

Refugee Settlement Price and Market Functionality Snapshot, 1-31 October 2021

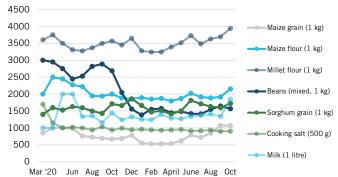
OVERVIEW AND METHODOLOGY

Uganda is one of the top refugee-hosting countries in the world, with a protracted refugee situation and ongoing influxes of refugees from neighboring countries. The country hosts 1,549,181¹ refugees as of 31 October 2021, with 94% of refugees living in settlements primarily in the West Nile and Southwest regions of Uganda.

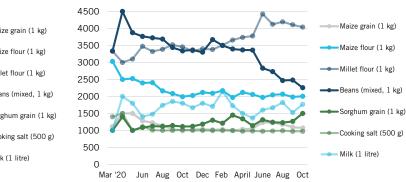
In view of this situation, the World Food Programme (WFP) has established a regular market price monitoring system across refugee settlements to inform cash-based response approaches. These monitoring efforts predate the COVID-19 crisis. However, due to the changing situation and ongoing COVID-19 containment measures, there is a risk that markets could be significantly affected and beneficiaries receiving cash assistance may not be able to access critical goods. In response, with the technical support of the Market Analysis Task Force and REACH in particular, this market price monitoring system has been expanded to capture crucial information to understand the impact of COVID-19 on commodity prices and functionality of markets in refugee communities across Uganda.

WFP collected the data through key informant (KI) interviews with traders, individuals selling key commodities, in markets across 13 refugee settlement locations from 1-31 October 2021. Part of the data was collected remotely, using the mobile Vulnerability Analysis and Mapping (mVAM) phone-based survey system. Data for sold loose items was collected in person with items purchased and weighted where possible.

Finally, KIs were purposively sampled, meaning the findings are indicative only. The figures represented in this factsheet are presented at the national and regional² levels, unless stated otherwise. In total, **185** traders were interviewed nationwide in this round. Of these, **98** were from the **Southwest Region (SWR)** and **87** were from the **West Nile Region (WNR)**.



Graph 1: Changes in food prices in Ugandan Shillings (UGX) in the SWR



Graph 2: Changes in food prices in UGX in the WNR

FURTHER RESOURCES:

To see the past products as part of this series, <u>click here</u>. To see further detail on MEB calculation methodology, <u>click here</u>. A full data set with commodity prices can be provided upon request.

KEY FINDINGS

Average cost of the **full MEB** in October 2021: **441,085 UGX** Average cost of the **food MEB** in October 2021: **269,822 UGX**

UGAN

▼ 0% compared to the full ▼ -3% compared to the MEB March 2021.³ food MEB March 2021.

- Across regions, prices for key food items in the Minimum Expenditure Basket (MEB) have remained mostly stable. In the WNR, the price of beans has decreased by 33% since May, from 3,363 UGX to 2,256 UGX. In the SWR, the price of millet flour has increased by 13% since July, from 3483 to 3939 UGX. Additionally, in the SWR the price of 1 litre of milk has increased by 38% from 1,340 to 1,850 UGX since the last round of data collection.
- Nationally, 43% of the interviewed vendors reported accepting mobile money payments. The percentage was higher (45%) in the SWR compared to 40% in the WNR.
- At a national level, 18% of the interviewed vendors reported difficulties in meeting demand. However, in the SWR only 11% of the vendors reported difficulties, while in the WNR the proportion was much higher (25%).
- The market price of the WFP GFA food basket decreased by 3% from September to October 2021. Overall, the WFP cash transfer value was enough to meet the cost of the GFA food basket in all the refugee settlements.
- Nationally, the average cost of the food MEB increased by 5% from September to October 2021. However, this was due to an increase in prices in the SWR where the food MEB value rose by 15%, while in the WNR it remained stable.
- By October 2021, the WFP cash transfer value could cover only 35% of the food MEB (34% in SWR and 36% in WNR).

KEY CHALLENGES

Top 3 challenges reported by traders⁴:

- 1
 Lack of customers
 66%

 2
 Price fluctuation of commodities
 52%
 - 2 Price fluctuation of commodities 52%
- 3 Lack of cash to purchase more stock 23%

1. United Nations High Commissioner for Refugees, Uganda Comprehensive Refugee Response Portal

- 2. For analysis purposes, the 13 refugee settlement locations have been aggregated to two regions: West Nile (Palorinya, Palabek, Bidi Bidi, Imvepi, Rhino Camp, Lobule, Adjumani, Kiryandongo settlements) and Southwest (Kyangwali, Rwamwanja, Kyaka, Oruchinga, Nakivale settlements).
- 3. The March MEB cost constitutes the calculated national reference MEB cost for Uganda in 2021. This calculation is based on average and median commodity prices in the six months prior, October 2020 March 2021.
- 4. These challenges are presented at the national level. Vendors could select multiple options. Therefore, percentages might not add up to 100%.

Refugee Settlement Price and Market Functionality Snapshot, 1-31 October 2021



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Uganda Minimum Expenditure Basket (MEB) Food Items (monthly) Maize flour 43.5 kg Cassava (fresh) 3 kg Beans 27 kg Salt 0.75 kg Sorghum grain 7.5 kg Leafy vegetables 15 kg Oil 3.75 L Fish (smoked) 3 kg Milk 1.5 L Non-Food Items (monthly) Laundry soap 2.25 kg Clothing* 3,806 UGX Firewood 165 ka **Other Components (monthly)** Water* 3,750 UGX Livelihoods* 37.705 UGX 28,667 UGX Transport* 11,001 UGX Education** Health* 2.669 UGX Communication* 4.256 UGX 5.000 UGX Lighting* Other Items (once per year) Reusable

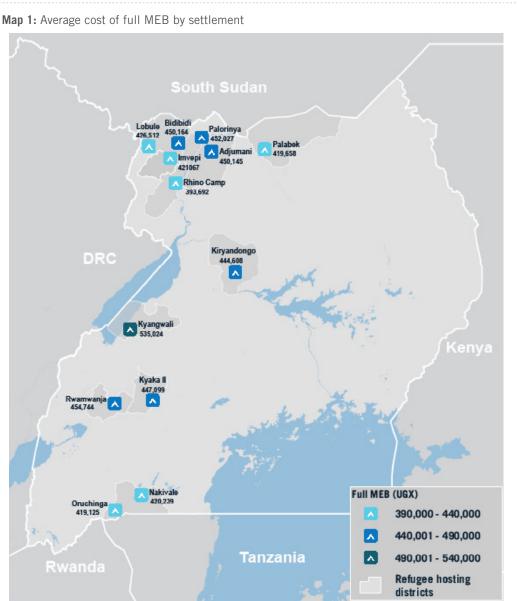
sanitary pads	8 рс	Saucepan	3 pc
Jerry can (20 L)	2 pc	Plate	5 pc
Jerry can (5 L)	1 pc	Serving spoon	2 pc
Bucket with lid	1 pc	Cup	5 pc
Blanket	5 pc	Mingle (stirrer)	2 pc

The MEB represents the minimum culturally adjusted group of items required to support a five-person refugee household in Uganda for one month. It is used as an operational tool to identify and quantify the average minimum cost of the regular or seasonal basic needs of a median household that can be covered through the local market.

Several core items were identified as being required once per year, so the total cost was divided by 12 to calculate the monthly amount. The MEB's contents were defined by the Cash Working Group in consultation with relevant sector leads. Some components were calculated based on item cost and others through a combination of analysis of household expenditures and sector-expert opinion.

*The starred items or components were calculated based on average sectoral or component cost per month based on expenditure data.

**Education costs were calculated based on average cost of school fees per year.



Settlements with the least expensive average full MEB costs:

- 1. Rhino camp
- 2. Oruchinga
- 3. Palabek

Settlements with the most expensive average full MEB costs:

- 1. Kyangwali
- 2. Rwamwanja
- 3. Palorinya

Full MEB cost percentage change since March 2021 (left) and September 2021 (right):

Adjumani	-4%	+13%
Bidibidi	0%	+2%
Imvepi	0%	+1%
Kiryandongo	-4%	0%
Lobule	-7%	-2%
Kyaka II	+6%	+8%
Kyangwali	+16%	+25%
Nakivale	+3%	+4%
Oruchinga	+4%	+5%
Palabek	-12%	+2%
Palorinya	+16%	+19%
Rhino Camp	-17%	+11%
Rwamwanja	+2%	+4%



UGAND

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COMMODITY PRICES

Table 1: Average⁶ commodity prices in UGX⁶, by refugee settlement location, and percentage price change since March 2021 (upper)⁷ and last round 1- 30 September 2021 (lower) respectively.⁸

	0	5 1			Reg	ions										0				Settle	ment	5											
	ltem (unit)	Nationwide		Southwest Region		West Nile Region		Adjumani		Bidibidi		Imvepi		Kiryandongo		Kyaka II		Kyangwali		Lobule		Nakivale		Oruchinga		Palabek		Palorinya		Rhino Camp		Rwamwanja	
	Maize flour (1 kg)	2091	+6% +8%	2155	+18% +13%	2004	-2% +1%	1869	-4% -1%	1933	-1% +5%	2600	+55% -10%	2000	+15% 0%	2333	+17% +7%	2622	+17% +55%	1960	-13% -2%	1769	+20% +4%	1880	+26% 0%	2025	-12% +1%	2000	+13% +10%	2000	-28% 0%	2246	+15% +8%
	Fish* (smoked, 1kg)	20078	+17% +28%	25333	+37% +35%	19105	+17% +41%	23147	+30% +58%	n/a	n/a n/a	19444	+64% n/a	20556	-10% -31%	n/a	n/a n/a	30556	+64% +75%	9167	-30% -8%	15000	-22% +50%	20000	+82% +122%	15625	-29% +47%	11548	+24% +72%	n/a	n/a n/a	n/a	n/a n/a
	Beans (mixed, 1 kg)	1904	-31% -6%	1567	-11% -5%	2256	-33% -9%	2493	-29% -1%	3000	-10% -5%	1512	-58% -20%	2375	-25% +19%	1558	-5% +4%	1722	-13% -8%	2220	-32% -3%	1686	-5% -4%	1500	-13% -12%	2389	-35% -26%	2167	-24% -6%	1522	-57% -6%	1446	-13% -5%
tems	Sorghum grain (1 kg)	1579	+12% +13%	1724	+3% +8%	1499	+20% +19%	1200	-2% +11%	1000	+1% 0%	1712	-15% +17%	1175	-7% -41%	1969	+10% +7%	1806	-17% +7%	2500	+72% +25%	1167	-18% -3%	1200	-13% -21%	950	+21% n/a	1400	+37% +15%	1167	-6% 0%	1500	-7% 0%
MEB food items	Cooking oil (1 litre)	7829	+28% +4%	8129	+23% +2%	7553	+30% +8%	8000	+21% +9%	6062	+17% -1%	7062	+52% +1%	7750	+32% -3%	8159	+24% +1%	9333	+38% +16%	8500	+46% +8%	7719	+18% -2%	7750	+16% -3%	7562	+19% -2%	7300	+22% +3%	7111	+18% +2%	8167	+27% +2%
MEB	Fresh cassava* (1 kg)	578	-15% +20%	644	-22% +51%	565	-4% +10%	517	-8% +3%	n/a	n/a n/a	372	-64% n/a	494	-6% -1%	n/a	n/a n/a	437	-43% +16%	667	+2% 0%	909	-17% +173%	1000	-21% +200%	539	+70% +8%	918	+36% +89%	n/a	n/a n/a	n/a	n/a n/a
	Cooking salt (500 g)	935	-5% +1%	901	-8% 0%	972	-3% 0%	1000	-1% 0%	1000	0% 0%	1000	-1% 0%	1000	+2% +43%	831	-4% +7%	1000	-3% +2%	840	-16% -11%	941	-6% -1%	1000	0% 0%	1000	0% 0%	933	-7% -1%	1000	+1% 0%	862	-13% +6%
	Leafy greens* (1 kg)	1555	-18% -8%	1793	+25% +21%	1510	-31% -16%	1479	-21% +11%	n/a	n/a n/a	2083	-7% +46%	1125	-67% -10%	n/a	n/a n/a	1905	+30% +46%	1000	-10% 0%	2000	+62% 0%	1250	+55% +12%	1319	-37% +85%	2183	+2% +45%	n/a	n/a n/a	n/a	n/a n/a
	Milk (1 litre)	1788	+11% +25%	1850	+39% +38%	1767	-1% +16%	2000	-5% n/a	n/a	n/a n/a	n/a	n/a n/a	n/a	n/a n/a	n/a	n/a n/a	2000	0% 0%	2000	0% 0%	n/a	n/a n/a	1400	+12% n/a	1100	-45% n/a	1667	+4% +11%	n/a	n/a n/a	n/a	n/a n/a
	Food MEB	269,822	-3% +5%	282028	+14% +15%	262194	-11% 0%	280410	-5%	280123	-7% -7%	275155	+2%	273186	-8% -9%	293076	+18% +12%	353150	+28% +41%	243025	-17% -3%	241077	+5% +7%	242212	+9%	242296	-27% -8%	255575	+4%	247780	-25%	280626	+6% +7%
Ŋ	Firewood* (1 kg)	375	+21% +57%	n/a	n/a n/a	375	+48% +78%	n/a	n/a n/a	n/a	n/a n/a	216	+24% n/a	n/a	n/a n/a	n/a	n/a n/a	n/a	n/a n/a	422	+15% +1%	n/a	n/a n/a	n/a	n/a n/a	375	+122% n/a	504	+195% +137%	n/a	n/a n/a	n/a	n/a n/a
MEB NFI items	Laundry soap (1 kg)	3276	+6% +3%	3706	+9% +10%	3024	+5% +2%	3077	-4% -18%	n/a	n/a n/a	4000	+59% +14%	3750	+1% +88%	3900	+5% -1%	4000	+14% +45%	2000	-14% 0%	3400	+18% +7%	2500	-28% 0%	2867	+14% -28%	2333	-7% +10%	n/a	n/a n/a	4000	+15% +3%
EBNE	Underwear (1 piece)	2107	n/a -2%	3000	n/a +16%	1958	n/a +5%	2000	n/a 0%	n/a	n/a n/a	2000	n/a -50%	n/a	n/a n/a	n/a	n/a	3167	n/a +31%	1500	n/a	n/a	n/a n/a	2500	n/a	2000	n/a -33%	2000	n/a 0%	n/a	n/a n/a	n/a	n/a n/a
Σ	Big jerry can (20L, 1 piece)	n/a	n/a n/a	n/a	n/a n/a	n/a	n/a n/a	n/a	n/a n/a	n/a	n/a n/a	n/a	n/a n/a	n/a	n/a n/a	n/a	n/a n/a	n/a	n/a n/a	n/a	n/a n/a	n/a	n/a n/a	n/a	n/a n/a	n/a	n/a n/a	n/a	n/a n/a	n/a	n/a n/a	n/a	n/a n/a
ø	Millet flour (1 kg)	3983	+16% +3%	3939	+16% +7%	4040	+16% -2%	3950	+16% +3%	4167	+2% +1%	4500	+39% -5%	4500	+20% +4%	4167	+29% -1%	3750	+17% +5%	4000	+26% -3%	3786	+13% +14%	4000	+14% +19%	2000	-43% -33%	4667	+32% +8%	3357	+10% -1%	3904	+7% +2%
tem:	Disposable torch (1 packet)	n/a	n/a n/a	n/a	n/a n/a	n/a	n/a n/a	n/a	n/a n/a	n/a	n/a n/a	n/a	n/a n/a	n/a	n/a n/a	n/a	n/a n/a	n/a	n/a n/a	n/a	n/a n/a	n/a	n/a n/a	n/a	n/a n/a	n/a	n/a n/a	n/a	n/a n/a	n/a	n/a n/a	n/a	n/a n/a
non-MEB items	Charcoal* (1 kg)	594	-37% -2%	1667	+15% +102%	551	-12% +26%	623	+3% +62%	n/a	n/a n/a	445	-51% n/a	526	-47% -21%	n/a	n/a n/a	n/a	n/a n/a	667	+27% 0%	n/a	n/a n/a	1667	-17% +11%	536	-18% +71%	296	-27% -30%	n/a	n/a n/a	n/a	n/a n/a
Ō	Maize grain (1 kg)	1072	+27% -1%	1072	+73%	1071	+9%	1152	+9%	1125	+8% 0%	1000	-7% -20%	1125	+68%	1179	+67%	1000	+96% +8%	730	-21%	1085	+65%	1025	+55%	1178	+22%	1025	+19%	1167	-7%	985	+73% 0%
			-170		+170		-2 /0		0 /0		0 /0		-20 /0		+ 12 /0		F1170		+0 /0		AL 1 /0		-0 /0		13/0		JZ 1 /0		r 4 /0		0 /0		0 /0

Some of the above listed commodities (*) are not traded in standard units (litres or kg), but in **informal units** ("bundles" or "basins"). These informal units are not strictly defined by weight, can vary from vendor to vendor or by time, and are therefore **not directly comparable**. To address this issue, price data needs to be determined via the actual purchase of a given commodity, by its weight and conversion into standard units. Due to COVID-19 restrictions, the price data of these commodities could not be collected for the month of June as enumerators were unable to make access the markets and make purchases. Prices reflect the weights and prices imputed based on April and May average.

6. One United States Dollar (USD) was equivalent to 3,690 UGX as of 9th of January 2021, according to

7. Price data for items listed under "other MEB items" and underwear are only collected once every 6 months and can therefore only be compared against prices from March 2021 (upper).

8. Regional and national price aggregations are only reported, if enough price data exists across various settlements. Price changes are only reported where price data for a given item exists for both this reporting round and the reference periods, i.e. March 2021 and the last reporting round.

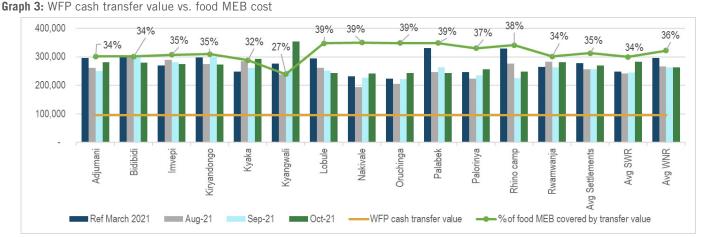


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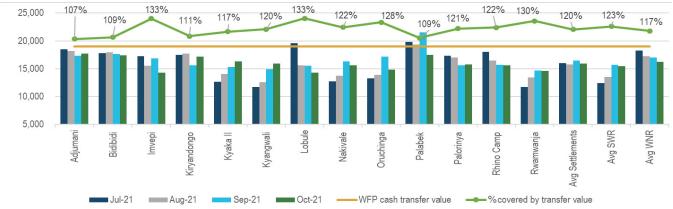
ANALYSIS OF WFP GENERAL FOOD ASSISTANCE (GFA) BASKET

The analysis focuses on the market prices of commodities that make up the in-kind food basket that WFP provides to refugees for GFA and compares the price of the GFA basket with the GFA cash transfer value (19,000 UGX/person/month). The food basket consists of the following items and quantities: 7.56kg of maize grain, 1.8kg of beans, 0.54kg of vegetable oil and 0.09kg of salt per person per month. The quantities represent 60% of the normal WFP GFA basket as a result of ration cuts that were implemented starting February 2021. The analysis further compares the cost of the food MEB basket with the cash transfer value.

- The market price of the WFP GFA food basket⁹ decreased by 3% from September to October 2021. At regional level, the price of the GFA food basket decreased in both SWR (2%) and WNR (5%) during the same period. Previously, the price of the food basket had increased by 4% from August to September 2021 (graph 4).
- In October 2021, the average cost of the WFP GFA food basket when averaged across all settlements was UGX 15,899 per person per month (UGX 16,192 in WNR and UGX 15,431 in SWR). The cost of the WFP GFA food basket in WNR was 5% greater than the cost in SWR.
- In October 2021, the WFP cash transfer value could on average cover 120% of the cost of the WFP GFA food basket and could cover the cost of the food basket in all settlements (117% in WNR and 123% in the SWR).







The analysis further compares the WFP cash transfer value with the cost of the food MEB (detailed in graph 3) across settlements.

- The average cost of the food MEB increased by 5% from September to October 2021. This increase was from the SWR where the Food MEB increased by 15%, yet it remained stable in WNR during the same period (graph 3). Previously, the Food MEB remained stable from August to September and decreased of 4% from July to August 2021).
- At the regional level, the cost of the food MEB was more than the reference value of March 2021 in SWR (2%) and lower than the reference value in WNR (5%). Overall, the cost of the food MEB in October 2021 was 2% lower than the reference value of March 2021.
- By October 2021, the WFP cash transfer value could cover only 35% of the food MEB (34% in SWR and 36% in WNR).
- The food MEB was most expensive in Kyangwali settlement (UGX 353,150), where the WFP cash transfer value could cover only 31% of the food MEB. The food MEB was least expensive in Nakivale settlement (UGX 241,077) where the WFP transfer value could cover 46% of the food MEB.

UGANDA



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Refugee Settlement Price and Market Functionality Snapshot, 1-31 October 2021

MARKET FUNCTIONALITY

Unless specified otherwise, the following results refer to a recall period of one week prior to data collection.

TRADER AND CUSTOMER BEHAVIOR

	% of interview change in the		ers reporting a of vendors:
	INCREASE	5%	1.1
Nationwide	DECREASE	8%	
	NO CHANGE	87%	
	INCREASE	6%	1.00
SWR	DECREASE	10%	
	NO CHANGE	84%	
	INCREASE	3%	l
WNR	DECREASE	5%	1
	NO CHANGE	92%	

STOCK AND SUPPLY

% of interviewed traders reporting difficulty in obtaining enough supply to meet demand:

Nationwide	YES No	18% 82%	
SWR	YES No	11% 89%	<u> </u>
WNR	YES No	25% 75%	

			Suht
Nationwide	Top 3 reasons why traders reported difficulty in obtaining enough supply to	2	Scar
	meet demand: ¹¹	3	Prod

OCTOBER	25	
% of interviewed trad that their stocks will		0

Average numbers of customers per day

26

28

26

21

29

27

29

26

8%

6%

3%

reported by interviewed traders:

AUGUST

OCTOBER

AUGUST

OCTOBER

AUGUST

SEPTEMBER

SEPTEMBER

SEPTEMBER

	8	
YES	7%	1.00
NO	93%	
YES	5%	I
NO	95%	
YES	9%	
NO	91%	

week following data collection:

	1	Supplier unable to provide enough
/ to	2	Scarcity of specific items (Sorghum)
, 10	3	Producers not producing enough

SAFETY

% of interviewed traders reporting changes in perceptions of security relating to operating in their marketplace: LESS SECURE 1% MORE SECURE 10% NO DIFFERENCE 89%

LESS SECURE	0%	
MORE SECURE	0%	
NO DIFFERENCE	100%	

Top reported reasons by traders for feeling more or less secure¹⁰:

1	Fear of theft	1%
2	Market is less crowded	8%
1	Fear of theft	2%
2	Market is less crowded	15%

PAYMENT AND LIQUIDITY

NO DIFFERENCE 80%

% of interviewed traders accepting mobile money payments when data was collected:





For more information on this factsheet please contact: Anders Petersson, WFP, anders.petersson@wfp.org or REACH Uganda, uganda@reach-initiative.org

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