

BEIRUT

May 2019

REGULAR PERCEPTION SURVEYS ON SOCIAL TENSIONS THROUGHOUT LEBANON

This fact sheet provides key statistics for Social Stability indicators in Beirut, with approximately quarterly data from May 2017 to March 2019, including interviews with 1,572 Beirut residents, of whom, 224 (14.2%) were Syrian.

SAFETY & SECURITY

- 4.8% exposed to armed violence
- 30.6% witnessing verbal confrontations
- 92.8% feeling safe during day
- 86.4% feeling safe at night

TRUST IN INSTITUTIONS

The fraction of the population agreeing that each institution 'improved life a lot' or 'improved life' somewhat in the area:

- The Government (Cabinet): 43.5%
- The Army (LAF): 88.3%
- Municipal authorities: 75.7%

SUPPORT FOR CURFEWS

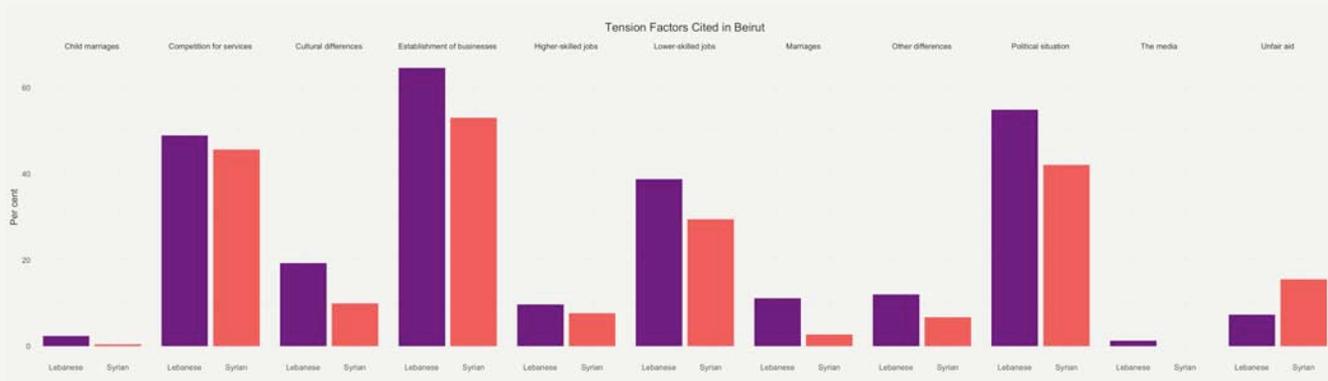
The fraction of the population agreeing with the statement, 'When tensions are high, some restrictions on foreigners' movement or curfews can help keep this area safe': 83.4%

PEACE FACTORS

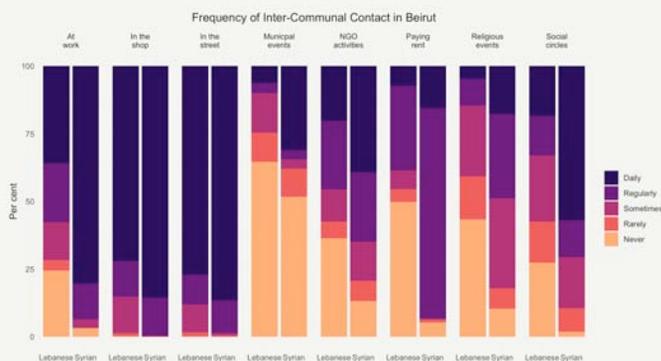
Asked about factors that might have facilitated better relations between Lebanese host-communities and Syrian refugees in the area:

- 33.1% saying 'nothing helps'
 - 33.8% saying 'the return of refugees to Syria'
- The three most-cited positive factors for peace in this district included:
- 37.7% citing pre-existing relationships
 - 29.9% citing social bonds
 - 15.8% citing role of municipal authorities

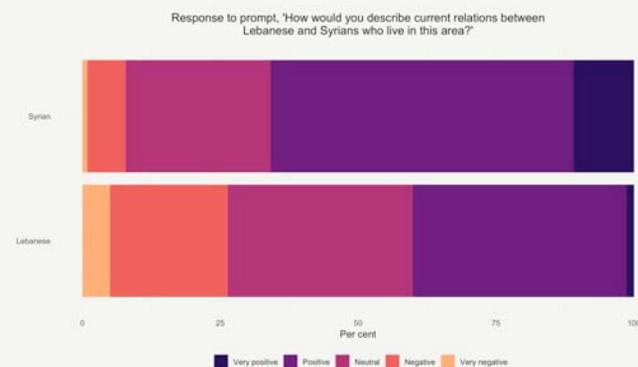
TENSION FACTORS



INTER-COMMUNAL CONTACT



QUALITY OF RELATIONS



QUALITY OF PUBLIC SERVICES



This fact sheet provides key statistics for Social Stability indicators in Akkar, with approximately quarterly data from May 2017 to March 2019, including interviews with 1,885 Akkar residents, of whom, 513 (21.4%) were Syrian.

SAFETY & SECURITY

- 2.2% exposed to armed violence
- 2.4% witnessing verbal confrontations
- 97.5% feeling safe during day
- 94.7% feeling safe at night

TRUST IN INSTITUTIONS

The fraction of the population agreeing that each institution 'improved life a lot' or 'improved life' somewhat in the area:

- The Government (Cabinet): 27.6%
- The Army (LAF): 90.4%
- Municipal authorities: 80.0%

SUPPORT FOR CURFEWS

The fraction of the population agreeing with the statement, 'When tensions are high, some restrictions on foreigners' movement or curfews can help keep this area safe': 79.7%

PEACE FACTORS

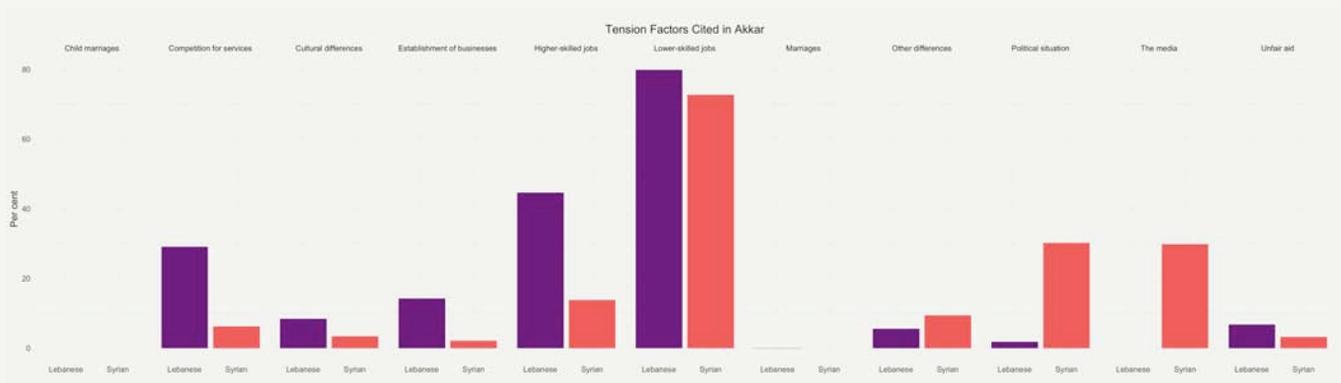
Asked about factors that might have facilitated better relations between Lebanese host-communities and Syrian refugees in the area:

- 54.4% saying 'nothing helps'
- 27.5% saying 'the return of refugees to Syria'

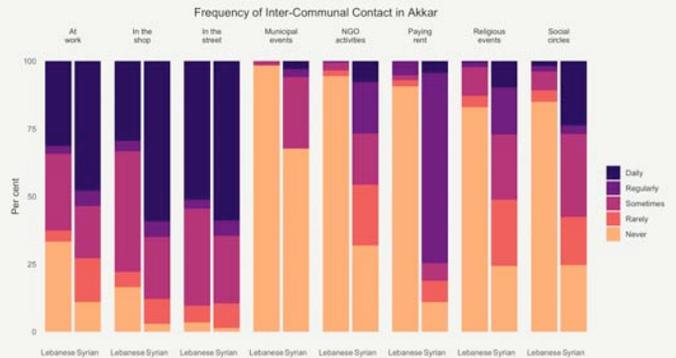
The three most-cited positive factors for peace in this district included:

- 13.7% citing social bonds
- 9.1% citing pre-existing relationships
- 4.9% citing economic exchanges

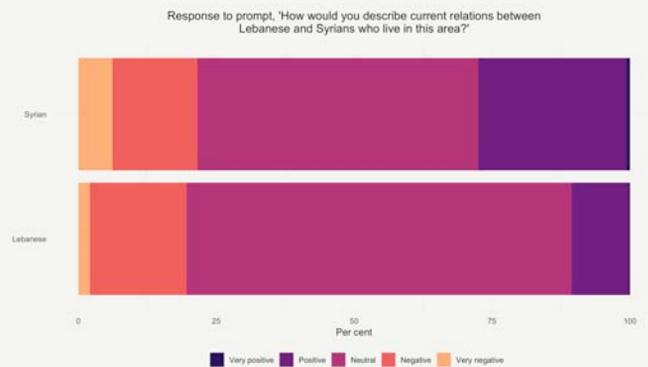
TENSION FACTORS



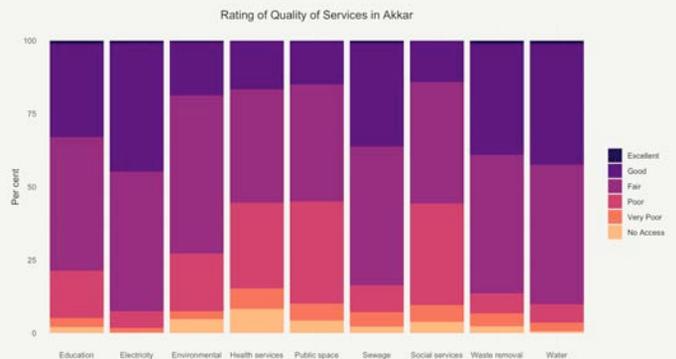
INTER-COMMUNAL CONTACT



QUALITY OF RELATIONS



QUALITY OF PUBLIC SERVICES



This fact sheet provides key statistics for Social Stability indicators in Zahle, with approximately quarterly data from May 2017 to March 2019, including interviews with 1,627 Zahle residents, of whom, 294 (15.3%) were Syrian.

SAFETY & SECURITY

- 13.7% exposed to armed violence
- 37.8% witnessing verbal confrontations
- 91.0% feeling safe during day
- 69.8% feeling safe at night

TRUST IN INSTITUTIONS

The fraction of the population agreeing that each institution 'improved life a lot' or 'improved life' somewhat in the area:

- The Government (Cabinet): 19.6%
- The Army (LAF): 79.1%
- Municipal authorities: 71.0%

SUPPORT FOR CURFEWS

The fraction of the population agreeing with the statement, 'When tensions are high, some restrictions on foreigners' movement or curfews can help keep this area safe': 82.6%

PEACE FACTORS

Asked about factors that might have facilitated better relations between Lebanese host-communities and Syrian refugees in the area:

- 39.3% saying 'nothing helps'
- 43.9% saying 'the return of refugees to Syria'

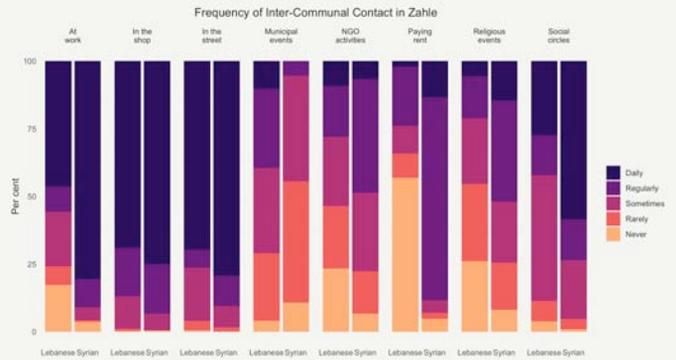
The three most-cited positive factors for peace in this district included:

- 18.9% citing assistance and community projects
- 12.1% citing social bonds
- 12.1% citing pre-existing relationships

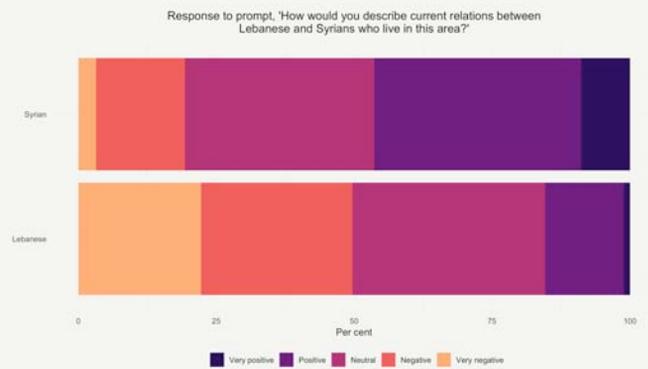
TENSION FACTORS



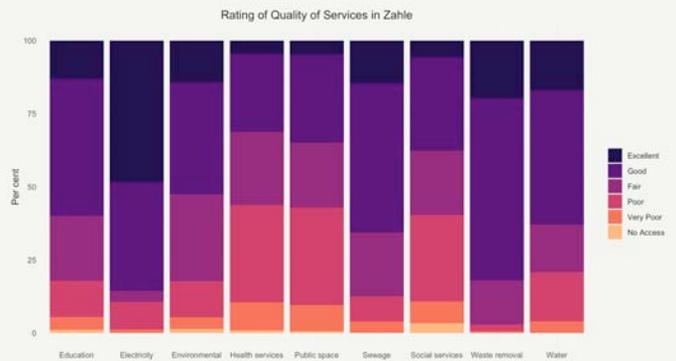
INTER-COMMUNAL CONTACT



QUALITY OF RELATIONS



QUALITY OF PUBLIC SERVICES



This fact sheet provides key statistics for Social Stability indicators in Aley, with approximately quarterly data from May 2017 to March 2019, including interviews with 906 Aley residents, of whom, 119 (11.6%) were Syrian.

SAFETY & SECURITY

- 6.0% exposed to armed violence
- 15.8% witnessing verbal confrontations
- 96.7% feeling safe during day
- 91.7% feeling safe at night

TRUST IN INSTITUTIONS

The fraction of the population agreeing that each institution 'improved life a lot' or 'improved life' somewhat in the area:

- The Government (Cabinet): 29.8%
- The Army (LAF): 97.2%
- Municipal authorities: 83.7%

SUPPORT FOR CURFEWS

The fraction of the population agreeing with the statement, 'When tensions are high, some restrictions on foreigners' movement or curfews can help keep this area safe': 86.9%

PEACE FACTORS

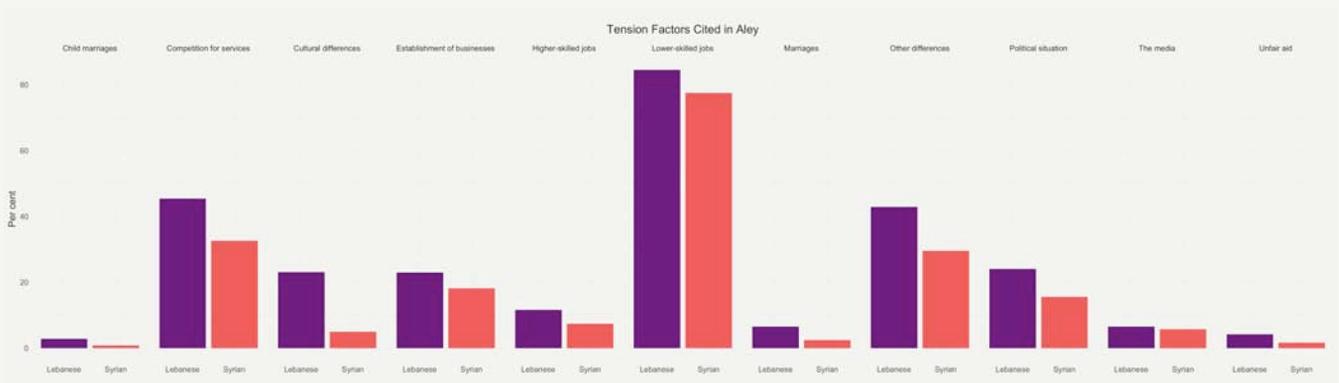
Asked about factors that might have facilitated better relations between Lebanese host-communities and Syrian refugees in the area:

- 25.3% saying 'nothing helps'
- 27.9% saying 'the return of refugees to Syria'

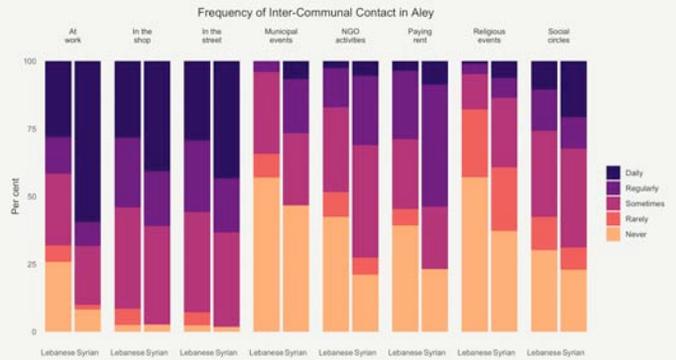
The three most-cited positive factors for peace in this district included:

- 34.7% citing social bonds
- 31.9% citing pre-existing relationships
- 22.9% citing better services

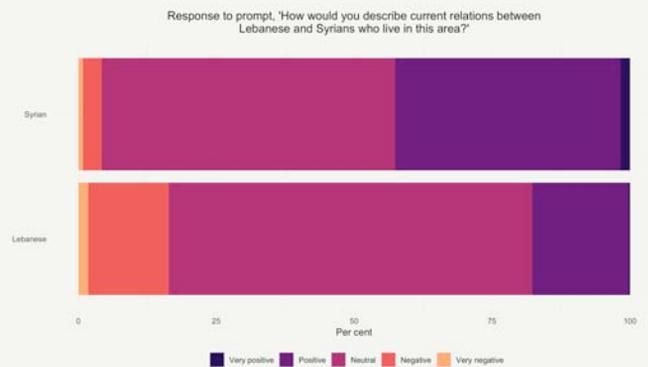
TENSION FACTORS



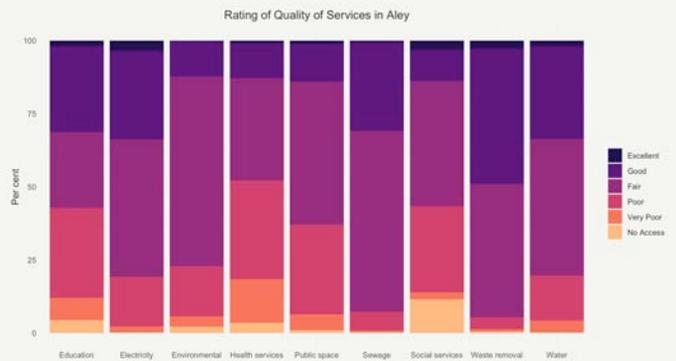
INTER-COMMUNAL CONTACT



QUALITY OF RELATIONS



QUALITY OF PUBLIC SERVICES



This fact sheet provides key statistics for Social Stability indicators in Baabda, with approximately quarterly data from May 2017 to March 2019, including interviews with 1,578 Baabda residents, of whom, 222 (12.3%) were Syrian.

SAFETY & SECURITY

- 26.1% exposed to armed violence
- 41.2% witnessing verbal confrontations
- 93.4% feeling safe during day
- 77.1% feeling safe at night

TRUST IN INSTITUTIONS

The fraction of the population agreeing that each institution 'improved life a lot' or 'improved life' somewhat in the area:

- The Government (Cabinet): 24.5%
- The Army (LAF): 94.8%
- Municipal authorities: 75.2%

SUPPORT FOR CURFEWS

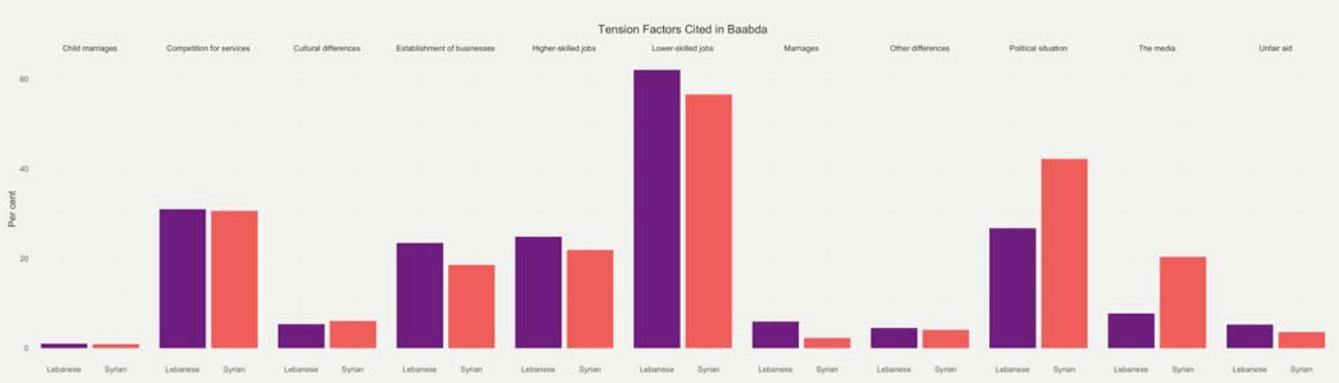
The fraction of the population agreeing with the statement, 'When tensions are high, some restrictions on foreigners' movement or curfews can help keep this area safe': 82.2%

PEACE FACTORS

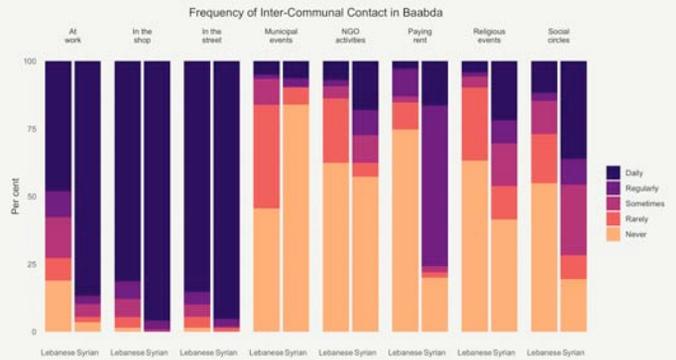
Asked about factors that might have facilitated better relations between Lebanese host-communities and Syrian refugees in the area:

- 25.3% saying 'nothing helps'
 - 27.9% saying 'the return of refugees to Syria'
- The three most-cited positive factors for peace in this district included:
- 34.7% citing social bonds
 - 31.9% citing pre-existing relationships
 - 22.9% citing better services

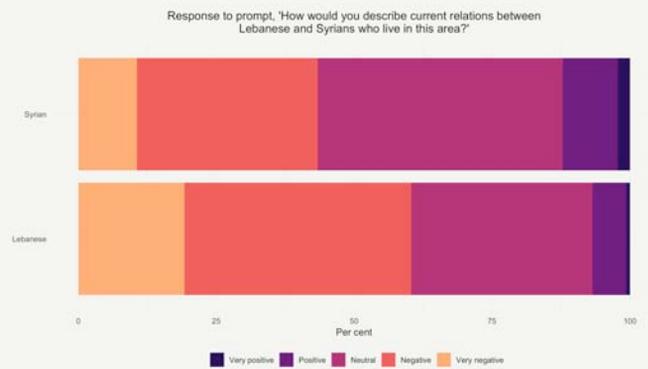
TENSION FACTORS



INTER-COMMUNAL CONTACT



QUALITY OF RELATIONS



QUALITY OF PUBLIC SERVICES



This fact sheet provides key statistics for Social Stability indicators in Chouf, with approximately quarterly data from May 2017 to March 2019, including interviews with 1,210 Chouf residents, of whom, 186 (13.3%) were Syrian.

SAFETY & SECURITY

- 4.9% exposed to armed violence
- 16.3% witnessing verbal confrontations
- 96.4% feeling safe during day
- 92.3% feeling safe at night

TRUST IN INSTITUTIONS

The fraction of the population agreeing that each institution 'improved life a lot' or 'improved life' somewhat in the area:

- The Government (Cabinet): 28.5%
- The Army (LAF): 97.0%
- Municipal authorities: 81.1%

SUPPORT FOR CURFEWS

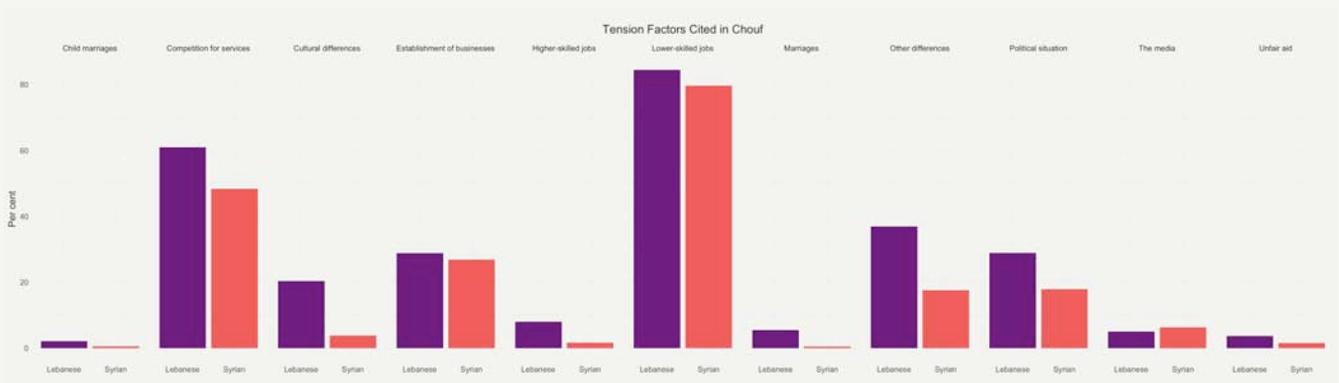
The fraction of the population agreeing with the statement, 'When tensions are high, some restrictions on foreigners' movement or curfews can help keep this area safe': 88.0%

PEACE FACTORS

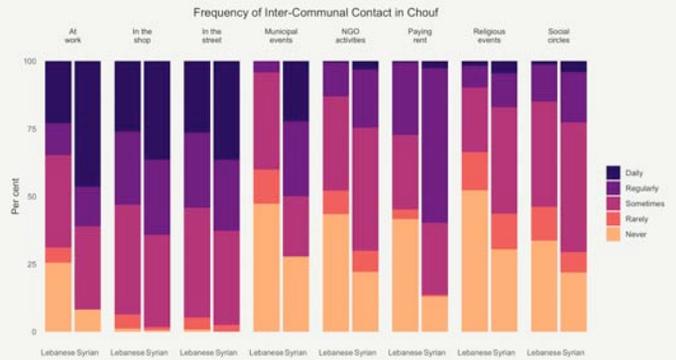
Asked about factors that might have facilitated better relations between Lebanese host-communities and Syrian refugees in the area:

- 23.8% saying 'nothing helps'
 - 38.2% saying 'the return of refugees to Syria'
- The three most-cited positive factors for peace in this district included:
- 43.2% citing social bonds
 - 32.2% citing pre-existing relationships
 - 23.2% citing better services

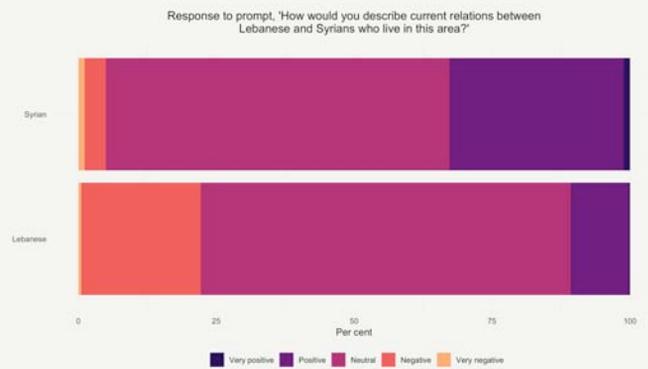
TENSION FACTORS



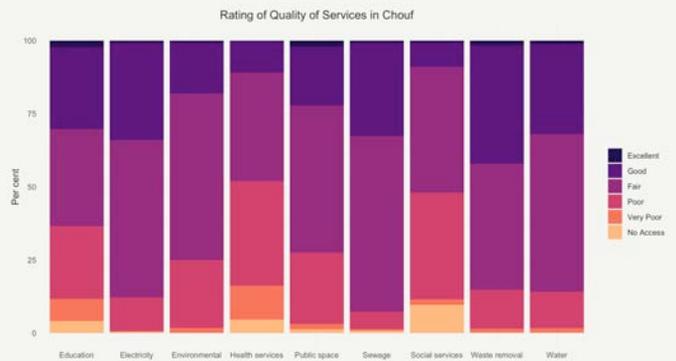
INTER-COMMUNAL CONTACT



QUALITY OF RELATIONS



QUALITY OF PUBLIC SERVICES



This fact sheet provides key statistics for Social Stability indicators in Matn, with approximately quarterly data from May 2017 to March 2019, including interviews with 1,372 Matn residents, of whom, 265 (16.2%) were Syrian refugees.

SAFETY & SECURITY

- 6.8% exposed to armed violence
- 17.9% witnessing verbal confrontations
- 95.6% feeling safe during day
- 84.8% feeling safe at night

TRUST IN INSTITUTIONS

The fraction of the population agreeing that each institution 'improved life a lot' or 'improved life' somewhat in the area:

- The Government (Cabinet): 22.4%
- The Army (LAF): 86.2%
- Municipal authorities: 87.3%

SUPPORT FOR CURFEWS

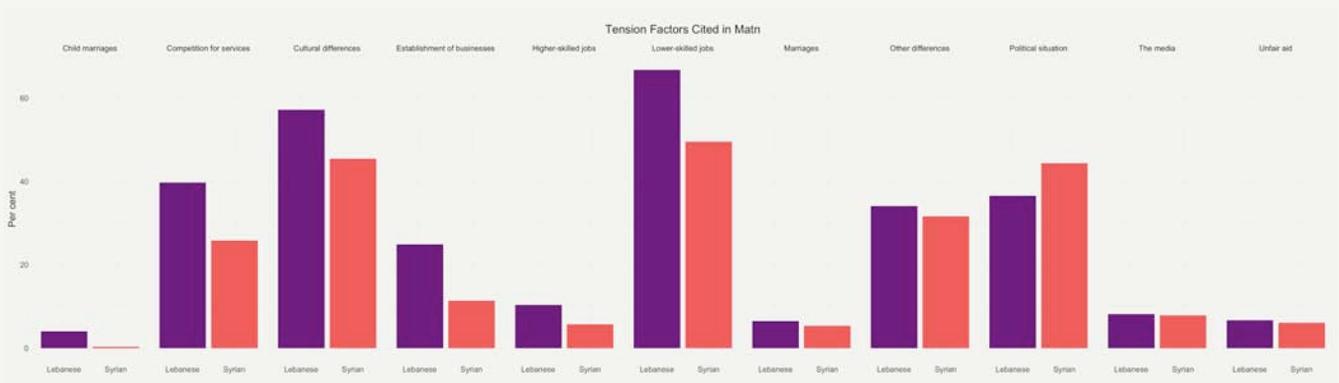
The fraction of the population agreeing with the statement, 'When tensions are high, some restrictions on foreigners' movement or curfews can help keep this area safe': 85.2%

PEACE FACTORS

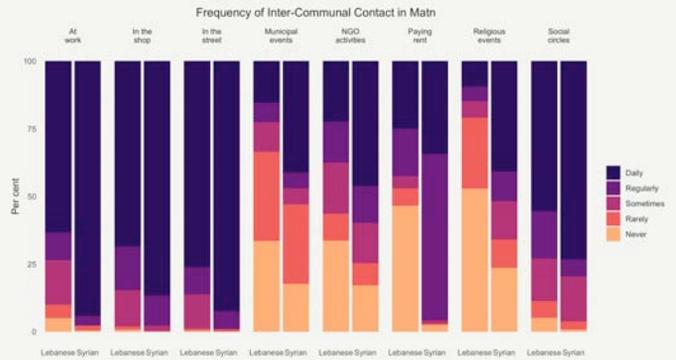
Asked about factors that might have facilitated better relations between Lebanese host-communities and Syrian refugees in the area:

- 54.7% saying 'nothing helps'
 - 42.8% saying 'the return of refugees to Syria'
- The three most-cited positive factors for peace in this district included:
- 17.6% citing pre-existing relationships
 - 2.2% citing social bonds
 - 2.1% citing better services

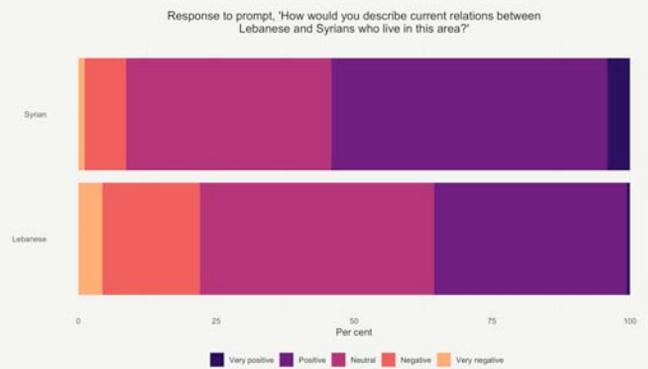
TENSION FACTORS



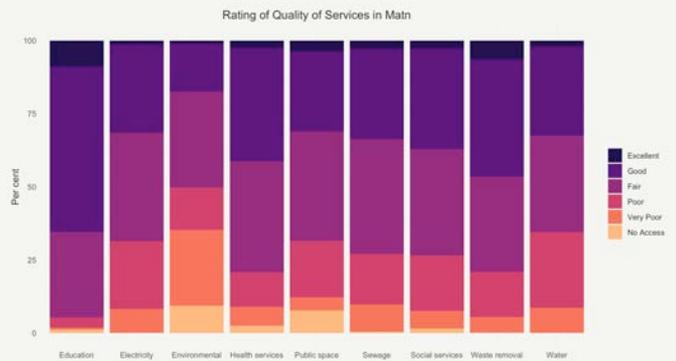
INTER-COMMUNAL CONTACT



QUALITY OF RELATIONS



QUALITY OF PUBLIC SERVICES



MINIYEH-DANNIYEH

May 2019

REGULAR PERCEPTION SURVEYS ON SOCIAL TENSIONS THROUGHOUT LEBANON

This fact sheet provides key statistics for Social Stability indicators in Miniyeh-Danniyeh, with approximately quarterly data from May 2017 to March 2019, including interviews with 632 residents, of whom, 28.7% were Syrian.

SAFETY & SECURITY

- 3.9% exposed to armed violence
- 4.4% witnessing verbal confrontations
- 95.0% feeling safe during day
- 90.6% feeling safe at night

TRUST IN INSTITUTIONS

The fraction of the population agreeing that each institution 'improved life a lot' or 'improved life' somewhat in the area:

- The Government (Cabinet): 55.1%
- The Army (LAF): 87.9%
- Municipal authorities: 68.9%

SUPPORT FOR CURFEWS

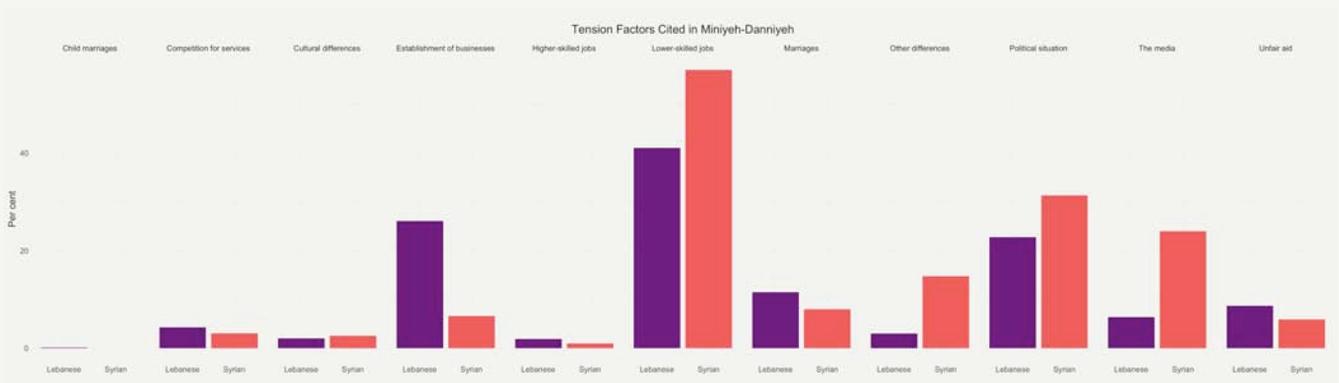
The fraction of the population agreeing with the statement, 'When tensions are high, some restrictions on foreigners' movement or curfews can help keep this area safe': 79.6%

PEACE FACTORS

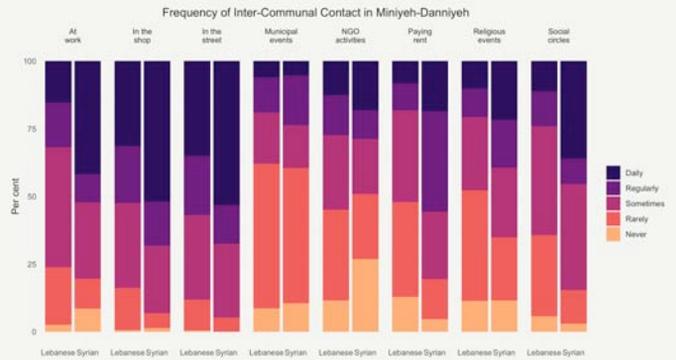
Asked about factors that might have facilitated better relations between Lebanese host-communities and Syrian refugees in the area:

- 13.8% saying 'nothing helps'
 - 20.7% saying 'the return of refugees to Syria'
- The three most-cited positive factors for peace in this district included:
- 35.9% citing pre-existing relationships
 - 27.3% citing social bonds
 - 12.1% citing assistance and community projects

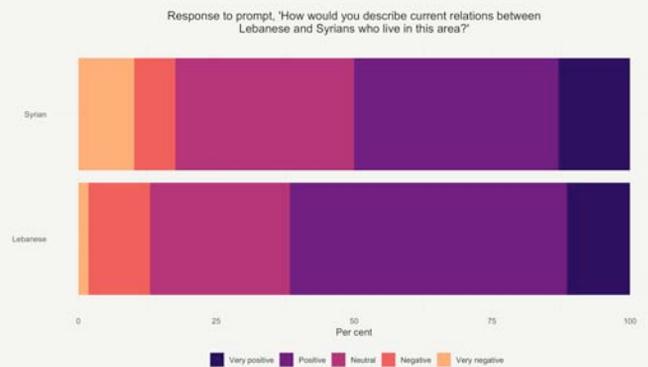
TENSION FACTORS



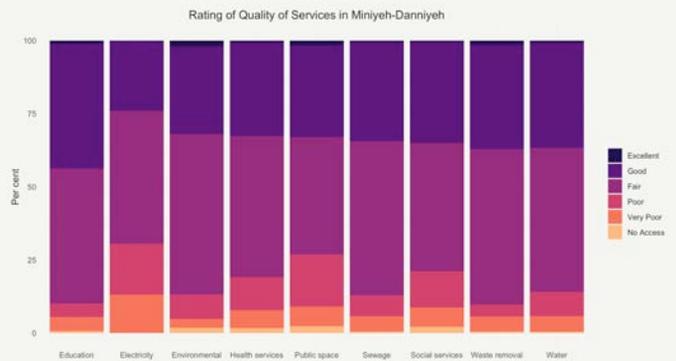
INTER-COMMUNAL CONTACT



QUALITY OF RELATIONS



QUALITY OF PUBLIC SERVICES



TRIPOLI

May 2019

REGULAR PERCEPTION SURVEYS ON SOCIAL TENSIONS THROUGHOUT LEBANON

This fact sheet provides key statistics for Social Stability indicators in Tripoli, with approximately quarterly data from May 2017 to March 2019, including interviews with 955 Tripoli residents, of whom, 157 (14.1%) were Syrian.

SAFETY & SECURITY

- 7.4% exposed to armed violence
- 5.8% witnessing verbal confrontations
- 89.1% feeling safe during day
- 82.3% feeling safe at night

TRUST IN INSTITUTIONS

The fraction of the population agreeing that each institution 'improved life a lot' or 'improved life' somewhat in the area:

- The Government (Cabinet): 51.7%
- The Army (LAF): 93.8%
- Municipal authorities: 64.1%

SUPPORT FOR CURFEWS

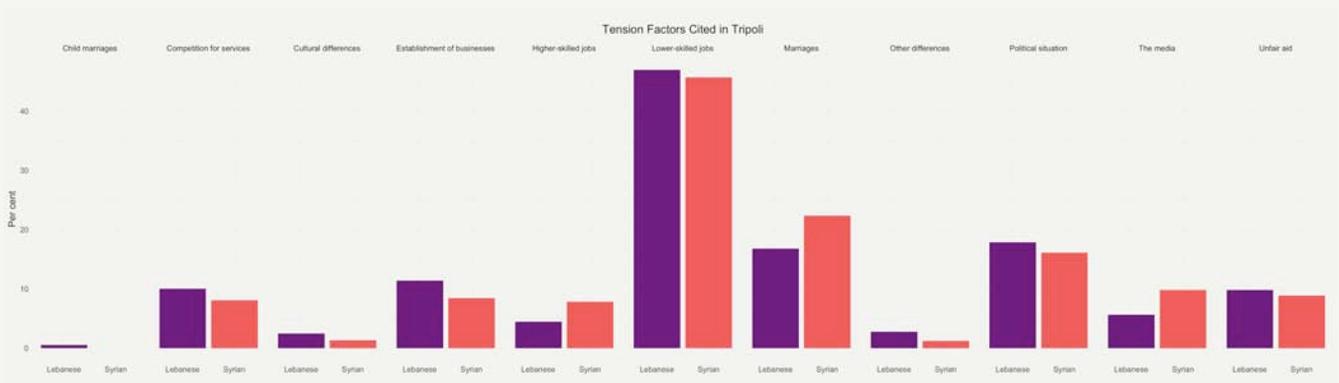
The fraction of the population agreeing with the statement, 'When tensions are high, some restrictions on foreigners' movement or curfews can help keep this area safe': 85.0%

PEACE FACTORS

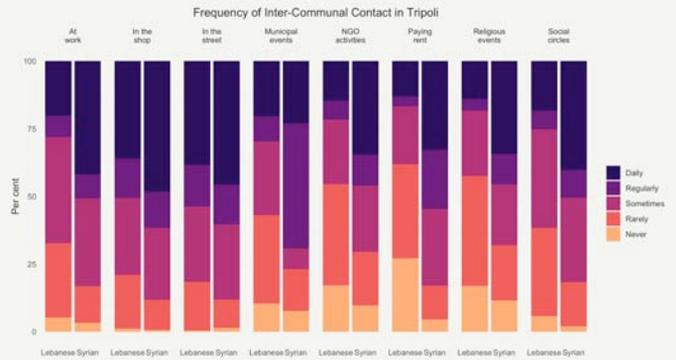
Asked about factors that might have facilitated better relations between Lebanese host-communities and Syrian refugees in the area:

- 10.8% saying 'nothing helps'
 - 40.4% saying 'the return of refugees to Syria'
- The three most-cited positive factors for peace in this district included:
- 25.9% citing pre-existing relationships
 - 21.3% citing social bonds
 - 12.9% citing assistance and community projects

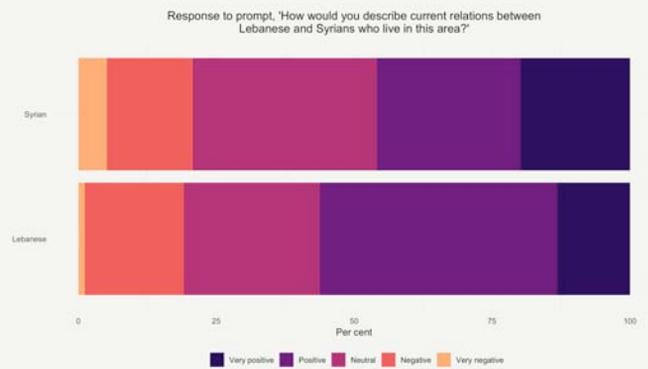
TENSION FACTORS



INTER-COMMUNAL CONTACT



QUALITY OF RELATIONS



QUALITY OF PUBLIC SERVICES



This fact sheet provides key statistics for Social Stability indicators in Zgharta, with approximately quarterly data from May 2017 to March 2019, including interviews with 458 Zgharta residents, of whom, 24 (5.0%) were Syrian.

SAFETY & SECURITY

- 1.2% exposed to armed violence
- 13.7% witnessing verbal confrontations
- 99.0% feeling safe during day
- 95.9% feeling safe at night

TRUST IN INSTITUTIONS

The fraction of the population agreeing that each institution 'improved life a lot' or 'improved life' somewhat in the area:

- The Government (Cabinet): 28.2%
- The Army (LAF): 98.8%
- Municipal authorities: 91.4%

SUPPORT FOR CURFEWS

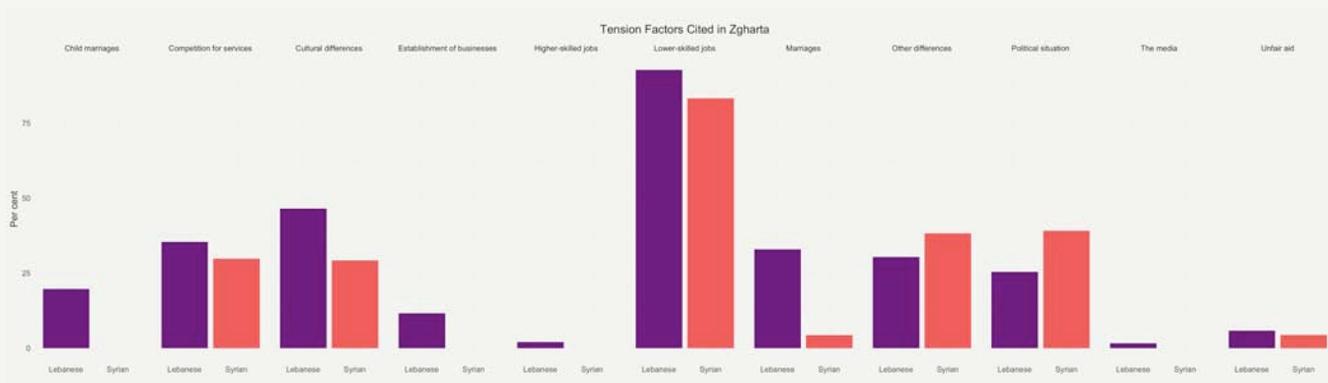
The fraction of the population agreeing with the statement, 'When tensions are high, some restrictions on foreigners' movement or curfews can help keep this area safe': 97.1%

PEACE FACTORS

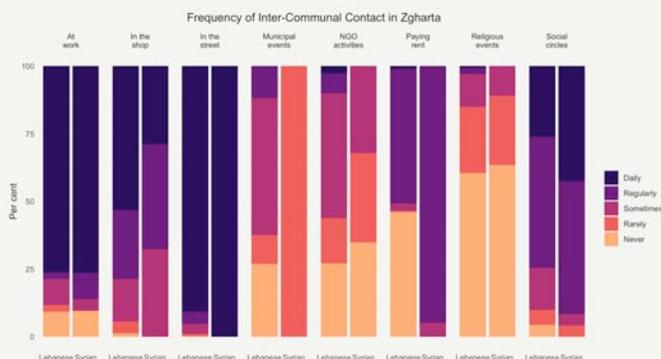
Asked about factors that might have facilitated better relations between Lebanese host-communities and Syrian refugees in the area:

- 48.4% saying 'nothing helps'
 - 93.5% saying 'the return of refugees to Syria'
- The three most-cited positive factors for peace in this district included:
- 2.5% citing pre-existing relationships
 - 1.6% citing social bonds
 - 1.4% citing assistance and community projects

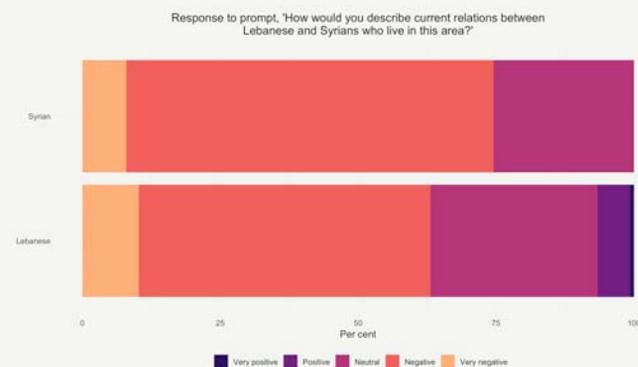
TENSION FACTORS



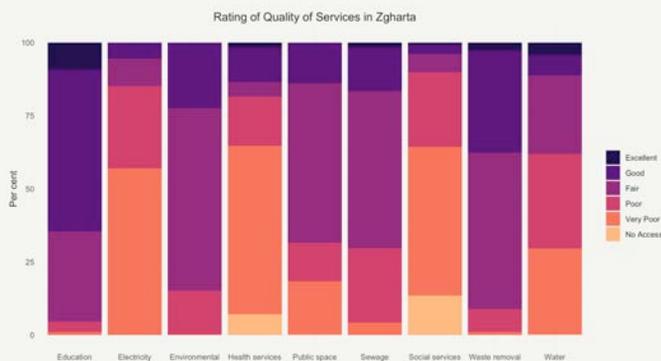
INTER-COMMUNAL CONTACT



QUALITY OF RELATIONS



QUALITY OF PUBLIC SERVICES



NABATIYEH

May 2019

REGULAR PERCEPTION SURVEYS ON SOCIAL TENSIONS THROUGHOUT LEBANON

This fact sheet provides key statistics for Social Stability indicators in Nabatiyeh, with approximately quarterly data from May 2017 to March 2019, including interviews with 808 residents, of whom, 20.0% were Syrian.

SAFETY & SECURITY

- 5.9% exposed to armed violence
- 12.7% witnessing verbal confrontations
- 96.3% feeling safe during day
- 95.4% feeling safe at night

TRUST IN INSTITUTIONS

The fraction of the population agreeing that each institution 'improved life a lot' or 'improved life' somewhat in the area:

- The Government (Cabinet): 13.4%
- The Army (LAF): 52.9%
- Municipal authorities: 59.2%

SUPPORT FOR CURFEWS

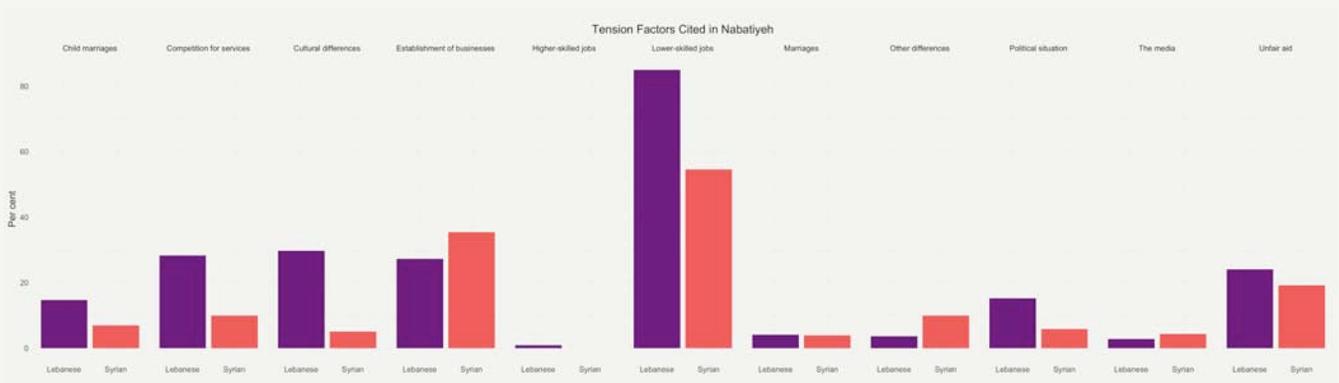
The fraction of the population agreeing with the statement, 'When tensions are high, some restrictions on foreigners' movement or curfews can help keep this area safe': 94.7%

PEACE FACTORS

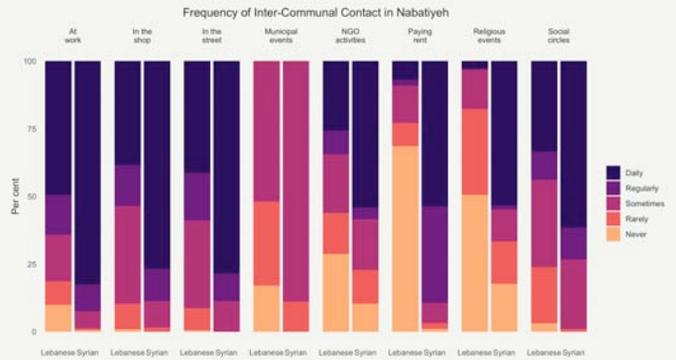
Asked about factors that might have facilitated better relations between Lebanese host-communities and Syrian refugees in the area:

- 8.8% saying 'nothing helps'
 - 41.7% saying 'the return of refugees to Syria'
- The three most-cited positive factors for peace in this district included:
- 32.8% citing pre-existing relationships
 - 31.2% citing assistance and community projects
 - 25.6% citing role of municipal authorities

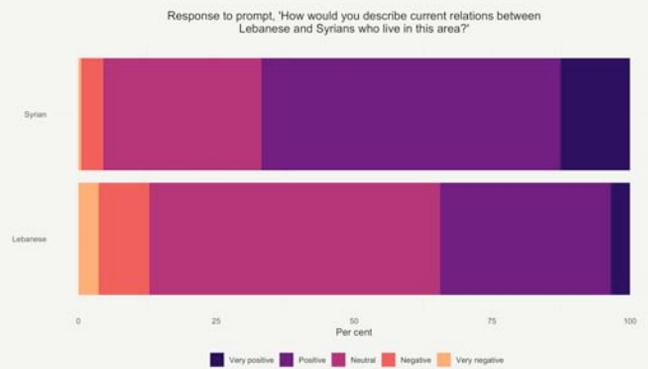
TENSION FACTORS



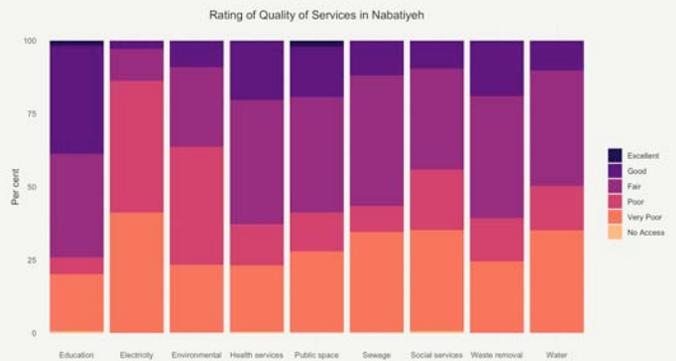
INTER-COMMUNAL CONTACT



QUALITY OF RELATIONS



QUALITY OF PUBLIC SERVICES



TYRE

May 2019

REGULAR PERCEPTION SURVEYS ON SOCIAL TENSIONS THROUGHOUT LEBANON

This fact sheet provides key statistics for Social Stability indicators in Tyre, with approximately quarterly data from May 2017 to March 2019, including interviews with 925 Tyre residents, of whom, 275 (22.9%) were Syrian.

SAFETY & SECURITY

- 18.6% exposed to armed violence
- 21.0% witnessing verbal confrontations
- 92.7% feeling safe during day
- 90.3% feeling safe at night

TRUST IN INSTITUTIONS

The fraction of the population agreeing that each institution 'improved life a lot' or 'improved life' somewhat in the area:

- The Government (Cabinet): 11.6%
- The Army (LAF): 50.6%
- Municipal authorities: 55.3%

SUPPORT FOR CURFEWS

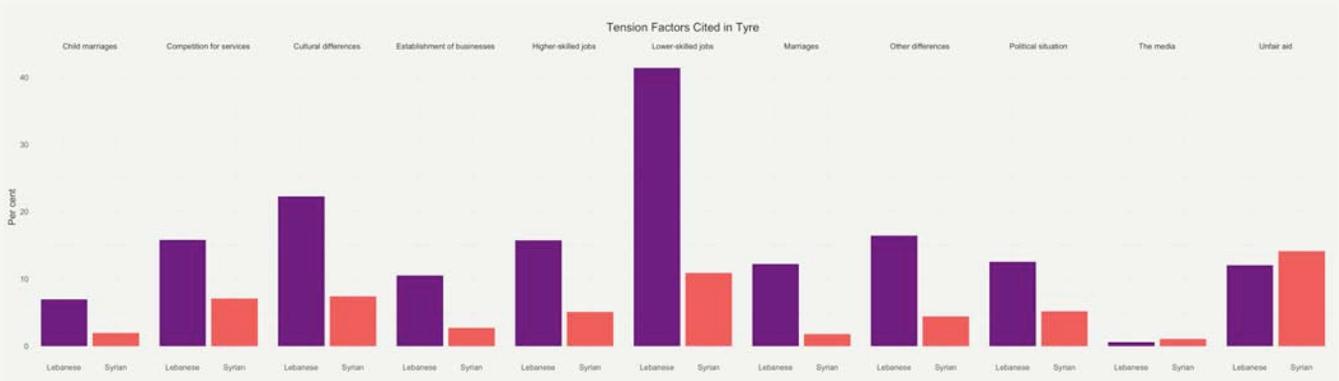
The fraction of the population agreeing with the statement, 'When tensions are high, some restrictions on foreigners' movement or curfews can help keep this area safe': 76.9%

PEACE FACTORS

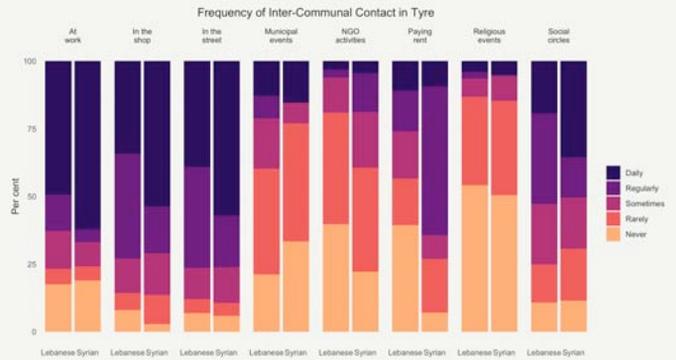
Asked about factors that might have facilitated better relations between Lebanese host-communities and Syrian refugees in the area:

- 21.3% saying 'nothing helps'
 - 23.4% saying 'the return of refugees to Syria'
- The three most-cited positive factors for peace in this district included:
- 39.4% citing pre-existing relationships
 - 9.4% citing role of municipal authorities
 - 7.4% citing social bonds

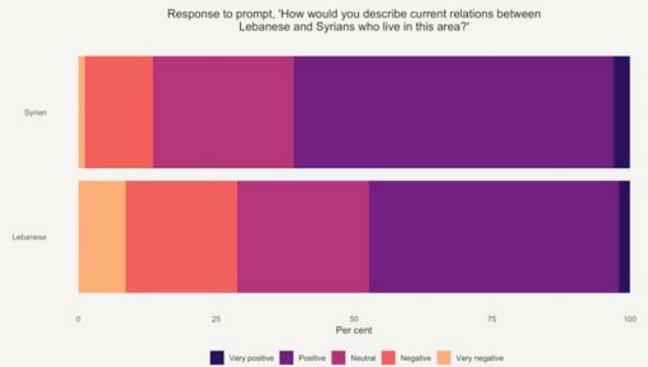
TENSION FACTORS



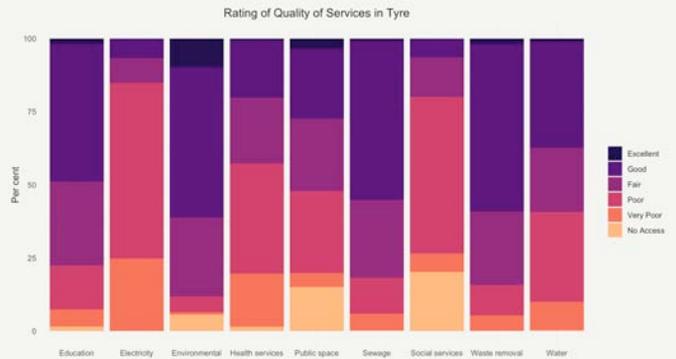
INTER-COMMUNAL CONTACT



QUALITY OF RELATIONS



QUALITY OF PUBLIC SERVICES



This fact sheet provides key statistics for Social Stability indicators in Baalbek & Hermel, with approximately quarterly data from May 2017 to March 2019, including interviews with 1,803 residents, of whom, 18.2% were Syrian.

SAFETY & SECURITY

- 15.2% exposed to armed violence
- 21.0% witnessing verbal confrontations
- 98.2% feeling safe during day
- 86.4% feeling safe at night

TRUST IN INSTITUTIONS

The fraction of the population agreeing that each institution 'improved life a lot' or 'improved life' somewhat in the area:

- The Government (Cabinet): 38.3%
- The Army (LAF): 71.4%
- Municipal authorities: 55.4%

SUPPORT FOR CURFEWS

The fraction of the population agreeing with the statement, 'When tensions are high, some restrictions on foreigners' movement or curfews can help keep this area safe': 94.6%

PEACE FACTORS

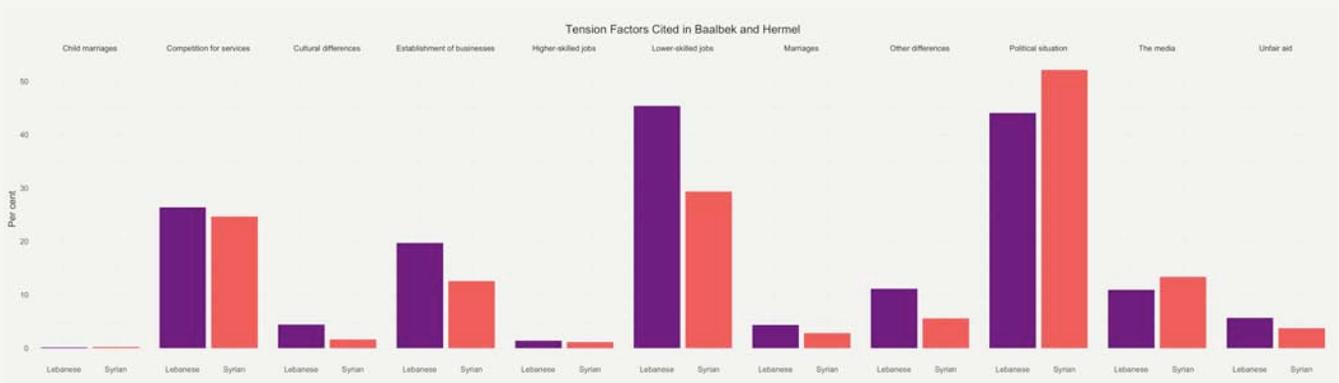
Asked about factors that might have facilitated better relations between Lebanese host-communities and Syrian refugees in the area:

- 26.4% saying 'nothing helps'
- 45.8% saying 'the return of refugees to Syria'

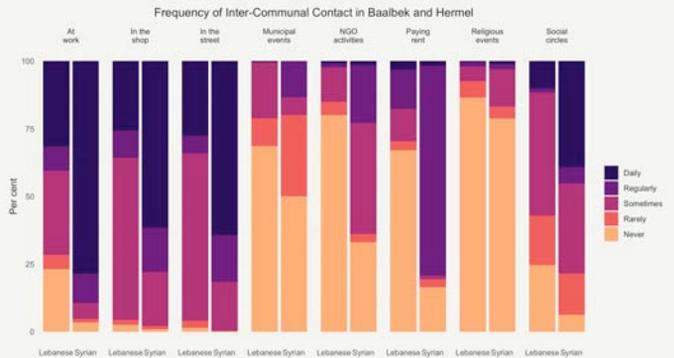
The three most-cited positive factors for peace in these districts included:

- 32.1% citing pre-existing relationships
- 17.3% citing social bonds
- 6.7% citing economic exchanges

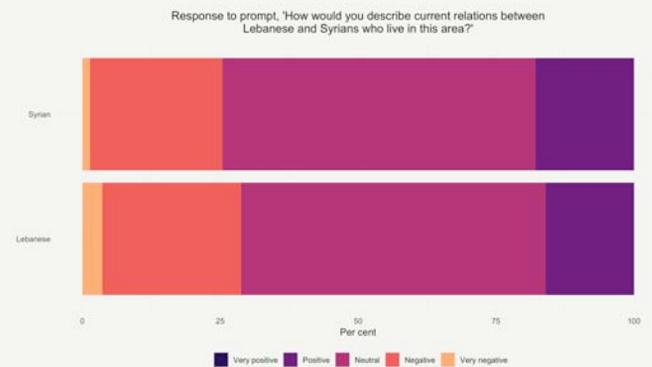
TENSION FACTORS



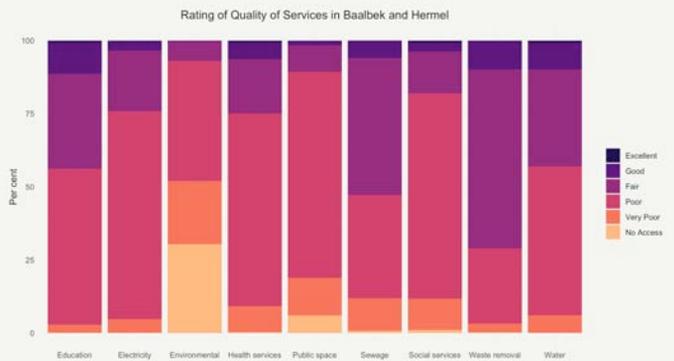
INTER-COMMUNAL CONTACT



QUALITY OF RELATIONS



QUALITY OF PUBLIC SERVICES



RASHAYA & WEST BEKAA

May 2019

REGULAR PERCEPTION SURVEYS ON SOCIAL TENSIONS THROUGHOUT LEBANON

This fact sheet provides key statistics for Social Stability indicators in Rashaya and West Bekaa, with approximately quarterly data from May 2017 to March 2019, including interviews with 1,012 residents, of whom, 12.7% were Syrian.

SAFETY & SECURITY

- 2.4% exposed to armed violence
- 24.6% witnessing verbal confrontations
- 93.6% feeling safe during day
- 70.0% feeling safe at night

TRUST IN INSTITUTIONS

The fraction of the population agreeing that each institution 'improved life a lot' or 'improved life' somewhat in the area:

- The Government (Cabinet): 17.2%
- The Army (LAF): 71.1%
- Municipal authorities: 73.0%

SUPPORT FOR CURFEWS

The fraction of the population agreeing with the statement, 'When tensions are high, some restrictions on foreigners' movement or curfews can help keep this area safe': 77.2%

PEACE FACTORS

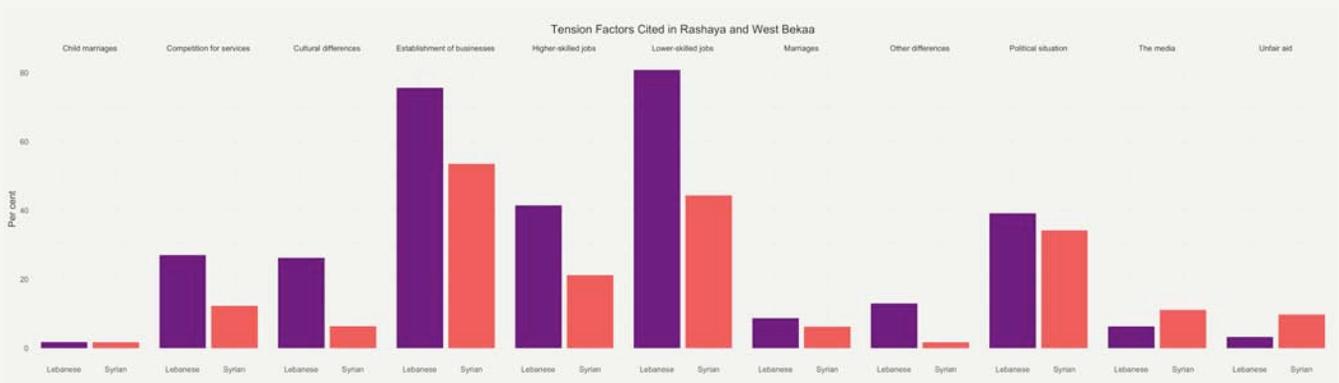
Asked about factors that might have facilitated better relations between Lebanese host-communities and Syrian refugees in the area:

- 25.5% saying 'nothing helps'
- 43.6% saying 'the return of refugees to Syria'

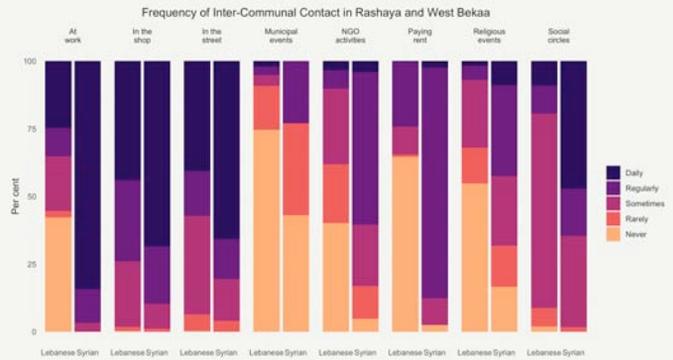
The three most-cited positive factors for peace in these districts included:

- 28.0% citing assistance and community projects
- 20.5% citing social bonds
- 18.6% citing pre-existing relationships

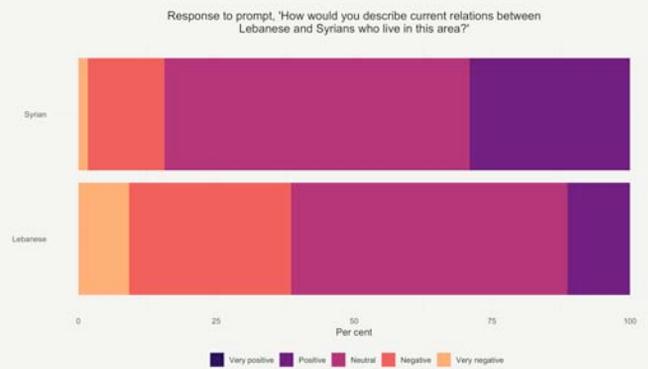
TENSION FACTORS



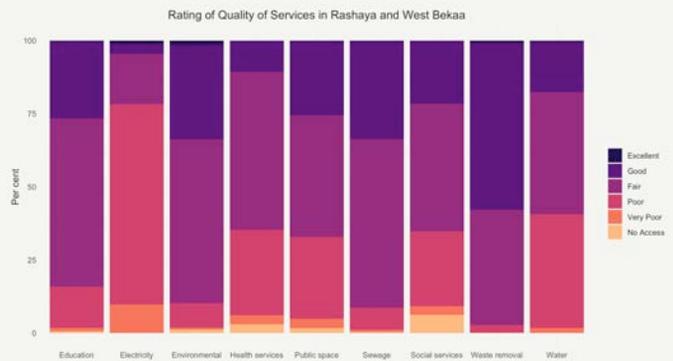
INTER-COMMUNAL CONTACT



QUALITY OF RELATIONS



QUALITY OF PUBLIC SERVICES



This fact sheet provides key statistics for Social Stability indicators in Jbeil and Keserwan, with approximately quarterly data from May 2017 to March 2019, including interviews with 784 residents, of whom, 129 (14.1%) were Syrian.

SAFETY & SECURITY

- 2.3% exposed to armed violence
- 12.4% witnessing verbal confrontations
- 96.9% feeling safe during day
- 92.1% feeling safe at night

TRUST IN INSTITUTIONS

The fraction of the population agreeing that each institution 'improved life a lot' or 'improved life' somewhat in the area:

- The Government (Cabinet): 31.0%
- The Army (LAF): 87.3%
- Municipal authorities: 78.9%

SUPPORT FOR CURFEWS

The fraction of the population agreeing with the statement, 'When tensions are high, some restrictions on foreigners' movement or curfews can help keep this area safe': 89.0%

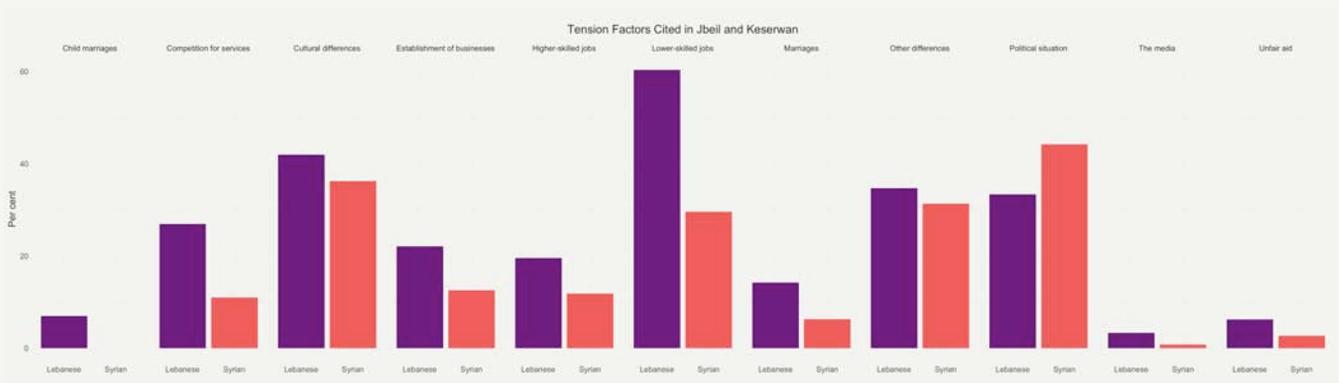
PEACE FACTORS

Asked about factors that might have facilitated better relations between Lebanese host-communities and Syrian refugees in the area:

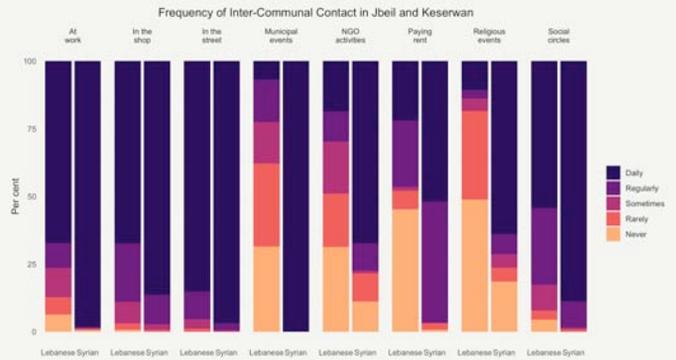
- 38.5% saying 'nothing helps'
 - 59.1% saying 'the return of refugees to Syria'
- The three most-cited positive factors for peace in these districts included:

- 14.5% citing pre-existing relationships
- 3.1% citing better services
- 3.1% citing social bonds

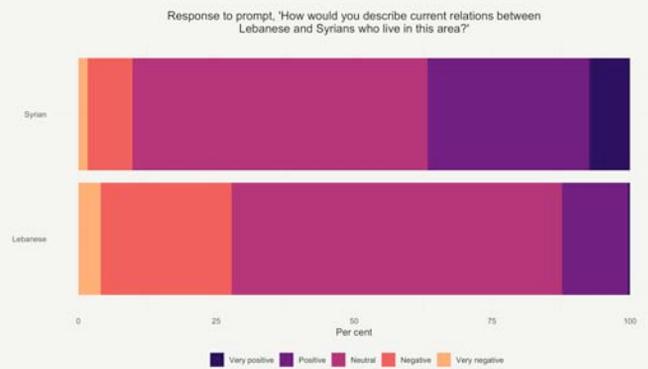
TENSION FACTORS



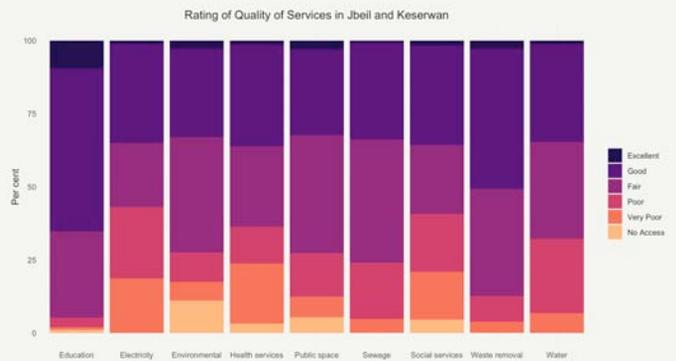
INTER-COMMUNAL CONTACT



QUALITY OF RELATIONS



QUALITY OF PUBLIC SERVICES



This fact sheet provides key statistics for Social Stability indicators in Batroun, Bsharre and Koura, with approximately quarterly data from May 2017 to March 2019, including interviews with 856 residents, of whom, 6.9% were Syrian.

SAFETY & SECURITY

- 3.4% exposed to armed violence
- 16.9% witnessing verbal confrontations
- 98.3% feeling safe during day
- 93.7% feeling safe at night

TRUST IN INSTITUTIONS

The fraction of the population agreeing that each institution 'improved life a lot' or 'improved life' somewhat in the area:

- The Government (Cabinet): 41.5%
- The Army (LAF): 91.1%
- Municipal authorities: 87.8%

SUPPORT FOR CURFEWS

The fraction of the population agreeing with the statement, 'When tensions are high, some restrictions on foreigners' movement or curfews can help keep this area safe': 92.5%

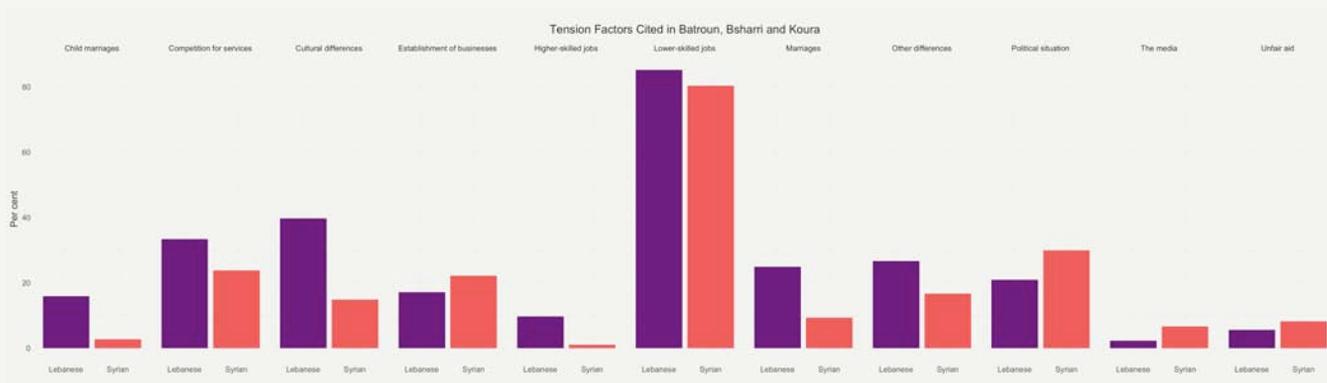
PEACE FACTORS

Asked about factors that might have facilitated better relations between Lebanese host-communities and Syrian refugees in the area:

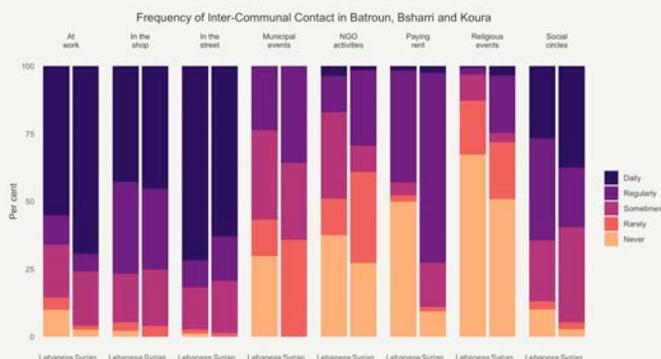
- 38.5% saying 'nothing helps'
 - 59.1% saying 'the return of refugees to Syria'
- The three most-cited positive factors for peace in these districts included:

- 14.5% citing pre-existing relationships
- 3.1% citing better services
- 3.1% citing social bonds

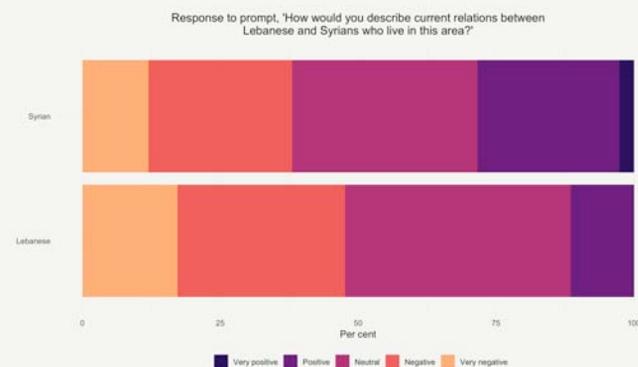
TENSION FACTORS



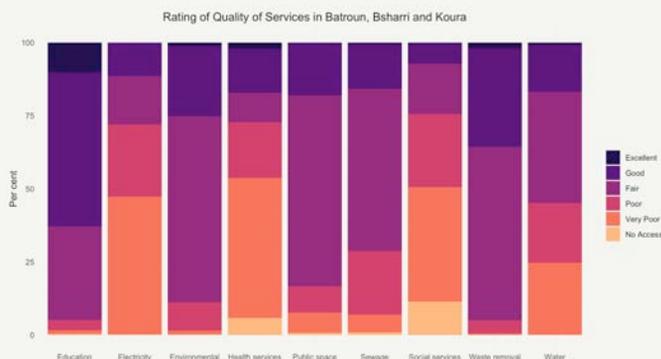
INTER-COMMUNAL CONTACT



QUALITY OF RELATIONS



QUALITY OF PUBLIC SERVICES



This fact sheet provides key statistics for Social Stability indicators in Bint Jbeil, Hasbaya and Marjeyoun, with approximately quarterly data from May 2017 to March 2019, including interviews with 791 residents (23.5% Syrian).

SAFETY & SECURITY

- 20.0% exposed to armed violence
- 29.8% witnessing verbal confrontations
- 94.6% feeling safe during day
- 92.7% feeling safe at night

TRUST IN INSTITUTIONS

The fraction of the population agreeing that each institution 'improved life a lot' or 'improved life' somewhat in the area:

- The Government (Cabinet): 30.5%
- The Army (LAF): 89.1%
- Municipal authorities: 80.4%

SUPPORT FOR CURFEWS

The fraction of the population agreeing with the statement, 'When tensions are high, some restrictions on foreigners' movement or curfews can help keep this area safe': 90.6%

PEACE FACTORS

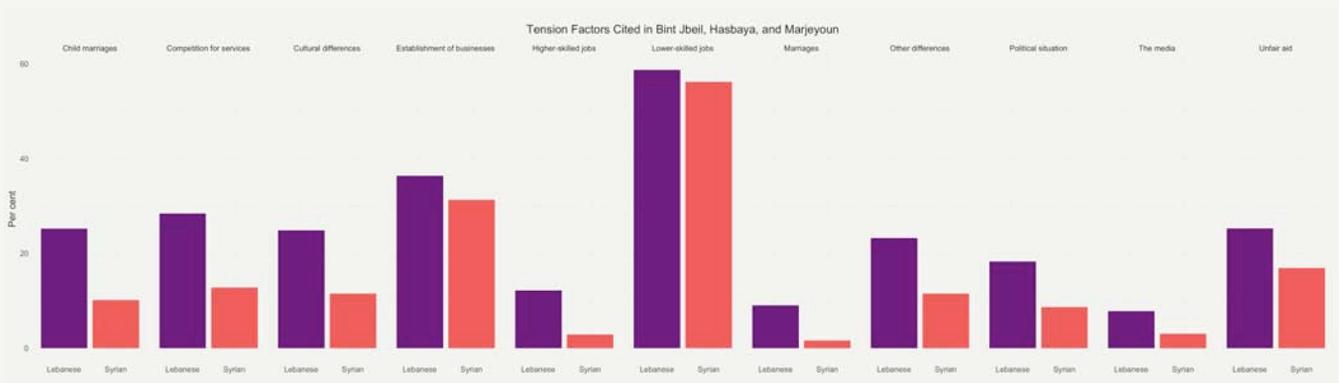
Asked about factors that might have facilitated better relations between Lebanese host-communities and Syrian refugees in the area:

- 12.4% saying 'nothing helps'
- 20.6% saying 'the return of refugees to Syria'

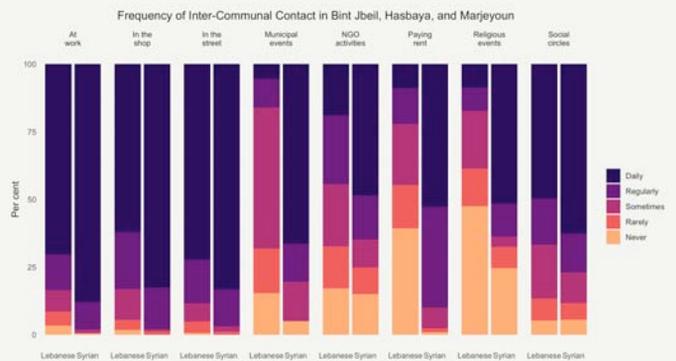
The three most-cited positive factors for peace in these districts included:

- 55.7% citing economic exchanges
- 21.8% citing assistance and community projects
- 18.5% citing social bonds

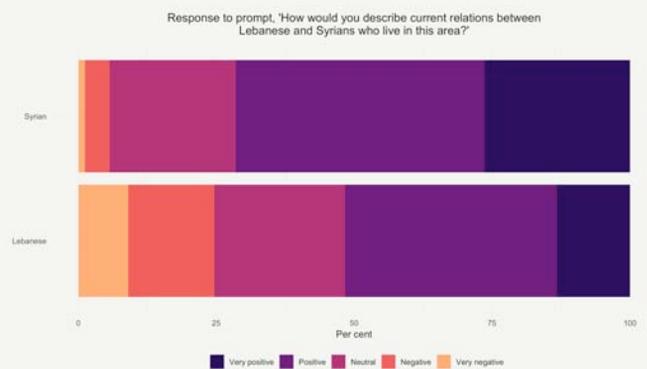
TENSION FACTORS



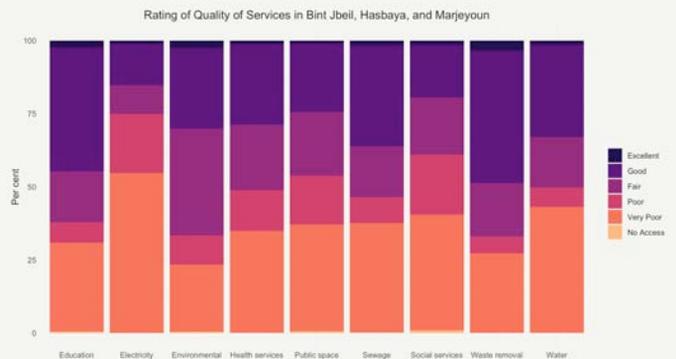
INTER-COMMUNAL CONTACT



QUALITY OF RELATIONS



QUALITY OF PUBLIC SERVICES



This fact sheet provides key statistics for Social Stability indicators in Sidon and Jezzine, with approximately quarterly data from May 2017 to March 2019, including interviews with 1,883 residents, of whom, 215 (10.2%) were Syrian.

SAFETY & SECURITY

- 38.2% exposed to armed violence
- 37.5% witnessing verbal confrontations
- 82.3% feeling safe during day
- 77.6% feeling safe at night

TRUST IN INSTITUTIONS

The fraction of the population agreeing that each institution 'improved life a lot' or 'improved life' somewhat in the area:

- The Government (Cabinet): 77.3%
- The Army (LAF): 81.6%
- Municipal authorities: 84.1%

SUPPORT FOR CURFEWS

The fraction of the population agreeing with the statement, 'When tensions are high, some restrictions on foreigners' movement or curfews can help keep this area safe': 87.7%

PEACE FACTORS

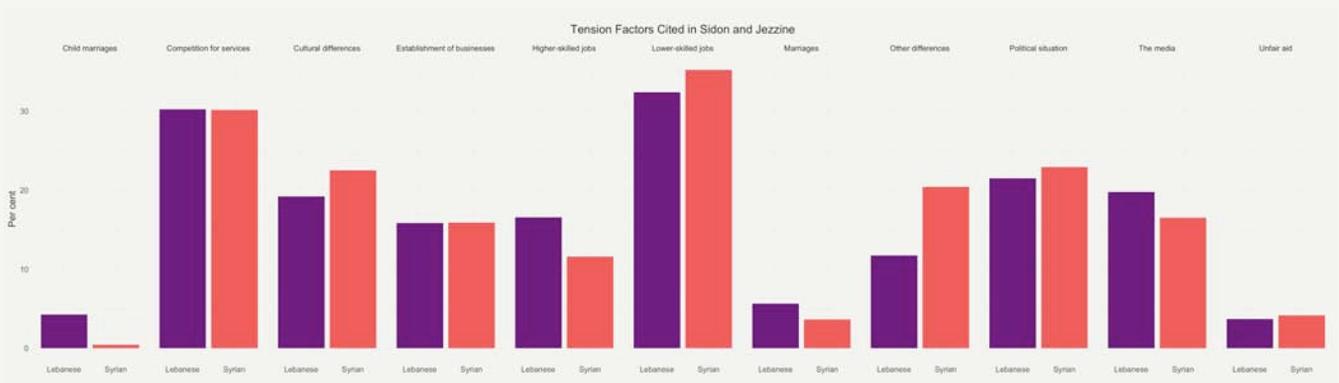
Asked about factors that might have facilitated better relations between Lebanese host-communities and Syrian refugees in the area:

- 14.2% saying 'nothing helps'
- 49.6% saying 'the return of refugees to Syria'

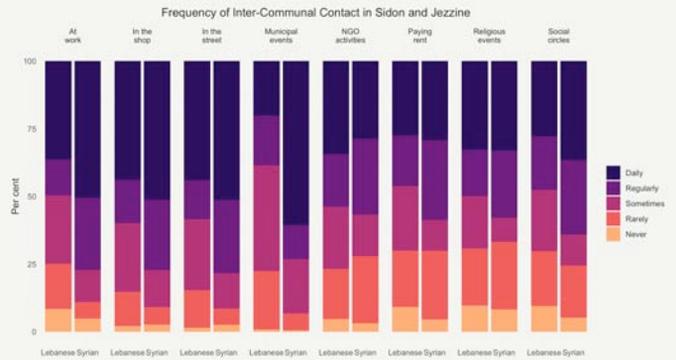
The three most-cited positive factors for peace in these districts included:

- 19.8 citing better services
- 17.7% citing pre-existing relationships
- 15.7% citing assistance and community projects

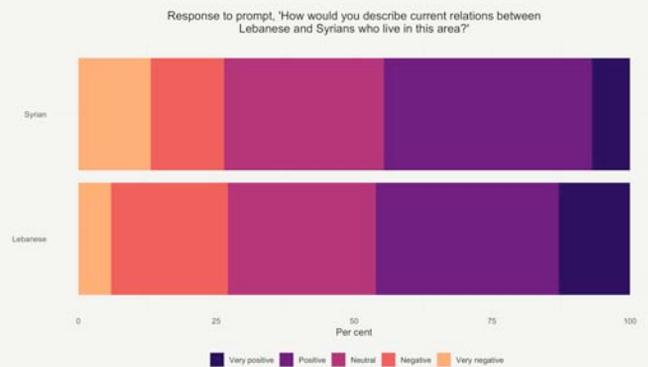
TENSION FACTORS



INTER-COMMUNAL CONTACT



QUALITY OF RELATIONS



QUALITY OF PUBLIC SERVICES

