation programme<sup>7</sup>

**217** Beneficiaries as of 31 October 2018

Individuals interested in the programme\*

Yes	95%	93%
No	5%	7%

Top 5 professional background of interested individuals

Service and sales workers	25%	55%
Elementary occupations	19%	28%
Technicians	23%	9%
Craftsmanship or manual labour	17%	3%
Skilled workers	8%	6%

\* Based on available data (256 individuals out of 398)

Endnote:

1 Professional background based on International Standard Classification of Occupations (ISCO) created by the International Labour Organization (ILO).

2 Unaccompanied or separated child, based on UNHCR definition.

3 Temporary document given to refugee status applicants while asylum claim is being analysed by local authorities.

4 Under the "Mercosur Residency Agreement", Venezuelan nationals have the right to apply for temporary residency in Brazil, valid for two years.

5 Cadastro de Pessoa Física (individual taxpayer registry identification).

6 Carteira de Trabalho e Previdência Social is a document granting access to labour rights for workers in Brazil.

7 Programa de Interiorização (in Portuguese) is a government-led voluntary relocation programme, implemented with the support of UN agencies, that aims at facilitating the integration of Venezuelan asylum seekers and migrants in the Brazilian society and labour market. The programme includes transporting beneficiaries to other regions of the country and providing housing and support in their integration in host community and labour market.

# Roraima site profiling

## Tancredo Neves

Boa Vista, Roraima State, Brazil

Lat. 2°49'9.29"N Long. 60°43'12.64"W

### Summary

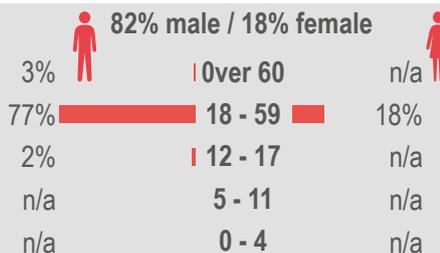
Economic instability and civil unrest have led to the displacement of Venezuelans to neighbouring countries, with more than 85,000 currently living in Brazil. This profile provides an overview of conditions in Tancredo Neves site. Population figures reported are based on registration data provided by UNHCR. Additional information collected through key informant interviews (KIIs) with actors working on the site has been used to supplement findings.

### Site overview

# of individuals: 305  
 # of households: 255\*  
 Avg household size: 1  
 Date opened: 29/10/2017  
 Planned capacity: 232

\*Estimated by assuming an average household size, based on data from previous rounds in the same location.

### Demographics



### Location map



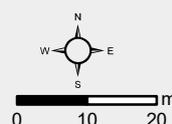
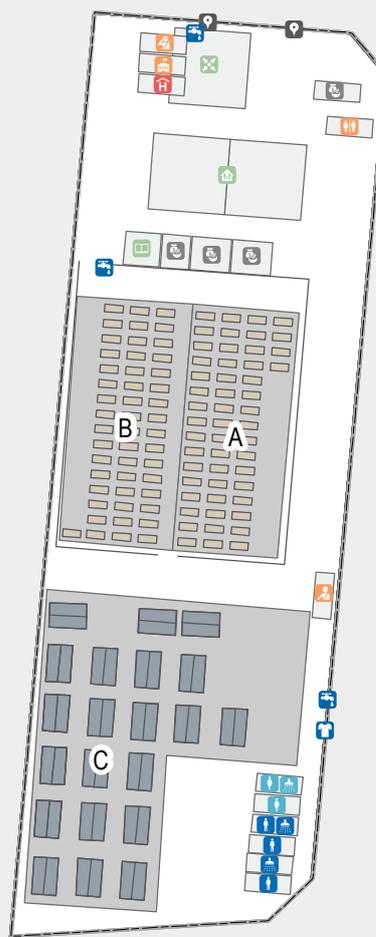
Who is doing what?	
Sector	Agency
Management	FFHI (UNHCR partner)
Safety and Security	Armed Forces
WASH*	Armed Forces
Shelter	Army, Civil Defense
Protection	FFHI, UNFPA, UNHCR
Education	FFHI
Food Assistance	Armed Forces
Nutrition	None
Health	Armed Forces, FFHI
ITC**	TSF
Information Management	REACH

\* Water, sanitation and hygiene  
 \*\* Information Technology and Communications.

### Site infrastructure

- Perimeter
- Infrastructure
- Civil Defense tent
- Army tent
- Zones
- Army office
- NGO office
- Army accommodation
- Health facility
- Storage
- Community space
- Waiting area
- Education facility
- Latrine container - men (16/19)
- Shower container - men (10/10)
- Latrine container - women (11/11)
- Shower container - women (3/3)
- Mixed latrine (administration)
- Laundry
- Potable water
- Entrance/Exit

Note: Latrine and Shower (Functional/Total # stalls)



### Sectoral overview

		Target	Last round	Current round	Achievement
Education	% of children aged 6-14 enrolled in school	n/a	n/a	n/a	●
	% of children aged 15-17 enrolled in school	n/a	n/a	n/a	●
Health	% of individuals fully vaccinated*	100%	73%	72%	●
	% of pregnant women accessing pre-natal care	100%	100%	100%	●
WASH	# of persons per functional latrine	Max. 20	15	11	●
	# of persons per functional shower	Max. 20	27	23	●
	Frequency of solid waste disposal	Min. weekly	7/week	7/week	●
Shelter	Average covered area per person	Min. 3.5m <sup>2</sup>	2.6m <sup>2</sup>	2.8m <sup>2</sup>	●
	% of site overcrowding**	≤5%	40%	21%	●
Protection	Presence of child-friendly spaces	n/a	n/a	n/a	●
	Community groups established	Yes	Yes	Yes	●

Targets based on minimum standards agreed with UNHCR, Brazil.

● Target achieved

● Target partially achieved

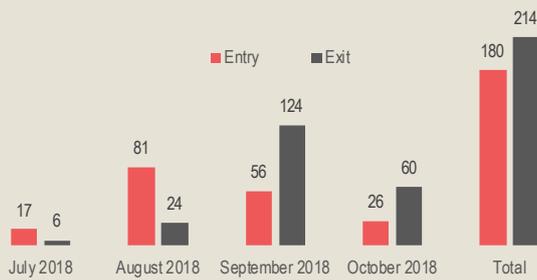
● Target not achieved

\* Percentage of individuals vaccinated of Yellow fever, Triple viral vaccine (MMR) and Diphtheria, based on available data.

\*\* Calculated based on the planned capacity of the site.

### ➔ Entry and exit flow

Newly registered arrivals and departures per month:



### 💰 Socio-economic background<sup>6</sup>

Education level (age 18+)

Higher/technical	9%	21%
Secondary	77%	61%
Primary	14%	18%
No education	0%	0%

Professional background (age 18+)

Agricultural workers	4%	2%
Craft and trade related workers	18%	4%
Unskilled labour	23%	28%
Service and sales workers	22%	46%
Professionals	4%	8%
Technicians/associated professionals	28%	12%
No occupation	1%	0%

### 👤 Protection

Vulnerable groups

Number of cases

Pregnant / lactating women	1
Persons with serious medical condition	3
Persons with disabilities	9
Female head of household	0
UASC <sup>1</sup>	2

Specific conditions reported from above categories:

Number of cases

Physical disability	5
Hearing Impairment	3
Visual impairment	1

Legal status

**74%** Registered with Brazilian authorities

Of these:

**82%** with Asylum seeker protocol<sup>2</sup>

**18%** with Temporary Residence<sup>3</sup>

**0%** with other status\*

\* Including Brazilian birth certificate and/or refugee status.

Brazilian documentation

**73%** Obtained the CPF<sup>5</sup> documentation

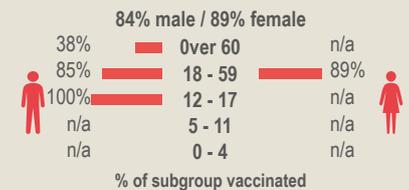
**51%** Obtained the CTPS<sup>6</sup> documentation (age 18+)

**0** Newborns (out of 0) obtained birth certificate

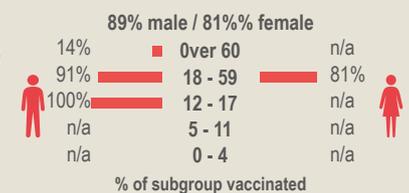
### 🏥 Health

Vaccination\*

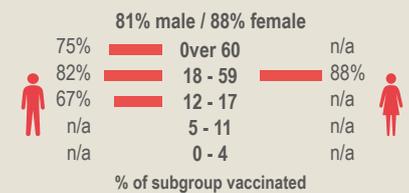
**85%** Yellow fever



**87%** Triple viral vaccine (MMR)



**83%** Diphtheria



\*Based on available data.

### 👥 Voluntary relocation programme<sup>7</sup>

**170** Beneficiaries as of 31 October 2018

Individuals interested in the programme\*

Yes	73%	74%
No	27%	26%

Top 5 professional background of interested individuals

Service and sales workers	24%	46%
Technicians	30%	17%
Elementary occupations	19%	23%
Craftsmanship or manual labour	17%	3%
Skilled workers	5%	11%

\* Based on available data (266 individuals out of 305)

Endnote:

1 Professional background based on International Standard Classification of Occupations (ISCO) created by the International Labour Organization (ILO).

2 Unaccompanied or separated child, based on UNHCR definition.

3 Temporary document given to refugee status applicants while asylum claim is being analysed by local authorities.

4 Under the "Mercosur Residency Agreement", Venezuelan nationals have the right to apply for temporary residency in Brazil, valid for two years.

5 Cadastro de Pessoa Física (individual taxpayer registry identification).

6 Carteira de Trabalho e Previdência Social is a document granting access to labour rights for workers in Brazil.

7 Programa de Interiorização (in Portuguese) is a government-led voluntary relocation programme, implemented with the support of UN agencies, that aims at facilitating the integration of Venezuelan asylum seekers and migrants in the Brazilian society and labour market. The programme includes transporting beneficiaries to other regions of the country and providing housing and support in their integration in host community and labour market.