

ARRIVALS AND DISPLACED POPULATIONS: KEY FIGURES AND TRENDS

JULY FIGURES

67,500 estimated arrivals via the Mediterranean and Northwest African maritime routes

1,326 estimated dead and missing at sea
(Cumulative figures¹ from 1 January to 31 July 2022)

UKRAINE

6.1 million refugees from Ukraine recorded across Europe as of end July 2022, while some **6.6 million** IDPs were displaced within the country as of end July.

¹ For more information, please see, [Ukraine Internal Displacement Report, 23 July 2022](#).

TÜRKİYE

Syrians under temporary protection **3.7 million**

Refugees and asylum-seekers under international protection **322,000**

¹ For more information, please see [UNHCR Türkiye February 2022 bi-annual fact sheet](#)

NORTHWEST AFRICAN MARITIME ROUTE²

9,670 sea arrivals
no arrivals by land
339 dead and missing

WESTERN MEDITERRANEAN ROUTE³

7,311 arrivals, of which
1,499 by land
88 dead and missing

CENTRAL MEDITERRANEAN ROUTE⁴

41,469 sea arrivals,
no arrivals by land
872 dead and missing

EASTERN MEDITERRANEAN ROUTE⁵

9,037 arrivals, of which
2,499 by land
27 dead and missing

SOUTH EASTERN EUROPE

16,000 persons arrived in or transited through the subregion

Includes Serbia and Kosovo (S/RES/1244 [1999]). The boundaries and names shown, and the designations used on this map do not imply official endorsement or acceptance by the United Nations.

UKRAINE SITUATION

The war in Ukraine triggered a severe escalation of humanitarian needs and mass displacement of people internally and into neighbouring countries. As of 31 July 2022, 6,136,847 individual refugees from Ukraine were recorded across Europe, while 3,749,153 refugees from Ukraine had registered for temporary protection or similar national protection schemes in Europe. Within Ukraine, some 6.6 million people were internally displaced as of end July.⁶

Since May 2022, UNHCR and its partners have been carrying out a [Protection Profiling and Monitoring](#) exercise to collect and analyze data on the profiles, needs and intentions of refugees from Ukraine. Findings from over 23,000 interviews show that the majority of refugees from Ukraine are women and children (89%), with high levels of education (66% have completed university or technical studies), and with 80% separated from other family members. Almost one in every four households has at least one person with specific needs. Explore more findings [here](#).

Ukraine situation key figures 31 July 2022

6,163,847

Refugees from Ukraine recorded across Europe

3,749,153

Refugees from Ukraine registered for Temporary Protection or similar national protection schemes in Europe

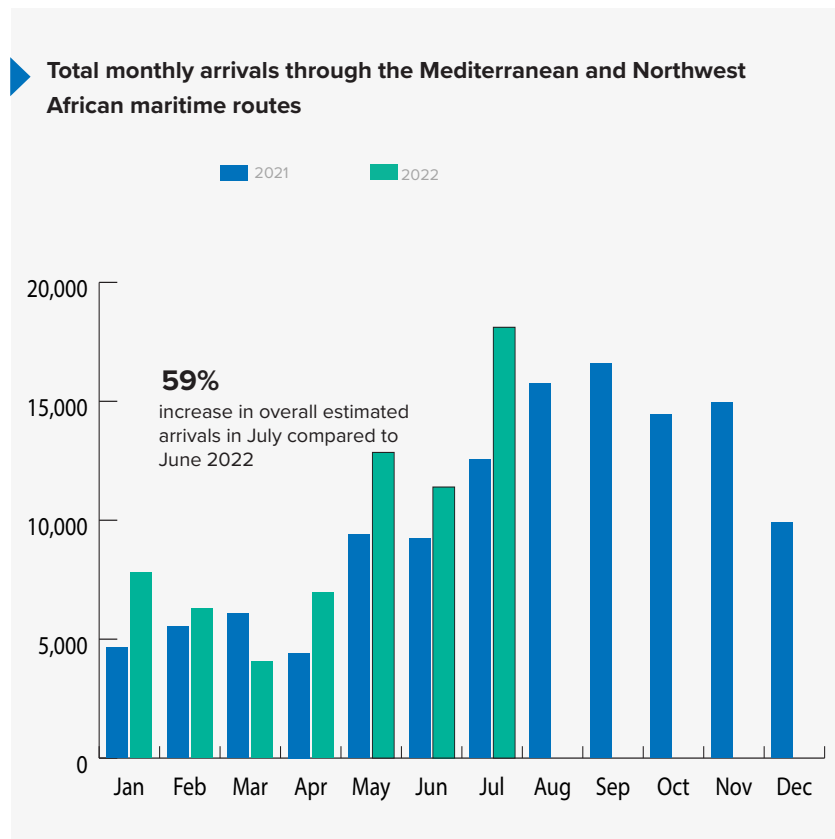
¹ For more information, please visit the [Operational Data Portal for the Ukraine Refugee Situation](#)

ARRIVALS IN EUROPE VIA THE MEDITERRANEAN AND NORTHWEST AFRICAN MARITIME ROUTES

In the past seven months of 2022, some 67,500 refugees and migrants arrived in Europe via the Mediterranean and Northwest African maritime routes, a 30% increase compared to the same period in 2021. In July 2022, arrivals increased by 59% compared to June this year, but increased by 44% compared to July 2021.

Arrivals in Italy increased by 69% in July compared to June and by 61% compared to July 2021. Out of some 13,800 refugees and migrants who arrived in Italy in July, 55% had departed from Libya, 38% from Tunisia and 4% from Türkiye.

In July, some 7,600 refugees and migrants arrived in Italy from Libya, a 79% increase, and some 612 from Türkiye, a 62% decrease compared to June this year. Some 2,100 refugees and migrants who departed from Libya in July were intercepted or rescued by Libyan authorities and disembarked back in Libya, 18% fewer than in June.⁷ According to available data, most people departing from Libya in 2022 were from Bangladesh, Egypt, Sudan and Eritrea, while people arriving in Italy from Türkiye originated mainly from Afghanistan, the Islamic Republic of Iran, Egypt and Iraq.



Some 2,600 refugees and migrants arrived in Spain in July, a 87% increase compared to June 2022. Of these, 29% arrived in the Canary Islands. Arrivals in the Canary Islands in July (755) increased by 124% compared to last month, while arrivals in Spain through the Western Mediterranean route increased by 75% compared to June 2022.

Some 1,300 refugees and migrants arrived in Greece by land and sea in July, a 10% decrease compared to last month and a 102% increase compared to July 2021. The average monthly arrivals in Greece in 2021 and the last seven months of 2022 was lower compared to 2020, as allegations of pushbacks at land and sea borders continued. Turkish authorities reported rescuing or intercepting some 5,100 refugees and migrants at sea in July, a 10% increase compared to last month. In addition, some 400 refugees and migrants arrived by sea in Cyprus this month, the same as last month.

¹ For more information, please visit <https://data2.unhcr.org/en/situations/mediterranean>

SOUTH EASTERN EUROPE⁸

Some 3,900 persons arrived in or transited through the subregion as part of mixed refugee and migrant movements in July 2022, 27% more than last month and 35% more than in July 2021. From January to July 2022, 16,000 people arrived in or transited through the subregion, 2% fewer than in the same period in 2021. Out of overall arrivals so far in 2022, some 1,460 were Afghans, a 61% decrease compared to the same period last year (some 3,720).

In July 2022, 134⁹ persons submitted an asylum application, a 48% decrease compared to last month (256). Six positive first-instance decisions were issued in July (one refugee status and five subsidiary protection status), while eight applications were rejected and 153 were closed, as the applicants were no longer present in the country of application. As of the end of July, 505 asylum applications were still pending a decision across the subregion.

So far this year, 38 positive first-instance decisions have been issued across the subregion (seven refugee status and 31 subsidiary protection status), 105 asylum applications have been rejected, and 776 asylum applications have been closed after the applicants absconded from the asylum procedure.

¹ For more information, please visit <http://data2.unhcr.org/en/situations/southeasterneurope>

¹ Dead and missing figures refer to the Mediterranean and Northwest African maritime routes. Information is compiled from a variety of sources, the quality and reliability of which can vary. While every effort has been made to ensure that all statistical information is verified, figures on some arrivals, as well as dead and missing at sea, represent an estimate. Triangulation of information and sources is performed on a continuous basis. Therefore, amendments in figures may occur, including retroactively.

² Includes sea arrivals in the Canary Islands (Spain) via the Atlantic Ocean.

³ Includes sea and land arrivals in Spain via the Western Mediterranean route.

⁴ Includes sea arrivals in Italy and Malta.

⁵ Includes sea and land arrivals in Greece and sea arrivals in Cyprus.

⁶ [Ukraine Internal Displacement Report](https://www.unhcr.org/ukraine-displacement-report), 23 July 2022.

⁷ <https://data2.unhcr.org/en/dataviz/211?sv=0&geo=0>

⁸ Includes Albania, Bosnia and Herzegovina, Montenegro, North Macedonia, Serbia and Kosovo (S/RES/1244 [1999]).

⁹ Asylum figures for Albania for July 2022 were not available.