

Lebanon Crisis Response Plan (LCRP) 2021 End of Year Inter-Sector Dashboard



Inter-Agency
Coordination
Lebanon

The End of Year Inter-Sector Dashboard is a compilation of the cumulative and sector-specific results under the Lebanon Crisis Response Plan in 2021. The Dashboard includes key achievements, an overview of populations reached as well as funds available per sector.

Find below links to the LCRP 2021 End of Year Sector Dashboards, which include detailed information on the sectors' achievements at the output and outcome levels, contribution towards impacts, as well as the challenges faced to achieve these results. The sector dashboards also include implementing partner case studies.

LINKS TO THE 2021 END OF YEAR SECTOR DASHBOARDS



[Basic Assistance](#)



[Health](#)



[Shelter](#)



[Education](#)



[Livelihoods](#)



[Food Security & Agriculture](#)



[Protection](#)



[Social Stability](#)



[Water](#)

KEY RESULTS FOR 2021

2,450,222 individuals reached

956,363

Vulnerable Lebanese

1,355,000

Displaced Syrians

111,159

Palestine refugees in Lebanon

27,700

Palestinian refugees from Syria



Nearly 2.5 million vulnerable Lebanese, displaced Syrians and Palestine refugees were reached through interventions under the Lebanon Crisis Response Plan in 2021, including 1,355,000 displaced Syrians, 956,363 Lebanese, 111,159 Palestine Refugees in Lebanon (PRL) and 27,700 Palestinian Refugees from Syria (PRS).



Over US \$375 million was injected into Lebanon's economy through cash-based interventions supporting vulnerable families. This represents almost a quarter of the LCRP's total available funding of \$1.53 billion.



In response to the multiple crises and growing food needs, a total of 2.1 million individuals (53% women; 47% men) from all population cohorts were provided with food assistance (in-kind and cash-based). This is an increase in beneficiaries with 45% as compared to 2020. In-kind food assistance (food parcels) reached 572,156 beneficiaries (188,811 displaced Syrians, 354,737 Lebanese and 28,608 PRS/PRL; 51% women and 49% men). 1.55 million people were reached with cash-based food assistance (through E-cards, the National Poverty Targeting Programme and ATMs in addition to food vouchers) – more than any other year. This assistance supported 1,268,412 displaced Syrians, 229,654 vulnerable Lebanese, and 53,025 PRS/PRL, for a total value of \$201.7 million.



Throughout 2021, 293,509 economically vulnerable households (including 239,496 displaced Syrian and 45,029 Lebanese households) were supported to meet their basic survival needs through regular, unconditional and unrestricted cash grants, which allowed families to access basic goods and services available in the local market. In addition to regularly disbursed assistance, 282,776 households (258,207 displaced Syrian and 24,559 Lebanese households) received seasonal cash assistance to meet winter-specific needs caused by seasonal hazards. Child-focused social assistance was also provided to 62,048 households (39,113 displaced Syrian, 19,061 Lebanese, 418 PRS, 3,456 PRL), providing a lifeline for vulnerable children and their families.



Nearly 2.3 million subsidized health consultations were provided through Primary Healthcare Centres including 1,160,262 consultations to displaced Syrians, 1,087,729 to Lebanese, 5,359 for PRS, 7,647 for PRL, and 15,041 for other nationalities. The consultations subsidized for Lebanese represent 48% of the total consultations provided and is the highest percentage since 2018, with increased demand likely due to the deterioration of the economic conditions. Overall, women and girls benefitted from 62% of subsidized consultations.



Vulnerable populations benefitted from 105,236 mental health consultations (37,915 for Lebanese, 64,124 for displaced Syrians, 245 for PRS, 990 for PRL and 1,953 for other nationalities). Some 58% of beneficiaries were female and 42% male. The number of vulnerable people benefitting from mental health consultations increased by 32% from 2020 to 2021 which reflects the increased needs but also the increased efforts of Health sector partners to respond to the needs.



With the support of Water Sector partners, 330,879 people in need were provided access to an adequate quantity of safe water in their permanent dwellings (241,056 Lebanese, 29,500 Palestinian, 60,323 displaced Syrians). In temporary locations, 302,263 affected people were provided with access to adequate quantities of safe water for drinking and domestic use, the vast majority of these were displaced Syrians. Some 291,782 affected people in temporary locations now also have access to improved safe sanitation.



545,160 non-Lebanese and Lebanese children and youth were enrolled in public schools in the 2020-2021 school year, and benefit from partially or fully subsidised registration fees for public formal education or UNRWA schools. Lebanese children comprise around 61% of the population reached. Nearly 50% of refugee children in Lebanon were enrolled in public or private schools. Through the efforts of partners, gender parity was achieved at the primary school level with girls making up 50% of the non-Lebanese student population and 53% of the Lebanese student population.



Over 1.51 million tailored protection services were provided to persons in need, including 146,506 vulnerable Lebanese and 1,349,691 displaced Syrians. 22,537 persons (59% women and 41% men) at heightened risk of violence, coercion, abuse and neglect benefited from individual counselling, case management and psychosocial support in 2021.



Children at high risk of violence, exploitation, neglect, and abuse remain in urgent need of support. More than 26,300 children (52% girls and 48% boys) and 10,000 caregivers (85% female and 15% male) benefitted from focused psychosocial support activities.



With rising sexual and gender-based violence, sensitization and access to essential services are more needed than ever. Due to COVID-19 movement restrictions, field activities were only resumed in the second quarter of 2021. Partners reached over 58,627 individuals (93% female and 7% male; 65% displaced Syrian, 35% vulnerable Lebanese) with

prevention and response services and **99,554 individuals through sensitization activities** on sexual and gender-based violence **prevention and response** (62% displaced Syrians and 38% vulnerable Lebanese).

Amid a persistent economic crisis, businesses continued to face financial constraints and limited access to resources. 3,505 Micro-, Small and Medium-sized Enterprises (MSMEs) or cooperatives were supported through cash and in-kind grants, increasing their resilience to economic shocks and allowing for the **retention and creation of 13,109 jobs.** Additionally, 108 new Lebanese MSMEs were established, ultimately benefiting all cohorts.

As a response to the multiple crises, partners increased the number of labour-intensive programs, reaching 31,418 direct (67% males and 33% females) **and 141,381 indirect beneficiaries.** Some 31,204 individuals (25% women; 57% Lebanese and 43% Syrians) were engaged in labour related to building, maintaining and rehabilitating agriculture assets and infrastructure in exchange for cash-based assistance to increase access to food. For every person employed through cash for work activities, over five people benefit from the income provided.

To boost agricultural livelihoods, 1,318 small-scale Lebanese farmers (30% women) were supported with training, technical assistance and inputs to improve agricultural and livestock practices. 1,413 small-scale farmers (14% women) received emergency cash assistance, for a total value of \$277,688 to strengthen and enable agricultural investments through the purchase of key agricultural inputs and to maintain production and farming practices.



Despite underfunding of shelter activities, **199,119 displaced Syrians (51% female and 49% male) received assistance to maintain their shelters in informal settlements or non-residential shelters at a safe and liveable standard.** In addition, nearly 16,676 individuals benefited from weatherproofing of their substandard buildings. In non-residential buildings (e.g., garage, shop, warehouse), 8,277 individuals (including 2,390 vulnerable Lebanese) **benefitted from minor repair of their shelters** which included water, sanitation and hygiene upgrades and installation of windows and doors to enhance their safety and privacy. Over 37,914 severely socio-economically vulnerable individuals were provided with **cash-for-rent assistance** (including 4,772 vulnerable Lebanese; 51% women and 49% men). These interventions were key to mitigate rising eviction risks.



With rising vulnerabilities, access to services is increasingly cited as a source of tensions. As a mitigation measure, **more than 119 municipalities were supported to strengthen basic service provision and reduce resource pressure in high-risk communities.** It is estimated that these projects benefited over 531,846 people. Some \$6.415m was invested in **municipal and community support projects** and some 97 municipalities were supported to implement integrated **solid waste management systems** and approaches.



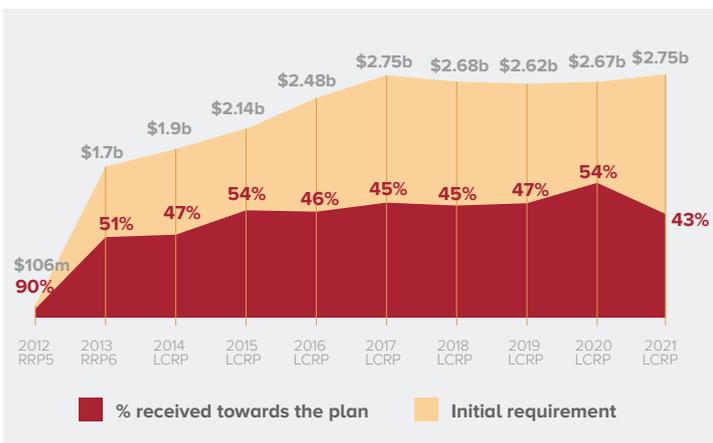
New youth empowerment initiatives to support social stability reached 37,400 youth (53% girls and 47% boys) who are now better able to positively engage with their communities (65% Lebanese and 28% displaced Syrians).

LCRP PLANNING FIGURES AND FUNDING UPDATE FOR 2021



In 2021, funds covering 56% of the \$2.75 billion appeal were made available, including \$1.19 billion received in 2021 plus \$345 million in carry over and multi-year funds received in 2020.

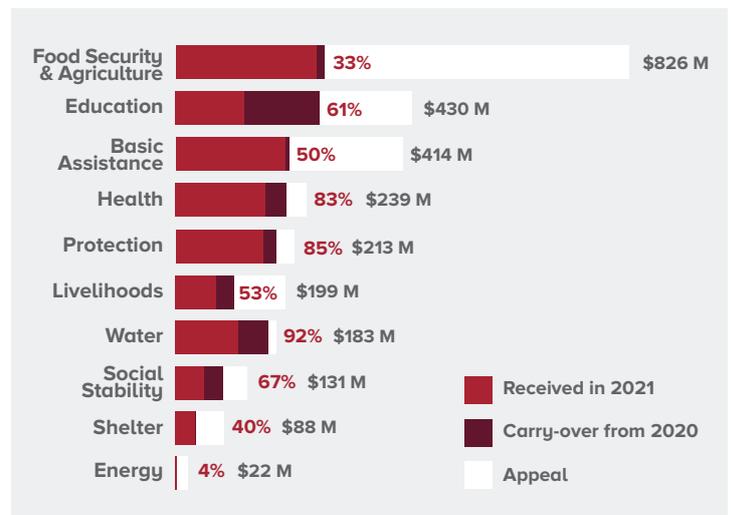
Funding trend of new funding received



LCRP Strategic Objectives



2021 funding received and allocated per sector (million USD)



¹Palestine refugees in Lebanon
²Palestinian refugees from Syria