

## Theme 1 Investing in national services to support host communities and the inclusion of refugees



# **Best Practices**

## 1.1. Integration of refugees within the national education system

- Towards favourable legal environments
- Attempts of **curriculum adaptation**
- Costed education response plans
- Gradual inclusion of refugee education **data** into national systems
- Coordination structures at all levels and inclusion into national planning
- Harmonisation of employment and training of refugee teachers

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# Challenges and lessons learned



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- 1.1. Integration of refugees within the national education system
  - High drop out rates
  - Language barrier
  - Recognition of qualification and certification
  - Infrastructure (classrooms, furniture, instructional materials etc)
  - Multi-year, predictable and sustainable funding
  - Skill recognition
  - Coordination
  - Children with special needs

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# **Opportunities**

- 1.1. Integration of refugees within the national education system
- GLOBAL COMPACT

- Full integration
- Costed plans with adequate funding
- Coordination structures (national-local-donor community)
- Skill recognition
- Regional system for recognition of qualification and certification
- Increased development funding
- Global Refugee Forum opportunity for more responsibility-sharing

# Best Practices 1.2 Access to civil documentation



- Permissive legal framework for refugees to access civil documentation
- Civil documentation not mandatory for access to service and other rights
- One-stop-shops in camps which provide vital statistics service
- Comprehensive level 3 registration system linked to national immigration database for issuance of national IDs
- Good coordination between line ministries

## Challenges and lessons learned 1.2 Access to civil documentation



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- Better harmonisation of national civil registration systems
- Digitalisation of civil registration system
- Backlog of birth registration for refugees and host communities
- Limited funding
- Limited awareness of refugee documentation by other stakeholders e.g. banks, private sector

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## Opportunities 1.2 Access to civil documentation



- Refugee access to civil documentation contributes to the national economy and other social services
- Acceptability of issued civil documents in IGAD countries
- Coordination between Government and partners
- Strengthening capacity of national and local institutions
- Use of existing systems and processes and promoting linkages

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