Food Items (monthly)

Maize flour

OVERVIEW AND METHODOLOGY

Uganda is one of the top refugee-hosting countries in the world, with a protracted refugee situation and ongoing influxes of refugees from neighboring countries. The country hosts 1,423,740¹ refugees as of 30 April 2020, with nearly 94% of refugees living in settlements primarily in the West Nile and Southwest regions of Uganda.

Due to the changing situation since the Ugandan government introduced COVID-19 containment measures in mid-March 2020, there is a risk that markets could be significantly affected and beneficiaries receiving cash assistance may not be able to access critical goods. The main objective of this market monitoring assessment is to understand the impact of COVID-19 on commodity prices and functionality of markets in refugee communities across Uganda and provide timely information to actors on a regular basis.

Data was collected remotely through key informant telephone interviews with traders, individuals selling key commodities, in markets across 13 refugee settlement locations from 15-30 April 2020. Key informants were purposively sampled, meaning the findings are indicative only. The figures represented in this factsheet are presented at the national and regional² level, unless stated otherwise.

While limitations in remote data collection (for more details see textbox on page 2) made it impossible to calculate a reliable estimation of the April 2020 MEB price, this market monitoring excercise aims at providing accurate figures of MEB prices in future rounds.

KEY FIGURES

- **194** traders interviewed nationwide
- **55** traders interviewed in Southwest Region
- 139 traders interviewed in West Nile Region

27 kg	Salt	1 kg
8 kg	Leafy vegetables	15 kg
4 L	Fish (smoked)	3 kg
2 L		
s (monthly)		
2.25 kg	Clothing*	3,806 UGX
165 kg	Clothing	3,000 UGA
ents (monthly)		
3,750 UGX	Livelihoods*	37,705 UGX
22,667 UGX	Transport*	11,001 UGX
2,669 UGX	Communication*	4,256 UGX
5,000 UGX		
ice per year)		
0	0	<u>^</u>
	•	3 pc
2 pc	Plate	5 pc
1 pc	Serving spoon	2 pc
1 pc	Cup	5 pc
5 pc	Mingle (stirrer)	2 pc
	8 kg 4 L 2 L s (monthly) 2.25 kg 165 kg ents (monthly) 3,750 UGX 22,667 UGX 2,669 UGX 5,000 UGX 165 kg 2,669 UGX 2,669 UGX 5,000 UGX 1,750	8 kg Leafy vegetables 4 L Fish (smoked) 2 L s (monthly) 2.25 kg 165 kg Clothing* a,750 UGX Livelihoods* 22,667 UGX Transport* 2,669 UGX Communication* 5,000 UGX

Uganda Minimum Expenditure Basket (MEB)

44 kg Cassava (fresh)

3 kg

The MEB represents the minimum culturally adjusted group of items required to support a five-person refugee household in Uganda for one month. Several core items were identified as being required once per year, so the total cost was divided by 12 to calculate the monthly amount. The cost of the MEB can be used as a proxy for the financial burdens facing households in different locations.

The MEB's contents were defined by the Cash Working Group in consultation with relevant sector leads. Some components were calculated based on item cost and others through a combination of analysis of household expenditures and sector-expert opinion.

*The starred items or components were calculated based on average sectoral or component cost per month based on expenditure data. **Education costs were calculated based on average cost per school year. Map 1: Assessed settlements



Latest reported cost of the **full MEB** (March)³: **502.711 UGX**

Latest reported cost of the food MEB (March)³: 333,619 UGX

1. United Nations High Commissioner for Refugees, Uganda Comprehensive Refugee Response Portal: https://data2.unhcr.org/en/country/uga

2. For analysis purposes, the 13 refugee settlement locations have been aggregated to two regions: West Nile (Palorinya, Palabek, Bidi Bidi, Imvepi, Rhino Camp, Lobule, Adjumani, Kiryandongo settlements) and Southwest (Kyangwali, Rwamwanja, Kyaka, Oruchinga, Nakivale) 3. This price corresponds to the most recent full MEB price monitoring data from March 2020, not data from the data collection period presented in this FS. This includes both price data from food and NFI as well as other components as per above. For more detailed information please refer to the <u>"Updated Guidance for Uganda Cash Working Group</u>" (Last updated: 12.05.2020)

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Refugee Settlement Price and Market Functionality Snapshot, 15-30 April 2020

COMMODITY PRICES

Table 1: Median commodity prices in Uganda Shillings (UGX)³, by refugee settlement location, and price change since March 2020.

	-			Reg	gions	_		-	_								-	:	Settle	ments	5											
ltem (unit)	Nationwide		Southwest Region		West Nile Region	ı	Adjumani		Bidibidi		Imvepi		Kiryandongo		Kyaka II		Kyangwali		Lobule		Nakivale		Oruchinga		Palabek		Palorinya		Rhino Camp		Rwamwanja	
Maize grain (1 kg)	1300	+30%	1000		1500	+35%	1550	+3%	1200	+14%	1500	+50%	1200	0%	1200	+26%	1000	+67%	1500	+33%	1000	+25%	1000	+25%	1200	+20%	1500	+12%	1500	+20%	1000	+8%
Maize flour (1 kg)	2500	0%	2500	-25%	2500	-2 1%	2750	+45%	2300	-31%	2500	+67%	2500	+4%	2500	+11%	3000	+25%	2500	-25%	2000	0%	2000	0%	2500	-33%	2400	+55%	2500	0%	2500	+25%
Millet flour (1 kg)	3500		3500		3000		4000	+21%	3500		3500	+1%	4000	0%	3000	0%	4000	+11%	3000		3000		4000	0%	3000		3000		3000		3500	+56%
Beans (mixed, 1 kg)	3500	+17%	3000	0%	4000	+33%	4500	+22%	3000	-10%	5000	+25%	4000	0%	2900	-17%	3450	+15%	5000	+33%	2500	-17%	2800	0%	3500	+40%	4000	+100%	4500	+26%	3500	+8%
Sorghum grain (1 kg)	1500	+50%	1500	+7%	1400	+47%	1500	0%	1000	+10%	1800	+89%	1200	+20%	2000	0%	1800	+38%	1000		1500	0%	1500	0%	1300	+30%	1500	+57%	1500	+50%	n/a	-100%
Cooking oil (1 litre)	6000	+7%	6000	0%	6000	+20%	6000	0%	5000	0%	5000	-37%	7000	+17%	6000	+7%	7000	+17%	5750	+5%	6000	+7%	5500	-8%	6000	+20%	6000	+20%	6000	-4%	6000	+7%
Fresh cassava* (small bundle)	1000	n/a	1000	n/a	1000	n/a	1500	n/a	1000	n/a	1000	n/a	1000	n/a	1000	n/a	2000	n/a	1000	n/a	1000	n/a	1000	n/a	1000	n/a	2000	n/a	1000	n/a	1000	n/a
Cooking salt (500 g)	1500	-6%	1100	-35%	1500	-6%	1750	+133%	1500	+7%	1500	+15%	1000	-29%	1000	-64%	2000	+11%	1200	-25%	1100	-45%	1500	-25%	1500	-70%	1500	-2 1%	1500	-63%	1000	-64%
Leafy greens* (small bundle)	500	n/a	1000	n/a	200	n/a	750	n/a	200	n/a	200	n/a	150	n/a	500	n/a	1000	n/a	100	n/a	1000	n/a	1000	n/a	500	n/a	200	n/a	200	n/a	500	n/a
Milk (1 litre)	2000	+100%	1000	0%	2000	+100%	n/a	n/a	1000	0%	n/a	n/a	1900	+19%	1000	0%	2000	0%	1000	-50%	1000	0%	1000	0%	1900	+58%	2000	0%	2000	n/a	1000	0%
Firewood* (small bundle)	2000	n/a	2750	n/a	2000	n/a	4000	n/a	3000	n/a	1000	n/a	3000	n/a	n/a	n/a	2750	n/a	2000	n/a	2000	n/a	n/a	n/a	1000	n/a	3000	n/a	1500	n/a	n/a	n/a
Charcoal* (basin)	5000	n/a	8000	n/a	5000	n/a	6000	n/a	5500	n/a	4500	n/a	10000	n/a	8000	n/a	7750	n/a	5000	n/a	8250	n/a	10000	n/a	5000	n/a	5000	n/a	5000	n/a	7000	n/a
Laundry soap (1 kg)	3300	+65%	3750	+7%	3300	+65%	3300	0%	3300	+65%	3300	n/a	4250	+6%	3500		4000	n/a	3300	+65%	3500	0%	3750	+50%	3300	n/a	3300	+65%	3300	+65%	3500	+17%

Some of the above listed commodities (*) are not traded in standard units (litres or kg), but in **informal units** ("bundles" or "basins"). These informal units are not strictly defined by weight, can vary from vendor to vendor or by time, and are therefore **not directly comparable**. To address this issue, before the outbreak of COVID-19, price data was determined via the actual purchase of a given commodity, by its weight and conversion into standard units. Since marketplaces are currently not accessible and data is collected remotely, the **prices reported on this factsheet refer to informal units for the marked commodities**. Historical data on commodity units suggest that there is a notable variation in these across time even within the same location. A "bundle" of cassava in December 2019 in Palorinya is significantly different in weight than a "bundle" of cassava in February 2020, within the same settlement. Due to this variation and the limitation of not being able to collect data in person and weigh commodities, **price changes since March 2020 are only reported for those commodities**, which were traded in standard units.

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MARKET FUNCTIONALITY⁴

TRADER AND CUSTOMER BEHAVIOR

	% of interviewed traders reporting a decrease in the number of vendors in their marketplace:				f > 50%	aders reporting a in the number of vendors e: ⁵		the nu	aders reporting a mber of customers	decrease	ders reporting a in the number of arketplace:5			
Nationwide	<mark>yes</mark> No	<mark>66</mark> 34	-	YES No	<mark>18</mark> 82		YES NO	<mark>35</mark> 65			<mark>yes</mark> No	16 84		
Southwest Region	<mark>Yes</mark> No	<mark>78</mark> 22	-	YES NO	<mark>41</mark> 59	=	YES NO	<mark>33</mark> 67	-		YES No	<mark>33</mark> 67	-	
West Nile Region	<mark>Yes</mark> No	<mark>62</mark> 38	_	<mark>Yes</mark> No	7 93	I	YES NO	<mark>35</mark> 65	-		<mark>Yes</mark> No	7 93		
STOCK AN	ID SUPPLY	7												
			aders reporting difficulty supply to meet demand:			aders reporting a change border trade:		ocks wi	aders reporting co Il run out within on ection:		Top 3 ite obtaining		eported difficult	y in
	YES	34	-	YES	24		YES	55	_		1	Cereals		0%
Nationwide	NO	66	_	NO	76	_	NO	45			2 3	WASH items Education it		3% 5%
Southwest	YES	55		YES	22		YES	69			1	Cereals	5	7%
Region	NO	45		NO	78		NO	31	-		2	WASH items	30	6%
											3	Education it		1%
Vest Nile	YES	22		YES	24		YES	49			2	Cereals WASH items		1% 5%
Region	NO	78	_	NO	76		NO	51			3	Energy items		%
Top 3 reasor	is why traders	s reported	l difficulty in obtaining er	nough supply to	meet de	mand: ⁶								
Nationwide	1 Difficulty t 2 Can no lor	ransportin 1ger obtail	g items to marketplace 1 items due to restrictions rovide enough of key items	80%	thwest	 Difficulty transporting iter Supplier unable to provid Can no longer obtain item 	e enough of key it	ems	76% West Nile 55% Region 55%	2 Can n	o longer obta	ting items to m ain items due t v to source iter	to restrictions	82% 39% 32%

All indicators presented on this page refer to a recall period of one week prior to data collection, if not indicated otherwise.
 This indicator refers to the subset of traders or customers who reported a decrease in the number of vendors or customers in the marketplace.
 Respondents could select multiple response options.
 WASH items include typical sanitation items such as laundry soap, sanitary pads, jerrycans or basins; education items include exercise books, pencils and pens; energy items include firewood and charcoal; shelter items include roofing nails, nylon rope, bricks, grass thatch, eucalyptus poles; household Items include utensils,

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Refugee Settlement Price and Market Functionality Snapshot, 15-30 April 2020

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i		traders reporting chang security relating to	ges Top reported reasons by tra in perceptions of security:9			ID LIQUIDITY ewed traders accepting mobile tents when data was collected:		% of interviewed traders reporting mobile money or bank agents closing:					
Nationwide	LESS SECURE	11 1 21 1 68 1	 Increased presence of personnel Increased awareness risks and appropriate 	s about health 18%	YES No	30 — 70 —	YES 21 NO 63 DON'T KNOW 16	÷					
Southwest Region	LESS SECURE More Secure No difference	15 ■ 40 ■ 45	1 Increased presence personnel 2 Increased awareness risks and appropriate	s about health 32%	<mark>yes</mark> No	58 — 42 —	YES 34 NO 50 DON'T KNOW 16	-					
West Nile Region	LESS SECURE More Secure No difference	10 13 77	1 Increased presence personnel 2 Introduction of new r regulations		YES NO	19 ■ 81 	YES 11 NO 72 DON'T KNOW 17	-					
1		traders reporting nsport some goods to tl	Top 3 items traders reporte he transport to the market: ⁹ 1 Education items	ed restrictions to 45%		INGES enges reported by traders: ¹¹ of customers	26%						
Nationwide	YES NO	37 63	 Shelter items Household Items 	37% 21%		and private transport restrictions li Istomers from accessing markets	miting traders 25%						
Southwest Region	YES No	53 47	 Education items Household Items Shelter items 	72% 41% 34%	3 Limite	d supply of some commodities	9%						
West Nile Region	YES No	30 — 70 —	1 Shelter items 2 Education items 3 Energy items	38% 26% 17%									
Uganda Ca	ED UNDER IEWORK OF: ash Working Gra alysis Task Ford			WITH TH	HE SUPPORT OF:	Uganda Learning, Evidence, Accountability,	WFP World Food Programme	CAP					

8. All indicators presented on this page refer to a recall period of one week prior to data collection, if not indicated otherwise.

9. Respondents could select multiple response options.

10. Restrictions transporting goods could be related to country-wide movement restrictions, curfew hours, and cross-border trade, among others.

11. Respondents replied to an open question. Answers were subsequently codified. These challenges are presented at the national level, as there were minimal regional variations.

For more information on this factsheet please contact: uganda@reach-initiative.org

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